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THE

Statutes at Large,

FROM THE

Twelfth Year of Queen ANNE,

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Fifth Year of King George I.

BY

DANBY PICKERING, of GRAY'S INN, Efq;

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A T ABLE containing the TITLES of all the STATUTES during that Period.

VOL. XIII.

By DANBY PICKERING, of Gray's-Inn, Efq; Reader of the Law Lecture to that Honourable Society.

CAMBRIDGE,

Printed by JOSEPH BENTHAM, Printer to the UNIVERSITY, for CHARLES BATHURST, at the Cross-Keys, opposite St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-Street, London. 1764.

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Containing the Titles of all such Acts as are extant in print, from the Twelfth Year of Queen ANNE, to the Fifth Year of King GEORGE I.

12 Annæ. Stat. 1.

Cap. 1. FOR granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land tax in *Great Britain*, for the service of the year 1713.

Cap. 2. For granting to her Majesty, duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1713, and for making forth duplicates of lottery tickets lost, burnt or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lottery-acts; and to punish the counterfeiting or forging of lottery-orders; and for explaining a late act in relation to stamp-duties on customary estates, which pass by deed and copy.

Cap. 3. To revive and continue the act for taking, examining and stating the publick accounts of the kingdom; and also to continue the act for appointing commissioners to take, examine and determine the debts due to the army, transport-service, and sick and wounded.

Cap. 4. For making inclosures of some part of the common-grounds, in the West-riding of the county of York, for the endowing poor vicarages, and chapelries, for the better support of their ministers.

Cap. 5. To explain a clause in an act of the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for the more effectual preventing fraudulent conveyances, in order to multiply votes for electing knights of spires to serve in parliament, as far as the same relates to the as-

certaining the value of freeholds of 40s. per annum.

Cap. 6. For the better regulating the elections of members to ferve in parliament for that part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

Cap. 7. For the more effectual preventing and punishing robberies that shall be committed in houses.

Cap. 8. For raising the militia for the year 1713, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid.

Cap. 9. For continuing an act made in the third and fourth years of the reign of her present Majesty, intituled, An act for encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plantations in America; and for encouraging the importation of naval stores from that part of Great Britain called Scotland, to that part of Great Britain called England.

Cap. 10. For continuing the acts therein mentioned, for preventing theft and rapine upon the northern borders of England.

Cap. 11. To raise 1,200,000 l. for publick uses, by circulating a further sum in Exchequer-bills; and for enabling her Majesty to raise 500,000 l. on the revenues appointed for the uses of her civil government, to be applied for or towards payment of such debts and arrears owing to her servants, tradesmen and others, as are therein mentioned.

Cap. 12. For the better regulating the forces to be continued in her Majesty's

Majesty's service; and for the payment of the said forces, and of

their quarters.

Cap. 13. To enable such officers and foldiers as have been in her Majesty's service during the late war, to exercise trades, and for officers to account with their soldiers.

Cap. 14. For explaining the acts for licensing hackney-chairs.

Cap. 15. For making perpetual an act made in the seventh year of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An ast to prevent false and double returns of members to serve in parliament.

Cap. 16. For the better encouragement of the making fail-cloth in

Great Britain.

Cap. 17. To vest in the commissioners for building sifty new churches in and about London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, as much of the strend in the county of Middlesex, as shall be sufficient to build one of the said churches upon; and for restoring to the principal and scholars of King's-Hall, and college of Brazen-Nose, in the university of Oxen, their right of presentation to the churches and chapels in Stepney parish.

Cap. 18. For making perpetual the act made in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of the late King Charles II. intituled, An all for . the better relief of the poor of this kingdom: and that persons bound apprentices to, or being hired fervants with persons coming with certificates, shall not gain settlements by fuch fervices or apprenticeships: . and for making perpetual the act made in the fixth year of her prefent Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the importation of cochineal from any ports in Spain, during the present war, and fix months longer: and for reviving a clause in an act made in the ninth and tenth years

of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An act for jettling the trade to Africa, for allowing foreign copper bars imported, to be exported.

Private Alls.

Anno 12 Annæ, Stat. 1.

- 1. An act for repairing the highway or road from the Stones-End in the parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch in the county of Middlesex, to the furthermost part of the northern road in the parish of Endfield in the same county, next to the parish of Cheshunt in the county of Hertford.
- 2. An act for confirming several grants in see-farm made by *Henry* earl of *Thomond*, by virtue or since the passing a former act of parliament; and for giving some ease and relief to the purchasers under or since the said former act.
- 3. An act for confirming articles, and vesting the manor of Kirby-Underwood in the county of Lincoln, and other manors, lands and hereditaments thereby agreed to be sold, in trustees, for discharging the debts of Sir John Brownlow, bart. deceased, and his daughters portions, and other purposes in the said articles mentioned.
- 4. An act for divesting the crown of the remainder in fee-simple of and in the manor and advowson of Stourton in the county of Wilts, and several lands, tenements and here-ditaments, to the same manor belonging, expectant on certain estates-tail, and for vesting the same in certain other persons therein named, to the intent the same may be barred by proper methods in law, for the purposes therein mentioned.
- An act to enable trustees to sell some out-parts of the estate of Sir Bourchier IVrey, Bart. in the county of Devon, for the purposes therein mentioned.

6. An 'act to enable William Harvey, the elder efq; and William Harvey, efq; his fon, to fettle a jointure, and grant a leafe, and for vesting the inheritance, after a term of five hundred years, of lands in Suffalk, in trustees to be fold for raising portions for his daughters.

7. An act for the exchange of the parsonage-house at Charlton in Kent, and close thereto adjoining, in lieu of another house and lands there.

8. An act for making the chapelry of Stockton in the county of Durbam, a distinct parish.

9. An act for naturalizing Lewis Vanden Enden.

10. An act for better enabling James earl of Salisbury, and his trustees, to make sale of certain manors, lands and hereditaments in the counties of Northampton and Dorfet, and a see-sarm rent, for the purposes in the said act mentioned.

- 11. An act for the fale of the reversion and inheritance of the manor of Morley in the county of York, together with the term of 500 years therein, decreed to be fold for payment of debts, and also for exchanging a fee-farm rent of the coheirs of William late Marquels of Halifax, issuing out of part of Leiffield forest in Rutlandsbire, for a fee-farm rent of Daniel earl of Nottingham, issuing out of Hartingfordbury in Hertford/bire, and for settling the fame to such uses as the said feefarm rent in Rutland/bire was fettled.
- 12. An act for raising 5000 l. portion out of several lands in Middlesex and Warwicksbire, charged therewith (being the estate of the Right honourable Gilbert earl of Coventry) and for paying the same to the lady Anne Coventry, his daughter, at her marriage, though the same should be before her age of eighteen years.

13. An act for vesting divers lands

and hereditaments in the counties of Warwick and Bedford, (late the estate of Sir Roger Burgoyne, Bart, deceased) in trustees, for divers purposes therein mentioned.

14. An act for discharging the manors and lordships of Bexwell and Tin-worth in the county of Norfolk from the several uses, trusts and estates thereof limited, in and by the marriage-settlement of Sir John Holland, Bart. with the lady Rebecca his wise; and for settling divers other manors, messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments of a greater value, and which lie more convenient in the same county, in lieu thereof.

15. An act for enabling Henry Lee the younger, alias Lee Warner, to make a jointure upon his marriage.

16. An act for uniting and confolidating the rectories, advowsons and parishes of Melton St. Mary's and Melton All Saints, in the diocese of Norwich in the county of Norfolk.

- 17. An act to amend leveral defects in an act of parliament, made in the tenth year of the reign of his late majesty King William III. intituled, An act to enable Thomas Byde, Esq; an infant with the confent of his guardians and next relations, to make a contract for the buying in his mother's jointure; and to fell a small estate in Great Amwell in the county of Hertford; and likewife for the securing and raising a portion for Barbara Byde, Spinster, sister of the faid Thomas Byde, and for other purposes in the said att mentioned, and to enable the faid Thomas Byde to raise monies, and to make leases for the purpoles in this present act mentioned.
- 18. An act to enable William Booth, gent. to fell certain lands and here-ditaments in the county of Cheffer, for payment of the debts of his brother, with whom and for which he stands bound; and for applying the surplus (if any) of the

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money raised for such purpose, towards payment of his own proper debts.

19. An act to enable the right honourable Charles lord Weston and earl of Arran in the kingdom of Ireland, to take the oath of office, as master of her Majesty's ordnance in the kingdom of Ireland, before the barons of her Majesty's court of Exchequer at Westminster, and to qualify himself for the legal enjoyment of the said office.

20. An act for enabling Sir Charles Gresham, bart, to rise the sum of five thousand pounds, and interest, and maintenance, for Elizabeth the daughter of his brother Sir Edward Gresham, bart, deceased; and to make provision for his younger

21. An act to enable Sir Edward
Leighton, bart to charge his estate
with 4000 l. (preserable to 6000 l.
already charged thereupon by his
marriage-settlement) for the purposes therein mentioned.

children.

22. An act for sale of several lands and tenements of John Constable, gent. in the parish of Ockley in the county of Surrey, for payment of his debts, and for settling other lands in the same county, of a better value, to the same uses, in lieu thereof.

- 23. An act to enable John Harrington, esq; and Dorothy his wife, and Charles Harrington, gent. son and heir apparent of the said John Harrington, to sell the reversion of several messuages and tenements in Liverpoole, in the county of Lancaster, being the inheritance of the said Dorothy, for payment of their debts, and settling an equivalent upon the said Dorothy.
- 24. An act to enable Symes Parry to change his name of Parry to Symes, according to the will of John Symes, efq; deceafed.
- 25. An act to naturalize Simon De-

feury, Peter Ribot, Peter Laffite, and others,

Anno 12 Annæ, Stat. 2.

Cap. 1. FOR granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in *Great Britain*, for the service of the year 1714.

Cap. 2. For allowing a drawback upon the exportation of falt to be made use of for the curing of fish taken at North-seas, or at Isleland.

- Cap. 3. For charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1714, and for the encouragement of the distilling brandy from malted corn and cyder; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, and lottery-tickets, lost, burnt, or destroyed; and to enable the governor and company of the bank of England, and others, to lend money upon South-Sea stock.
- Cap. 4. For the better regulating the forces to be continued in her Majesty's service, and for the payment of the said forces, and of their quarters.
- Cap. 5. For taking away the new additional duty of 30 l. per cent. ad valorem, imposed upon all books and prints imported into Great Britain, by an act made in the tenth year of the reign of her present majesty Queen Anne.
- Cap. 6. For taking away mortuaries within the dioceses of Bangor, Landaff, St. David's and St. Asaph, and giving a recompence therefore to the bishops of the said respective dioceses; and for confirming several letters patents granted by her Majesty for perpetually annexing a prebend of Gloucester to the mastership of Pembroke college in Oxford; and a prebend of Rachester to the provosithip of Oriel college in Oxford; and a prebend of Norwich to

the mastership of Catharine-Hall in Cambridge.

Cap. 7. To prevent the growth of schism, and for the surther security of the churches of *England* and *Ireland*, as by law established.

Cap. 8. For encouraging the tobacco-trade.

Cap. 9. For laying additional duties on foap and paper, and upon certain linens, filks, callicoes and ftuffs, and upon starch and exported coals, and upon stamp'd vellum, parchment and paper, and for raising 1,400,000 l. by way of a lottery for her Majesty's supply; and for allowances on exporting made wares of leather, sheep-skins, and lamb-skins; and for distribution of 4000 l. due to the officers and feamen for gun-money; and to adjust the property of tickets in former lotteries; and touching certain shares of stock in the capital of the South-Sea company; and for appropriating the monies granted to her Majesty.

Cap. 10. For raising the militia for the year 1714, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid; and for rectifying a mistake in an act passed in this present session of parliament, intituled, An act for the regulating the forces to be continued in her Majesty's service, and for payment of the said forces and their

quarters.

Cap. 11. To prevent the lifting her Majesty's subjects to serve as soldiers, without her Majesty's licence.

Cap. 12. For the better maintenance of the curates within the church of *England*, and for preventing any ecclefiaftical persons from buying the next avoidance of any church-preferment.

Cap. 13. To discharge and acquit the commissioners of equivalent for the sum of three hundred eighty one thousand sive hundred and nine

pounds fifteen shillings ten pence halfpenny, by them duly issued out of the sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty sive pounds ten shillings, which they received.

Cap. 14. For rendring more effectual an act made in the third year of the reign of King James I. intituled, An act to prevent and avoid dangers which may grow by popish recusants; and also one other act made in the first year of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act to vest in the two universities the presentations of benefices belonging to papists; and for vetting in the lords of justiciary power to inflict the same punishments against jesuits, priests, and other trafficking papifts, which the privy council of Scotland was impowered to do by an act passed in the parliament of Scotland, intituled, An act for preventing the growth of Popery.

Cap. 15. For providing a publick reward for such person or persons as shall discover the longitude at

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Cap. 16. To reduce the rate of interest, without any prejudice to

parliamentary fecurities.

Cap. 17. For the speedy and effectual preserving the navigation of the river of *Thames*, by stopping the breach in the levels of *Havering* and *Dagenham* in the county of *Essex*; and for ascertaining the coal-meafure.

Cap. 18. For the preferving all ships and goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coasts of this kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions.

Cap. 19. To explain a clause in an act of parliament of the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, for laying several duties upon all soap and paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and upon

chequered and striped linens imported; and upon certain silks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, printed, painted or stained; and upon several kinds of stampt vellum, parchment and paper; and upon certain printed pamphlets and advertisements, for raising the sum of 1,800,000 l. by way of a lottery, and for other purposes in the said act mentioned; so far as the said act relates to lawns, canvas, buckrams, barras, and Silesia neckcloths.

Cap. 20. To explain and make more effectual an act passed in the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, for preventing abuses in making linen cloth, and regulating the lengths and breadths, and equal forting of yarn in each piece made in Scotland, and for whitening the same.

Cap. 21. To explain part of an act made in the seventh year of her Majesty's reign, (for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year 1709) so far as the same relates to unwrought incle, imported into this kingdom.

Cap. 22. To continue an act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to enable her Majesty to make leases and copies of offices, lands, and hereditaments, parcel of her dutchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same.

Cap. 23. For reducing the laws relating to rogues, vagabonds, sturdy beggars and vagrants, into one act of parliament; and for the more effectual punishing such rogues vagabonds, and sturdy beggars and vagrants, sending them whither they ought to be sent.

Private AEts.

Anno 12 Annæ, Stat. 2.

2. A N act for the building a new church or chapel of ease in

Great Yarmouth in the county of Norfolk, by a duty or imposition on all coals, culm and cinders, to be landed there.

 An act for the repairing the highways between Shepard's Shord and Horsley Upright Gate, leading down Bagdon-hill in the county of Wilts, and other ruinous parts of highways thereunto adjacent.

3. An act for repairing the highway or road from the city of Worcester, to the borough of Droitwich in the

county of Worcester.

4. An act for repairing the highways between the Bear Inn in Reading, in the county of Berks, and a certain place called Burnt-Field in the faid county.

5. An act for sale of part of the eftate of Joseph Olliver, gent. lying in the county of Devon, and city of Exon, for payment of his debts, and for making provision for maintenance and education of his daughter.

6. An act for making more effectual an act passed in the ninth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repairing the highways between Dunstable and Hockley in the county of Bedford.

7. An act for making the river Nine or Nen, running from Northampton

to Peterborough navigable.

8. An act for vefting the lease of the rectory of Chestersteld in the county of Derby, in trustees, to be sold for the payment of the debts of George Smith, esq; deceased, and for making provision for his daughter.

9. An act for the sale of the manor and barton of Widdicombe, in the county of Devon, comprised in the marriage-settlement of Walter Hele, gent. and Philippe his wife, and for raising and securing the sum of 1500 l. for the benefit of the children of the said Walter and Phillippe.

10. An act for upholding and repairing the bridges and highways in

the county of Edinburgh.

11. An act for fale of the estate of John Tregagle, esq; deceased, lying in the counties of Devon and Cornwall, for payment of debts, and making provision for his children.

12. An act to make partition of the manor of Cottingham, alias Cottingham-Sarum, in the county of York, between Richard Wynne, esq; and Sarah his wife, and John Barrington, esq.

13. An act for naturalizing Christian

William Kirchoff.

14. An act for repairing and amending the highways between the town or village of Tittenfor, and the most northern part of Talk on the Hill in But-Lane in the county of Stafford.

15. An act for making more effectual an act passed in the 7th and 8th years of the reign of his late majesty King William III. intituled, An act for erecting of hospitals and workhouses in the city of Bristol, and for the better employing and maintaining the poor thereof.

16. An at for the more effectual amending the highways leading from Royston in the county of Hertford, to Wansford-Bridge in the county

of Huntingdon.

17. An act for parting and enclosing two great open common fields, and a large open greensward common down, lying and being in the manor and parish of Thormarton, alias Farmington, in the county of Gloucester, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

18, An act for the rendring valid and effectual two feveral indentures of demife and mortgage, executed by Scroop, late lord vifcount How, in the kingdom of Ireland, deceafed, by virtue of a former act of parliament, made for enabling him thereunto, notwithstanding some defects therein.

19. An act for the sale of some outparts of the estate of Simon Scroope, esq; in the counties of York and Notsingbam, for payment of his debts, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

20. An act for the sale of certain messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments, contained in the marriage-settlement of Francis Cherry,
gent. deceased, and Elizabeth his
wise, and for the converting the
same into ready money for the beness of his wise and children; and
for the sale of divers other manors,
messuages, lands, tenements and
hereditaments, for the payment of
the debts of the said Francis Cherry,
and of the debts of William Cherry,
esq; deceased, and other purposes
in the said act mentioned.

21. An act for naturalizing Samuel

Du Pree.

22. An act to enable the right honourable Rachel lady Kingfion, an infant, to make a lease of part of her jointure, notwithstanding her infancy.

23. An act to enable the right honourable Richard earl of Bellament, to fell certain lands in Ireland, for raising money to purchase the jointure of Lucy Anne countess dowager of Bellament, and for paying her

daughter's portion.

24. An act for confirming a fettlement made on the marriage of the now lord viscount Masserem; and for better securing the jointure of his lady, and of Rachael viscountess dowager Masserem; and for vesting in trustees certain lands and tithes in Ireland, to be sold for the purposes therein mentioned.

25. An act for vesting in Frederick Hamilton, esq; certain lands and Hereditaments, in the kingdom of Ireland, purchased by him of the executors of Joseph Ivie, esq; deceased, and for other purposes there-

in mentioned.

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- 26. An act to enable Sir Thomas Pendergast, bart. an infant, to sell part of his estate lying in the county of Waterford in the kingdom of Ireland, for the payment of his father's debts, and other purposes therein mentioned.
- 27. An act to impower the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with Thomas Edwin of London, merchant, for such debts as he stands bound for, as surety for Thomas Coleman, tobacco-merchant.
- 28. An act to impower the lord hightreasurer of Great Britain, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with Robert Wise and his sureties, for such debts as he owes to her Majesty, of stands bound for as surety for customs of tobacco.
- 29. An act for diffolving the marriage of Francis Loggin with Sarah Gardner, and to enable him to marry again.
- 30. An act to enable Ambrose Brown, esq; and others, to make sale of the manor of Baybam in the counties of Sussex and Kent, and to settle other lands and tenements in the county of Surrey, to the same uses as the said manor of Baybam now stands settled.
- An act for vesting part of the estate of William Brown, an infant, lying in the parishes of Bridgewater, Northpetherton and Weston-Zoyland in the county of Somerset, in trustees, to be sold for payment of a mortgage, and other debts and legacies.
- 32. An act for fale of part of the eftate late of Brereton Bourchier, esq; deceased, for payment of debts, and other purposes therein mentioned
- 33. An act for making effectual an agreement made by the commissioners for building fifty new churches with John Walker, esq;

for ground in the Strand to build one of the new churches upon.

- 34. An act for naturalizing James Eymer and others.
- 35. An act for naturalizing Daniel Burr.

Anno I Georgii I. Stat. 1.

- Cap. 1. For the better support of his Majesty's houshold and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain.
- Cap. 2. For rectifying mistakes in the names of the commissioners for the land-tax for the year 1714. and for raising so much as is wanting to make up the sum of sourteen hundred thousand pounds, intended to be raised by a lottery for the publick service in the said year.
- Cap. 3. To enable persons now refiding in *Great Britain*, to take the oaths, and do all other acts in *Great Britain*, requisite to qualify themfelves to continue their respective places, offices and employments in *Ireland*.

Anno 1 Georgii I. Stat. 2.

- Cap. 1. For granting an aid to his Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in *Great Britain*, for the service of the year 1715.
- Cap. 2. For charging and continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1715. and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, and lottery-tickets, lost, burnt or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lotteries, and for making forth new orders in lieu of certain lottery-orders obliterated or desective; and for continuing certain duties on hops, until the first day of August 1715.
- Cap. 3. For the better regulating the forces to be continued in his Ma-jefty's

jefty's fervice, and for the payment of the faid forces, and of their

quarters.

Cap. 4. To explain the act made in the twelfth year of the reign of King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the subject.

Cap. 5. For preventing tumults and riotous affemblies, and for the more fpeedy and effectual punishing

rioters.

Cap. 6. For making perpetual an act of the seventh and eighth years of the reign of his late majesty King William the third, intituled, An act that the solemn affirmation and declaration of the people called Quakers, shall be accepted instead of an oath in the usual form; and for explaining and enforcing the said act in relation to the payment of tithes and church rates; and for appointing the form of an affirmation to be taken by the said people called Quakers, instead of the oath of abjuration.

Cap. 7. For continuing the imprisonment of Robert Blackburn, and others, for the horrid conspiracy to assassinate the person of his late sacred majesty King William the

Third.

Cap. 8. To impower his Majesty to fecure and detain such persons as his Majesty shall suspect are confpiring against his person and government.

Cap. 9. For the better preventing mutiny and desertion, by enforcing and making more effectual an act of this present parliament, intituled, An act for the better regulating the forces to be continued in his Majesty's service, and for the payment of the said forces and their quarters.

Cap. 10. For making more effectual her late Majesty's gracious intentions for augmenting the mainte-

pance of the poor clergy.

Cap. 11. To restrain all waggoners, carriers, and others, from drawing any carriage with more than five horses in length.

Cap. 12, For enlarging the fund of the governor and company of the bank of England, relating to Exchequer-bills; and for fettling an additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum upon his Majesty during his life, for the service of the civil government; and for establishing a certain fund of fifty four thousand fix hundred pounds per annum, in order to raise a sum not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for the service of the publick, by fale of annuities, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and for fatisfying an arrear for work and materials at Blenheim, incurred whilst that building was carried on at the expence of her late majesty Queen Anne of bleffed memory; and for other purpoles therein men-

Cap. 13. For the further security of his Majesty's person and government, and the succession of the crown in the heirs of the late princes Sophia, being protestants; and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and his open and secret abettors.

Cap. 14. For making the militia of that part of *Great Britain* called *England*, more useful; and for obliging an annual account to be

made of trophy money.

Cap. 15. To make an act of the tenth year of her late Majesty, intituled, An act for regulating, improving and encouraging of the woollen manufacture of mixt or medly broad cloth, and for better payment of the poor employed therein, more effectual for the benefit of trade in general; and also to render more effectual an act of the seventh year of her said Majesty's

jesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better ascertaining the lengths and breadths of woollen cloth made in the

county of York.

Cap. 16. For the attainder of *Heary* viscount Bolingbroke of high treafon, unless he shall render himself to justice by a day certain therein mentioned.

Cap. 17. For the attainder of James duke of Ormond of high treason, unless he shall render himself to justice by a day certain therein mentioned.

Cap. 18. For the better preventing fresh fish taken by foreigners being imported into this kingdom; and for the preservation of the fry of fish; and for the giving leave to import lobsters and turbets in foreign bottoms; and for the better preservation of salmon within several rivers in that part of this kingdom called England.

Cap. 19. For raising nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for publick fervices, by fale of annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and to authorize a treaty concerning private rights claimed by the proprietors of the sugar-

houses in Scotland.

Cap. 20. For encouraging all superiors, vassals, landlords and tenants in Scotland, who do and shall continue in their duty and loyalty to his majesty King George; and for discouraging all superiors, vasfals, landlords and tenants there, who have been or shall be guilty of rebellious practices against his said Majesty; and for making void all fraudulent entails, tailzies and conveyances made there, for barring or excluding the effect of forfeitures that may have been, or shall be incurred there on any such account; as also for calling any suspected person or persons, whose estates or principal residence are in Scotland, to appear at Edinburgh, or where it shall be judged expedient, to find bail for their good behaviour; and for the better disarming disaffected persons in Scotland.

Cap. 21. For enlarging the capital stock and yearly fund of the South-Sea company, and for supplying thereby eight hundred twenty two thousand thirty two pounds four shillings and eight pence, to publick uses; and for raising one hundred and fixty nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating feveral supplies granted to his Majesty.

Cap. 22. For enabling his Majesty to fettle a revenue for supporting the dignity of her royal highness the princess, in case the shall survive his royal highness the prince of Wales.

Cap. 23. For making provision for the ministers of the fifty new churches, which are to be built in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof; and for rebuilding and finishing the parish church of Saint Mary Woolnoth in the city of London.

Cap. 24. For appointing the commissioners to take, examine and state the debts due to the army.

Cap. 25. To prevent disturbances by feamen, and others; and to preferve the stores belonging to his Majesty's navy royal; and also for explaining an act for the better preventing the imbezilment of his Majesty's stores of war; and preventing cheats, frauds and abuses in paying feamens wages; and for reviving and continuing an act for the more effectual suppression of piracy.

Cap. 26. For continuing several laws therein mentioned, relating to coals, hemp and flax, Irifb and Scotch linen, and the affize of bread; and for giving power to adjourn

the

the quarter sessions for the county of Anglesea, for the purposes therein mentioned.

Cap. 27. For taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent in the the terms of the union; and for relief of the creditors of the publick in Scotland, and the commissioners of the equivalent.

Cap. 28. For repealing an act, intituled, An act for repealing part of an act passed in the parliament of Scotland, intituled, Act for discharging

the yule-vacance.

Cap. 29. For allowing a time for two hundred and thirteen families of protestant Palatines, now settled in Ireland, to take the oaths, in order to intitle them to all the benefits intended them by the act of the seventh year of her late Majesty's reign, for naturalizing foreign protestants.

Cap. 30. For continuing an act of this present session of parliament, intituled, An all to impower his Majesty to secure and detain such persons as his Majesty shall suspect are confpiring against bis person and govern-

Cap. 31. For granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year

1716.

Cap. 32. To attaint John earl of Marr, William Murray, esq; commonly called marquis of Tullibardine, Tames earl of Linlithgow, and James Drummond, esq; commonly called lord Drummond, of high treason.

Cap. 33. For the more easy and speedy trial of such persons as have levied or shall levy war against his

Majesty.

Cap. 34. For preventing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

Cap. 35. To appoint a commissioner for taking, examining and stating the debts due to the army, in the room of Thomas Smith, elq; decealed; and for continuing the former act until the tenth day of March

1716.

Cap. 36. For charging and continuing the duties on malt, mum. cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1716. and for compelling feveral receivers to finish and clear their accounts; and for making duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lotterytickets and orders, lost, burnt or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims to certain benefit tickets; and for allowing the charge of executing the lottery act, for the fervice of the year 1710; and for recovering monies of feveral land-taxes, resting in the hands of collectors or constables at St. Albans; and for preventing frauds in the duties upon foap; and for limiting a time for persons who have certain annuities for life or lives, to demand the payments thereupon at the Exchequer; and for preventing frauds in the duties relating to printed and painted paper, callicoes and other things therein mentioned. Cap. 37. To enable his Majesty to

grant the regalities and lands now remaining in the crown in North Wales, and South Wales, and county of Chester, to his royal highness the prince of Wales in fuch manner and form as the principality of Wales and earldom of Chester have formerly been granted to the princes of Wales; and also to enable his said roval highness to make leases of lands, parcel of his royal highness's dutchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same.

Cap. 38. For enlarging the time of continuance of parliaments, appointed by an act made in the fixth year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for the frequent meeting and calling

of parliaments.

Cap. 39. To indemnify fuch persons, Mpo

who have acted in defence of his Majesty's person and government, and for the preservation of the publick peace of this kingdom, in and about the time of the late unnatural rebellion, from vexatious fuits and profecutions.

Cap. 40. For the free importation of cochineal, during the time therein

limited.

Cap. 41. For giving liberty to perfons who have ferved their apprenticeships to any part of the woollen manufacture in Colchester, to work at their said trades, and at the making bays within the faid town.

Cap. 42. For the attainder of George earl of Marischall, William earl of Seaforth, James earl of Southesque, Tames earl of Panmuir, and others, of high treason, unless they shall render themselves to justice by a day certain therein mentioned.

Cap. 43. To continue duties for encouraging the coinage of money, and to charge the duties on senna as a medicinal drug; and for the appropriating several supplies grant-

ed to his Majesty.

Cap. 44. For the continuing the duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth of a penny sterling, on ever pint of ale and beer that shall be vended or fold within the city of Glasgow and privileges thereof, for the benefit of the faid city.

Cap. 45. For holding the affise for the county of Cornwall, at a convenient place within the faid county.

- Cap. 46. To prevent the mischiefs by manufacturing leaves or other things to resemble tobacco, and the abuses in making and mixing of inuff.
- Cap. 47. For the more effectual and exemplary punishment of such perfons as shall seduce soldiers to defert, or who, being papifts, shall inlist themselves in his Majesty's

service in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the islands of Jersey or Guernſęy.

Cap. 48. To encourage the planting of timber-trees, fruit-trees and other trees, for ornament, shelter or profit, and for the better prefervation of the same; and for the preventing the burning of woods.

Cap. 49. To revive and continue an act of the eighth and ninth years of the reign of his late majesty King William, for repair of the piers of Bridlington, alias Burlington, in the east-riding of the county of York.

Cap. 50. For appointing commisfioners to enquire of the estates of certain traitors, and of popish recufants, and of estates given to superstitious uses, in order to raise money out of them severally for the

use of the publick.

- Cap. 51. For repealing fo much of the act of the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of King William the Third, intituled, An act for the farther limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subjects, as enacts, That no person, who should come to the possession of the crown, shall go out of the dominions of England, Scotland or Ireland, without consent of parliament.
- Cap. 52. For making the laws for repairing the highways more effectual.
- Cap. 53. For the attainder of Thomas Forster junior, esq; and William Mackintosh, esq; (commonly called brigadier Mackintosb) of high treafon.
- Cap. 54. For the more effectual sccuring the peace of the highlands in Scotland.
- Cap. 55. To oblige papifts to register their names and real estates.
- Cap. 56. To disable any person from being choic a member of, or from fitting and voting in the house of com-

commons, who has any pension for any number of years from the crown.

Cap. 57. For better regulating hackney-coaches, carts, drays, carrs and waggons, within the cities of London and Westminster, and the weekly bills of mortality; and for preventing mischiefs occasioned by the drivers riding upon such carts, drays, carrs and waggons.

Private Atts.

Anno I Georgii.

- 1. An act to impower the barons of the court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, to grant a commission to some persons in *England*, to administer to *Henry Temple*, esq; and *Luke King*, gentleman, the usual oaths for the due execution of their office of remembrancer of the court of Exchequer in *Ireland*.
- 2. An act to impower the barons of the court of Exchequer in Ireland, to grant a commission to some of the barons of the court of Exchequer in England, to administer to Thomas Hopkins, esq; the usual oaths for the due execution of the office or offices of searcher, packer and gauger in the port of Dublin.
- 3. An act for fettling the precedency of Robert marquifs of Lindfey, great chamberlain of England, when created a duke of Great Britain, and of such as shall succeed to the said honour.
- 4. An act for appointing persons to take care of the person and estate of John Digby, esq ; eldest son and heir apparent of William lord Digby in the kingdom of Ireland.
- 5. An act for vesting in the warden and college of All-souls in Oxford, and their successors, certain houses and ground belonging to the parish of St. Mary in Oxford.
- 6. An act to impower the barons of the court of Exchequer in Ireland,

- to grant a commission to some perfons in *Great Britain*, to administer to *Henry Temple*, esq; the usual oaths for due execution of the ofsice of chief remembrancer of the court of Exchequer in *Ireland*.
- 7. An act for fale of part of the estate late of William Betts, gentleman, deceased, for discharging incumbrances thereupon; and for making good a settlement by him made of other part of his estate.
- 8. An act to enable trustees to grant leases of part of the lands devised by the last will and testament of Thomas Trenchard, esq ; deceased.
- An act for relieving William Paterfon, efq; out of the equivalent-money, for what is due to him.
- 10. An act to naturalize Florian Goebell, merchant.
- 11. An act for naturalizing Herman-Meyer.
- 12. An act for repairing the highways through the several parishes of St. Michael, St. Albans, St. Peter, Shenley Ridge and South-Mims, in the counties of Hertford and Middlesex.
- 13. An act for confirming the fale of the reversion of the manor of Darrington, by George earl of Cardigan, to Theophilus Shelton, esq; and his heirs.
- 14. An act for verting in truftees part of the estate of Nicholas Fry, esq; deceased, for payment of his debts.
- 15. An act to enable the right honourable Henry earl of Rochester,
 and William lord viscount Mountjoy in the kingdom of Ireland, to
 take the oaths of office for their respective offices in the said kingdom
 of Ireland, and to qualify themselves
 in England for the legal enjoyment
 of their said offices.
- 16. An act for explaining an act made in the ninth year of the reign of King William the Third, intituled, An act for vesting part of the estate of Thomas Panton, esq; in trustees,

trustees; to be fold for payment of debts, and fecuring a jointure to Mary his now wife; and for other purpoles therein mentioned.

17. An act for vesting certain manors and lands in the counties of Devon and Kent, the estate of Sir William Courtenay, baronet, in trustees, and their heirs, to be fold, and with the money arising thereby to purchase other lands in the county of Devon, contiguous to the feat of his family, to be settled to the same ulues.

18. An act to enable Sir Richard Wynche, baronet, and Humphrey Wynche, esq; only son and heir apparent of the faid Sir Richard Wynche, to settle a jointure upon fuch woman as the said Humphrey

Wynche shall marry.

19. An act to enable George Heneage, esq; to sell the rectory of North-Willingham, in the county of Lincelu, and fome lands there, and for fettling rent-charges of greater value in lieu thereof, and for other purpoles therein mentioned.

20. An act to enable Richard Lee, an infant, with the consent of trustees, to grant leafes of some part of his estate, notwithstanding his mino-

21. An act for building and endowing a church upon the fite of the castle of Liverpoole, held by a lease from the dutchy of Lancoster; and for the explaining a former act for the building another church there.

22. An act for vesting the estate late of John Turner, esq; deceased, in trustees, to be fold for payment of

his debts.

23. An act for confirming a fale already made to Edmund Dummer, gentleman, of some part, and for vesting other part of the estate of John Bromfield, esq; in the county of Southampton, comprized in the articles made upon his marriage with Anne his wife, in trustees, to be fold for the payment of his debts; and for fettling the remaining part thereof, as near as may be, to the intent of the said articles; and for making thereby, and by other means in the act mentioned, some provision for the said John Bromfield and Anne his wife and their issue.

24. An act to make the river Kennet navigable from Reading to Newbury

in the county of Berks.

25. An act for repairing and amending the highways between Tyburn and Uxbridge in the county of Middle ex.

- 26. An act to enable Richard lord viscount Resse of the kingdom of Ireland, notwithstanding his nonage, to settle a jointure, on Mary viscountess Rosse his wife, and make a settlement on his issue male, with provision for younger children, and for other purposes therein mentioned.
- 27. An act for the relief of Anne Milner, Thomas Colmore, William Hunt, William Parrott, and others, as to customs of goods, burnt or destroyed by the late fire in Thames-Street, London.
- 28. An act to enable Sir Hunger for d Hoskyns, baronet, to raise monies to discharge his brothers and sisters portions, and to fettle a jointure on a wife.
- 29. An act to enable Robert Cope, esq; to settle an additional jointure out of his estate on Elizabeth his now wife; and also to raise portions and maintenances for his daughters and younger children by her; and to enable those in remainder to do the fame.
- 30. An act for fale of part of the manor of Low-Laiton, in the county of Effex, and other lands there; and for laying out the money arifing thereby in the purchase of other lands in the county of Lincoln; to be lettled to the lame uses as the

faid part of the manor of Low-Laiton is settled.

31. An act to naturalize Frederica countels of Holderness, Peter Gravier, Theodore Bouchier and Francis Masson.

82. An act to naturalize Robert de Ulteger, George Christian Luders,

and others.

33. An act for naturalizing Henry

Cornelisen.

- 34. An act for vesting the honour and estate of John duke of Athol in James Murray, esq ; commonly called lord James Murray, after the death of the said duke.
- 35. An act for the naturalization of Frederick Guliker.
- 36. An act for naturalizing Gerrard Reeters.
- 37. An act for continuing and making more effectual an act passed in the twelfth year of her late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repairing the highway or road from the Stones-End in the parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch, in the county of Middletex, to the farthermost part of the northern road in the parish of Endfield, in the same county, next to the parish of Cheshunt in the county of Hertford.

38. An act to enable his royal highness George prince of Wales, to qualify himself in Great Britain for the legal enjoyment of the office of chancellor of the university of Dublin in the kingdom of Ireland.

39. An act to enable Charles earl of Sunderland, and Henry earl of Rocheffer, to take in Great Britain the oath of office as vice-treasurer and receiver general, and paymaster general of all his Majesty's revenues in the kingdom of Ireland, and to qualify themselves for the enjoyment of the said offices.

40. An act to enable Richard earl of Burlington and Cork, to take in England the oath of the office of high treasurer of Ireland, and to qualify himself here in England for the legal enjoyment of the said oftice.

41. An act for vesting several manors, messuages, lands, and hereditaments late of Charles earl of Dorset and Middlesex, whereof James late duke of Ormand, at the time of his attainder, was seised, as surviving trustee named in the will of the said earl, in new trustees, and their heirs, upon the same trusts.

42. An act for explaining and making more effectual an act passed in the twelfth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for making the chapelry of Stockton in the county of Durham,

a distinct parish.

43. An act for naturalizing Casper White.

44. An act for the more effectual reversing and making void the attainder of Charles earl of Maceles-

field deceased.

45. An act to discharge Sir Alexander Rigby, knight, from his imprisonment, and vest his estate and effects in trustees for the benefit of his creditors.

46. An act for vefting certain lands and tenements of *Peter Sunderland*, efq; in trustees, to be sold for payment of debts charged thereon before the making of his marriage-settlement, and by virtue thereof.

47. An act to enable Thomas Practor of Rock, in the county of Northumberland, esq; to raise the sum of four thousand pounds out of his estate, for payment of his debts, and making provision for his younger children.

48. An act for naturalizing Erengard Melofine, baroness of Schulenburg.

Anno 3 Georgii I.

Cap. 1. To enable his Majesty effectually to prohibit or restrain commerce with Sweden.

Cap. 2.

Cap. 2. For punishing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quar-

Cap. 3. For granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year

1717.

Cap. 4. For continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1717. and to authorize allowances to be made to certain receivers, and to obviate a doubt concerning goods imported from the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Bark and Alderney; and to ascertain the duties upon sheepskins and lamb-skins; and to prevent frauds in the duties upon flarch: and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lotterytickets and orders, lost, burnt or deftroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lotteries; and for preventing frauds in the duties on low-wines and spirits carried coastwife.

Cap. 5. For continuing the duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, on every pint of ale and beer that shall be vended or fold within the city of Edinburgh, and privileges thereof, for the benefit of the faid city, and for discontinuing the payment of the dues commonly called the pettyport customs at Edinburgh, during the continuance of this act.

Cap. 6. For laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, upon every pint of ale or beer that shall be vended or fold within the town of Dumfries, and privileges thereof, for paying the debts of the faid town, and for building a church, and making a harbour there.

Cap. 7. For redeeming the yearly fund of the South-Sea company (being after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum) and settling

on the faid company a yearly fund after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and to raise for an annuity or annuities at five pounds per centum per annum, any fum, not exceeding two millions, to be employed in lessening the national debts and incumbrances, and for making the faid new yearly fund and annuities to be hereafter redeemable in the time and manner

thereby prescribed.

Cap. 8. For redeeming several funds of the governor and company of the bank of England, pursuant to former provisoes of redemption; and for securing to them several new funds and allowances redeemable by parliament; and for obliging them to advance further fums, not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand pounds, at five pounds per centum, as shall be found necessary to be employed in lessening the national debts and incumbrances; and for continuing certain provisions made for the expences of his Majesty's civil government; and for payment of annuities formerly purchased at the rate of five pounds per centum; and for other purposes in this act mentioned.

Cap. 9. For redeeming the duties and revenues which were fettled to pay off principal and interest on the orders made forth on four lottery-acts passed in the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign; and for redeeming certain annuities payable on orders out of the hereditary excise, according to a former act in that behalf; and for establishing a general yearly fund, not only for the future payment of annuities at several rates, to be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, and redeemable by parliament, but also to raise monies for such proprietors of the

faid

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faid orders as shall choose to be paid their principal and arrears of interest in ready money; and for making good such other deficiencies and payments as in this act are mentioned; and for taking off the duties on linseed imported, and British linen exported.

Cap. 10. For the better collecting and levying the revenue of the

tenths of the clergy.

Cap. 11. To explain and amend feveral laws therein mentioned for the better preservation of the game.

Cap. 12. To impower commissioners in commissions of bankrupts, issued since the four and twentieth day of June 1706, and on or before the fix and twentieth day of June 1716, to make certificates for bankrupts, and the lord chancellor, lord keeper, commissioners of the great seal, or two judges, to confirm the same, notwithstanding the acts of the fourth and sifth, and the sifth of Queen Anne, are expired; and for continuing a clause in a former act for adjusting accounts between bankrupts and their debtors.

Cap. 13. For the better regulating of pilots for conducting of ships and vessels from *Dover*, *Deal*, and the isse of *Thanet*, up the rivers of

Thames and Medway.

Cap. 14. To continue an act of the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent, in the term of the union; and for relief of the creditors of the publick, and the commissioners of the equivalent.

Cap. 15. For the better regulating the office of theriffs, and for accertaining their fees, and the fees for fuing out their patents, and

passing their accounts.

Cap. 16. For the better enabling sheriffs to sue out their patents, and pass their accounts.

Cap. 17. To enable his Majesty to Vol. XIII.

appoint commissioners to take, examine, state and determine the debts due to the army.

Cap. 18. For explaining an act passed the last session of parliament, intituled, An act to oblige papists to register their names and real estates, and for enlarging the time for such registring, and for securing purchases made by protestants.

Cap. 19: For the King's most gracious, general, and free pardon.

Cap. 20. To enlarge the time for making claims before the commiffioners appointed to inquire of the forfeited estates.

Cap. 21. For continuing the liberty of exporting Irifb linen cloth to the Britifb plantations in America duty-free; and for the more effectual discovery of and prosecuting such as shall unlawfully export wool and woollen manufactures from Ireland; and for relief of John Fletcher, in respect of the duty by him paid for a quantity of falt lost in the exportation for Ireland.

Private Ass.

Anno 3 Georgii. I.

1. An act for enlarging the time granted by an act passed in the eighth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituded, An act for making a convenient dock or bason at Liverpool, for security of all ships trading to and from the said port of Liverpool.

2. An act for naturalizing Isaas Kuyck

van Mierop.

 An act for the preservation and improvement of the river Wear, and port and haven of Sunderland, in the county of Durham.

4. An act for repairing the highways from several places therein mentioned, leading towards Highgate Gate-house and Hampstead, in the county of Middlesex; and for electing trustees for keeping up a softi-

· cient number for the repairing the highways upon the roads from Highgate Gate-house to Barnet Bleck-bouse; and also of the highways between Kilburne Bridge and Sparrows Herne, in the county of Hertford.

5. An act to enable the parishioners of the parish of St. Mary Rother-bith in the county of Surrey (by certain funeral rates therein mentioned) to finish the said parish

church.

6. An act for fettling the estates of the most noble John duke of Rutland, and John Manners, esq; commonly called marquiss of Granby, son and heir apparent of the said duke, on the marriage of the said marquis of Granby with the honourable Bridget Sutton, only child of the right honourable Robert lord, Lexington, and Bridget Sutton therein mentioned, in trustees, to be sold for raising money for the marriage portion of the said Bridget Sutton.

7. An act for confirming a partition lately made of the estate of Sir John Brownsowe, bart. deceased, in the counties of Lincoln, York, Middlesex, and Hertford, remaining unfold, and articles of agreement relating thereunto; and also the several conveyances made of the divided parts; and for making essectual a sine and recovery intended to be levied and suffered of a see-farm rent of twenty pounds per annum, part of the estate in the said county of Hertford.

8. An act to enable John Barrington, alias Shute, esq; and his issue male, to change their surname to Barrington, according to the settlement of Francis Barrington, esq; deceased.

9. An act to impower the barons of the Exchequer in Ireland to grant a commission to some of the barons of the Exchequer in England, to administer to Thomas Hopkins, esq; the paths for the due execution of

the office or offices of fearcher, packer and gauger in the port of the city of *Dublin*, granted to him for his life.

10. An act to enable Susanna Catherina Nugent, to sue for, recover, and hold the portion of fourteen hundred pounds, provided for her out of her father's estate, notwithstanding her coverture and the outlawry of her husband Hyacinthus Nugent, esq;

11. An act to enable Francis Fulford, efq; and his first and other sons successively, to put in execution the power of granting leases given by the last will and testament of Fran-

cis Fulford, esq; deceased.

12. An act for vesting an estate late of Sir *Thomas Heath*, knt. deceased, in trustees, to be sold for payment of his debts and other uses.

13. An act for rectifying defects in a fettlement made by Robert Davis, esq; deceased, of certain estates in the counties of Denbigh and Flint, and effectually securing the payment of his debts, and making provision for the younger children of Robert Davis his son, and settleing the said estates subject thereto.

14. An act for repairing the high-ways from that part of Counters Bridge which lies in the parish of Kensington in the county of Middle-sex, to the powder mills in the road to Stains, and to Cranford Bridge in the said county in the road to Colnebrooke.

15. An act for explaining and making more effectual the acts of the fifth and eighth years of her late majesty Queen Anne, for amending the road between Hackley in the county of Bedford and Stony-Stratford in the county of Bucks.

16. An act for fale of part of the duke of Montague's estate, for the intents and purposes therein men-

tioned.

17. An act to enable Richard earl of Scar-

Scarborough to take in Great Britain the oath of office as vice-treafurer and receiver general and paymafter general of all his Majesty's revenues in the kingdom of Ireland, and to qualify himself for the enjoyment of the said office.

28. An act to enable his Majesty to make provision for the respective wives and children of James late earl of Southesque, James late lord Drummond, the late Sir Hugh Paterson of Bannockburn, and James Ster-

ling late of Keir.

19. An act to enable his Majesty to make such provision for, and settlement upon, Margaret the wise of James late earl of Panmuir, as she would have been intituled to in case her said husband was naturally dead.

20. An act to enable his Majesty to make provision for Margaret lady Nairn and her children, out of her paternal estate, forseited during the life of William Murray, late lord Nairn, her husband.

21. An act for raising and paying the lady Amelia Butler's portion out of

lands in Ireland.

22. An act for confirming a partition made between Robert Dashwood, esq; and Cholmley Turner, esq; of certain manors, lands and hereditaments in the county of Oxon.

23. An act for confirming an agreement made between John Wind, clerk, vicar of Thirkleby in the county of York, and Sir Thomas Frankland, bart. for exchange of the vicarage-house, and certain lands therein mentioned.

24. An act for sale of the estate of Thomas Middleton, esq; deceased, for the more speedy raising of maintenance-money, and portions for his daughters, and for the other purposes in the bill mentioned.

25. An act to enable Edward Rolt, efq; to exchange a certain parcel of wood-lands in the county of

Hertford with John Boteler, esq; for other wood-lands of equal value in the said county, and for settling the same respectively as therein mentioned.

26. An act for vesting an estate at Corstam in Wiltsbire in the surviving trustee, and executor of the last will of Henry Frederic Thynne; esq; deceased, and his heirs, to make sale thereof for the execution of the trusts created by his will.

27. An act to enable Roger Stafford, eqq; and his iffue male, to change their furname to Wollocombe, according to the will of Roger Wollow

compe, esq; deceased.

28. An act for sale of the estate of John Stone the elder, and John Stone the younger, in the county of Suffex, for discharging the incumbrances thereon, in respect of the infancy of one of the coheirs of John Stone the younger, and for securing the residue of the money as therein is mentioned.

29. An act to enable William Newman, efq; to fell part of the effate included in his marriage-fettlement for payment of debts, and to fettle another effate in lieu thereof.

30. An act for vesting in trustees the estate of Thomas Richmond, esq; deceased, in the county of Essen, to be sold for payment of his debts, legacies and funeral expences, according to the will of the said Thomas Richmond.

31. An act declaring the uses of two several fines levied by John Cuffe, esq; and Margaret his wise; to Joseph Kelley, esq; deceased, and Maurice Cuffe, esq; and the heirs of the said Joseph Kelley, of certain lands and tithes in the counties of Down and Cavan in the kingdom of Ireland.

32. An act to enable Patrick Wemys, esq; to sell certain houses in Dublin for payment of debts, and for the settling lands in the county of b 2

 Kilkenin, and elsewhere, to the fame uses to which the houses to be fold were settled.

33. An act to naturalize John Jacob Heldt, Theodore Van Rheden, and others.

· Anno 4 Georgii I.

Cap. 1. For granting an aid to his Majesty, by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year 1718.

Cap. 2. To enable his Majesty to be governor of the South-Sea com-

pany.

Cap. 3. For continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1718; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, and lottery-tickets and orders, lost, burnt or destroyed; and for appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament.

Cap. 4. For punishing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army, and their quar-

ters.

Cap. 5. For finishing the tower of the parish church of St. Michael Cornbill, London, out of the duties arising pursuant to the act of the ninth year of the late Queen, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and the suburbs thereof.

Cap. 6. For relief of the wholesale traders and dealers in English bonelace, by obviating several doubts in the several acts for licensing

hawkers and pedlars.

Cap. 7. For making more effectual an act made in the eighth year of the reign of the late Queen Anne, intituled, An act for employing the manufacturers by encouraging the confumption of raw filk and Mobair yarn.

Cap. 8. For vesting the forfeited estates in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in trustees, to be sold for the use of the public; and for giving relief to lawful creditors, by determining the claims; and for the more effectual bringing into the respective Exchequers the rents and profits of the said estates, till sold.

Cap. 9. To appoint commissioners to take, examine, state and determine the debts due to the army, and to examine and state the demands of several foreign princes and states for subsidies during the

late war.

Cap. 10. For making the dividend of subscribed lottery annuities, and other annuities established by several acts of parliament, payable half-yearly at the bank of England.

Cap. 11. For the further preventing robbery, burglary and other felonies, and for the more effectual transportation of felons, and unlawful exporters of wool; and for declaring the law upon some

points relating to pirates.

Cap. 12. For inforcing and making perpetual an act of the twelfth year of her late Majesty, intituled, An act for the preserving of all such ships and goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coosts of this kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions; and for inflicting the punishment of death on such as shall wilfully burn or destroy ships.

Cap. 13. For enlarging the term of years granted by the acts of the eleventh and twelfth years of King William the Third, and fecond and third years of Queen Anne, for the

repair of Dover harbour.

Cap. 14. To impower the commiffioners appointed to put in execution the act of the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, to direct the parish church of St. Giles in the Fields in

thę

• the county of *Middlesex*, to be rebuilt, instead of one of the said fifty new churches.

Private Alis. Anno 4 Georgii. I.

- a. An act to enable George Bubb, efq; and his iffue male, to change their furname to the furname of Dodington.
- 2. An act for naturalizing Abraham Boetefeur.
- 3. An act for the better explaining feveral acts therein mentioned, for erecting of hospitals and workhouses within the city of Bristol, for the imploying and maintaining the poor thereof, and for making the said acts more effectual.
- 4. An act for amending the roads from the city of London, to the town of East-Grinstead in the county of Susten and Kingston in the county of Surrey.
- 5. An act for repairing the highways leading from the stones-end of Kent-street in the parish of St. George's Southwark in the county of Surrey, to the lime-kilns in East-Greenwich near Black-Heath, and to Lewisham church, being the Tunbridge road, in the county of Kent.
- 6. An act for repairing the highways from Maidenbead-Bridge to Sunning-lane end (next to Twifprd) in the road to Reading, and from the faid bridge to Henley Bridge in the county of Berks.
- 7. An act for repairing the highways from Crown Corner in the town of Reading (leading by and through the several parishes of Shinfield and Heckfield in the several counties of Berks, Wilts and Southampton) to Basingsloke in the said county of Southampton.
- 8. An act for fettling the estates of the most noble William duke of Devonshire, and William Cavendish,

- esq; commonly called marquis of Hartington, son and heir apparent of the said duke, on the marriage of the said marquis of Hartington, with Catherine Hoskins, spinster, only child of John Haskins, esq; deceased.
- g. An act to enable Henry duke of Kent, and Anthony Grey, efq; commonly called earl of Harrold, to make jointures for the wife or wives of the said earl of Harrold, and for other purposes therein mentioned.
- 10. An act for vefting the manor of Esber Watervile, and other lands therein mentioned, in the most noble Thomas Holles, duke of Newreastle, and his heirs, in consideration of rent-charges to be issuing out of the same and other lands, in lieu thereof, to the use of the corporation of Kingston upon Thames in the county of Surrey, in trust for the poor of the said town.
- II. An act to enable Richard earl of Burlington to make leafes of a piece of ground behind Burlington-house.
- 12. An act for confirming the respective sales of a see-farm rent, and divers lands, tenements and here-ditaments in the county of Bedford, lately made by the right honourable John lord Carterett, and William Hilderson, esq; to each other, and to discharge the same from divers estates, terms and trusts, to which they are respectively liable by several settlements made there-of.
- 13. An act for vesting the great tithes and glebe-lands belonging to the rectory of Saxby in the county of Leicester, in the right honourable Beginet lord Harborough, and his heirs, in lieu of other lands and an annuity, to be settled on the rector of the said church, and his successors for ever, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

14. An

14. An act for fale of part of the estate of John late earl of Kildare, deceased, towards payment of his debts, and for other the purpoles

therein mentioned.

15. An act for establishing the disposition of the personal estate of Sir Benjamin Bathurst, deceased, and the fettlements on his three fons under his will, and exchanging ground-rents in Wapping in Middlesex for another rent of like value, and other purposes therein mentioned.

16. An act for the better enabling the honourable James Bertie, esq; to raise portions for his younger children.

- 17. An act for making more effectual certain articles of agreement between Sir George Downing, baronet, and dame Mary, eldest daughter of Sir William Forester, knt. and her trustees.
- 18. An act for confirming an agreement between dame Elizabeth Napier, Sir Theophilus Napier, baronet, Archibald Napier and Edward Napier, the relict and sons of Sir John Napier, deceased, touching his real and personal estate, for vesting his lands and hereditaments in the counties of Bedford and Hertford in trustees, for the better performance of the faid agreement.

10. An act for vesting divers lands and tenements in the county of Suffex, part of the estate of Charles Eversfield, elq; in trustees, for a

present provision for his son, and for the payment of the debts of the faid Charles Eversfield.

20. An act for fale of part of the estate late of Joseph Thurston, esq; deceased, lying in the counties of Suffelk and Essex, for payment of his debts, and making provision for his infant children.

- 21. An act for the exonerating and discharging the manors, lands and hereditaments of Francis Cornwall. esq; and likewise the said Francis Cornwall, of and from certain articles of agreement made before the marriage of the faid Francis Cornwall.
- 22. An act to enable Ralph Shippardfon, elq; to make fale of his estate in Studley Roger in the county of York, freed from the uses and trusts in the faid Ralph Shippardson's marriage-settlement, and to settle his estate at East Murton in the county of Durham to the same uses.
- 23. An act to enable the lords commissioners of the treasury, or lord high treasurer for the time being, to compound with Mr. John Offley for the debt he stands engaged for to the crown for the duties on tobacco.
- 24. An act to naturalize Peter Rose, and others.
- 25. An act to naturalize Martin Ludolph, Ulrick Jansen, John Ludolph Spellerbergh, John Speiker and Laurence Gundeloab.

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STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni ANNÆ Reginæ Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ, duodecimo.

Anno Dom. 1710. in the ninth year of the reign of our sovereign lady Anne, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, Queen, defender of the faith, &cc. being the first session of this present parliament; and from thence continued by several prorogations to the seventh day of December, one thousand seven hundred and eleven; being the second session of this present parliament; and from thence continued by several prorogations to the ninth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen (a); being the third session of this present para (a) In the reliament.

and continued by feveral adjournments till the fixteenth day of July in the twelfth year of her Majesty's reign.

CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, EXP. 28. in the pound.

CAP. II.

An all for granting to ber Majesty duties upon malt, mum, Continued ancyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand mually, and seven bundred and thirteen; and for making forth dupli-particularly by cates of lottery tickets, lost, burnt, or destroyed; and for c.7. and enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lottery 8 Geo. 2. 6. 2. alts; and to punish the counterseiting or forging of lottery orders; and for explaining a late alt in relation to stamp duties on customary estates, which pass by deed and copy.

MOST gracious sovereign, we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain assembled in parliament, towards raising such supplies as are and Vol. XIII.

Duties on mait, mum, cyder and perry, from 23 June 1713, to 24 June 1714, Viz.

England 6d. per bushel.

Malt made in Scotland 6d. per buinel.

Cyder, and perry 4s. per hogihead.

June one thousand seven hundred and sourteeen, shall be made for fale within the faid kingdom of Great Britain, (over and above all other duties payable for cyder and perry made and fold by retail) the sum of four shillings for every hogshead, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid by the first buyer or retailer thereof. II. And for the avoiding of disputes in charging the duties upon cyder and perry, be it enacted and declared, That every or perry deem- person who shall buy any cyder or perry, or any fruit to make into cycler or perry, and shall sell any of the cycler or perry so

may be necessary to defray your Majesty's publick expences, do humbly present your Majesty with the gift of the several rates, duties, and impositions herein after mentioned; and do beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and fatisfied, unto and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and succeffors, for and upon all malt, mum, cyder and perry, the feveral and respective rates, duties and impositions herein after mentioned; (that is to fay) for every bushel of malt which at any fine or times, from and after the twenty-third day of Malt made in June, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the twenty-fourth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be made of barley, or any other corn or grain, within that part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and the town of Berwick upon Tweed, by any person or persons whatsoever, (whether the same be or be not for fale) the sum of fix pence, and so proportionably for a greater or leffer quantity, to be paid by the maker or makers thereof respectively: for every bushel of malt which at any time or times, from and after the twenty-third day of June, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the twentyfourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be made of barley, or any other corn or grain, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, by any person or persons whatfoever, (whether the same be or be not for sale) the sum of six pence, and so proportionably for a greater or leffer quantity, to be also paid by the maker or makers thereof respectively: for. Mum ros. per every barrel of mum, which at any time or times, from and after the said twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the faid twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be made or imported within the faid kingdom of Great Britain, the sum of ten shillings, over and above all present duties payable for the fame, and so proportionably for a greater or leffer quantity, to be paid by the maker or importer thereof respectively: and for all cyder and perry, which at any time or times, from and after the faid twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the faid twenty-fourth day of

All persons felling cyder. ed retailers.

bought or made, by the hogshead, or any greater or lesser measure, shall, during the continuance of this act, and no longer, be deemed and taken to be a retailer of cyder and perry, and shall be chargeable with the duties of all such cyder

and perry.

III. And for the better ascertaining, charging, levying and collecting of all the faid several and respective duties hereby granted, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Duties to be all and every the faid duties and impositions by this act granted under the maor imposed, as well upon malt, as upon mum, cyder and perry, nagement of shall, from time to time, during the continuance of this act, be the commission of exwithin the receipt, management and government of the several cike, &c. chief commissioners and governors of the receipt of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for the time being, in Great Britain respectively; and that all inferior officers, whether they be subcommissioners, collectors, supervisors, gagers, or others, that are or shall be constituted or appointed for levying, receiving, collecting, or answering of her Majesty's duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, shall, within the respective limits or districts, or in the several places or stations to which they are or shall be appointed, be also the subcommissioners, collectors, supervisors, gagers, or other officers respectively, for the several duties by this act granted; nevertheless, under the government and direction of the faid respective chief commissioners of excise for the time being, or the major part of them, who have hereby power to difmiss or alter them, or any of them, and to make and constitute, from time to time, such and so many inferior officers, for the said duties hereby granted, and every or any of them, as to the faid respective chief commissioners for the time being, or the major part of them. shall seem meet.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Officers may That all and every the faid gagers and officers which are or shall enter maltbe so constituted and appointed, shall at all times in the day-houses, &c. time be permitted, upon their request, to enter the house, malthouse, and all other places whatsoever, belonging to or used by any person or persons whatsoever, who at any time or times, from and after the faid twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the said twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall make any malt (either for sale or not for sale) and to gage all cisterns, uting-fats, utensils, and other vessels and gage cisused by any such malster, or maker of malt, for the wetting or terns, &c. steeping of any barley, or other corn or grain for the making of malt, and to gage, measure, and take an account of the just quantity of the barley, and other corn or grain which shall be found wetting or steeping in any such uting-fat, utensil, cistern, or other vessel, or shall have been wetted or steeped in them, or any of them, for the making of malt; and shall thereof make and make rereturn or report in writing to the faid commissioners, or such part to the other person or persons as they shall appoint to receive the same, commission-

leaving ers, &c.

Penalty on maliters, &c. refuling to permit officer, 201.

leaving a true copy of such report in writing under his hand with such malster or maker of malt; and such report or return of the faid gagers shall be a charge upon such malsters or makers of malt respectively: and if any such malster or other perfon, making malt for fale or private use, shall refuse to permit any such gager or officer to enter his house, or other place aforementioned, or to measure, compute and take an account of all his malt, and to gage all and every such uting-fats, utensils, cisterns, and other vessels, and to gage and take an account of his barley, or other corn or grain in any fuch ciftern, utingfat, utenfil or other vessel, or which shall have been steeped or wetted, and shall be upon any floor or other place, every such malster or other person shall forfeit and lose for every such of-Malster once a fence the sum of twenty pounds: and that from and after the month to faid twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, during the continuance of this act, every malster or other person making malt, (for sale or not for sale) shall monthly and every month make a true entry at the said office of excise of all the malt made in such month respectively, on pain to forfeit for every such neglect the sum of ten pounds.

make an entry at the excife office,

and to clear

off the duties in three

months after.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every such malster or other maker of malt, shall, within three months after he shall make or ought to have made such entry, as aforesaid, pay and clear off all the said duties which shall be due from him or them respectively.

Penalty on maliters refuling to pay,

VI. And be it further enacted, That every such malster or other person chargeable with the said duties, who shall neglect or refuse to make such payment, as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose for every such offence double the sum of the said duty, whereof the payment thall be fo refused or neglected: and that no such malster or other person, after such default made, shall. fell, deliver or carry out any malt, until he hath paid and cleared off his duty, as aforesaid, on pain to forfeit double the

value of fuch malt so delivered and carried out.

Malt to be measured by er bushel.

VII. And for the avoiding all disputes touching the returns made or to be made by the gagers of any malt, as aforesaid, be the Winchest- it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That by the bushel, in this act mentioned, is meant and intended a bushel according to the standard remaining in the custody of the chamberlains of her Majesty's Exchequer, commonly called or known by the name of the Winchester bushel; and that the quantity of barley, or other corn or grain taken by the gage, according to fuch bushel, in any cistern, uting-fat, utensil, or other vessel, wherein such barley, or other corn or grain shall be found wetting or steeping, or which shall be found to have been wetted or steeped for the making of malt, shall be charged and returned by the gager as so many bushels of malt: and that every round bushel with a plain and even bottom, being made eighteen inches and a half wide throughout, and eight inches deep, shall be esteemed a legal Winchester bushel, according to the faid standard.

The dimenfions thereof.

VIII. And

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Powers, &c., That all and every the powers, authorities, directions, rules, in 12 Car. 2.

methods, penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, c. 24. to be in methods, penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, force, &c. which in and by an act made in the twelfth year of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for taking away the court of wards and liveries, and tenures in capite, and by knight service, and purveyance, and for settling a revenue upon his Majesly in lieu thereof, or by any other law now in force, relating to her Majesty's revenue of excise upon beer, ale, or other liquors, are provided, fettled or established, for raising, levying, collecting or recovering, adjudging or ascertaining the duties thereby granted, or any of them, (other than in such cases for which other penalties or provisions are made and preicribed by this act) shall be exercifed, practifed, applied, used and put in execution, in and for the raising, levying, collecting, recovering and paying as well the faid duties upon malt, as the faid several duties upon mum, cyder and perry, hereby granted, during the continuance of this act, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if all and every the said powers, authorities, rules, directions, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things were particularly repeated, and again enacted in the body of this present act.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Fines, &c. That all fines, penalties and forfeitures by this act imposed, how to be reshall be sued for, levied and recovered or mitigated, by such covered. ways, means and methods, as any fine, penalty or forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of seffion, court of justiciary, or court of Exchequer in Scotland refpectively: and that one moiety of every such fine, penalty and forfeiture, shall be to her Majesty, or her heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform,

or fue for the fame.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Malt subject all malt in the custody of any maker of malt, shall be liable and to the duties fubject to, and are hereby made chargeable with all and fingular in arrear. the debts and duties of malt in arrear and owing by any person or persons, for any malt made by such malster, or within his malthouse, and shall also be subject to all penalties and forseitures incurred by such person or persons so using such malthouse for any offence against the laws relating to the duties on malt; and that it shall be lawful in all cases to levy debts and penalties, and to use such proceedings against such malt, as it may be lawful to do in case the debtor or offender were the true and real owner of the same malt.

XI. And whereas many of her Majesty's subjects do make malt, not to fell or make any profit thereof, but to be consumed in their own private families only; For the bettter accommodation of such persons, it is hereby further enacted and provided by the authority aforesaid. That the said respective commissioners of excise

to pay 5s. per head, per annum,

Compounders for the time being, or the major part of them respectively, or fuch person or persons as they, or the major part of them, shall respectively appoint for that purpose, and in default of fuch appointment, then the collector and supervisor for the district and division, within which such person doth or shall inhabit, shall and may compound and agree with such person or persons for the said duties of such malt, which shall grow due or payable from him, her, or them, by this act, from the commencement thereof, until the end of the term hereby granted, at the rate of five shillings per annum for every head, which at any time or times, during the continuance of such compofition, shall be of the family of such person or persons respectively, and to receive fuch composition-money, or to take fecurity for the payment thereof quarterly; and that the houses, and not liable out-houses, malthouses, or other places of such particular perfons making fuch composition and agreement, and paying such plying with their payments thereupon, shall not be liable to the faid duty of fix pence per bushel upon malt, or to the survey or search of any gager or officer of the excise, for or by reason of his or their making such malt, as aforesaid.

Penalty on felling malt after compofition.

to the duty,

gers.

XII. Provided, That if any fuch person, after such compofition made, shall fell, exchange, barter, or deliver out any malt to any other person or persons, or shall permit any other perfon or persons, to make any malt in his, her, or their houses or outhouses, or shall sell any beer, ale, or other liquors made of malt, or shall have more persons of their families than they shall so compound for, without giving notice of them to the next office of excise, at or before the next quarter-day, and paying or fecuring the like compositions for them, then every fuch person shall forseit the sum of sive pounds, to be recovered and distributed, as aforesaid; and after any such offence committed, shall lose the benefit of his, her, or their compofition, and shall be liable to the said duty of fix pence a bushel upon malt, and to the survey and search of the said officers, as if no fuch composition had been made; and for every bushel of malt fo fraudulently fold, exchanged, bartered, delivered out, or fraudulently made, every such person shall forseit the sum of twenty shillings; any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Compounders to continue their compofition, &c. before 24 June 3713.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every such person and persons, who by virtue, or in pursuance of any former act for laying duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, have made or shall make any compofition still in being, for the duties of their malt, shall on or before the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, continue such their composition for the duties hereby granted, and pay the composition money, or give bond for the fame, according to the purport, true intent, and meaning of this present act, or in default thereof shall be, and are hereby charged and made liable to pay unto her Majesty,

or liable to the duty, &c.

her heirs and fucceffors, the fum of fix pence for every bushel of malt which he, she, or they, or any other person or persons in trust for him, her, or them, shall be possessed of, on the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and that all and every such person and persons who have, or hath, or shall make such composition for their said duties on malt, in pursuance of the said former acts, or any of them, and who shall make default in continuing such their composition, as aforesaid, shall on or before the tenth day of July one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, make true and particular entries of all such malt as they, or any of them, or any other person or persons in trust for them, or any of them, shall be possessed of, or have in his, or their custody or possession, at the office of excise within the limits of which they shall respectively inhabit, upon pain to forfeit the sum of fifty pounds and the malt, of which no such entry shall be made; and within fix days after he, she, or they shall have made, or ought to have made such entry, as aforesaid, shall pay down the duties hereby charged upon the same, or in default thereof shall forfeit and lose double the value of the said mak; and that the houses, out-houses, and other places belonging to such compounders, who shall make default in continuing such their compositions, as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby made liable to the search and view of the officers for the said duties, in the fame manner, and under the same penalties for refusal, as other persons making malt for sale are liable.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Maltdamaged That from and after the said three and twentieth day of June by the cashing one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and after the duty away of the by this act imposed on malt is paid by the master if any outer. by this act imposed on malt is paid by the maliter, if any quantity of malt shall unfortunately happen to be damaged by the casting away or finking of the barge or vessel in which the said malt shall be transported from one part of this kingdom to another within the same, That the justices of the peace of the county, riding, or division, where such accident shall happen, shall at the next general quarter-fessions to be held for such suffices to decounty, riding, or division, upon proof of such damage, and termine the of payment of the duty, as aforesaid, determine and settle the damage, &c. quantity of the damage done to fuch malt by the casting away or finking of the barge or vessel in which the same shall be transported, as aforesaid, and an allowance to be made in respect thereof, and to give a certificate under their hands and seals of the fum allowed, which allowance shall bear the same proportion to the whole duty, as the said damage shall appear to bear to the value of the faid malt before it was fo damaged; upon producing of which certificate to the officer appointed to collect and officer to the faid duty, he shall be obliged to repay or allow to the faid repay the duproprietor or proprietors, out of the duty paid for the faid malt, ty, &cc. so much money as the sum certified by the said justices shall amount unto, or in default thereof, that the proprietor or proprietors of the faid malt shall and may deduct the allowance for

certified out of the next or any other subsequent monies becoming due from such proprietor or proprietors by virtue of this

present act.

Notice to be left with the days before quarter-lef-tions,

XV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That where any such loss or damage shall collector three happen, as aforefaid, the person or persons who shall sustain the same, shall, three days at least before the next quarter-seffions, give or leave notice in writing thereof with the collectors of excise of the district or collection where such loss or damage shall happen, and of his and their intention of applying at the next general quarter-sessions of the peace for an allowance in respect of such damage or loss.

No maliter to mix corn another wetting, on forfeiture of 58. per bushel.

XVI. And whereas many malsters and makers of malt, in order to the defrauding her Majesty of the duty, and preventing the officers of one wetting from taking and keeping a true account of the corn or grain by them steeping and steeped, and making into malt, do in the absence of the officers remove part of their corn or grain out of the ciftern or wetting fat, and mix the same with corn or grain of a former wetting, and supply the place of the corn or grain so removed with fresh corn or grain, and do also mix their several couches and floors, in such manner that the officers for the said duties cannot distinguish one wetting from another; for remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That during the continuance of the duties hereby granted, no malster or maker of malt, other than compounders for the faid duties, shall, during the continuance of the faid duties, mix, or cause to be mixed, his, her, or their corn or grain making into malt, of one wetting or steeping, or any part thereof, with his, her, or their corn or grain making into malt, of a former wetting or steeping, or any part thereof, before the same is put on the kiln for drying, on pain of forfeiture of the sum of five shillings for every bushel of corn so mixed, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof.

Gagers to gage, and not by the buthet.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, measure by the That the gagers and other officers of excise, for the time being, or that shall be deputed to put this present act into execution, shall, during the continuance of the duties hereby charged, measure such corn and grain making into malt by the gage only, and not by the bushel; any thing herein before contained, or in any former act or acts, relating to the duties hereby granted, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Penalty on maliters pref. fing malt together in the cistern, &c. 28. 6d. per bulhel.

XVIII. And whereas in making of malt, practifed before the granting the said duties, the barley, or other corn or grain, during its steeping in the cistern or uting-fat, did usually rise and swell so considerably, that it was thought reasonable, upon granting the said duties, in all charges to be made by the officers from the ciftern or couch, to allow to the malsters, upon payment of the duty, four: bushels in every twenty bushels, and so proportionably upon every greater or lesser quantity, in consideration of such rise or swelling of the corn, which allowances have been and are made accordingly: and whereas many malfiers or makers of malt for sale, by pressing, treading, ramming, or other methods, do now not only make their corn lye

so close in the cistern or uting-sat, and also in the couch, that the rife or swelling, as aforesaid, is prevented, but also renders it very difficult for officers to know the true quantity of the corn steeped or in the couch, and thereby have the allowance, as aforefaid, though the reason of making the same is taken away; be it therefore further enacted, That if any malster or maker of malt for sale, during the continuance of the duties on malt by this act granted, shall tread, ram, or otherwise force together in the cistern, utingfat, or couch, any corn steeping or steeped, in order to the making into malt, every fuch malfter or maker of malt for fale, shall for every such offence, forseit and lose the sum of two shillings and fix pence for every bushel of corn steeping or steeped, that shall be so pressed, trodden, rammed, or forced; any thing herein or in any former act or acts contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority All profecuaforefaid, That no person or persons shall be sued or charged tions to be within five with the duties hereby granted, unless some action, informa-years. tion, or fuit be commenced for the same, within five years after

the fame shall become due.

XX. And in regard the quantity of barley, or other corn or grain, taken by the gage in any ciftern, uting-fat, or other veffel, or utenfil, wherein such barley, or other corn of grain shall be found wetting or sleeping, or which shall be found to have been wetted or steeped for the making of malt, is by this all to be charged and returned by the gager, as so many busbels of malt: It is hereby further enacted by Allowance for the authority aforesaid, That out of every twenty bushels so malt charged charged by the gager, there shall be an allowance made to the in the utingmaker of such malt so charged in the uting-fat, cistern, or other fat, &c. vessel, wherein the same shall be found wetting or steeping, as aforesaid, or upon the floor within thirty hours after the same shall be thrown out of the uting-fat, utenfil, ciftern, or other veffel, of four bushels, and out of every greater or lesser quantity, a proportionable allowance shall be made in consideration of the difference between the quantity of such corn when it is wet and swoln, and the quantity thereof, when it is converted into dry malt; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Malt after du-That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or per- ties paid may sons, who shall have actually paid her Majesty's duties by this be exported, act payable for any quantity of malt whatfoever, and to and for acc. any other person or persons, who shall buy, or be lawfully entitled to any fuch quantity of malt from the faid person or persons who actually paid her Majesty's duties for the same, to export such malt for any foreign parts, giving sufficient security before the shipping thereof for exportation, that the particular quantity of malt, which shall be intended to be exported, as aforefaid, or any part thereof, shall not be relanded, or brought again into any part or parts of Greet Britain, which security the suffermer or collector of the respective port for such exportation,

is hereby directed and authorifed to take in her Majesty's name,

and to her Majesty's use.

Penalty on relanded.

XXII. Provided always, That if after the shipping of any malt shipt for such malt to be exported, as aforesaid, and the giving or tenand afterwards dring such security, as aforesaid, in order to obtain the allowance or drawback herein after mentioned, the malt so shipped to be exported, shall be relanded in any part of the said kingdom of Great Britain, That then, and in every such case, over and above the penalty of the bend, which shall be levied and recovered to her Majesty's use, all the malt which shall be landed, and the value thereof, shall be forfeited, that is to say, one moiety thereof to the Queen, and the other moiety thereof to the person or persons that will seize, inform or sue for the same, to be recovered as any other penalties by this act are recoverable.

Exporter to produce a certificate that the duty is paid, &c.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons who shall export any malt into foreign parts, shall produce a certificate or certificates from the collector or officer who received the duty of fuch malt, that the duty thereof hath been paid or secured to be paid, which certificate the collector or officer is hereby required to give gratis, proof being made upon oath that the duty of such malt hath been paid or secured to be paid (which oath the said collector or officer is hereby required to administer) and also making oath before the officer or collector of the port, that the malt so exported is the same mentioned in such certificate, then the collector or chief officers of the port where such malt shall be exported, shall give to the exporter thereof a certificate or debenture, expressing the true quantity of the malt so exported or and on expor-shipped for exportation; which certificate or debenture being produced to the collector, or other officer appointed to receive the said duty, in the county, shire, stuartry, or place where such malt was exported, he is hereby required to pay the faid duty of fix pence per bushel to the persons or their agents so exporting the same; and in case the collector or other officers shall not have any money in their hands to pay the same, then the respective commissioners appointed for executing this act, are hereby required to pay the same out of the duties arising by the said act; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Debentures for malt unsatisfied, on 24 June 1713. how to be paid.

tation duty to

be repaid.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That all debentures for malt exported upon any former act or acts for laying duties upon malt, mum cyder, and perry, which shall remain unsatisfied, on the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, shall (in case the respective commissioners or officers of excise shall not have sufficient in their hands of the duties granted by the faid former acts to fatisfy the fame) be paid and fatisfied out of the duties arising by this present act.

Rent payable per quarter,

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, in malt, tenant That where any rent is reserved and payable in malt, or if payto deduct 4s. able in money, and the fum or quantity of such rent is to be afcertained by the price of malt, and is to increase just as much as the price of malt doth increase, it shall and may be lawful, during the continuance of this act, for the tenant of any lands subject to any such rent, to detain, deduct and abate so much of every such rent as will amount to the duty by this act charged for every quarter of malt, or the value of it in money, that is fo reserved, and so proportionably for any lesser quantity; and the person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, to whom any fuch rent is referved, as aforefaid, shall, upon the receipt of the refidue of any fuch rent, make an allowance of fuch deductions, as aforefaid, and the tenant be discharged, as if such payment had been made without any deduction or abatement whatloever.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Malt imauthority aforesaid, That from and after the said three and ported from twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, beyond it forseited. during the continuance of this act, no malt shall be brought or imported into Great Britain from any foreign part or parts beyond the seas, upon pain of forfeiture of the malt so imported, and also the full value thereof, one moiety to the Queen, and the other moiety to such person or persons as shall seize, inform or fue for the same, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein no effoin, protection, or wager of law, or any

more than one imparlance shall be allowed.

XXVII. And whereas several persons making and dealing in malt, Malt destroyare subject to many bazards and inconveniencies, as well by fire as ed by fire or water, be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, water, or cast That from and after the three and twentieth day of Tune one That from and after the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and after the duty by this act imposed on malt is paid, or secured to be paid by the malster, if any quantity of malt shall unfortunately happen to be destroyed by fire, by the burning of the malthouse, granary or other place where the same shall be made or kept, or shall perish by water, by the casting away of the barge or vessel in which the faid malt shall be transported from any part of this kingdom to another; it shall and may be lawful for the proprietor or pro- on oath that prietors of such malt so perishing, as abovesaid, to make proof the duty was thereof by two credible witnesses upon oath, and of his, her, or their having paid or given fecurity to pay the faid duty, before the justices of the peace of the county, riding or division where fuch accident shall happen, at the next general quarter-sessions to be held for fuch county, riding, or division (who are hereby Officer to reimpowered to give certificates under their hands and feals of pay the duty, firsh loss) upon producing of which certificate to the affice. fuch loss) upon producing of which certificate to the officer appointed to collect the said duty, he shall be obliged to repay or allow to the faid proprietor or proprietors fo much of the faid duty as shall have been by him paid for the quantity of malt proved to have so perished.

XXVIII. Provided always, That if any barley or other corn An allowance or grain that hath been steeped or wetted in any cistern, uting- of 10 bushels fat, or other vessel, shall, during the continuance of this act, sloor-gage. be found working or growing upon the floor, before it is put

upon the kiln, in order to be made into malt, after the faid three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, which when dried and made into malt, will not answer so great a quantity from the floor as from the cistern or fat; it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of every twenty bushels so charged upon the floor, there shall be an allowance made to the maker of the faid malt, which shall be gaged and charged upon the floor, after the same shall have been thrown out of the uting-fat, utenfil, ciftern, or other vefsel before mentioned, by the space of thirty hours or more, and before the same shall be dried, of ten bushels, and out of every greater or leffer quantity a proportionable allowance shall be made, in confideration of the difference between the quantity of fuch corn when it is making upon the floor, and the quantity thereof when it is dried and perfectly made into malt; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Exporters of the bounty money grant-C. 12.

XXIX. And whereas by an act made in the first year of the reign malt to receive of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for encouragement of the exportation of corn, it is thereby ed 1 W. & M. enacted, That when malt or barley is at twenty-four shillings per quarter or under, every merchant that shall put on board any malt, according to or under the limitations or conditions in the faid act expressed, the said merchant shall have and receive from the farmers, commissioners, or collectors of the duties arising from the customs, for every quarter of malt or barley so exported, the sum of two shillings and fix pence: be it hereby enacted, That the duty of fix pence per bushel by this act imposed upon malt, shall not be reckoned or valued towards the price of twenty-four shillings per quarter, by the faid recited act limited, but that the exporter of malt shall have and receive the bounty granted by the said recited act, unless when the price of malt exceeds twenty-four shillings per quarter, over and above the duty by this act granted.

The same allowance on exporting ground malt, as if whole, &c.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That in case any person or persons whatsoever shall export any ground malt from any port or place in Great Britain, to any foreign parts, the duties whereof shall have been paid or secured to be paid according to this act, fuch person and persons shall have the like drawback or allowance out of the duties on malt by this act granted, as if the faid malt had been whole, upon debentures to be obtained, and upon producing certificates, making oath, and doing and performing the other matters and things herein before prescribed and directed, in order to obtain debentures upon exportation of malt for foreign parts; yet nevertheless such ground malt so exported shall be computed and estimated after the rate of so many bushels of malt as the same did contain before it was ground, and no more.

Gager to leave

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That a copy of each every gager or other officer, who shall be constituted or apgage with the pointed to put this act in execution, shall be and are hereby required juired to leave a true copy of each gage, and the quantity hereof, in writing under his or their hands, with or for the aid maker or makers of malt, at the time of taking such gage

apon demand, under the penalty of forty shillings.

XXXII. And for the prevention of evil practices in brewing No brewer, peer and ale, with fugar, honey, foreign grains, Guinea pepper, &c. to use suor with a late invented liquor or fyrup made from malt and gar, &c. in water, boiled up to the confistency of mellasses, and very much brewing, on esembling the same, and commonly called Essentia Bine, or penalty of solwith other unwholfome materials; and that no mixture of fugar, noney, foreign grains, Guinea pepper, or of the said liquor or yrup, or other unwholsome materials, may be used in the prewing or making of beer and ale; be it enacted, That no common brewer, innkeeper, victualler, or other retailer of beer and ale, shall make use of any sugar, honey, foreign grains, Guines pepper, or of the said liquor or syrup, called Essentia Bine, Coculus India, or any unwholfome materials or ingredients whatfoever, in the brewing or making of any beer or de, or mix any sugar, honey, foreign grains, Guinea pepper, or any of the said liquor called Effentia Bine, Coculus India, or any unwholfome materials or ingredients whatfoever, with my beer or ale, on pain of twenty pounds for every such offence.

XXXIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, The monies to That all monies which shall arise by this act of the said duties be paid into ipon malt, mum, cyder and perry (over and above the neces- the Excheary charges of raising and levying the said duties) shall, from quer. ime to time, be brought and paid into the receipt of the Ex-:hequer.

XXXIV. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority Officers may aforesaid, That from and after the said twenty-third day of enter malt-Fune one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, all and every houses, &c. he said officers shall, upon their request, be permitted, as well by night as by day (but if in the night-time, then in the preence of a constable, or other lawful officer of the peace) to enter he house, malthouse, and other place belonging to or made use of by any publick malster or maker of malt for sale, common prewer, innkeeper, victualler, distiller, or vinegar-maker, naking malt, to gage, measure and take an account of the just quantity of barley, and other corn or grain which shall be weting or steeping, or which shall have been wetted or steeped in uch house, malthouse, or other place; and if any such publick nalster or maker of malt for sale, common brewer, innkeeper, Malster refurictualler, distiller, or vinegar-maker, shall refuse to permit fing entrance uch officers, or any of them, to enter his house, malthouse, or forfeits 201. other place, as aforefaid, or to gage, or to take an account of us barley, or other corn or grain, as aforefaid, the person or persons offending therein, shall for every such offence forfeit and ofe the fum of twenty pounds.

XXXV. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority forefaid, That if any maker of malt shall, during the continu-

Concealing malt forfeits 20s. per bush-

ance of the duties hereby granted, fraudulently hide, conceal, or convey away any of his malt from the fight or view of the gager or gagers appointed to take an account of the fame, the person or persons offending therein, shall forfeit and lose for every bushel of malt so hid, concealed, or conveyed away from the fight and view of fuch gager or gagers, the fum of ten shillings, to be recovered and distributed, or mitigated, as other penalties and forfeitures by this act, or by any law herein referred unto, are to be recovered, distributed, or mitigated.

Malster not to fet up any cifpain of 50l.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforetern, &c. with- faid, That from and after the faid twenty-third day of June one out notice, on thousand seven hundred and thirteen, during the continuance of this act, no malster or other person, making malt for sale or not for fale (other than and except compounders for the faid duty) shall erect or set up, alter or enlarge, or make use of any ciftern, uting-fat, utenfil, or other vessel, for the wetting or steeping any barley, or other corn or grain for the making of malt, or of any kiln, floor, room, or other place for the making or keeping of malt, or keeping of corn or grain making into malt, without first giving notice thereof in writing at the next office of excise, or shall keep or make use of any private cistern, uting-fat, utenfil, or other vessel, for the wetting his barley, or other corn or grain to make malt, other than fuch as are openly known and made use of in his common malting-house, on pain to forfeit for every fuch ciftern, uting-fat, utenfil or other vessel, kiln, floor, room or other place so erected or set up, altered or enlarged, kept private or concealed or made use of without fuch notice as aforesaid, the sum of fifty pounds to be levied, recovered, mitigated and distributed as aforesaid.

Persons aggrieved may appeal to the quarter-leffions, &c.

XXXVII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if either party think him or themselves agrieved by any judgment or order to be given or made by any justices of the peace, in purfuance of this present act, touching or concerning the duties hereby granted, or any penalty and forfeiture relating to the fame, it shall and may be lawful to and for such person or perfons, fo finding him, her or themselves agrieved by such judgment or order, to appeal from the same to the justices affembled at the next general quarter-sessions of the peace, to be holden for the county, thire or stuartry where such judgment or order shall have been made; which said justices of the peace, or the major part of them, are hereby impowered to hear and finally No Certiorari. determine the same; and no writ of Certiorari shall be allowed or brought to set aside any determination or order of the said

justices. XXXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the party or parties so appealing, so aforesaid, shall give notice in writing, by the space of six days next before such session shall be held, as aforesaid, unto the party or parties of the other fide, of his, her or their intention to bring fuch appeal; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for such justices or the major part of them, in their quarter-sel-

Appellor to give notice thereof fix days before quarter · ſeſtions, &c.

sions, to award costs to either party, as they shall in their discretion think fit, to be levied by warrant of the justices of the peace of fuch county, thire, or stuartry, or any two or more of them, on the goods and chattels of the party or parties, against whom the same shall be awarded. Provided also, That in case there be not the space of fix days between the first judgment or order of the two justices, and the quarter-sessions then next following, that then the appeal may be made at the second quarterfessions, after such judgment or order made.

XXXIX. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority Malt made in aforesaid, That all malt made in Scotland, not to be consumed brought by there, which at any time or times between the twenty-third day sea into Engof June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and the land, to be entwenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and tred at the fourteen, shall be brought into England, Wales, or the town of port of land-Berwick upon Tweed, shall, in case the same be brought by sea, be entred with the officer for the faid duties of the port where the same shall be so brought into England, Wales, or Berwick; and pay 6d. and the sum of six pence per bushel (unless a certificate from per bushel, the proper officer be produced, that it had paid the said duty in unless certified to have scotland) for the same malt, shall be paid to such officer before paid the duty. landing thereof: and in case the same shall be brought by land, Malt brought fuch malt shall pass and be carried by and through the towns of by land, to Berwick or Carlisse, and there entred with the officer of the said pass thro Berduties, in such of the said towns by or through which such malt life, and to be shall be so carried; and the like duty of fix pence per bushel for entered there, the same, unless such certificate be produced, as aforesaid, shall and to pay 6d. be paid down in ready money to such officer, on pain of forfeiting per bushel, on all such malt, and the value thereof, as shall be landed or put on ture. shore, or brought into England, without such entry or payment of fuch additional duties, as aforefaid: and in case any malt such malt comade in Scotland shall, during the said term, be found coming ming by land, out of Scotland, or brought from thence by land, by or beyond beyond the faid towns, the towns before-mentioned, without entry or payment of the without entry, duties thereof, or producing such certificate, as aforesaid, then &c. forseited, all such malt, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited; the last or the value. mentioned forfeiture thereof to be and go, one moiety thereof to the Queen's majesty, the other moiety thereof to such person or persons as will inform, seize, or sue for the same, or the value thereof, and to be recovered and levied by fuch ways, means and methods, as any other penalties or forfeitures, relating to the malt duties are by this act to be recovered and levied.

XL. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all The monies the monies which shall arise by this act of the said duties on arising to be malt, mum, cyder and perry, over and above the necessary Exchequer. charges of raising and paying the said duties, shall from time to time be brought and paid into the Exchequer.

There shall be kept in the office of the auditor of the receipt one book, in which all the orders for money payable upon this act, shall be registred; ferring the this act.

A book to be and the money lent upon the act of the ninth year of her Majesty's reign kept, for tranf- unfatisfied, with interest of fix per cent. shall be placed upon the regulter, and shall be paid out of the monies arising by this act: interest to be paid principal fums every three months. It shall be lawful for any persons to lend upon credit on the malt of the faid duties any sums, as together with the principal monies apact 9 Ann. to pointed to be transferred, shall not exceed seven hundred thousand the register of pounds; which lenders shall have interest of five per cent. to be paid every three months. Where it shall appear by assidavit before any of the barons of the Exchequer, that any Exchequer bills, or tickets, before the twentieth of May one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, have been loft, burnt, or destroyed: it shall be lawful for the respective officers, upon producing a certificate from any of the faid barons, and on fecurity given to the faid officers, to make forth duplicates of the faid bills and tickets. It shall be lawful for the commissioners to settle and adjust the properties of any tickets in the lotteries that have not hitherto been fettled, provided the persons possessed of the tickets do appear on or before the five and twentieth of December one thousand seven hundred and thirteen. If any perion shall forge or counterfeit any of the lottery orders, or alter the number or principal fum of any fuch order, or counterfeit the hand of any person to such order, thereby to procure a fraudulent assignment, or fell any fuch order, knowing the fame to be forged, every fuch person shall be adjudged a felon, without benefit of clergy. EXP.

Clause for exto itamp duties on cultowhich pass by

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XLVIII. And whereas in the tenth year of her Majesly's reign plaining a late an act did pass, For laying several duties upon all scap and paper made act in relation in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and upon checuered and striped linen imported; and upon certain silks, callicoes, linens and mary estates, fluffs, printed, painted or flained; and upon several kinds of flampt vellom, parchment and paper; and upon certain printed papers, pamdeed and copy phlets and advertisements, for raising the sum of eighteen hundred to Ann. c. 19. house and advertisements, thousand pounds, by way of a lottery, towards her Majesty's supply; and for licensing an additional number of hackney chairs; and for charging certain stocks of cards and dice; and for better securing her Majesty's duties to arise in the office for the stamp-duties, by licences for marriages and otherwise; and for relief of persons who have not claimed their lottery tickets in due time, or have lest Exchequer bills or lottery tickets; and for borrowing money upon flocks, part of the capital of the South-sea company, for the use of the publick; in which faid act it is enacted, That for every skin, or piece of vellons or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which shall be ingroffed or written, within or during the term of thirty-two years, to be rackoned from the first day of August in the year one thousand seven hundred and twelve, any surrender of or admittance to any copyheld land or tenement, within those parts of Great Britain called England, Wales, and the town of Berwick upon Tweed, or any grant or lease by copy of court-roll, or any other copy of the court-roll of any bouor or manor within the same parts of Great Britain, or any of them, other than and except the original surrender to the use of a will, and the court-roll or book wherein the proceedings of the court are entered or eurolled, the fum of two shillings and three pence sterling; and a doubt having arisen whether by the said clause, copies of admittances to custom right or tenant-right estates, not being copyheid, which pass by deed, surrender and admittance, or by deed and admittance, ought to be flamped; It is declared and enacted hereby, That no copies of any furrenders or admittances to fuch customright

right or tenant-right estates, as aforesaid, ought to be stamped, nor were they ever designed or intended, nor ought they to be deemed or construed to be within the meaning of the said act.

CAP. III.

An act to revive and continue the act for taking, examining, and stating the publick accounts of the kingdom: and alio to continue the act for appointing commissioners to take, examine, and determine the debts due to the army, transport-service, and sick and wounded. EXP.

CAP. IV.

An all for making inclosures of some part of the common grounds in the West-Riding of the county of York, for the endowing poor vicaridges and chapelries, for the better support of their ministers.

WHEREAS in the West-Riding of the county of York there are divers parishes of great extent, and very populous,

which bath occasioned the erecting of divers chapels of ease for the benefit of the inhabitants: but there being very small or no settled provision made for the maintenance of the ministers that perform divine offices in these chapels, or for the vicars of many of the parish-churches within the said West-Riding; and there being large commons or waste grounds, within many of the said parishes, which yield little or no profit or advantage to any person, it would be a great advantage and incouragement to the vicars and ministers there, if they might, by inclosing some parts of the said commons and waste grounds, improve the same for the benefit of themselves and their successors: May it therefore please your most excellent Majesty, at the humble suit of the justices of the peace, gentlemen, clergy, freeholders and other inhabitants of the faid riding, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of After 29 Sept. September, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand 1713. the infeven hundred and thirteen, it shall and may be lawful for any habitants of the Westof the inhabitants of any parish in the West-Riding of the county Riding of of York, wherein any fuch chapels of ease, as aforesaid, now Yorkshire, are, or hereafter shall be erected or built, and wherein there are where there large waftes or commons, with the confent of the lord or lords are chapels of of the manor wherein such waste-ground lies, (and if there be with the conabove two lords of such manor, then with the consent of the sent of the major part of them) and with the consent of three parts of four lords of maof all freeholders and others, who have any right of common nors, &c. entherein, according to their number, and the value of their re- the wastes, and specive estates, to inclose any part of the wastes or common settle the same grounds within such parish (or chapelry therein) not exceeding in trustees for fixty acres, or a fixth part of such common land, where the support of ministers who faid fixth part shall not exceed fixty acres, and to settle the same have not a setin trustees and their heirs, for the benefit, and as a maintenance tled provision and support of such ministers as shall not have a settled provi- of above 401. fion per annum. Vol. XIII.

fion of above forty pounds per annum for their maintenance; and shall relide within the same parish or chapelry, and perform divine offices in the parish church or chapel therein, according to the usage of the church of England, and be licensed by the archbishop of York, or the guardian of the spiritualties (Sede Vocante) any former law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Saving to lords of manors all mines, &c.

II. Saving always, and referving unto all lords of enanors, and other owners and proprietors of royalties within the said riding, their heirs and affigns, all and all manner of mines and quarries of stone, coal and ore, and other mines, with full power, and free liberty to dig, get, and fough for the fame, in and through any such inclosures that shall be made pursuant to this act; and the same so got, with carts, wains and carriages to take, lead, and carry away.

No truffee, &c. shall alienate the profits of Such encloted lands to any the minuter.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That after any such inclosure and settlement, it shall not be in the power of any trustee or minister, or any other person whatfoever, to alienate and imploy any of the profits of fuch inclosed other use but lands to any other use or uses, but only for the support and for support of maintenance of the vicar or minister who shall serve the cure, (if it belong to a vicarage) and to the minister that performs divine service in the chapel, according to the usage of the church of England, (if it be appropriated to any chapel) and not otherwise.

Trustees, &c. able halfuse of the minister.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it thall and may be lawwith content 'ful for any of the faid trustees and their heirs, from time to of the mini-fler, may leafe time, by any writing or writings under their hands and feals, the grounds fo with the consent of the vicar or minister, for whose use such inenclosed for 21 closure is made, to be testified by his being made a party to, years, referv. and figning and scaling such writing, to demise or lease any coming rent pay- mon or waste grounds, or any parcel or parcels thereof, that yearly, for the shall be inclosed by virtue of this act, for any term or number of years not exceeding one and twenty, fo as upon every fuch demise or lease there be reserved, payable half-yearly, during the faid term, as much rent as can, at the making fuch leafe, be really gotten for the same; and that such rent be made payable to or for the only use and benefit of such vicar and minister of fuch vicarage or chapelry, and their fuccessors, and so as no fine, income, or other confideration be taken for the fairle.

Leafe otherwife made, void.

V. And it is hereby enacted, That all leases made of such inclosures in any other manner, shall not be good or available in the law, but shall be ipso fatto void.

General issue.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any action, suit, or information, shall be commenced or profecuted against any person or persons, for any thing that he or they shall do or cause to be done in pursuance or in execution of this act, such person or persons so sued in any court whatsoever, shall and may plead the general issue of not guilty; and upon any iffue joined may give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if in any such suit the plaintiff or prosecutor shall become nonsuit, or forbear profecution, or fuffer a discontinuance, or if a verdict shall pass against him upon a demurrer. then in any of the said cases, the defendant or defendants shall recover full costs, for which he or they shall have the like remedy as is allowed in any case where costs are to be recovered by any former law.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be taken Publick act.

and allowed in all courts within this kingdom, as a publick act.

VIII. And whereas some manors within the said West-Riding, Waste of mado belong to her Majesty in right of the crown; be it further enacted nors belongby the authority aforesaid, That by and with the consent of her ing to the Majesty, her heirs and successors, and with the consent of three inclosed with parts of four of the freeholders and others, who have right of confent of the common therein, according to their number, and the value of crown, and their respective estates, it shall and may be lawful to inclose any settled in trustees for the part of the waste or common grounds of such manors not ex- faid uses. ceeding fixty acres, or a fixth part of fuch common land where the faid fixth part shall not exceed fixty acres; and to settle the fame in trustees and their heirs, for the charitable purposes aforementioned; any law or statute to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. V.

An all to explain a clause in an all of the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for the more effectual preventing fraudulent conveyances, in order to multiply votes for the electing knights of shires to serve in parliament, as far as the same relates to the ascertaining the value of freeholds of forty shillings per annum.

HEREAS by an att made in the last session of parliament, 10 Ann. c.23. intituled, An act for the more effectual preventing frau- 18 Geo. 2. dulent conveyances, in order to multiply votes for electing c. 18. knights for thires to serve in parliament, it is amongst other things enacted. That from and after the first day of May, which should be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twelve, no perfor shall vote for the electing of any knight of a shire within that part of Great Britain called England, in respect or in right of any lands or tenements which have not been charged or affeffed to the publick taxes, church rates, and parish duties, in such proportion as other lands or tenements of forty shillings per annum, within the same pariff or township, where the same shall lie or be, are usually charged, under a penalty therein expressed: and whereas some doubts have arisen whether parsons, vicars, and other persons, having messuages. lands, rents, tithes, or other hereditaments, are not thereby restrained from voting at such elections, in regard that such messuages, lands, rents, tithes, or hereditaments, have not been usually charged or afsessed to the publick taxes, church rates, and parish duties, and to every of them; now forasmuch as it was only intended thereby to ascertain the value of lands or tenements, by making the proportion paid to the publick taxes, church rates, and parish duties,

The act not to restrain any person from voting in respect of or chambers in inus of court, in regard of their not being charged to publick taxes,

or such of them, to which the same were usually charged or as-10 Ann. c. 23. fessed, the measure of the value thereof; and for the removing fuch doubts, be it enacted and declared by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament any rents, &c. assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to restrain any person from voting in such election of any knight of a shire within that part of Great Britain called England, in respect or in right of any rents, tithes, or other incorporeal inheritances, or any messuages or lands in extraparochial places, or any chambers in the inns of court or inns of chancers. or any melluages or leats belonging to any offices, in regard or by reason that the same have not usually been, or shall not be charged or affelfed to all or any the publick taxes, church rates. and parish duties, as mentioned in the above recited act, or in respect or in right of any other messuages or lands not herein before specified, in regard, or by reason that the same have not been usually charged or assessed to all and every the publick Provided they taxes, church rates, and parish duties aforesaid: provided. That have been at fuch meffuages or lands have usually been charged or affeffed to teffed as other some one or more of the said publick taxes, rates or duties, in fuch proportion as other messuages or lands of forty shillings per annum, within the same parish or township, where the same shall lie or be, are usually charged to the same; any thing contained in the faid recited act to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

messuages of 40s. per ann. in the same parish, &c.

CAP. VI.

An att for the better regulating the elections of members to ferve in parliament for that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

XTHEREAS of late several conveyances of estates have been made in trust or redeemable for elusory sums, no ways adequate .to the true value of the lands, on purpose to create and multiply wotes in elections of members to serve in parliament for that part of Great Britain called Scotland, contrary to the true intent and meaning of After the end the laws in that behalf: be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present whereon infe- parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That offment is not from and after the determination of this present parliament, no raken, and feisin registred conveyance or right whatsoever, whereupon infeofiment is not a year before taken, and seisin registrated one year before the teste of the the teste of the writs for calling a new parliament, shall, upon objection made writ, shall in- in that behalf, entitle the person or persons so inseost, to vote or title to vote or to be elected at that election in any shire or stewartry in that Scotland; nor part of Great Britain called Scotland; and in case any election if any election happen, during the continuance of a parliament, no conveyhappenduring ance or right whatfoever, whereupon infeotiment is not taken

of the parliament no conveyance

one year before the date of the warrant for making out a new the continuwrit for such election, shall, upon objection made in that be-half, entitle the person or persons so inscost to vote or be elected liament. at that election; and that from and after the faid day, it shall or may be lawful to or for any of the electors present, suspecting Any elector any person or persons to have his or their estates in trust, and may require the preses to tender an oath to tender the following oath to any elector; and the faid prefes to one whom is hereby impowered and required to administer the same in the he suspects to words following, viz.

have an effate in truft.

A. B. do, in the presence of God, declare and swear, That the The oath. lands and estate of for which I claim to give my vote in this election, are not conveyed to me in trust, or for the behoof of any other person what sever; and I do swear before God, that neither I, nor any person to my knowledge, in my name, or by my allowance, bath given, or intends to give, any promise, obligation, bond, backbond, or other security, for re-disponing or re-conveying the said lands and estate, any manner of way what soever: and this is the truth, as I shall answer to God.

And in case such elector refuse to swear, and also to subscribe Resusing, shall the said oath, such person or persons shall not be capable of not vote. voting, or being elected at such election.

II. Provided always, That notwithstanding such oath taken, Other objecit shall be lawful to make such other objections as are allowed by tions as allow-

the laws of Scotland against such electors.

able by law.

III. And be it further enacted and declared by the autho- No infeoffrity aforesaid, That no infeoffment taken upon any redeem- ment on any able right whatfoever (except proper wadfetts, adjudications, or redeemable apprisings, allowed by the act of parliament relating to elections right (except in one thousand fix hundred eighty-one) shall entitle the person setts, &c.) so infeost to vote or be elected at any election in any shire or shall entitle to flewartry; and that no person or persons, who have not been vote or be einrolled and voted at former elections, shall, upon any pre-lected. tence whatfoever, be inrolled or admitted to vote at any elections except he or they first produce a sufficient right or title to at former equalify him or them to vote at that election, to the satisfaction lections, shall of the freeholders formerly inrolled, or the majority of them not vote withprefert; and the returning officers are hereby ordained to make a right. then returns of the persons elected by the majority of the freeholders involled, and those admitted by them, reserving always the liberty of objecting against the persons admitted to. or excluded from the roll, as formerly.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Sheriffs, &c. That all theriffs of thires, and stewarts of stewartries, shall be shall, on peobliged, under the pain of fifty pounds sterling, one moiety make publick whereof shall be to the Queen's most excellent majesty, her intimations heirs and successors, and the other moiety to the person or per- three days befons who shall fue for the same, to be recovered before the court fore the day of fellion, by any action fummarily, without abiding the course of election.

II, Provided

of the roll, to make the publick intimations required by the laws of Scotland, at the several parish churches within their respective jurisdictions, at least three days before the dyet of elections.

Saving the rights of heirs and husbands.

V. Provided always, That the right of apparent heirs in voting at elections by virtue of their prediceffors infeoffments, and the right of husbands by virtue of their wives infeoffments, be and is hereby referved to them, as formerly; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Any right whereon infeoffment is taken before I June 1713. vote for members of parliament.

VI. Provided also, That any conveyance of right, which by the laws of Scotland is sufficient to qualify any perion to vote in the elections of members to ferve in parliamont for thires or flewartries, and whereupon infeoffment is taken, on or before shall entitle to the first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, shall entitle the person or persons so infeoft, to vote at the elections of members to serve in the next ensuing parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Husbands not tue of their wives inteoffments, uniels they are heireiler, &c.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared to be the to vote by vir- true intent and meaning of this act, That no hulbands shall vote at any enfuing election by virtue of their wives infeoffments, who are not heireffes, or have not right to the property of the lands on account whereof fuch vote shall be claimed.

CAP. VII.

An all for the more effectual preventing and punishing robberies that shall be committed in houses.

ORASMUCH as divers wieked and ill-disposed servants, and other persons, are incouraged to commit roboeries in bouses by the privilege, as the law now is, of demanding the benefit of their clergy; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most expellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiriflealing to the tual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all and every person or persons that shall, at any time, from and after the first day of July in the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, feloniously steal any money, goods or chattels, wares or merchandizes, of the value of forty shillings or more, being in any dwelling-house or outhouse thereunto belonging, althout fuch house or out-house be not actually broken by such offender. and although the owner of fuch goods, or any other person or persons, be or be not in such house or out-house, or shall assist or aid any person or persons to commit any such offence, being thereof convicted or attainted by verdict or confession, or being indicted thereof shall stand mute, or will not directly answer to the indistment, or shall peremptorily challenge above the number of twenty returned to be of the jury, shall, by virtue of this act, he abiolutely deharred of and from the benefit of clergy; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

After r July 2713. Persons value of 40s. being in a dwellinghou'e, tho' fuch house, &c. be not broken, &c. and being thereof convicted, shall be debarred the benefit of clergy.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this act shall extend Not to extend to apprentices under the age of fifteen years, who shall rob to apprentices under 15 years their masters, as aforesaid.

III. And whereas there has been some doubt, whether the entring Entring into into the mansson-house of another, without breaking the same, with a house withan intent to commit some selony, and breaking the said house in the out breaking night-time to get out, be burglary; be it declared and enacted by it, or being the authority aforesaid, That if any person shall enter into the ing selony, mansson or dwelling-house of another, by day or by night, and breaking without breaking the same, with an intent to commit selony, or the house in being in such house shall commit any selony, and shall in the the night to night-time break the said house to get out of the same, such perheat on is and shall be adjudged and taken to be guilty of burglary, and shall be ousted of the benefit of his and her clergy, in the same manner as if such person had broke and entred the said house in the night-time, with an intent to commit selony there.

CAP. VIII.

An act for raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid. EXP.

CAP. IX.

An all for continuing an all made in the third and fourth years of the reign of her present Majesty, intituled, An act for encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plantations in America; and for encauraging the importation of naval stores from that part of Great Britain called Scotland, to that part of Great Britain called England.

HEREAS an all was made in the third and fourth years of ber present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plan- 3 & 4 Ann. tations in America; which hath been found to be very advantageous c. 10. for furnishing with naval stores the royal navy and shipping of this kingdom, wherein, under God, the wealth, safety, and strength of this nation is so much concerned, and depends on the due supply of flores necessary for the same; which by a due encouragement may be had from her Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, which were at first settled, and are still maintained and protested at a great expense from this kingdom; and in regard the said colonies and plantations may (as they have done) commodioully afford great quantities of all forts of naval stores, by continuing the encouragement given in the faid att for importing the same into England: and whereas the said att is near expiring; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most The act 1 & 4 excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Ann. c. 10. lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parlia- continued for ment affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the it years from faid act made in the third and fourth years of her present Ma-the expiration thereof, &c. jesty's The premium

aned for 16 . 1. c. i. s. 1.

for bemp water jesty's reign, intituled, An all for encouraging the importation of naval flores from her Majefly's plantations in America, and every years by 8 Geo. part thereof, shall be and is hereby continued from the time of the expiration of the fame, for and during the space and term of eleven years, and from thence to the end of the next fession

of parliament.

Premiums for itores from For the encouragement relating hereto, fee

II. And whereas there are in several parts of North Britain, bringing naval commonly called Scotland, great flore of pine and fir-trees, fit for Scotland, after masts, and for the making of pitch, tar, rozin, and other navel 3 Sept. 1713. Stores; but the lands and woods which may yield such naval stores are messly in parts mountainous and remote from navigable rivers; therefore for the encouragement of the proprietors of such lands and a Geo. a. c. 35. woods, in the making the roads, passages, and rivers in those northern parts useful and commodious to the publick, as well as for conveying such naval stores to sea ports in North Britain, to be brought by sea to that part of Great Britain called England; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every person or persons that shall, from and after the first day of September, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, during the remainder of the time limited for the granting premiums to the importers of naval stores from America, by virtue of the said act, and of this present act, bring from North Britain aforesaid, into any port of South B. itain aforesaid, in any ship or ships built in Great Britain, any trees fit for masts, yards, or bowsprights, or any pitch, tar, rozin, or turpentine, neat and in good and merchantable condition, shall have and receive, as a reward or premium for bringing such naval stores from North Britain to South Britain, after and according to the several rates for such naval stores, as follows; (viz.) For good and merchantable star per ton, containing eight barrels, and each barrel to gage one and thirty gallons and an half, the fum of four pounds; for good and merchantable pitch per tun, each tun containing twenty gross hundreds (neat pitch) to be brought in eight barrels, the fum of four pounds; for good and merchantable rozin or turpentine per tun, each tun containing twenty gross hundreds (neat rozin or turpentine) to be brought in eight bartels, the Mails, &c. 201 fum of three pounds; for all mails, yards, and bowiprights per tun, allowing forty foot to each tun, girt measure, according to the customary way of measuring round bodies, the sum of To be paid by twenty shillings: which several rewards or premiums shall likewife be paid and answered in good and lawful money of Great Britain, by the commissioners or principal officers of her Mafrom the cut- jesty's navy, who are hereby impowered and required to make out bill or bills to be paid in course for the same, upon certificate where ianded of the respective chief officer or officers of the customs in any For faribir pro- port of South Britain, where such naval stores shall be iming finch certi- ported, as aforesaid, such bill or bills to be made out and given to the person or persons importing the same, as aforesaid, within 5 Geo. 1. C. 11. twenty days after the discharge or unlading of the ship or vessel, 1. 15. 17. and thing or wessel, in which such a such as a sore and the same or wessel, 8 Geo. 1.c. 12. thips or vessels, in which such stores shall be imported, upon a certificate

Tar 4l. per tun.

Pitch 4!. per tun. Rozin 31. per tun.

per tun.

the officers of the navy, on certificare tom officers ficate, fee 1. 4.

certificate or certificates to be produced to the chief officer or officers of the customs where such stores shall be imported; which And on certicertificate or certificates shall be under the hands and seals of ficate from the the comptroller and collector of her Majesty's customs, and comptroller such naval officer as her Majesty shall think sit to appoint, or of the customs, any two or them, residing at any such port or ports in North Britain where Britain; as her Majesty, under the great seal of Great Britain, such stores shall think fit to appoint, where such naval stores shall be em- shall be imbarked or shipped, in order for importing the same into any barked, that port of South Britain, That before the departure of fuch ship stores were of or veffel, thips or veffels, the perfons, traders or factors con- the growth of cerned or imployed in the preparing or manufacturing such Scotland, &c. naval itores, or any two of them, had made affidavit in writing before such comptroller and collector of her Majesty's customs in North Britain, and such naval officer as her Majesty shall think fit to appoint, or any two of them, That such naval stores so brought to such port of North Britain, were truly, and bona fide, of the growth and produce of North Britain aforesaid; in which affidavit the particular quantities and qualities of fuch nawal stores, together with the time when such naval stores were prepared and manufactured, the names of the proprietors thereof, and the place or places where the same grew, were prepared and manufactured, shall be fully and plainly specified and contained; which affidavits the said comptroller and collector of her Majesty's customs in North Britain, and such naval officer as her Majesty shall think fit to appoint, or any two of them, are hereby impowered to take, and to administer such oath, as aforefaid, and the same assidavits to keep in their custody, and in which certificate a true copy of such affidavit shall be inserted; as likewise upon oath, to be made within any port in South Britain, by the mafter or mafters of such ship or vessel, thips or vessels importing such naval stores, That the same were eruly laden on board such thip or vessel, thips or vessels, within North Britain, aforesaid, and that he or they know or believe that the faid naval stores were of the growth of North Britain aforefaid.

III. Provided always, That the preemption or refusal of such The preemp. North British naval stores, be offered and tendred to the com-tion to be tenmissioners of her Majesty's navy upon landing the same, and if dred to the commissioners within the term of twenty days after such tender, the said comof the navy. millioners shall not contract or bargain for the same, It shall and may be lawful for the importer or importers, owner or owners of the faid North British naval stores, otherwise to dispole of the fame.

IV. And for the better preventing any fraudulent importation of foreign naval stores (not being of the growth and produce of North Britain) to South Britain, in order to get the rewards or premiums hereby granted for North British naval stores; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall, during the continuance of the said for-

England.

and forfeit scol.

Comptroller, &c. making falle certifithe penalties in 13 & 14 Car. 2, cap. 11.

Master, &c. importing toreign stores, as of the growth of Scotland, to forfeit 100 l. as alfo the thip, &c.

Making a falle mer act, and of this present act, fally make assidavit of, and oath, or counfiwear to the growth of any naval flores not being of the produce
terfeiting cerof North Reining of the produce tificate, &c. to of North Britain, or shall counterfeit any such affidavit or certifuffer the pe- ficate, as herein is before described, in order to get any the premalties of wil-tul perjury, and forfeit fon or persons shall suffer the like pains and penalties as are incurred by persons committing wilful and corrupt perjury; and every such person and persons committing such offences, shall allo forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, one moiety thereof to the Queen's most excellent majesty, her heirs and succesfors, and the other moiety thereof to any person or persons that will fue for the same, in any court of record of Great Britain, wherein no effoin, protection, or wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed; and if any comptroller, collector, or naval officer, shall make any false certificate contrary cate, liable to to the true meaning of this act, such comptroller, collector, or naval officer, and every of them, so offending, shall incur the same pains and penaltics, as any officer of any port for the like offence is liable to, in making a false certificate for goods and merchandizes, by an act made in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of King Charles the Second, [intituled, An all for preventing frauds, and regulating abuses in his Majesty's customs.]

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any master or owner of any thip or vessel shall fraudulently import or receive in such thip or vessel, to be imported into South Britain, any naval stores, not being of the growth of Narth Britain, as naval stores of the growth of North Britain, knowing the same to be foreign naval stores, and shall demand, or receive for such foreign naval stores, any the rewards or premiums hereby granted for North British naval stores, such master or owner shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, to be sued for, and recovered, in like manner, as aforesaid, and the ship or vessel in which such foreign naval stores shall be so frandulently imported, with all her guns, tackle, apparel, and furniture, shall be forfeited to the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors.

CAP. X.

An all for continuing the alls therein mentioned, for preventing theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of England.

WHEREAS in the session of parliament holden in the thir-#3 & 14 Car. 2. teenth and fourteenth years of the reign of our late sovereign King Charles the Second, an act was made, intituled, An act for preventing theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of England; which was thereby to continue in force for and during the term

18 Car. 2. C. 3. of five years: and whereas another act was made in the eighteenth year of the said late King, intituled, An act to continue a former act to prevent theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of England; both which acts were revived and continued by another act 29 &20 Car. 2. made in the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of the reign of the faid late King, intituled, An act for continuing two former acts, for preventing of theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of

C. 11.

and, for and during the space and term of seven years, and also thence until the end of the first session of the then next parlia-; which three aforementioned acts, by an act made in the first of the reign of King James the Second, intituled, An act for nuance of three former acts, for preventing of their and raupon the Northern borders of England, were continued for 1 Jac. 2. c. 14. luring the space and term of cleven years, and from thence unto nd of the first session of the then next parliament; and were furcontinued by an act made in the seventh and eighth years of the of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act to con- 7 & 8 W 3. four former acts for preventing theft and rapine upon the c. 17. hern borders of England, for and during the space and term ie years, and from thence unto the end of the first session of the parliament; all which afts and every of them, by an aft made e twelfth and thirteenth years of the faid late King William, in- 12 & 13 W. 3. A. An act for continuing the acts therein mentioned, for c. 6. enting theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of Engand all and every matter, clause and clauses therein contained, ill and every the powers and authorities thereby given, were ento continue and be in full force from and after the expiration of berein last mentioned act, for and during the space and term of W years, and from thence to the end of the first session of the next sment: and it was also by the last herein mentioned act provided nucted, That the faid acts shall be accepted, taken and reputed to neral and publick acts of parliament, of which all and every the and judges of this kingdom, in all courts, Iball take notice on all ons what sever, as if they were publick acts of parliament reto the whole kingdom: all which acts bave been found necessary he prefervation of those places from that great number of level and derly persons that usually frequented and infested those parts, and now near expiring; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of ords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present ament affembled, and by the authority of the same. That he faid acts, and every of them, and all and every matter, le and clauses in them or any of them contained, and all and y the powers and authorities thereby given, shall continue be in full force from and after the expiration of the said act, e in the twelfth and thirteenth years of the faid late King fam, for and during the space and term of eleven years, and i thence to the end of the first session of the next parliament, no longer. Farther continued by 24 Geo. 2. c. 57. to 1 Sept. 1. See 6 Geo. 2. c. 37.

CAP. XI.

An all to raise twelve bundred thousand pounds for publick uses, by circulating a further sum in Exchequer bills; and for enabling ber Majesty to raise sive bundred thousand pounds on the revenues appointed for uses of her civil gevernment, to be applied for or towards payment of such debts and arrears owing to her servants, tradesmen, and others, as are therein mentioned.

Preamble re-7 Ann. c. 7. relating to Exchequer bills.

AY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas in pursuance Preamble reciting the acts of an act of parliament made in the seventh year of your Majesty's reign (amongst other things) for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, several bills commonly called Exchequer bills, were made forth, amounting in principal money to two millions and five bundred thousand pounds, for your Majesty's supply; and in purfuance of another ast of the same session of parliament made (amongs other things) for circulating a further sum in Exchequer bills; and of an act made in the eighth year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for granting an aid to her Majesty to be raised by a landtax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, further Exchequer bills, to the amount of four bundred thousand pounds in principal money, have also been issued for your Majesty's supply: and whereas provision was made in the acts before mentioned, That the said bills should bear an interest of two pence per cent. per diem, when they respectively should not be in the publick receipts; and that the governor and company of the bank of England, for circulating the faid bills (by exchanging fuch of them for ready money as should, from time to time, have passed through your Majesty's revenue or taxes, and also through the Exchequer in the manner therein mentioned) should have an allowance after the rate of three pounds per cent. per ann. for the whole sum of the said bills, amounting to two millions and nine hundred thousand pounds: and whereas in and by the faid all of the seventh year of your Majesty's reign, certain duties were granted, continued, or made payable to your Majesty, your heirs and successors, for ever (subject to such redemption as is therein expressed) that is to say, the duties called the two thirds of a subsidy of tonnage and poundage therein mentioned, which were to take effect by that act, from the seventh day of March ene thousand seven hundred and eleven, certain duties upon caffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pielures and muslins, and certain increased duties upon coffee, cocoa nuts, chocclate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and certain further rates or duties upon all white callcoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and drugs; all with are to take effect by the act last mentioned, from the twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and one had of another subsidy of tonnage and poundage therein mentioned, which is to take effect from and after the last day of July one thousand for hourdred and fourteen; and all the faid duties to granted, commend, or

7 Ann. c. 7.

vable, together with the surplus which should, from time to ife of or from the other half of the same subsidy of tonnage idage (over and above eighty thousand pounds per ann. forarged thereupon for payment of annuities) and divers arrears r sums of money or revenues more largely described in the said he seventh year of your Majesty's reign, are thereby, and by r acts abovementioned, or some of them, made a general fund ity for paying the faid interest which was to be born on the s, and the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds per er ann. and for or towards raising a yearly sum of two bunusand pounds for paying off and cancelling the said bills; and forefaid acts or some of them, it was provided, that quarterfour usual feasts of the year, until the said duties should take and be sufficient for payment of the said interest and allowance. ould be a computation made of the sum which on every of the It days should be due and owing (over and above so much as ave been applied of the said duties to those purposes) for the erest and allowance, and that other Exchequer bills should be it for so much as should be so computed to be due, bearing the rest, and for circulating whereof the said governor and comre to have the like allowance of three pounds per cent. per ed the quarterly bills so made forth until and for the quarter Lauy-day one thousand seven bundred and thirteen, have d to the further sum of four hundred and eighty thousand three ! and twelve pounds, and ten shillings, or thereabouts, and arterly bills of the like nature may further be issuable on the mer acts: and by the same acts, or some of them, it was dend enacted. That out of the remainder of the said duties and s, when and as the same should respectively take effect (regard -st had to the said payments for interest and circulation, which vays to be preferred) the full sum of two hundred thousand or so much thereof as the said remainder would from time to end unto, should be appropriated for paying off all the princiey which should be contained in the said bills, and for cancelfame, until all the said bills should be discharged and cancelled: Recital of ereas by an act made and passed in the ninth year of your Ma- 9 Ann. c.7. eign, for enabling and obliging the bank of England to exall Exchequer bills for ready money upon demand, it was enactt the full sum of forty-fire thousand pounds per ann. should to and for the use of the said governor and company, and their s, by quarterly payments, and by such ways and means, and manner and form, as in that all are prescribed, until such time re faid quarterly Exchequer bills made or to be made for interest vance, as aforefuid, together with a million of the faid bills for lions nine hundred thou and pounds shall be paid off and canceluntil fuch time as there shall not be standing out and uncancelled an one miliion and nine hundred thousand pounds in the whole ud bills for two millions and nine hundred thousand pounds, and ly bills taken tegether (which of the limitations aforefaid shall pen) as by the said several acts, relation being thereunto rely had, may more fully appear: and whereas the faid governor

and company of the bank of England are willing (for the publick fervice) to undertake the circulation of the further fum of twelve hundred shouland pounds in other Exchequer biles to be iffued for your Majefly's supply, and of such quarterly bills for interest and other allowances, as shall and may be made forth in pursuance of this present act. So as the faid governor and company may bave fach encouragements, and fuch terms and advantages as are hereafter in this act expressed: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do humbly befeech your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present Treasury may parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to cause bills to be made forth at the receipt of the Exchequer, in such manner and form as he or they shall appoint, for any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in principal money the fum of one million two hundred thousand pounds, for her Majesty's supply (over and above the bills made forth, or to be made forth, by or in pursuance of the faid former acts, or any of them) and to issue the said bills for the faid fums, not exceeding one million two hundred thousand pounds, for such publick uses and services, whereunto the same are or shall be appropriated, or applicable, in such proportions as the faid lord treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall, from time to time, direct and appoint.

iffue out 1200000 l. in Exchequer bills.

Bills to bear per cent. per diem to the bearer,

and to the bank 31. per centum per annum.

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II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That interest at a d. the bills for the said sums, not exceeding one million two humdred thousand pounds, and also such bills as are to be issued quarterly in the manner and form herein after mentioned, shall severally bear an interest after the rate of two pence per centure per diem, to be payable to the bearers thereof respectively; which interest is nevertheless to be abated and saved upon such of the faid bills as shall at any time or times be in the receipt of Exchequer, or in the hands or power of any receivers or collectors of any taxes, aids, or revenues payable to her Majeffy, her heirs or fucceffors, during such time and times respectively. fuch bills shall be or remain in the said receipt, or in such hands or power, as aforefaid; and that the faid governor and company, and their successors, shall have, receive, and enjoy, to their own use and behoof, an allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, upon all the said bills for the said sum not exceeding one million two hundred thousand pounds, and also upon the quarterly bills last mentioned: nevertheless it is hereby declared. That the faid allowances of three pounds per centers per annum, for circulating the faid bills so to be made forth, shall commence and take effect only in proportion as the same shall be issued at the Exchequer, and shall proportionally be abated, The state of the s

and determine, as the faid bills, or any of them, shall ter come to be discharged and cancelled.

And for better enabling the governor and company of the of England, and their successors, to circulate all the Exer bills made forth, and to be made forth upon this and d former acts, by exchanging the same, from time to time, dy money upon demand, be it further enacted by the au- soool. (above saforesaid, That the full and entire yearly sum of eight the 45000 l. of nd pounds of lawful money of Great Britain (over and 9 Annæ to be the yearly sum of forty five thousand pounds, mentioned bank yearly, faid recited act of the ninth year of her Majesty's reign) ie well and truly paid and fatisfied, unto and for the use faid governor and company, and their fuccessors, without count, imprest, or other charge to be set upon them for are, or any part thereof, and without any abatement for or other cause or occasion whatsoever; and that the said fum of eight thousand pounds, shall commence and take from the thirty first day of July, one thousand seven hun- to commence and thirteen, and be paid and fatisfied to the faid governor 31 July, 1713. empany, and their fuccessors, by quarterly payments, that and paid quaray, on the one and thirtieth day of October, the one and terly. th day of January, the thirtieth day of April, and the one nistieth day of July yearly, by even and equal portions; ft payment thereof to be due on the one and thirtieth day wher, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen.

And it is hereby enacted, That the faid yearly sum of To be paid thousand pounds, together with the yearly sum of forty till no more nouland pounds, mentioned in the faid recited act of the than 19000000L. year of her Majesty's reign, shall continue and be paid and cancelled. le unto the said governor and company, and their succesuntil fuch time as no more than nineteen hundred thousounds, of all the faid bills issued and to be issued for the ams, not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand ls, four hundred thousand pounds, and one million two red thousand pounds; and of all quarterly bills issued, or iffued in pursuance of this or the said former acts, taken gether, shall be standing out uncancelled in the whole.

And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- Subfidies, du-That the several subsidies, duties, surplus monies, remains ties, &c. rrears, which were granted or appropriated by the said act? Annæ, shall Mears, which were granted or appropriated by the late and be the general fewenth year of her Majesty's reign, and comprehended he the general fund and general fund or fecurity by that act established, shall be a security. and fecurity, as well for fatisfying and paying, from time ie, all the monies which shall be due or payable for interest, the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and for the faid note of three pounds per centum per annum, for all the bills out, or to be made out upon this or the faid former acts; It the monies which shall grow due upon the said yearly of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds uch of the said yearly sum of forty five thousand pounds, Il grow due on or before the thirty first day of July, one

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thousand seven hundred and sourteen, for which other provisions have been made, being only and always excepted) as also for or towards raising such a yearly sum as is herein after mentioned, for paying off and cancelling all the faid bills issued or to be issued, as aforesaid, in such order, manner and form as are herein after prescribed; and that such of the said subsidies, duties, furplus monies, remains, and arrears, as are already commenced or arisen, and the residue thereof, as they shall arise and take effect. shall be and are by this act appropriated, and shall be applied thereunto accordingly; any other act or acts of parliament, or other matter or thing what soever to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

The 31. per cent, to be paid weekly.

Treasury to

quer bills.

VI. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said allowances after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, for circulating the faid bills upon this and the said former acts, shall, from time to time, be paid and satisfied at the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, to the said governor and company, and their successors, weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied out of the monies arising by the said duties and revenues already commenced, or hereafter to commence or take place, as aforefaid, or by any of them, or fo far as the monies coming in from those duties or revenues, or any of them, will, from time to time, extend thereunto, fo as by fuch weekly or other payments, the whole of the faid allowances, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, due to the faid governor and company, and their successors, at the end of each quarter (reckoning the quarters to terminate at the four most usual feasts of the year respectively) be not exceeded; and that the lord treasurer, or any three or more of the comdirect imprest missioners of the treasury, for the time being, shall, and he, charging inte- and they are hereby impowered and directed, out of the monies reft on exche- arifing by the faid duties and revenues already commenced. or hereafter to commence or take place, as aforefaid, or by any of them, to issue to such person or persons, as he or they shall think fit to intrust in that behalf, and upon security to be given to his or their good liking, fuch fum or fums of money, by way of imprest, and upon account, from time to time, and by such proportions at a time, as he or they shall find necessary for discharging all the interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, which shall be due or demandable upon the said bills made forth, and to be made forth, upon this or the faid former acts, or any of them, or so much of the said interest as the money coming in, by or for the faid duties and revenues, or any of them, will extend to fatisfy; the faid interest to be difcharged at such time, and in such manner and form, as by the faid former acts, or any of them, was prescribed, for discharging the interest of the bills thereby authorized to be issued.

After paying

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the interest of after paying or referving sufficient to pay or satisfy, from time a d. per cent. to time, so much as shall be grown due or demandable for the per diem, and faid interest of two pence per centum per diem, and allowance of 1.1

pounds per centum per annum, then the monies which, allowance of time to time, shall be grown due to the said governor and 31 per cent. any, and their successors, upon their other allowances be-monies grown nentioned, That is to say, upon the said yearly sum of due on the thousand pounds, from and after the faid one and thirtieth 80001. and f July, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and up- 45000 l. per e said yearly sum of forty five thousand pounds, after the ann shall ne and thirtieth day of July, one thousand seven hundred paid to the surteen, shall quarterly, at the respective days and times bank, &c. : appointed for payment thereof, be paid and fatisfied to id governor and company, and their successors, at the reof her Majesty's Exchequer weekly, or as soon as the same e satisfied out of the monies arising by the said duties and ues already commenced, or hereafter to commence and lace, as aforelaid, or so far as the monies coming in from duties or revenues, or any of them, will, from time to extend thereunto, so as by such weekly or other payments ms to Le due to the faid governor and company, and their fors, upon their allowances last mentioned, at the end of quarterly day of payment thereof, be not exceeded: it bee true intent and meaning of this act, That the faid allowafter the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and id payments for interest, shall, from time to time, take and be preferred in point of payment out of the faid fund, the faid yearly sums of eight thousand pounds, and forty iouland pounds per annum, or either of them; and that id yearly sums of eight thousand pounds, and forty five and pounds per annum, (as the same are respectively to ence and be charged on the same fund, as aforesaid) shall, ime to time, take place and be preferred in point of paybefore the yearly sum herein after mentioned, for cancelad discharging the said Exchequer bills; The said former or any of them, or any thing therein contained, or any law or statute whatsoever, to the contrary notwithstanding.

I. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a-Remainder d. That after paying, or referving sufficient to pay so appropriated as shall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due for paying off upon the said interest after the rate of two pence per cen-ing Exchequer r diem, and the faid several allowances after the rate of bills. pounds per centum per annum, and eight thousand pounds See I Geo. 1. ways to be preferred, as aforesaid, the full and entire year-1 of two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninee pounds and seven shillings (in which the abovesaid yearof two hundred thousand pounds, is and shall always be stood to be comprehended and included) or so much of d yearly fum of two hundred and seventy thousand nine ed ninety nine pounds and seven shillings, as the remainthe faid fund, shall, from time to time, produce for that le, shall be and is by this act appropriated for paying off principal money contained or to be contained in all and L. XIII.

every the Exchequer bills made forth and to be made forth, by or in pursuance of this and the said former acts, or any of them, and for cancelling the same, until all the said bills shall be discharged and cancelled, and shall be iffued and applied to and for that use and purpose, in such manner as the lord treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall, from time to time, direct and appoint in that behalf; and that the issues thereof shall be made weekly, or as fast as the fund hereby established shall produce money into the Exchequer for the fame, so as by such weekly or other payments in any quarter, the fourth part of the yearly fum last mentioned

for that quarter be not exceeded.

IX. And for making good as well the faid interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowances after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, upon all the bills issued and to be issued, as aforesaid, as also the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, until the said subsidies, duties, furplus monies, remains, and arrears, composing the said general fund and security, by this, and the said former acts intended to be established, or so many of them as shall be sufficient for those purposes, shall have taken effect; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury Till the fund for the time being, shall, and he and they are hereby required and impowered, upon every of the four usual quarterly feast days of the year which shall happen, until the said fund or seeurity shall be sufficient for paying and satisfying the said interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said allowance of three and owing, &c. pounds per centum per annum, as aforesaid, to compute, or cause to be computed, the fum, which, on every of the faid feath days. shall be due and owing (if any such then be, over and above so much as shall have been applied to those purposes, of the faid subsidies, duties, and sums of money last mentioned) upon and for the said interest, after the rate of two pence per contum per diem, and allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, upon all the bills issued or to be issued according to the tenor and true meaning of this and the said former acts: and shall upon every of the four quarterly days by this act anpointed for payment of the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, compute or cause to be computed, the sum which on every of those quarter days shall be due and owing (if any fuch then be, over and above so much as shall have been applied for payment thereof out of the subsidies, duties, and sums of money aforesaid) upon or for the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act: And to make and the faid lord treasurer, or three or more of the commissionout other bills ers of the treasury for the time being, shall make out, or cause for fo much as to be made out other Exchequer bills, for fo much as skall be with like inte- to computed to be due (if any fuch then be) on every fuch feath

established takes effect, treafury to compute quarterly the

rest and cur- or other quarter day, for such interest, and for such allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and for the faid yearly iency, &c.

fum of eight thousand pounds respectively; which other bills shall bear the like interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid governor and company shall have the like allowance, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum for circulating thereof; and that the faid quarterly bills to make good the aid allowances, after the rate of three pounds per centum per anmon, and the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, until fuch time, as aforefaid, shall be dated on the respective quarter days to which the fame allowances and yearly fum respectively, shall be computed, and be issued and paid to the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, in satisfaction and discharge of so much of the said allowances after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and of the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, to be paid them in pursuance of this act; and the faid quarterly bills intended to make good the faid interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, shall be iffued at her Majesty's Exchequer, for paying off and discharging, or to raise money for paying off and discharging all the interest which shall be due upon all and every or any the bills made forth, or to be made forth, in pursuance of this or the faid former acts, or any of them, until fuch time, as aforefaid.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That in case Deficiency to the produce of all the faid subsidies, duties, and revenues, ap- be made good propriated for the several purposes aforesaid, shall at any time or by parliatimes appear to be so deficient, that within any one year, the ment. faid respective subsidies, duties, and revenues, after all of them shall or ought to have taken effect, shall not be sufficient to anfwer and fatisfy the several and respective purposes to which the same are by the said former acts, and this present act, or any of shem, appropriated or intended to be applied, then and in every fuch eafe, and as often as fuch deficiency shall happen. the same shall be provided for, answered, and made good, by

and out of the next aids to be granted in parliament. · XI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authority Surplus difaforesaid, That if the produce of the said subsidies, duties, and possible by revenues, appropriated, as aforefaid, shall at the end of any parliament, quarter of a year (reckoning from Lady-day, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen) exceed the money due at the end of eyery fuch quarter, for all the purposes aforesaid, so that there shall be an excels or furplus of the faid funds, fuch excels or furplus shall be disposable, from time to time, for the publick use and Service, by the authority of parliament, and not otherwise; any thing herein, or in any other act or acts of parliament contained

49 the contrary notwithstanding.

. XII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all These bills the faid bills, which shall be iffued for the faid sums not exceed- shall be subject ing one million two hundred thousand pounds, and the said to the rules, quarterly bills to be issued in pursuance of this act, shall be remer acts, &cc. of the for-ceived and taken, and be current in like manner, and with such privileges and advantages, and subject to such rules and directions, as are prescribed by the said former acts, or any of them,

for any of the bills thereby authorized to be iffued; and that the faid governor and company, or any of the members thereof, shall not incur any disability for circulating the same, or for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

The powers, mer acts, relating to Ex-

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, &c. of the for- That the said former acts above recited or mentioned, and all the powers, authorities, privileges, and advantages, rules, dichequer bills, rections, pains of death, and other penalties and forfeitures; to be in force. clauses, matters, and things therein contained (being now in force) touching or concerning the faid Exchequer bills issued in pursuance thereof, or any of them, or touching or concerning any the subsidies, duties, or funds therein mentioned, or any way relating thereunto (fuch alterations as are therein made by this act only excepted) shall continue and be used, exercised, inflicted, railed, levied, applied, and put in practice and execution, in relation to all and every the Exchequer bills issued or to be iffued upon the faid former acts, or any of them, or upon this present act, and in relation to the said subsidies, duties, and funds, and every of them, as fully as if the faid powers, authorities, privileges, advantages, rules, directions, pains of death, and other penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things (except as aforefaid) were again repeated and re-cnacted in the body of this present act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Yearly fums allowance, and interest, taxfree.

XIV. And it is hereby declared, That the faid yearly fums of eight thousand pounds, and forty five thousand pounds, and the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and the said bills to become due by this or any former act, or any part thereof, shall not be liable to any tax or affestment whatfoever.

Bank obliged to exchange tor ready money all Exchequer bills :

XV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their fucceffors, (in confideration of the faid allowances and yearly fums hereby enacted to be paid to them, as aforefaid) do and shall, and they are hereby obliged and required, until all the Exchequer bills made forth, or to be made forth, by or in pursuance of this and the faid former acts, or any of them, shall be discharged and cancelled, to exchange for ready money all such of the faid Exchequer bills, as from time to time, and at all times, shall be in the hands of any person or persons, and be demanded of the faid governor and company to be exchanged for ready money, whether such bills, or any of them, shall or shall not have passed or had a currency in her Majesty's revenue or taxes, by paying unto all fuch person and persons, in ready money, the fum or fums for which fuch bill or bills so required to be exchanged, were issued, or which the owner or owners of such bills thall be entituled unto by fuch bill or bills respectively, together with the interest that shall, at the time of such demand, be due on such bill or bills respectively, and so totics quoties as

parlance.

is fuch bill or bills shall be demanded, as aforesaid; any matter, or thing in the faid former acts, or any of them, ned to the contrary notwithstanding: and in case the said or or company, or their successors, or their cashier, shall : or refuse to exchange any such bill or bills for ready moaforesaid, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, upon demand thereof made at their chief office, (during the currency of the bills before mentioned, or them) shall be kept at some place within the city of Lon-7 the space of twenty four hours, then the person or permanding the same, or the person or persons for whose it such demand shall be made, shall and may, and are In default enabled to bring his, her, or their action of debt, or up-may be fued. case for the same, against the said governor and compatheir fuccessors, in which action the person or persons so ig the same, shall and may declare, That the said goverd company are indebted to the plaintiff or plaintiffs theremoney demanded upon the faid bill or bills, according form of the statute, and have not paid the same, which e sufficient; and the plaintiff or plaintiffs in such action ons, shall recover against the said governor and company, ly the monies so neglected or refused to be paid, but also es, besides full costs of suit; and the said governor and ny, and their successors, shall be, and are hereby subject ble thereunto; in which said action or actions, no essoin, ion, or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than

l. And for the better enabling the faid governor and com-Bank may f the bank of England, and their successors, to exchange, contract with emand, the faid Exchequer bills according to this act, it others for furby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That they the said nishing moor and company, and their successors, at any time or times nies: nd after the passing of this act, during the currency of the is, or any of them, shall have full power and authority, ey are hereby authorized, at their own good liking, to It and agree, in such manner as they shall think fit, with rsons, natives, or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate whose abilities they shall be well satisfied) for and concernfurnishing of monies, from time to time, by such perr corporations, to the faid governor and company, and occeffors, on such terms, and under such penalties and ires, as they shall find necessary for the better enabling > exchange all the faid bills upon demand, and to perform idertaking; which contracts or agreements, on the part faid governor and company, are to be performed and ood at their own charge.

I. And it is hereby declared, That fuch contracts in Such contracts made, be made without being stamped, and shall not not chargegeable with any duties on stampt vellum, parchment or stamp duties. or any penalty or forfeiture incurred for not stamping the and the faid governor and company of the bank of Eng-

bills may be issued to the mount of the contracts.

Further sealed land, and their successors, have hereby power, from time to time, to iffue out bank bills under their common seal, not exceeding in principal the amount of the fums of money which shall be called in by them, or paid, from time to time, upon such contracts or agreements, as aforesaid, (over and above the fum which they have already liberty to iffue in fuch bank bill or bills, by any former act or acts of parliament in that behalf;) any law or statute whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank may call their members, for circulating, &c.

XVIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it in money from shall and may be lawful for the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, for the better circulating the Exchequer bills to be made out in pursuance of this act, or other their necessary occasions, to call in, or direct to be paid unto the said governor and company, and their successors, from and by the respective members of the said company for the time being proportionally, according to their respective interests in the fund or capital stock of the said governor and company, any fum or fums of money, which the faid governor and company in a general court, from time to time, shall think necessary for the faid circulation, or fuch other necessary occasions, and shall accordingly order to be called in; which monies shall be called in upon fuch notices, and in fuch manner, and shall be answered and paid by the members under such penalties as are directed and prescribed by any other act or acts of parliament for any other monies thereby authorized to be called in by the faid governor and company in pursuance thereof; and that all executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, shall be indemnified in paying the same; and that it shall be lawful for the said governor and company, from time to time, in a general court, to declare, order, and make the faid money fo called in, or ordered to be called in, as aforefaid, or any part thereof, and from fuch time or times as such general court shall order and direct, to be added to the capital stock of the said governor and company; and that then, and from thenceforth, such monies shall be deemed and taken, to all intents and purposes, as and for part of the capital stock of the said governor and company, and the capital stock of the said governor and company shall be proportionably enlarged thereby; any thing in the faid last mentioned act, or any other law, flatute, or provision to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Monies focalled in may be made part of the capital ftock.

All rules, &c. capital stock. to be extendso enlarged.

Bank continued till all the Exchequer bills be difcharged.

XIX. And be it enacted, That all and every the privileges, exrelating to the emptions and advantages, and also all the rules, restrictions and directions, and other matters and things contained in any former ed to the same act or acts of parliament now in force, concerning the capital flock of the faid governor and company, shall be extended to their capital stock so to be enlarged of increased, as aforesaid.

KX. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the governor and company of the bank of England, and their succesfors, shall continue a corporation, with all the powers, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging, until all the faid Exchequer bills, issued, and to be iffued by virtue of the said other acts, or

any of them, and by virtue of this present act, shall be discharged and cancelled; any thing in this or the said other acts con-

tained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, After all the That from and after the complete paying off, and discharging bills, &c. are all the principal and interest, which shall be due on all the said discharged, the the faid other acts, and cancelling all the fame bills, and full fa- dies, &c. shall be understood Exchequer bills, issued and to be issued in pursuance of this and several subsitisfaction made of all arrearages (if any shall be then due) as to be redeemwell of or upon the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds ed by parliaper centum per annum, as also of or upon the said yearly sums ment. of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or either of them; then and not till then, the several subsidies, duties, and revenues, by this and the faid other acts, or any of them, settled or appropriated, as well for payment of the said interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and the faid yearly fums of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thoufand pounds, as also for raising the said yearly sum of two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety nine pounds, and seven shillings, and every of them, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, without the authority of parliament.

XXII. And it is hereby declared to be the true intent and The faid fabilimeaning of this act, That the same subsidies, duties, and reve-dies, &c. may nues, so settled and appropriated in relation to the said Exchequer be redeemed, bills, may be redeemed from the faid governor and company, without reand their successors, in the manner and form prescribed in the ther funds. foregoing proviso or condition, without redeeming any other the funds or securities by the said act of the seventh year of her Majesty's reign, or by any other of the said acts relating thereunto, fettled or made payable to the faid governor and company, and their successors; any thing herein, or in any other act or acts of parliament contained, or any other matter or thing whatfoever, to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XXIII. And whereas by the said att made in the seventh year of 7 Anne, e. 7. ber Majesty's reign, it was declared and enacted, That the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors. for ever, should continue and be one body corporate and politick, and should for ever have, receive and enjoy the intire yearly fund of one bundred thousand pounds therein mentioned, out of certain rates and duties of excise therein described, and such abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchises, exemptions, privileges, profits, and advantages, as are therein expressed, subject nevertheless to a power and condition of redemption, in that all contained in that behalf: and it was thereby provided and enacted, That at any time upon twelve months notice after the first day of August, which should be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirty-two, and not before, and upon repayment by parliament to the said governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, of the several sums, a-

mounting to fixteen hundred thousand pounds, therein mentioned, without any deduction, discount, or abatement what sever, to be made out of the said sum of sixteen hundred thousand pounds, or any part thereof, and upon payment to the faid governor and company, and their successors, of all arrears of the said one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and all the principal and interest money, which should be owing unto them upon all such tallies, Exchequer-orders, or parliamentary funds, which the faid governor and company, or their successors, should have remaining in their hands, or be entitled to, at the time of such notice to be given, as aforesaid, (such funds, for redemption whereof other provision was made in the same act, only excepted) then, or in fuch case, and not till then, the said yearly fund of one hundred thoufand pounds should cease and determine, as by the same act (relation being thereunte had) may more plainly appear: now for the better encouragement of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, to perform the service of circulating all the Exchequerbills, according to the true meaning of this act, it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said re-7 Ann. for de- cited proviso or condition for determining the said yearly fund of one hundred thousand pounds, upon twelve months notice, and corpora- after the said first day of August one thousand seven hundred tion, on twelve thirty two upon such payments, as aforesaid, shall be, and is months notice hereby repealed and made void; and that the faid governor and after I August company of the bank of England, and their successors, for ever, shall remain, continue and be one body corporate and politick, by the name of the governor and company of the bank of England, and shall for ever have, receive and enjoy the said entire yearly fund of one hundred thousand pounds out of the said rates and duties of excise, together with a perpetual succession, and all abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchises, exemptions, privileges, profits and advantages whatfoever, whereunto the governor and company of the bank of England are, or before the making of this act were entitled by any act or acts of parliament, grants or charters whatfoever, now in force; subject nevertheless to such restrictions, rules, directions, agreements, matters and things, as in the faid acts and charters, or any of them, now in force are contained or prescribed; and also subject to the power and condition of redemption, hereafter in this act contained in this behalf.

Proviso in termining the yearly fund

On 12 months notice after 1 Aug. 1742. and on payment to the bank of the yearly fund of 100,000l. to ccalc.

XXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That at any time upon twelve months notice after the first day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred forty two, and not before, and upon repayment by parliament to the faid governor 1,600,000l&c, and company of the bank of England, or their successors, of the faid sum of sixteen hundred thousand pounds, without any deduction, discount or abatement whatsoever, and upon payment to the faid governor and company, and their successors, of all arrears of the said one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and all the principal and interest money which shall be owing unto them upon all such tallies, Exchequer orders, or parliamentary

mentary funds, which the faid governor and company, or their successors, shall have remaining in their hands, or be entitled to at the time of such notice to be given, as aforesaid (fuch funds, for redemption whereof other provision is made in the faid former acts, or any of them, or in this act, always excepted) then and in such case, and not till then, the said yearly fund of one hundred thousand pounds shall cease and determine.

XXV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That from After redempand after such redemption of the said one hundred thousand tion, &c. corpounds per annum, and from and after redemption shall also be poration to made by parliament of the annuity of one hundred and fix determine. thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, by the said act of the seventh year of her Majesty's reign, settled and payable to the said governor and company, in the manner therein mentioned, and from and after redemption shall likewise be made of the fund established by this act, in relation to the faid Exchequer bills, then, and not till then, the faid corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England shall cease and determine, but till then, the faid governor and company shall continue a corporation, and shall have and enjoy all the powers and privileges they are now entitled unto, as aforesaid.

XXVI. And be it further enacted and declared, That this Publick act. act shall be esteemed in all courts of law and equity to be a publick act, and notice thereof shall be taken as such by all

courts and persons accordingly.

XXVII. And whereas by an act of parliament made and passed Recital of the in the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the act I Anna, better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour stat. 1. c. 7. and dignity of the crown, it was enacted and declared, That the bereditary rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of bis late majesty King Charles the Second, and the duties of excise upon 12 Car. c. 23. beer, ale, and other liquors, by the said act of the first year of her Majesty's reign granted to her Majesty for the term of her life (subjest nevertheless to such weekly payments or incumbrances as were thereby appointed to be charged upon, and payable out of the several duties of excise before mentioned) and the revenue of the general letter office or post office, and divers small branches of her Majesty's revenucs therein enumerated, and the monies arifing by the further subsidy of tunnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, ly the said act granted or made payable to her Majesty during her life, should be for the support of her Majesty's housbold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown; and in the faid all feveral provisions are made to restrain granting or alicning the revenues aforesaid, or any of them: since which time the revenues of sirstfruits and tenths of the clergy (being part of the faid small branches) bave been otherwise disposed by or in pursuance of an act of parliament 5 Ann. C. 24. in that behalf; and the revenue arising in the general letter office or post office hath been since regranted and increased, and part of that revenue so regranted and increased bath been appropriated to raise

9 Ann. c. 10. money for the publick use, and other part thereof is applicable to the

support of her Majesty's said housbold, and the benour and dignity of the crown, pursuant to another all of parliament made for those ends and purposes, as by the said respective acts, relation being thereunte bad, may more fully appear: and whereas by occasion of several extraordinary expences since the said act of the first year of ber Majesty's reign, divers arrears of salaries, wages, diet-monies, and other allowances, and fundry debts for emptions, provisions, and other causes, bave incurred, and grown due to her Majesty's servants, tradesmen. and others, and do now remain unsatisfied, which debts and arrears do amount to a very considerable sum in the whole, and are properly chargeable upon the faid branches or revenues which were appointed for the support of her Majesty's boushold, and of the bonour and dignity of the crown, as aforesaid: now her Majesty's said most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affectbled, being defirous that her Majesty, in the administration of her civil government, may not remain under any difficulties, in respect of the arrears or debts contracted, as aforefaid, and being therefore defirous that a sum not exceeding five bundred thousand pounds may be raised, by such ways and means, as in this act are authorized or appointed, the better to enable her Majesty to discharge the said debts and arrears, do, for that end and purpose, most bumbly pray that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Queen's most by letters pa- excellent majesty, by letters patents, to be made and passed, at any time or times, on this fide or before the five and twentieth per annum for day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven 32 years, to be hundred and thirteen, under the great seal of Great Britain, to limit, appoint, set, and appropriate, any sum not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds per annum, to be issued or paid by weekly or quarterly payments, as her Majesty shall therein direct, at the receipt of the Exchequer, for and during any term not exceeding thirty two years, to commence and be reckoned from the feast of Saint Michael the Arch-angel, in the year of chargeable on our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and that the faid yearly fum shall be charged upon, and payable out of all the faid revenues, duties, and branches, which were appointed for the support of her Majesty's houshold, and the honour and dignity of the crown, as aforefaid, as well those which are hereditary in the crown, as those which were granted during her Majesty's life, as aforesaid, and every of them, during all the said term of thirty two years, in case her Majesty (whom God preserve) shall so long live; and in case of her Majesty's demise within the said term, then the said yearly sum, not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds per annum, shall be charged upon, and be paid and payable out of the hereditary revenues. duties, and branches last before mentioned, for and during so long time as shall be then to come and unexpired of and in the faid absolute term, not exceeding thirty two years, to be reckoned from the time aforesaid; all which payments shall be made with preference to all other payments whatfoever, which

Her Majesty, tents, may appoint 35,000l. issued out of the Exchequer,

the revenues of the crown, kç.

and preferable to all other payments,

shall or may hereafter be charged upon the same revenues;

duties, and branches, or any of them.

XXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the But not to authority aforefaid, That this act, or any thing herein contained, prejudice any dispositions, dispositions, or any matter or thing to be comprized in such letters patents, &c. since a as aforesaid, shall not extend, or be construed to make void, Ann. of the alter, or prejudice any disposition, appropriation, appointment, first fruits, matter, or thing whatfoever, contained in any act or acts of post office, &c. parliament made since the said act of the first year of her Maefty's reign, of or concerning the faid revenues of first fruits and tenths of the clergy, or of or concerning the said revenue arising in the general letter office or post office, or any other of the revenues or branches aforesaid; but that the same dispositions, appropriations, appointments, matters and things, shall sontinue, and be in force, and shall take effect, and be observed, as if this act had not been made: nevertheless so much of the faid revenue arising in the general letter office or post office, as is applicable to the use of her Majesty's houshold, or for support of the honour and dignity of the crown, as aforefaid, shall be liable for or towards making good of the said yearly fum intended to be charged by fuch letters patents, as is before mentioned; any thing herein, or in such letters patents. to be contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Letters pa-That it shall and may be lawful to and for her Majesty, by such tents to direct letters patents, as aforesaid, to direct and appoint by what me- how the said fum shall be thods, and upon what terms, and in what manner and form, paid, the faid fum, not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, for the purposes aforesaid, shall and may be raised and paid, and and to impowto authorize, permit and impower any person or persons, na- er persons to tives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate (who are or advance the shall be willing) to advance or contribute the same, or any part thereof, and to direct and appoint how and in what manner the faid fund, not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds per annum, or any shares or proportions thereof, or the payments out of the fame, shall be disposed, aliened, settled or applied, for the fatisfaction of the persons who shall advance or contribute the faid fum, not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds; any law for suppressing of lotteries, or any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding: and likewise to direct how and and to direct in what manner the monies, which shall be payable to any per- how the mofon or persons out of the said yearly fund, shall and may be nies may be transferred and affigned, from time to time, without power of revocation, with such further powers, directions, and clauses, to be inferted in the faid letters patents, as may best conduce to the effectual fettlement of the said yearly fund, and the satisfaction of the contributors thereupon; which said letters pa- The letters tents to to be made and passed, and such powers, directions, patents good and clauses, so to be contained therein, shall be firm, valid, in law. and effectual in law, according to the true meaning thereof, and of this present act; the said pestrictions in the said act of

fame, &c.

the first year of her Majesty's reign, or in any act for suppressing of lotteries, or in any other act or acts of parliament whatfoever contained, or any other law, statute, matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

No fee to be taken,

XXX. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the proper officers or persons, who shall, from time to time, be intrusted or concerned to pay the monies of the said revenues into the faid receipt of Exchequer, for answering the faid yearly fund last mentioned, and the respective officers or persons in the said receipt of Exchequer, who are, from time to time, to make any payments out of the same yearly fund, purfuant to the directions of such letters patents, as aforesaid, shall perform their respective duties therein, without demanding or receiving, directly or indirectly, any fee, reward, or gratuity for fo doing, from the party who is to receive fuch money; nor money to and in case any such officers or persons shall take or demand any fuch fee, reward or gratuity, or shall contrary to the directions to be contained in the faid letters patents, and the true meaning of this act, divert or misapply any of the monies which ought to be paid into the faid receipt, and issued thence, upon account on pain of in. of the faid yearly fund, every fuch officer or person shall be incapacity, and capable of holding any office, or place of truft or profit under her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and shall also forfeit treble damages to the party grieved, to be recovered, with full costs of fuit, by action, suit, bill or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, privilege, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance thall be allowed.

treble damages.

be diverted,

Money advanced, taxfree.

XXXI. And it is hereby enacted, That any money to be advanced or contributed, or that shall be payable to any person or persons, or to any corporation whatsoever, by virtue of this act, and of fuch letters patents, to be passed in pursuance thereof, as aforefaid, shall not be charged or chargeable with any rates, taxes, duties, or impositions whatsoever.

Appropriaveral tupplies granted this lession. 1. C. 2.

XXXII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, tion of the fe- That all the money lent, and to be lent to her Majesty upon one act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in Gteat Bri-12 Ann. stat. tain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and so much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent, or to be lent unto her Majesty upon another 12 Ann. stat. act of this session of parliament, for granting to her Majesty duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and so much money of the faid duties of malt, mum, cyder and perry thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made

1. C. 2.

made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charge thereby allowable for the raising the said duties thereby granted, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be referved to discharge the same; and all the sums (not exceeding twelve hundred thousand pounds) authorized by this act to be iffued in Exchequer bills, shall be appropriated for or towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein after expressed, (that is to say) for or towards defraying the charges of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, and for victuals, wages, Ordinary of wear and tear, and other services of the navy, and victualling navy, &c. thereof, performed and to be performed, and for sea-service in the ordnance, performed and to be performed, so as all the iffues to be made out of the faid aids or supplies, for all the naval or marine services before mentioned, do not in the whole exceed one million and two hundred thousand pounds, over and above the money to be made good to the South Sea company, as is herein after mentioned; and for or towards defraying the charge of half-pay, to such officers as have served well at lea in Half-pay for the late war, and shall be out of imployment by sea or land in sea officers. time of peace, so as such half-pay, within the year one thoufand seven hundred and thirteen, do not exceed seventeen thoufand pounds, out of the same aids or supplies; and for or towards defraying the charge of the land-forces in her Majesty's Land forces fervice for fix months, from the two and twentieth day of De- for 6 months. cember one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, both inclusive, and for reducing their numbers; and for Guards and or towards the charge of her Majesty's guards and garrisons in garrisons. Great Britain, from the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the five and twentieth day of December following, including general officers and contingencies; and for or towards the charge of her Majesty's Forces in Miforces in the island of Minorca, from the four and twentieth norca. day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the four and twentieth day of December following; and for or to- Forces in Giwards the charge of her Majesty's forces in Gibraltar, from the braltar. four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the four and twentieth day of December following; Forces at and for or towards the charge of her Majesty's forces at Dun- Dunkirk for 5 hirk for five months, from the four and twentieth day of June months. one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and for or towards Troops of defraying her Majesty's part of the charge of the pay of the Saxe Gotha. Saxe Getha troops, from the two and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the time of their difmission, with one month's pay from that time, according to the treaty in that behalf; and for or towards defraying Forces in the the charge of her Majesty's forces in the plantations for six plantations. months, from the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the four and twentieth day of December following; so as all the issues to be made out of the

Half-pay for the marines.

Half-pay for tand officers.

Out-pentionhospital.

war.

land service.

the class lottery.

ξ.

Salaries, &c. of commiffioners of accounts. 12 Aun.fat.1.

Salaries, &c. of the commiffioners for Sating the

faid aids or supplies, for the said guards, garrisons, and landforces, as aforelaid, for or upon account of such respective fervices, as are before mentioned, do not in the whole exceed nine hundred thirty seven thousand six hundred and eight pounds, eleven shillings and fix pence; and for or towards defraying the charge of half-pay to the officers (who had ferved well in the faid war) of four marine regiments to be disbanded, from the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the four and twentieth day of December following; so as fuch half-pay for the faid marine officers do not exceed four thousand eight hundred seventy nine pounds, and fix shillings, out of the aids or supplies aforesaid; and for or towards defraying the charge of half-pay to the land officers who have ferved well in the faid war, and are difbanded, or are to be difbanded, to the five and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, so as such half-pay to the said land officers do not exceed ninety nine thousand twenty and eight pounds, fix shillings, and eleven pence, out of the same aids or supplies; and for or towards defraying the charge of the ers of Chellea out-pensioners of the royal hospital at Chelsea, to the four and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, so as the charge last mentioned do not exceed the sum of fixty one thousand four hundred fixty and four pounds, five fhillings, and seven pence, out of the aids or supplies aforesaid; Extraordina- and for or towards defraying extraordinary charges incurred in ries of the late relation to the late war, so as such extraordinary charges do not exceed in the whole twenty thousand five hundred seventy and two pounds, five shillings, and ten pence, out of the aids or Ordnance for supplies before mentioned; and for or towards the charge of the office of her Majesty's ordnance for land fervice, perfectned and to be performed, not to exceed in the whole fixty-fix thoufand fix hundred ninety and eight pounds, three shillings, and five pence, out of the same aids or supplies, including so much (not exceeding two thousand pounds) as shall be necessary to defray the charge of covering the works of the fortifications el-Deficiency of ready begun in North Britain; and for or towards making good the deficiency of the fund granted for the payment of principal and interest of the class lottery in the year one thousand seven hundred and eleven, for the year ended at Michaelmas one thoufand feven hundred and twelve, so as the sum to be supplied out of the aids or supplies aforefaid, for or towards the same deficiency, do not exceed fixty two thousand pounds; and for or towards fatisfaction of the fum of fix thouland pounds to defrav the falaries and incident charges of the feven committioners. continued by an act of this session of parliament for stating the publick accounts of the kingdom, from the four and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and the further fum of four thousand and five hundred pounds, to defray the falaries and incident charges of the fame committioners, continued by the fame act for flating and determining

determining the debts to the army, from the four and twentieth debts to the day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the army. four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; the faid respective sums to be issued and paid by quarterly payments to the faid commissioners, for themselves, and for payment of their clerks, and other incident charges, without account, imprest, or other charge to be set upon them or any of them for the same, or any part thereof; and to none

other uses, intents, and purposes whatsoever.

XXXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and de-No appropriclared. That no appropriation, or other matter or thing in this atront to act contained, shall obstruct or hinder any payment or pay-payment by ments, which, by and in pursuance of an act made in the the treasurer ments, which, by and in pursuance of all act making of the navy, ninth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making of the navy, to make good good deficiencies, and satisfying the publick debts; and for erecting a deficiencies to corporation to carry on a trade to the South Seas; and for the en- the South Sea couragement of the fishery; and for liberty to trade in unwrought corporation in iron with the subjects of Spain, and to repeal the acts for registring pursuance of feamen, and of her Majesty's charter grounded thereupon, are 9 Ann. 6.22. or shall be required and authorized to be made by the treasurer or paymaster of the navy, for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of fuch publick monies, tallies, orders, or parliamentary securities in their hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to the corporation erected in purfuance of the act last mentioned, called by the name of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South Seas, and other parts of America, and for incouraging the fishery, or to their treasurer, for their use; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted and declared, That all All debts infuch of the faid arrears and debts (intended by this act to be fatended by this
tisfied that of the faid fum not exceeding five hundred therefore tisfied out of the faid fum not exceeding five hundred thousand fied, affigned pounds, to be raised, as aforesaid) and all debentures for the before 30 June same, or any of them, as have been, at any time or times be- 1713, may be fore the thirtieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and redeemed, &c. thirteen, fold, assigned or granted, or covenanted to be assigned or granted, or for which any authority hath heretofore been given or granted by any of her Majesty's servants, or by any husband of any her Majesty's servants, or by any tradesman, or other person, who served provisions or goods for her Majesty's ferrice, or by any of their executors or administrators, to rebeive the same, or any part thereof, to the use of such buyer, affiguee, or grantee, or of fuch person or persons so authorized, shall and may be redeemed, and are hereby redeemable by the persons who made such sales, assignments or grants, or that gave fuch authority respectively, or by their respective executors or administrators, on payment of the principal sum of monew paid in confideration of making fuch fales, affignments, brants, covenants or authorities respectively, with the charges

and interest for the same, from the time of the payment thereof, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, discounting for what hath been received, for or in respect of the arrear or debt, by any such person or persons, to whom such fale, affignment or authority was made or given; and upon payment, or tender of the faid principal money, interest and charges, such sale, grant, assignment or authority, and all covenants and agreements concerning the same shall be void.

Redemption months after this fession. Claim to be office where the debt became due before 29 Sept.

XXXV. Provided nevertheless, That such redemption, as to be within 6 aforesaid, be made within the space of six months from and after the end of this fession of parliament.

XXXVI. Provided always, That no fuch redemption shall entered in the be allowed, unless the party, who shall claim the benefit thereof, do enter or cause to be entred a note or memorandum of fuch claim in the office where the faid arrear or debt became due, in a book to be kept in every fuch office for that purpole, on or before the nine and twentieth day of September one thoufand seven hundred and thirteen.

Saving clause.

3713.

XXXVII. Saving always to all and every person and persons, bodies politick and corporate, their heirs and fuccessors, executors, administrators and assigns (other than to her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors) all such rights, titles, estates, customs, interests, claims and demands whatsoever, of, in, to or out of any of the revenues or hereditaments, charged or chargeable by virtue of this act with any fum not exceeding thirty five thoufand pounds, as they or any of them had or ought to have had, before the making of this act, as fully to all intents and purposes, as if this act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Appropriation of 500,0001.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said sum of five hundred thoufand pounds, or so much thereof as shall be raised, as aforesaid, is hereby appropriated, and shall be applied and disposed in aid of the faid revenues or branches, which were appointed for support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, for or towards the paying and discharging of fuch arrears of falaries, wages, diet money, and other allowances, and fuch debts for emptions, provisions, and other causes, as shall appear to be justly due and owing to her Majefly's fervants, tradefmen, and others, as aforesaid, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

CAP. XII.

An act for the better regulating the forces to be continued in her Majefly's service; and for the payment of the said forces, and of their quartera, EXP.

CAP. XIII.

An all to enable such officers and soldiers as have been in her Majesty's service, during the late war, to exercise trades, and for officers to account with their soldiers.

HEREAS there bath been and are divers officers and soldiers who have served ber Majesty in the late wars, and were instrumental, by the blessing of Almighty God, in obtaining an advantageous peace for these kingdoms, some of which are men that used trades, others that were apprentices to trades, who had not ferved out their times, and others who by their own industry have mode themselves apt and fit for trades, many of which (the wars being now ended) would willingly imploy themselves in those trades which they were formerly accustomed to, or which they are apt or able to follow, and make use of, for the getting their living by their own labour, but are or may be hindred from exertifing those trades in certain cities and corporations, and other places within this kingdom, because of certain by-laws and customs of those places, and of the statute made in the fifth year of Queen Elizabeth, probibiting the we 5 Eliz. c. 41 of certain trades by any person who bath not served as an apprentice so such trade for the space of seven years: for remedy whereof, be it enacted. &c.

Officers and foldiers who have not deferted the fervice, having used any trade, or that were apprentices, and did not ferve out their times, may Let up and exercise trades: that is to say, apprentices may set up their trades, though they have not ferved out their times, and others any trade in the counties where they were born. And if indicted, may plead the general iffue, and shall recover treble costs. Service, how to be proved. Penalty of producing a forged commission, or false certificate. Paymaders to state accounts of disbanded regiments, and pay the arrears to the colonels. Colonels to state accounts with the captains; and the captains with inferior officers, &c. and pay what is due, on forfeiture of double the sum. Disbanded soldiers setting up trades shall be freed from arrests for three years, and their stock, &c. from being taken in execution. Executors of colonels, agents, &c. who died indebted to the officers and soldiers, thail pay fuch debts, preferably to all others. Executors having said dates before the making of this act, such payment shall be good. Meither this, nor the 10 & 11 W. 3. c. 11. shall prejudice the privileges of Oxford and Cambridge. EXP.

CAP. XIV.

An all for explaining the alls for licenfing backney chairs.

HEREAS by an act of parliament made in the ninth year 9 Ann. c. 236 of ber now Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for licensing and regulating hackney coaches and chairs, and for charging certain new duties on stampt vellum, parchment and paper, and on cards and dice, and on the exportation of rock falt for Ireland, and for securing thereby, and by a weekly payment out of the post-office, and by several duties on hides and skins, a yearly fund of one hundred eighty fix thousand fix hundred and seventy pounds, for thirty two years, to be applied to the Satisfaction of such orders as are therein mentioned, to the con-Vol. XIII.

tributors of any fum not exceeding two millions, to be raifed

ſ. 158.

The commisunless they out fuch li-

Such widows. their chairs and servants, liable to fuch rules, &c. as chairmen. Continued by to 24 June 1760, &c.

for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, a power was given to the commissioners therein mentioned, for licensing two bundred chairs within the cities of London and Wosteninster, and suburbs thereof, and all parishes and places within the weekly bills of mortality, for the term of thirty two years, from the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eleven; and so Ann. c. 19. by another all of parliament, made in the tenth year of the reign of her faid Majefly, the faid commissioners had a power for the licensing an additional number of chairs, not exceeding one hundred, from the twenty fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and twelve, for the term of thirty one years, within the cities and liberties aforefaid. To that the whole shall not exceed three hundred: and whereas by the aforesaid act, made in the ninth year of her said Majesty's reign, is 9 Ann. c. 23. is, amongst other things, enacted, That the faid commissioners should, in the first place, license all such persons as had then been uncient coachmen, or ancient chairmen, or the widows of any of them, unless they should neglect or resuse to take such licences, upon the respective terms thereby allowed, within a reasonable time to be limited by the faid commissioners, not less than twenty days: and whereas several doubts have arifen, whether the faid commissioners are obliged by the faid act of the ninth of the Queen, to licen e the widows of thairmen, or to let them have the benefit of fuch licences as were granted to their husbands whilft living, and several fuits of law have been commenced thereupon, to the great oppression and grievance of the parties conconcerned; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament ine commit-fioners shall in assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the commit-the first place sioners for the time being, for licensing coaches and chairs. dicence the wi- pursuant to the recited acts mentioned, shall and are hereby redows of hack- quired, in the first place, to license all and every the widow and ney chairmen, widows of such hackney chairman or chairmen respectively, who negled totake have died or shall die possessed of any licence or licences, granted by the faid commissioners in pursuance of the said acts, uncence in a rea- less such widow or widows shall neglect or refuse to take such fonable time. licences upon the respective terms allowed by the said recited acts, within a reasonable time to be limited by the said commissioners, not less than twenty days.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That fuch widow or widows, their chairs, fervants, and every other person or persons carrying the same, shall be subject and liable to such rules, penalties, punishments, other licented orders, and bye-laws, made, or to be made, concerning his censed hackney chairs, by virtue of the said recited acts, as any 16Geo. 2. C. 26, other licensed chairman is by the said acts liable unto; any thing in this act, or in the faid recited acts, contained to the contrary

in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XV.

An ast for making perpetual an ast made in the feventh year of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An act to prevent false and double returns of members to serve in parliament.

TATHEREAS in the seventh year of the reign of the late King 7 & 8 W. w. William the Third, an act was made, intituled, An act to c. 7. prevent false and double returns of members to serve in parliament, and was thereby enacted to continue for the term of seven years, and from thence to the end of the next sessions of parliament, and no longer; which all by another all made in the twelfth year of 12 & 13 W. the reign of the said late King, intituled, An act for continuing a c. 5. former act to prevent faile and double returns of members to serve in parliament, was enacted, should thereafter be in force for and during the term of eleven years, and from thence to the end of the first sessions of the next parliament, and no longer; which said at bas been found by experience to be very useful for the preservation of the rights of the several counties, cities and boroughs of this kingdom, in the election of members to serve in parliament, and being near expiring: be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said act made in the seventh year of the reign of the late King William The act 7 & : the Third, intituled, An act to prevent false and double returns of W. 3. c. 7. members to serve in parliament, and every clause, matter and tual. thing therein contained, shall be, and is hereby declared to be in full force, and is hereby made perpetual.

CAP. XVI.

An all for the better encouragement of the making of failcloth in Great Britain.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

IT HEREAS the making of fail-cloth in Great Britain is of great use and benefit to the nation, being set up in several parts of this united kingdom, imploying many thousands of the poor, and is brought to great perfection; but by the duties on hemp and flax imported, and drawback on foreign made fail-cloth exported, the maters of British fail-cloth have not a sufficient encouragement for so useful and beneficial a manufasture; therefore we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, have given and granted to your Majesty such additional duty upon foreign sail-cloth to be imported, as is herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, That it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fanie. After 21 July same, That from and after the one and twentieth day of July ther duty of id. per ell, seven years.

of Ireland.

one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, over and above all subsidies, duties, impositions and payments, already due and laid on foreign payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majesty, for or upon fail-cloth, &c. fuch foreign made fails and fail-cloth, or canvas usually entred imported for as Holland's Duck or Vitry canvas, which shall be fit and proper to be made use of, for making of fails for navigating ships and vessels, and which shall be imported into Great Britain by way Except canvas of merchandize, except such canvas as is of the product and of the product manufacture of Ireland, there shall be raised and levied, collected and paid unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, a further duty of one penny per ell, and after that rate for greater or leffer quantities, during the term of feven years, and from thence to the end of the then next tellion of parliament, and no longer; the same to be raised, levied, collected and recovered, by fuch ways, means and methods, and subject to such penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as any subfidy payable to her Majesty, for any other goods or merchandizes imported, or to be imported, may by any law or laws

now in force be raifed, levied, collected and recovered.

Out of the the faid time shall be exported.

that it was made in ported, &c.

Penalty of relanding failcloth for which fuch reward has been given.

II. And whereas hemp and flax imported draws back nothing of faid duty shall the duties paid for the same, when wrought up into British sail-cloth; be allowed a be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of the said reward of id. be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of the said per ell for fail-additional duty of one penny per ell, a reward or recompence cloth made in of one penny be given and paid for every ell of British made Great Britain, fail-cloth or canvas, fit for or made into fails, which from and which within after the one and twentieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and within the faid term of feven years, or at any time before the end of the then next session of parliament, shall be exported out of Great Britain by way of mer-The exporter chandize: provided always, That the exporter of such British to make oath made fail-cloth shall always, before he receives any such reward, make oath (which the proper officers of the customs have here: Great Britain, by power to administer) that such sail-cloth was made in Great is actually ex-Britain, is actually exported or thipped to be exported, without any intention to be relanded in any part of Great Britain, and that no former reward upon this act was made for the charge fail-cloth.

III. And it is hereby enacted, That if any British made fails cloth, for which fuch reward shall be given, shall be relanded in Great Britain, the fame shall be forfeited; and every perion concerned in bringing back or relanding the same, shall forfeit two shillings for every ell so brought back or relanded p one moiety of which forfeitures shall be to her Majesty, and the other moiety thereof to fuch as will feize, inform or fue for the fame, or the value thereof, to be recovered by action, bill, fuit or information, in any her Majesty's courts of record at West minster, or in the Exchequer at Edinburgh, wherein no efform, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed. This act is continued for feven years by 10: Gev. 1. c. 17. S. 4. and by 20 Geo. 2. c. 45. to 1 June 1754, &c. C A P.

CAP. XVII.

An act to vest in the commissioners for building sisty new new charches in and about London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, as much of the street near the May-Pole in the Strand in the county of Middlesex, as shall be sufficient to build one of the said churches upon; and for restoring to the principal and scholars of King's Hall and college of Brazen Nose in the university of Oxon, their right of presentation to churches and chapels in Stepney parish.

HEREAS by an act of parliament passed in the ninth year 9 Ann. c. 22. of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty several duties upon coals, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, and other purposes therein mentioned, it is (among st other things) enacted, That it should and might be lawful to and for ber Majesty, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, to nominate, constitute and appoint such persons as ber Majesty should think fit, to be commissioners, to enquire and inform shamfelves in what parishes the said new churches (except one for Greenwich) were most necessary to be built, and of proper places for the fites of the faid respective new churches; and also a cemetery er church-yard for each of the faid churches; and also which of the chapels within the said parishes are fit to be made parish churches; and that they should afcertain the several houses, lands, tenements, and bereditaments, and the bounds and limits which in their judgments or opinion might be fit to be made distinct parishes: and whereas her Mujefly, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the one and twentieth day of September in the tenth year of her reign, did nominate, constitute, authorize and appoint Thomas lard archbishop of Canterbury, John lard archbishop of York, John lard bishop of Bristol, Henry lard bishop orden, Jonathan lord bishop of Winchester, Nathaniel lord bishop of Durham, and divers other persons, to be commissioners for the purposes asoresaid: and whereas by another act of parliament passed in the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for 10 Ann. c. 11 enlarging the time given to commissioners appointed by her Majesty, pursuant to an act for granting to her Majesty several duties on coals for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, and other purpoles therein mentioned; and for giving the faid commissioners further power for better effecting the same; and for appointing monies for rebuilding the parish church of St. Mary Woolnoth in the city of London, it is, among ft other things, enacled, That the commissioners, or any five or more of them, should proceed to do and perform all and every the matters and things in and by the faid acts intended to be done and performed: and it is thereby provided and enacted, That it should and might be lawful to and for

her Majesty, her heirs and successors, at any time before the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, to nominale constitute and appoint such persons to be commissioners to execute all and every the powers in the first recited act, and in the said last act mentioned, as her Majesty should think sit: and whereas her Majesty did, in pursuance of the said last recited act, by letters patent under the great scal of Great Britain, bearing date the seven and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve, nominate, constitute and appoint Thomas lord archbishop of Canterbury, John lord archbishop of York, Simon lord Harcourt, then lord keeper of the great seal of Great Britain (now lord high chancellor of Great Britain) John duke of the county of Buckingham and Normanby, Henry viscount Bolingbroke, the right reverend father in Gill William lord bishop of Chester, and the right reverend father in God Philip then lord bishop of St. Davids (now lord bishop of Here. ford) and divers other persons, to be commissioners; and that they, or any five or more of them, should do, perform, and execute all and every the powers, matters and things, in and by the said recited acts, and either of them, appointed to be done and performed: and whereas the vacant piece of ground at and about the May-Pole in the Straid in the county of Middlesex, is a proper place for the building ene of the faid fifty new churches upon, which cannot be appropriated to that use, without the aid of parliament; be it therefore enacted, &c.

The waste ground in the Strand on which the new church is to be built. vested in the commissioners appointed by letters patent bearing date ar Sept. 2712. Such church to be deemed one of the fifty new ones. A street way and passage to be lest on the north side and east end of the said chirch.

Ann. c. 16. IV. And whereas by an act made in the first session of this present a private act. parliament, intituled, An act for confirming to the principal and scholars of King's Hall and college of Brazen Nose in the tiniversity of Oxon, the purchase of the advowsons of Stephen and other churches, and for fettling the same to the benefit of the faid college, it is provided, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the said principal and scholars, and their successors, upon every vacancy, from time to time, to nominate and appoint respectively fit elerks to officiate in the chapel of Stratford-Bow, and in all of churches or ciapels that then were or should be built, within the phrish of Stebunheath alias Stepney in the county of Middlefex, and to receive the profits belonging to the fame : and whereas by a slauf in an act made in the second sessions of this present parliament. Inti-

to Ann, c. 11. tuled, An act for enlarging the time given to the commissioners appointed by her Majesty, pursuant to an act for granting to her Majesty several duties on coals, for building fifty new churches, in and about the cities of London and Westminster and suburbs thereof, and other purposes therein mentioned; and also for giving the said commissioners further powers for better effecting the same, and for appointing monies for rebuilding the parish church of Saint Mary Woolnoth in the city of London, it is enacled, That in every new church and parish to be erected or constituted

constituted pursuant to the same act (other than such chapels as, according to the same act, should be converted into parochial churches) the sirst rector should be nominated and appointed by her Majesty, of and in such new church and parish; in which act there being no express saving to the said principal and scholars, and their successors, of their right upon every vacancy, from time to time, to nominate or present respectively sit clerks to officiate, as aforesaid, it may happen to be controverted, whether the sirst rector in every new church and parish, to be erected or constituted pursuant to the same act, in the said parish of Stebunheath alias Stepney, and also in such chapels within the same parish as should be converted into parochial churches, pursuant to the same act, might belong to the said principal and scholars, and their successors, to nominate and appoint: now for the preventing of all such controversies, it is hereby enacted, &c.

The principal and scholars of Brazen Nose in Oxford, shall nominate the sirst rector in every new church or chapel turned into a church in Stepney parish. Nothing in this act shall prejudice the right, &c. of John Walker, &c.

CAP. XVIII.

An all for making perpetual the all made in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An all for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom; and that persons bound apprentices to, or being bired servants with persons coming with certificates, shall not gain settlements by such services or apprenticeships: and for making perpetual the all made in the sinth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An all for the importation of cochineal from any ports in Spain, during the present war, and six months longer: and for reviving a clause in an all made in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An all for settling the trade to Africa, for allowing sories copper hars imported, to be exported.

WHEREAS an act made in the thirteenth and fourteenth 13 & 14 Car. 2.

years of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom,
was enacted, to have continuance (except what related to the corporetiens therein mentioned, and thereby constituted) only until the
twenty-ninth day of May one thousand six hundred sixty five, and
from thence to the end of the first sessions of the next parliament;
which said act, by an act made in the first year of the reign of the
late King James the Second, (except what related to the corporations
therein mentioned, and thereby constituted) was enacted to be in force 1 Jac. 2. C. 17.
from the first day of May one thousand six hundred eighty-five, and
so to continue for the space of seven years, and from thence to the end
of the next sessions of parliament; and by an act made in the third
and sourth years of the reign of King William and Queen Mary,

E

3 & 4 W. & M. the faid all (as to what therein related to the fettlement of the poor)

c. 11.

was enalled to be in force from the first day of March one thousand
fix bundred nincty-one; but no provision was thereby made for emtinuing divers other parts of the said all, which said all, intisuled,
An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, as to all
parts thereof, not mentioned and continued in and by the said all made

4 & 5 W. & M. in the third and sourth years of their late Majestics (other than and

c. 24 f. 11.

except subst relates to the contemptions mentioned in the said all flow

except what relates to the corporations mentioned in the faid all, [For the better relief of the poor of this kingdom,] and thereby conflicted) was, by an all made in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of their late Majesties, continued only for the space of seven years, from the thirteenth day of February one thousand fix bundred ninety-two, and from thence to the end of the next session of parking.

There is the reign of the late King William the Third, inciviled. An

21 & 12 W. 3. years of the reign of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act for continuing several laws therein mentioned, was continued only for seven years, from the twenty-ninth day of September one

thousand seven hundred; and which said act of the thirteenth and 5 Ann. c. 34. fourteenth years of the reign of the faid late King Charles the Second. intituled. An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, by an act made in the fifth year of the reign of her prefent Minjefly, intituled, An act for continuing the laws therein mentioned relating to the poor, and to the buying and felling of cattle in Smithfield, and for suppressing of piracy, was enacted to be in force from the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and seven (except what relates to the corporations therein mentioned, and thereby conflituted) only for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next sessions of parliament; which said all of the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of the said late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, being found to be a very useful and necessary Amended by law, and being near expiring; be it therefore enacted by the

11 Geo. 1. C. 19.

present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, The act 13 & That the said act, made in the thirteenth and sourceenth years 14 Car. 2. C. 12- of the said late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, shall be and is hereby made perpetual.

8 & 9 W. 3. c. 30. II. And whereas by an act made in the eighth and ninth years of the reign of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act for supplying some desects in the laws for the relief of the poor of this kingdom, It was among to other things enacted, in the words following, (viz.): That if any person or persons what soever, that from and after the first day of May one thousand six hundred ninety-seven shall some into any parish, or other place, there to inhabit or reside, shall, at the same time, procure, bring, and deliver to the churchwardens or over-seers of the poor of the parish or place where any such person shall come to inhabit, or to any or either of them, a certificate under the bands and seals of the churchwardens and overseers of the poor of any other parish, township or place, or the major part of them, or under

Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and con-

fent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this

the bands and feals of the overfeers of the poor of any other place, where there are no churchwardens, to be attested respectively by two

or more credible witnesses, thereby owning and acknowledging the perfon or persons mentioned in the said certificate, to be an inhabitant or inhabitants legally settled in that parish, tow-ship or place, every fuch certificate having been allowed of and subscribed by two or more of the justices of the peace of the county, city, liberty, borough, or town corperate, wherein the parish or place, from whence any such certificate shall come, doth lie, shall oblige the faid parish or place to recrive and provide for the person mentioned in the said certificate, together with his or her family, as inhabitants of that parish, whenever be. She, or they shall happen to become chargeable to, or be forced to ask relief of the parish, township or place, to which such certificate was given; and then, and not before, it shall and may be lawful for any fuch person, and his or her children, though born in that parish, not bowing otherwise acquired a legal settlement there, to be removed, conveyed, and fettled in the parish or place from whence such certificate was brought: and whereas many persons obtaining and bringing such certificates, do frequently take apprentices, bound by indenture, and hire and keep Jervants by the year, who, by reason of such apprenticeships and services, do gain settlements in, and become a great burthen to fuch parishes, townships and places, though such masters coming with such certificates have, by virtue thereof, no settlements in fuch parishes, townships or places: for remedy whereof, it is de-After 24 June clared and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any per- 1713 any perfon whatsoever, who, upon or after the four and twentieth day fon bound apof June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, shall be an being a hired apprentice, bound by indenture to, or shall, upon or after the servant, to one faid four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hun-who came into dred and thirteen, be a hired fervant to or with any person what- a parish by certificate, foever, who did come into or shall reside in any parish, town-shall not gain thip or place, in that part of Great Britain called England, by a settlement means or licence of such certificate, and not afterwards having there by reagained a legal settlement in such parish, township or place, such premises him apprentice, by virtue of such apprenticeship, indenture or bind- &c. ing, and such servant by being hired by, or serving as a servant, as aforesaid, to such person, shall not gain or be adjudged to have any fettlement in such parish, township or place, by reason of such apprenticeship or binding, or by reason of such hiring or serving therein; but every such apprentice and servant shall have his and their settlements in such parish, township or place, as if he or they had not been bound apprentice or apprentices, or had not been an hired fervant or fervants to fuch person, as aforesaid; any act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And whereas cochineal being of the growth of the Spanish West Indies, is of principal use in dying of clothes, and other the woollen manufactures of this kingdom, scarlets, purples, and other colours called grain colours, to the great improvement thereof, and imploying of great numbers of her Majesty's subjects, in finishing and persecting such woollen manufacture: and whereas before the act pa[[ed

passed in the fixth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the importation of cochineal from any ports in Spain, during the present war, and six months longer, cochineal could not be imported into this kingdom, but from the places of its growth, although the same was then, and is now sold at cheaper rates in several parts of Europe, and used as well in dying the said manufactures of this kingdom abroad, as also foreign manufactures, at lower prizes than her Majesty's subjects can, to the incouragement of fereign weellen manufattures, and the great prejudice of those of this kingdom, and impoverishment of many of her Majesty's subjects implayed therein, if the said ast should not be further continued; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said ack made in the fixth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the importation of cochineal from any ports in Spain, during the present war, and fix months longer, shall be and is hereby made perpetual; any act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Thead 6 Ann. c. 33. made perpetual.

9 & 10 W. 3. c. 26.

IV. And whereas in an act made in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An act to settle the trade to Africa, a clause was enacted in the words following, viz. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the fifth and fixth years of the reign of his present Majesty, and the late Queen Mary, amongst other things, it was enacted, That no other copper than what is made of English ore only, should be exported, which preving very prejudicial to the trade of England, by enabling foreigners to expart copper much cheaper than it can be carried from England; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any of his Majesty's subjects to export from England all such copper bars, as hath or shall be imported into England from foreign parts, and upon expertation shall draw back all duties, or volate the securities, saving the half of the old subsidy, as is usual in other consmodities: which clause being expired; and for smuch as the copper. manufacture of this kingdom is brought to fuch perfection, that there. The clause in is more made than can be expended here and in the plantations; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said. 10 W. 3 C. 26. clause, and every matter and thing therein contained, shall be relating to the and is hereby immediately, from and after the time of the expiration thereof, revived in full force, and shall be and is hereby continued for and during the space and term of sourteen. years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament, and no longer.

the act o & exportation of copper bars imported, continued for 14 years, &c.

V. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That no draw-No drawback back shall be allowed on the exportation of any copper, but East India and such as hath been or shall be imported from the East Indies and Barbary copthe coast of Barbary only. Continued with 9 & 10 W. 3. c. 26.

per. See /. IQ: 13 Geo. 1.

C. 27.

except for

Anno Regni ANNÆ Reginæ Magnæ Britannia, Francia & Hibernia, duodecimo. Stat. 2.

T the parliament summoned to be beld at Westminster L the twelfth day of November, Anno Domini one thousand seven bundred and thirteen, in the twelfth year of the reign of our sovereign Lady Anne, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, Queen, defender of the faith, &c. And by several writs of prorogation begun and holden on the fixteenth day of February one thousand seven bundred and thirteen (a) and by several adjournments conti-(a) The follownued to the ninth day of July in the thirteenth year of her added from the Majesty's reign. Being the first session of this present par-involument. hument.

CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred und fourteen. EXP. 28. in the pound.

CAP. II.

An all for allowing a drawback upon the exportation of falt, , to be made use of for the curing of fish taken at North feas, or at Isleland.

TATHEREAS the fishing for cod in the North seas, and at Island, gives great employment to the navigation of this kingdom, and breeds up great numbers of hardy and industrious mariners for defence of the realm, and improvement of commerce; and whereas the said fishing trade cannot be so effectually carried on, unless falt for curing cod taken there, may be bad free of excise; for the preservation therefore, and incouragement of the said trade, be it emacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the master of any boat or vessel bound Master of a on a fishing voyage to the North seas, or Isleland, may take on vessel bound to board his faid boat or vessel, in any port of Great Britain, such the North seas, quantities of British salt, as he shall judge proper and necessary &c. may take for his said voyage, such master paying or giving security to pay board, giving the duties due and payable for the same which the salt to board, giving the duties due and payable for the same; which money shall be security to pay repaid, or security shall be discharged, in such manner as is the duties. herein after mentioned.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Officer where officer of the place where the faid falt was made, and the duties the falt was made, falt was made, and the duties made, &c. to thereof paid, or secured to be paid, shall, upon demand, degive the massiver gratis to such master of the vessel, a certificate, under his tera certificate

hand of the quantity shipped. hand and seal, of the particular quantity of salt shipped on board his vessel for the North seas, or Island, and that the duties on fuch falt have been paid or secured to be paid.

Codfish, &c. may be imported, on oath made that it came from the and so as the fish be tendred to the officer of the duti.s, to have part off.

fore so tendred shall be forteited.

Foul fait to be thrown overboard.

Salt not used, may be relanded, so as an entry be

Matter neg. lecting to enshall be forfeited and double the value.

III. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That codfish, ling or hake, which have been caught and cured at the North leas, or at Isleland, may be imported and landed, 'so as oath be first made before the landing thereof, by the owner or proprietor of such fish, or the master of the vessel, before the North less, &c. officer for the faid duties in the port or place where fuch fishshall be imported, brought in, or landed, (who is hereby impowered and required to administer the same, without see or charge) That all the fish so imported came from the North seasor Island, and were caught and cured there, and so as the faid of the tail cut fish be, at the landing thereof, and before the same be removed from the shore, tendred to the officer of the port for the said duties, to have part of the tail of every fuch codfish, ling or hake, cut off, that no allowance for such fish be obtained upon exportation; and the faid officer is hereby impowered and re-Fishlanded be quired to cut off part of the tail of all such fish on the importation thereof; and in case any such fish shall be landed before the fame shall be tendred to the officer, to have part of the tail cut off, as aforesaid, all the fish so landed shall be forseited, and double the value thereof, to be recovered of the importer or proprietor thereof.

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any of the falt so made use of in curing of fish shall remain, such foul falt shall be thrown over board and destroyed, in the prefence of the officer for the falt-duties for fuch port, before the collector shall sign his certificate.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if Jt shall happen, that any of the falt so taken on board for curing of fish, shall not have been used for that purpose, it shall and made thereof, may be lawful to and for the master of such ship or vessel to land the said salt, so as an entry be made thereof within ten days after his coming into any port in Great Britain that he shall first arrive at, and the duties paid down for the same, before such salt, or any part thereof, shall be landed or taken out of any fuch thip or veffel: and if fuch master shall neglected: dr ter the fakt it refuse to enter such falt, in such port where he shall first arrive, and pay down the duties for the fame within the faid ten days (except in case of his being driven into any port, or detained there, by stress of weather or contrary winds, or other unavoids able necessities) then and in such case all the salt on board such thip or vessel shall be forfeited, and double the value thereof, to be recovered of the owner or proprietor of such fish, or the master of the vessel, or the person commanding the same in that voyage.

VI. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the On producing a certificate of master of such boat or vessel, upon producing to the collector the quantity of the falt-duties for the port where he imports his fish, such taken on certificate of the quantity of falt taken on board, and that the board, &c. and

duties of it were paid or fecured to be paid, and making oath on oath made before the faid collector, of the particular quantity of the falt in or how much fuch certificate mentioned, that was made use of in curing of was used in curing, &c. codfish, ling or hake, caught and cured at the North sea, or at the security Isteland, and that the said fish have been all marked, as afore- given for the faid, that there may be no allowance obtained for the same payment of upon exportation (which oath the faid collector is hereby imbe discharged, powered and required to administer without fee or charge) shall and the colreceive gratis from the faid collector a certificate of the same; lector shall rewhich, together with a certificate of payment of the duty of the Pay the duties remainder of the falt taken in for that voyage, if there shall be without fee. any remainder; (which certificate he shall also receive gratis) being produced to the collector of the fall-duties for the place where the duties on the faid falt were paid or fecured to be paid, fuch security shall be discharged, and all and every sum and fums of money paid for the duty of the faid fait, shall be repaid upon demand by the faid collector, without fee or reward.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The duties of That if the master of any such boat or vessel shall have taken in salt that peany quantity of British salt, for the curing of fish in the North rished at lea, feas, or at Island, as aforesaid, the duties of the falt having or was taken been paid or secured to be paid, and the vessel on which such by the enemy, selt, as aforesaid, is shipped, shall either perish at sea, or be taken by enemies with fuch falt on hoard her, that in fuch case any merchant or person, owner of the said salt, shall, upon proof made before the justices of the peace at the quarter-lessions held for the county, riding, division or town, wherein he doth inhabit, of the loss of fuch falt so shipped, receive from the faid fessions a certificate that such proof was made before them, and upon producing the faid certificate to the officer of the place, where the duty on such falt shall have been paid or featured to be paid, such security shall be discharged, and so couch money, as was actually paid for the duty of the faid falt. shall be repaid upon demand by the faid officer, without fee or reward; provided such proof be made within nine months after fuch loss or taking, as aforesaid.

TOVIEL And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid Onehalf of the The all penalties and forfeitures given by this or any former forfeitures have, relating to the duties of excise upon salt, shall be distri- shall be to the buthdrin manner following, (that is to fay) one moiety thereof crown, the to her Majetty, her heirs and fucceffors, and the other moiety chief to the the officer or officers who shall seize, sue, or inform for the be recovered frame, to be fued for, recovered and levied, in fuch manner and as by the laws form, and with such power of mitigation, as any fine, penalty of excise. er forfeiture may be fued for, recovered, levied, and mitigated by any law of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster; and all and every officer and officers for the faid duties on falt, , ... are thereby authorized and impowered to feize all falt and other chings which by this or any former act or law relating to the dusite on falt are declared to be forfeited,

IX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall at any time be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this, or any other of the statutes relating to the duties of excise upon falt, or the powers thereby given, he or they shall or may plead General issue. the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence for his defence; and if upon a trial, a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs become nonfuit, discontinue, or forbear profecuting the faid ac-Double costs, tions, then such defendant and defendants shall have double costs to him or them awarded, against such plaintiff or plaintiffs, for which costs he shall have remedy, as in other cases where costs are by law given to defendants.

CAP. III.

An act for charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and for the encouragement of the distilling brandy from malted corn and cyder; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer bills and lottery tickets, lost, burnt or destroyed; and to enable the governor and company of the bank of England, and others, to lend money upon South Sea stock.

5 Eliz. c. 4. £ 31.

IX. A ND whereas in and by one act of parliament made in the fifth year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An act containing divers orders for artificers, labourers, servants of husbandry and apprentices, it is enacted in the words following; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That after the fift day of May next coming, it shall not be lawful to any person or persons, other than such as now do lawfully use or exercise any art, mystery, or manual occupation, to set up, occupy, use or exercise any craft, mystery or occupation, now used or occupied within this realing of England or Wales, except he shall have been brought up therein feven years at the least as an apprentice, in manner and form about by this act, fee faid, nor to fet any person on work in such mystery, art or escupation, being not a workman at this day, except he shall have been ofprentice, as is aforefaid, or else baving served as an apprentice, as aforesaid, shall or will become a journeyman, or bired by the year, upon pain that every person willingly offending or doing the contrary shall forfeit and lose for every default forty shillings for every month: upon which aforesaid statute, several distillers of brandy or spirits made from British malt or cyder, stand indicted for not baving ferves seven years, as aforesaid, to the great discouragement of the consumption of malted corn and cyder, and destructive to ber Majesty's revenue of excise; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any person or persons shall or may distil brandy or spirits made from British malt or cyder, and such person or persons shall not be profecuted for so doing by virtue of the aforesaid Statute.

cation of the č. 9. of tbis [**cfion,** f. 69.

For the appli-

Any person may distil brandy from British malt, Æc.

Anno duodecimo ANNÆ. Stat. 2. C.3. 1713.]

statute, or any clause, matter or thing contained therein to the

contrary notwithstanding.

X. And whereas in and by an act of parliament made and passed in the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, for laying duties upon soap, and other matters therein mentioned, it was amongst other things enacted, That it should and might be lawful to and for the respective sreasurers of the navy and ordinance, and the respective paymasters of Clause to enathe guards, garrifons and land forces for the time being, or any other ble the bank officers or persons, who then were or afterwards should be entitled (for of England, she publish use and benefit) to any parts or shares of the capital stock of advance mo the corporation erected by the name of the governor and company of ney on South merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South Seas and other Sea Rock. parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery (not being abso- 10 Ann. c. 19. lutely fold, applied or disposed for some of the publick uses in that act mentioned) from time to time, by any warrant or warrants in writing from the high treasurer of Great Britain then being, or the high treasurer of Great Britain, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, (and not otherwise) to borrow any fum or sums of money, from any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, who were or should be willing to advance or lend the same upon credit of the said publick stock, or any part thereof, and to allow interest, not exceeding the rate of six pounds per cent, per ann. for the forbearance thereof, as is therein mentioned, and to assign, mortgage, and transfer such respective sbares of the said stock, whereupon such sums of money should be agreed to be fo lent, to the respective lenders thereof, or such as they severally and respectively should appoint, and to their executors, administrators, succeffors and affigns respectively, upon such conditions of redemption, and under such agreements for the sale of the slock so mortgaged, for making defoult in the repayment of the money to be borrowed thereupon, or for non-payment of the interest thereof, and subject to such other conditions, and in such manner and form, as in such warrant and warrants respectively should be prescribed in that behalf; and that all the money which should be borrowed upon credit of such stock, as aforefaid, should be applied and disposed by the said treasurers, paymaghers, or others respectively chargeable therewith, to such publick uses subcreunte the said stock so to be mortgaged would have been applicable by or in pursuance of another act in the said recited act mentioned, if no such mortgage, assignment or transfer had been made, and to no other use, intent or purpose what soever; and that the said treafurers, paymasters, and other officers, borrowing the said monies, speald be answerable for the application thereof accordingly; and that the faid company should not be responsible for permitting the stock to be for transferred, as if the same were unduly transferred; and that the leaders of such money should not be chargeable with the application thereof to the said uses, as by the said act of the tenth year of her Ma- 10 Ann. c. 19. jesty's reign may more fully appear: and whereas some doubt hath been made, whether the governor and company of the bank of England (with regard to certain restrictions contained in former acts of parliament) might lawfully lend money upon credit of the faid publick stock, pursuant to the said act in that behalf: for obviating of

64 Anno duodecimo ANNÆ. Stat. 2. C. 4, 5. [1713]

which doubt, it is declared and enacted by this present act, That it shall and may be lawful, as well to and for the governor and company of the bank of England, as to and for any other person or persons, natives and foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to advance and lend fuch fum and fums of money, as they, or any of them, shall think fit, to the said treasurers, paymaiters, and others, or any of them, upon credit of the publick stock before mentioned, or any part thereof, at such interest, and upon such assignments, mortgages or transfers, subject to such conditions of redemption, and with such agreements for felling the stock so mortgaged, in case of non-payment of the principal or interest, and in all other respects according to the forms prescribed in the said recited act of parliament in that 20 Ann. c. 19. behalf; any former act or acts of parliament, or any restrictions, prohibitions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters or things therein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. IV.

An act for the better regulating the forces to be continued in her Majesty's service, and for the payment of the said forces, and of their quarters. EXP.

CAP. V.

An all for taking away the new additional duty of thirty pounds per centum ad valorem, imposed upon all books and prints imported into Great Britain, by an all made in the tenth year of the reign of her present majesty Queen

ſ. 33.

10 Ann. c. 19. WHEREAS by divers acts of parliament heretofore made, feveral duties have been laid upon all books and prints imported into Great Britain: and whereas by an act made in the tenth year of the reign of her present majesty Queen Anne, a further duty of thirty pounds per centum ad valorem was laid upon all books and prints imported into Great Britain; which said additional duty of thirty pounds per centum has been found, by experience, to bave tended very much to the discouragement of learning, and to have been prejudicial to the other duties formerly laid: be it therefore enacted After 24 June by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice 1714, the duty and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons; in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, the said duty of thirty pounds per centum ad valorem shall not be charged, levied, 'or collected upon any books or prints imported into Great Britain, but the faid duty is hereby absolutely discharged and taken away; and the faid act, so far only as it relates to the faid duty of thirty pounds per centum ad valorem, shall be and is hereby absolutely repealed.

of 301. per cent.ad valorem, laid on books and prints imported, by 10 Ann. c. 19. taken away.

CAP. VI.

all for taking away mortuaries within the dioceses of langor, Landaff, St. Davids, and St. Asaph, and iving a recompense therefore to the bishops of the said repetlive dioceses: and for confirming several letters patents ranted by ber Majesty, for perpetually annexing a preend of Gloucester to the mastership of Pembroke college WOxford; and a prebend of Rochester to the provostship. f Oriel college in Oxford; and a prebend of Norwich to be mastership of Catharine ball in Cambridge.

FHEREAS by an act of parliament passed in the one and 21 H. S. C. 6) Ver twentieth year of the reign of the late King Henry the fect. 7. hib, intifuled, An act where mortuaries ought to be paid, for it persons, and how much, and in what case none is due: by a proviso or clause therein contained, it is provided (among rathings). That it shall be lawful to the bishops of Bangor, Lan-St. Davids, and St. Alaph, to take such mortuaries of the As within their dioceses and jurisdictions as thentesore had been stomed; and the bishops of the said dioceses for the time being accordingly used to demand and take, and continue to demand and mortuaries upon the death of any clergyman within their said 2 biff goods of the deceased, do oftentimes amount to a very consibe park of his estate, and the payment thereof does very much a that small provision which generally the clergy of those dioceses are to make for the support of their families, and tends to the great verifying of the same : for the remedying whereof for the futere, for abalifoing and taking away all mortuaries or corfe-presents, the xustom or usage of taking and paying mortuaries or corse-prespon the death of clergymen within the faid dioceses and jurisense and to the end a reasonable recompense and satisfaction for come may be provided and established for the bishops of the said diofar guer; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most ex- The clause in majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the the recited sapiritual and temporal and of the commons, in this present act, so far as it ignment allembled, and by the authority of the fame, That taking any faid, provide or clause in the said act, and all and every mortizary in in the same act, so far as the same do or doth the dioceses of a to the taking any mortuary or corse-present upon the Bangor, Land had any clergyman within the said respective dioceses or vid's, and dictions, shall immediately, from and after the respective St. Asaph, reis herein after mentioned, that is to fay, within the faid pealed. ese of St. Asaph from and after the four and twentieth day of r in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and teen; and within the faid diocese of Bangor, immediately and after fuch time any rectory fine cura shall next happen e void and be in the collation of the present bishop of the diocese of Bangor, or of any of his successors; and within OL. XIII.

the faid diocese of Landaff, immediately from and after such time as the treasurership, with the prebend thereto annexed, founded in the cathedral church of Landaff, shall next happen to be void, such treasurership and prebend being in the collation of the bishop of the said diocese of Landaff; and within the faid diocese of St. Davids, immediately from and after such time as the prebend of Langamarch, founded in the collegiate church of Brecon, now enjoyed by John Medley, archdeacon of St. Davids, shall next happen to be void, the same being in the collation of the bishop of St. Davids, stand and be absolutely repealed, annulled, and void, and all and every, and any custom, and usage of and for paying, demanding, or taking any mortuary or corse-present, or any goods, thing or things, for or in the name of a mortuary or corfe-prefent, upon the death of any clergyman within the faid respective dioceses or jurisdictions, shall, from the respective times aforesaid, for ever, be absolutely abolished and void; and no mortuary or corse-present, or fum or fums of money for or in lieu of the same, or in the name thereof, shall be yielded, paid, answered or satisfied, or be due or payable by any person or persons, to any bishop of either of the faid dioceses, or other person or persons claiming by, from, or under any fuch bishop: and that from and after the respective times aforesaid, it shall not be lawful to or for the respective bishops of the said dioceses, or any of them, their, or any, or either of their successors, farmers, bailiffs, or lesses, or any of them, or any other person or persons whatsoever, claiming by or under fuch bishops, or any or either of them, to take, receive, or demand of any person or persons, any manner of mortuary or corfe-prefent, or any fum or fums of money, or other thing, for or in the name, lieu or stead of any mortuary or corse-present, or to convene, cite, sue or prosecute any person or persons before any judge spiritual, or in any of her Majesty's courts of law, or other court whatsoever, for the recovery of, or for, touching or concerning any mortuary or corfepresent, or any thing in lieu thereof, for or by reason or on account of the death of any priest or clergyman within the said respective dioceses or jurisdictions, at any time after the respective times aforesaid; any thing in the said recited act, or any law. custom or usage whatever, to the contrary notwithstanding.

And the bithops of the faid dioceles thall not take any mortuaries after the times limited above.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Recompense That in recompense and satisfaction to the bithop of St. Asaph to the bishop of St. Asaph and his fuccessors, for such mortuaries as might arise or become and his fuccesdue or payable to the said bishop of St. Asaph, or his succesfors, for fuch fors, by virtue of the said recited act, upon the death of any mortuaries. priest or clergyman, the rectory sine cura, which shall first after the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, happen to be void, and be in the collation of the bishop of the said diocese of St. Asaph, or any of his succesfors, shall immediately upon such vacancy, and from thenceforth be annexed and united to the said bishoprick of St. Asaphi

for ever, and all and every the profits, rights, dues, benefits

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and advantages whatfoever of the fame rectory, or thereto in any wife belonging or appertaining, shall or may be had, received, taken and injoyed by the bishop of the said diocese and his successors for ever.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Recompense That in recompense and satisfaction to the bishop of Bangor and to the bishop his successors, for such mortuaries as might arise or become due of Bangor, sec. or payable to the faid bishop of Bangor, or his successors, by virtue of the faid recited act, upon the death of any priest or clergymen, the rectory fine Cura, which shall next happen to be void, and be in the collation of the bishop of the said diocese of Bangor, or any of his successors, shall, immediately upon such vacancy, and from thenceforth be annexed and united to the faid bishoprick of Bangor for ever; and all and every the profits, rights, dues, benefits and advantages whatfoever of the fame rectory, or thereto in any wife belonging or appertaining, shall or may be had, received, taken, and enjoyed by the bishop of the said

diocese of Bangor and his successors for ever. IV. Provided always, That nothing in this act shall extend The bishops of to enable any bishop in either of the said dioceses of St. Asaph St. Asaph and and Bangor, to demise, let, or set; and that it shall not be law- Bangor, shall ful to or for the bishops of either of the said dioceses, or any of rectories unittheir successors, to demise, lease, set, or let to farm, or other-ed to their wife, either of such rectories sine Cura, annexed and united to bishopricks for the respective bishopricks of St. Asaph and Bangor, as aforemen- any longer

tioned, or any the rights, dues, benefits, or profits thereof, for they continue any longer time than such bishop, by whom any lease of either bishops. of the said rectories fine Cura shall be made, shall continue bishop of the said diocese; any statute, law, or usage whatsoever

to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Recompense in recompense and satisfaction to the bishop of Landuff and his to the bishop successors, for such mortuaries as might arise or become due or of Landaff payable to the faid bishop of Landoff, or his successors, by virtue of the faid recited act, upon the death of any priest or clergyman, whenfoever the treasurership, with the prebend thereto annexed, founded in the cathedral church of Landaff, shall next happen to be void, the faid treasurership and prebend shall, immediately upon such vacancy, and from thenceforth be annexed and united to the faid bishoprick of Landaff for ever; and all and every the profits, rights, dues, benefits, and advantages what foever, of the faid treasurership and prebend, or thereto in any wife belonging or appertaining, shall or may be had, receivtaken and enjoyed by the bishop of the said diocese of Landoff and his fuccessors for ever.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, To the bishoo That in recompence and fatisfaction to the bishop of St. Davids of St. Davids. and his fuccessors, for such mortuaries as might arise or become due or payable to the faid bishop of St. Davids, or his successors, by virtue of the said recited act, upon the death of any priest or clergyman, whenfoever the faid prebend of Langumarch shall next

happen to be void, the faid prebend shall, immediately upon fuch vacancy, and from thenceforth be annexed and united to the faid bishoprick of St. Davids for ever; and all and every the profits, rights, dues, benefits, and advantages whatfoever, of the same prebend, or thereto in any wise belonging or appertaining, shall or may be had, received, taken and enjoyed by the bishop of the said diocese of St. Davids and his successors for ever, in as full and ample manner as the said John Medley now hath or enjoyed, or might or ought to have and enjoy the fame.

The Queen's letters patents to the master of Pembroke the provoit of Oriel college in Oxon, and of Katherine hall in Cambridge, confirmed.

VII. And whereas her Majesty has been graciously pleased, by her letters patents under the great feal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the eleventh day of November in the twelfth year of college, and to her reign, to incorporate Collwell Brickenden doctor in divinity, the master of Pembroke college in the university of Oxford, and his successors, masters of the same college, by the name, stile and title of mato the warden ster of Pembroke college in the university of Oxford; and did thereby grant to the faid master and his successors, masters of the same college, for their better support and maintenance, that canonship or prebend in the cathedral church of the holy and undivided Trinity of Gloucester, which should first happen to be void, and in the gift of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from and after the date of the faid grant; to have and to hold the faid canonship or prebend, to the faid Collwell Brickenden master of the said college, and his successors, masters of the same college, of her Majesty, her heirs and successors. in pure and perpetual alms, for and during his and their respective continuance in the said mastership; and did thereby likewise unite such canonship or prebend, as aforesaid, to the said corporation for ever: and whereas her Majesty has been also graciously pleased, by other her letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the fourteenth day of January in the twelfth year of her reign, to incorporate George Carter doctor in divinity, the provost of Oriel college in the university of Oxford, and his successors. provosts of the same college, by the name, stile and title of provost of the house of the bleffed virgin Mary in Oxon, commonly called Oriel college, of the foundation of Edward the Second, some time King of England, of famous memory; and did thereby grant to the faid provost, and his successors, provosts of the same college, for their better support and maintenance, that canonship or prebend in the cathedral church of Christ, and of the bleffed virgin Mary of Rochester, which should first happen to be void, and in the gift of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from and after the date of the said grant; faving always the right of the arch-deacons of the faid church for the time being, to one of the said canonships, by virtue of a former grant; to have and to hold the faid canonship or prebend, to the faid George Carter, provost of the said college, and his successors, provosts of the same college, of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, in pure and perpetual alms, for and during his and their continuance in the faid provostship; and did thereby likewise unite such canonship or prebend, as aforesaid, to the said corporation for ever: and whereas her Majesty has been further graciously pleased, by other her letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the fix

and twentieth day of April in the thirteenth year of her reign, to incorporate Thomas Sherlock doctor in divinity, master or warden of St. Catharine's college or hall in the university of Cambridge, and bis successors, masters or wardens of the said college or hall, by the name, file, and title of master or warden of St. Catharine's college or hall in the university of Cambridge; and did thereby grant to the said master or warden, and his successors, masters or wardens of the same college or hall, for their better support and maintenance, that canonship or prebend in the cathedral church of the holy and undivided Trinity in Norwich, of the foundation of King Edward the Sixth, which should first happen to be void, and in the gift of her Majesty, ber beirs and successors, from and after the date of the said grant; to have and hold the said canonship or prebend to the said Thomas Sherlock, master or warden of the said college or hall, and his successors, masters or wardens of the same college or hall, of her Majefly, her heirs and successors, in pure and perpetual alms for and during bis and their continuance in the said mastership or wardenship; and did thereby likewife unite such canonship or prebend, as aforesaid, to the faid corporation for ever; as by the faid several and respective recited letters patents (relation being thereunto had) may more fully and at large appear: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said several and respective recited letters patents, and all and fingular the clauses, articles and things therein respectively contained, shall be and are hereby ratified and confirmed, and the faid feveral and respective canonships or prebends shall be, from time to time, for ever, held and enjoyed, according to the true intent and meaning of the several and respective letters patents above recited.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be taken A publick act. and allowed in all courts within this kingdom as a publick act.

IX. Saving nevertheless, and always reserved unto her Ma-Saving to the jefty, her heirs and successors, all and singular first-fruits and crown all tenths, in any wise due or payable to her Majesty, her heirs and first fruits, &c. for such rectosuccessors, for or in respect of such rectories sine Cura, and trea- ries, &c. surership, and prebend thereunto annexed, founded in the cathedral church of Landaff, and the said prebend of Langamarch, and all fuch right and title, as her faid Majesty hath in or to such. first fruits and tenths, or any of them, and which shall continue to be levied and paid in like manner as heretofore; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

X. Saving also to the Queen's majesty, her heirs and success- Another sayfors, and to the respective lessee or lessees of the said treasurer-ing to the thip, and prebend thereunto annexed, founded in the cathedral lesses, &c. church of Landaff, and to the said prebend of Langamarch, and to all and every other person or persons whatsoever, all such eflate, right, title and interest, in, to, or out of the said treasurership and prebend thereto annexed, and the said prebend of Langamarch, as any fuch leffee or leffees, or other person or persons, have or might have or claim, in, to, or out of the said treasurership and prebend thereunto annexed, and the said prebend of Langamarch, if this act had not passed,

CAP. VII.

An all to prevent the growth of schism, and for the further fecurity of the churches of England and Ireland, as by law established.

C. 4.

TATHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of his late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the uniformity of publick prayers, and administration of facraments, and other rites and ceremonies; and for establishing the form of making, ordaining, and confectating bishops, priests and deacons in the church of England, it is, amongst other things enacted, That every schoolmaster keeping any publick or private school, and every person instructing or teaching any youth in any house or private family, as a tutor or schoolmaster, should subscribe before his or her respective archbishop, bishop or ordinary of the diocese, a declaration or acknowledgement, in which, amongst other things was contained, as follows, viz. I A. B. do declare, That I will conform to the liturgy of the church of England, as it is now by law established; and if any schoolmaster, or other person instructing or teaching youth in any private house or family, as a tutor or schoolmaster, should instruct or teach any youth as a tutor or schoolmaster before licence obtained from his respective archbishop, bishop or ordinary of the diocese, according to the laws and statutes of this realm, for which he should pay twelve pence only, and before such subscription and acknowledgement made, as aforesaid, then every such schoolmaster and other instructing and teaching, as aforesaid, should, for the first offence, suffer three months imprisonment without bail or mainprize, and for every second and other such offence should suffer three months imprisonment without bail or mainprize, and also forfeit to his Majesty the sum of five pounds: and whereas notwithstand-ing the said act, sundry papists and other persons dissenting from the church of England, have taken upon them to instruct and teach youth as tutors or schoolmasters, and have for such purpose openly set up schools and seminaries, whereby, if due and speedy remedy be not had, great danger might ensue to this church and state: for the making the said recited act more effectual, and preventing the danger aforesaid, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, &c. before he and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by has subscribed the authority of the same, That every person or persons who so much of the shall, from and after the first day of August next ensuing, keep declaration in any publick or private school or seminary, or teach and instruct as above, and any youth as tutor or schoolmaster, within that part of Great Britain called England, the dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, before such person or persons shall have subthe bishop,&c. scribed so much of the said declaration and acknowledgement, as is before recited, and shall have had and obtained a licence from the respective archbishop, bishop, or ordinary of the place, under his seal of office (for which the party shall pay one shilling, and no more, over and above the duties payable to her Majesty

None shall keep a school in England, the recited act, obtained a licence from

Majesty for the same) and shall be thereof lawfully convicted. upon an information, presentment, or indictment, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or at the assizes, or before justices of oyer and terminer, shall and may be committed to the common gaol of such county, riding, city, or town corpo- On penalty of rate, as aforesaid, there to remain without bail or mainprize, for a months imthe space of three months, to commence from the time that

fuch person or persons shall be received into the said goal.

II. Provided always, and be it hereby enacted, That no li-Bishop not to cence shall be granted by any archbishop, bishop, or ordinary, grant such liunless the person or persons who shall sue for the same, shall cence without produce a certificate of his or their having received the facrament the person's according to the usage of the church of England, in some parish having receivchurch, within the space of one year next before the grant of ed the sacra-, fuch licence, under the hand of the minister and one of the ment, taken church wardens of the faid parish, nor until such person or per-in 25 Car. s, fons shall have taken and subscribed the oaths of allegiance and c. a. fupremacy, and abjuration, as appointed by law, and shall have made and subscribed the declaration against transubstantiation, contained in the act made in the twenty fifth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for preventing dangers which may happen from popish recusants, before the said archbishop, bishop, or ordinary; which said oaths and declarations, the faid archbishop, bishop, or ordinary, are hereby impowered and required to administer and receive; and such archbishops, bishops, and ordinaries, are required to file such certificates, and keep an exact register of the same, and of the taking and subscribing such oaths and declarations.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Person having That any person who shall have obtained a licence, and subscrib- a licence, and ed the declarations, and taken and subscribed the oaths, as above any convenappointed, and shall at any time after, during the time of his or ticle, &c. liable their keeping any publick or private school or seminary, or in- to the penal-Aructing any youth as tutor or schoolmaster, knowingly or wil- ties in this act, fructing any youth as tutor or icnooimatter, knowingly or wil- and disabled lingly, resort to, or be present at any conventicle, assembly, or from keeping meeting, within England, Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, any ichool. for the exercise of religion in any other manner than according to the liturgy and practice of the church of England, or shall knowingly and willingly be present at any meeting or assembly for the exercise of religion, although the liturgy be there used, where her Majesty (whom God long preserve) and the elector of Brunswick, or such others as shall, from time to time, be lawfully appointed to be prayed for, shall not there be prayed for in express words, according to the liturgy of the church of England, except where such particular offices of the liturgy are used, wherein there are no express directions to pray for her Majesty and the royal family, shall be liable to the penalties in this act, and shall from thenceforth be incapable of keeping any publick or private school or seminary, or instructing any youth as tutor or schoolmaster.

Penalty of other cate. chism than that in the common prayer book. keeping schools without licence.

None to be punished twice.

No fecond profecution shall be while a former is depending.

Not to extend to tutors in colleges, &c. nor in noble-

qualify them-felves.

Nor to foreigners of reformed churches.

Conforming after conviction as by this act, shall be

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, teaching, any That if any person licensed, as aforesaid, shall teach any other catechism than the catechism set forth in the book of common prayer, the licence of such person shall from thenceforth be void, and such person shall be liable to the penalties of this act.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Punishment of it shall and may be lawful, to and for the bishop of the diocese, or other proper ordinary, to cite any person or persons whatsoever, keeping school or seminary, or teaching without licence as aforesaid, and to proceed against, and punish such person or perfons by ecclefiaftical censure, subject to such appeals as in cases of ordinary jurisdiction; this act or any other law to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. Provided always, That no person offending against this

act shall be punished twice for the same offence.

VII. Provided always, That where any person shall be profecuted without fraud or covin in any of the courts aforefaid, for any offence contrary to this act, the same person shall not be afterwards profecuted for the fame offence in any of the faid courts whilst such former prosecution shall be pending, and carried on without any wilful delay; and in case of any such afterprofecution, the person so doubly prosecuted may alledge, plead, or shew forth in his defence against the same, such former profecution pending, or judgment, or fentence thereupon given, the faid pleader first making oath before the judge or judges of the court where such after-prosecution shall be pending, and which faid oath he or they are hereby impowered and required to administer, that the said prior-prosecution was not commenced or carried on by his means, or with his confent or procurement, or by any fraud or collusion of any other person to his knowledge or belief.

VIII. Provided always, That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to any tutor teaching or instructing youth in any college or hall, withmens families. in either of the universities of that part of Great Britain called England, nor to any tutor who shall be employed by any nobleman or noblewoman, to teach his or her own children, grandchildren, or great grand-children only, in his or her family; Provided they provided such tutor, so teaching in any nobleman or noblewoman's family, do in every respect qualify himself according to this act, except only in that of taking a licence from the bishop.

IX. Provided also, That the penalties in this act shall not extend to any foreigner, or alien of the foreign reformed churches, allowed, or to be allowed by the Queen's majesty, her heirs or fuccessors, in England, for instructing or teaching any child or children of any such foreigner or alien only, as a tutor or school-

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person who shall have been convicted, as aforefaid, and thereby made incapable to teach or instruct any again capable youth, as aforefaid, shall, after such conviction, conform to the

church of England for the space of one year, without having of having a been present at any conventicle, assembly, or meeting, as afore-licence, &c. faid, and receive the facrament of the Lord's supper according to the rites and usage of the church of England, at least three times in that year, every such person or persons shall be again capable of having and using a licence to teach school, or to instruct youth as a tutor or schoolmaster, he or they also perform-

ing all that is made requisite thereunto by this act. XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every such Persons conperson so convicted, and afterwards conforming, in manner as forming after aforefaid, shall, at the next term after his being admitted to, or conviction, to taking upon him to teach or instruct youth, as aforesaid, make their having oath in writing in some one of her Majesty's courts at Westmin-conformed. fter, in publick and open court, or at the next quarter sessions for that county or place where he shall reside, between the hours of nine and twelve in the forenoon, that he hath conformed to the church of England for the space of one year before such his admission, without having been present at any conventicle, affembly or meeting, as aforefaid, and that he hath received the facrament of the Lord's supper at least three times in the year, which oath shall be there inrolled, and kept upon record.

XII. Provided always, That this act shall not extend, or be Not to extend construed to extend, to any person, who as a tutor, or school- to such as master, shall instruct youth in reading, writing, arithmetick, or teach to read, any part of mathematical learning only, so far as such mathe- write, &c. anatical learning relates to navigation, or any mechanical art only, and so as such reading, writing, arithmetick or mathematical learning, shall be taught in the English tongue only.

XIII. And whereas by an act of parliament made in Ireland, in the seventeenth and eighteenth years of his said late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the uniformity of publick prayers, and administration of the sacraments, and other rites and ceremonies; and for establishing the form of making, ordaining, and consecrating of bisbops, priests, and deacons in the church of Ireland; it is enacted, concerning schoolmasters and other persons instructing youth in private families in Ireland, as in and by the above recited act is enacted concerning schoolmasters and others instructing youth in private families in that part of Great Britain called England: and whereas it is reasonable, that where the law is the fame, the remedy and means for enforcing the execution of the law should be the same; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the remedies, provisions, and clauses, in and by this act given, made, and enacted, shall extend, and be deemed, construed, and adjudged to extend to This act shall Ireland, in as full and effectual manner, as if Ireland had been extend to Ireland. expressy named and mentioned in all and every the clauses in

Repealed by 5 George 1. cap. 4.

altered

CAP. VIII.

An act for encouraging the tobacco trade.

7& 8 W. 3. c. 10. and 2 Jac. 2. c.4.

WHEREAS by an act made in the seventh year of the reign of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act for continuing several duties granted by former acts upon wines and vinegar, and upon tobacco and East India goods, and other merchandizes imported, for carrying on the war against France, the methods prescribed for collecting the impost duty upon tobacco, granted by an act passed in the first year of the reign of King James the Second, are altered, and, among other things, it is enacted, That on any payment of the said duty for tobacco to be consumed here, there be an allowance of eight pounds per cent. for the merchant's encouragement, in consideration of waste and shrinkage in the cellars, and an allowance of four pounds per cent. in consideration of waste that may arise on any tobacco exported within the time allowed by law, to be struck off only from the entries, and not to be paid where the whole quantity entred shall happen to be exported; both which acts are since continued, and are now in force: and whereas by law there are feveral other duties payable on the importation of tobacco, but no provifion is made thereby for giving any allowance out of the same, in consideration of waste or shrinkage, as aforesaid; and it being reasonable that the manner of collecting the several duties upon tobacco should be in one uniform method, and that the same allowance for waste and sprinkage on the consumption here, should be granted to the exporters, for the preservation and improvement of that most beneficial trade, which, for many years past, hath greatly declined; be it enacted and de-1714. for five clared by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, during the term of sive years, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, there shall, for the better encouragement of the said confumption and export trade, be an allowance of eight pounds per cent. made to the merchant at importation, out of all the duties payable upon tobacco, instead of the aforesaid eight pounds, Not to be de- and four pounds per cent. which by the before recited acts are to be allowed only out of the impost duty, and which said allowance of eight pounds per cent. out of all the faid duties, shall not be deducted from the merchants on exportation; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

After 1 June years, 81. per cent. allowed out of all the duties on tobacco.

ducted on exportation.

II. And whereas by the act of tonnage and poundage made in the 33 Car. 2. c. 4. twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, and by the book of rates thereunto annext, an additional duty of one penny per pound was made payable for all tobacce of the English plantations, upon giving security for payment of the same at nine months after the importation: and whereas by the faid act made in the first year of the reign of 3 Jac. 2. C. 4. the late King James the Second, a duty of impost of three pence per pound was laid on the same tobacco, and fix pence per pound on all tobacco

of foreign plantations, the method of collecting which impost duty was

altered by the said ast made in the seventh year of the reign of the late King William the Third, and thereby the payment thereof was to 7 & 8 W. 3. be at the end of eighteen months, with certain discounts at different c. 10. rates for prompt payment within the respective times thereby limited: and whereas by an act made in the ninth year of the reign of his said late majesty King William the Third, a further subsidy of one penny per pound was laid on all tobacco of the English plantations, payable 9 & 10 W. 3. in three months from the importation, upon security: and whereas by c. 23. one other act made in the second year of her Majesty's reign, a duty of one third part of one penny per pound was made payable on the 2&3 Ann.c.9. Same tobacco, and the importer to have nine months for the payment thereof, on sufficient security; all which acts before mentioned are, by several subsequent acts, since continued, and are now in force: and whereas the payment of the said several duties, at the different times, as before mentioned, according to the respective acts of parliament, bas by experience been found prejudicial and burthensome to trade, and a loss to the revenue: for prevention whereof for the future, be it All duties on further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after tobacco to be the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, paid at the during the term of five years, and from thence to the end of the months.

then next session of parliament, all the said several and respect- By 5 Geo. 1. tive duties on tobacco, granted by the aforementioned acts of c.7. this act is parliament, and fince continued, shall be due and payable, dur- continued as ing the term aforesaid, at the end of eighteen months, to commence at the end of thirty days after the master's report of the shall continue. thip, or to commence from the merchant's entry of the goods within those thirty days, which shall first happen, and the bond or bonds to be given for the same, shall be made payable at the end of eighteen months accordingly; any statute or law to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, That if the importer or proprietor of Allowance for tobacco shall, upon entry thereof, pay ready money for all or ready money. any part of the said duties within the said thirty days, or at any time or times within any of the first fifteen months of the said eighteen months, to commence at the end of the faid thirty days after the master's report of the ship, he shall, in lieu of all former discounts made for prompt payment, out of all the said duties have an allowance made of ten pounds per cent. per ann. for the said fifteen months, or proportionably for so many intire months of the faid fifteen months as shall then remain unexpired, but not to be allowed any discount after the end of fifteen months, nor for any less time than a month; and in case after the importer or proprietor shall have given security, 28 aforesaid, (which at his election may be in one or more bond or bonds) to pay the faid several duties in eighteen months, and shall be desirous to discharge his bond or bonds, or any part thereof, in ready money, sooner than fifteen months, he shall be abated upon the bond or bonds for such prompt payment, so much as the faid discount shall amount to, in proportion to such time, but not to be allowed any discount after the end of fifteen

months.

IV. Pro-

Not to take away 8 l. per the fublidies.

IV. Provided also, That nothing in this act contained, is intended to take away the faid allowance of eighteen pounds thrinkage, nor per cent. to be made out of the several duties for the merchants 51. in the hun-encouragement, and in confideration of waste and shrinkage, dred out of nor the allowance of five in the hundred fidies, and the faid additional duty, by virtue of the respective act of tonnage and poundage, and other acts before recited.

V. And whereas several merchants and other persons concerned in

On paying of 1 d. per lb. tobacco may be ware-

the importation of tobacco of the English plantations, are frequently under difficulties, and unable to give good and sufficient security for the payment of the several duties imposed thereon: and whereas putting the same into proper warehouses may not only be an ease and convenience to the importers thereof, but also a security to her Majesty's revenue, be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That down the duty from and after the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, during the term of five years, and from thence to the end of the then next fession of parliament, in case any boused at mer- person importing any of the said tobacco, shall pay down in chants charge. ready money the subsidy of one penny per pound due and pay-32 Car. 2. C.4. able to her Majesty by the act of the twelfth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, or by any act or acts continuing the same, and shall then defire to have the said tobacco put into warehouses, under the Queen's and the merchant's locks, for the fecurity of the remainder of the duties, the merchant or his fervants shall have free access into the said warehouses, at all seasonable times; and the custom-house officers are hereby required to attend, without fee or reward: and it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners or principal officers of the customs, to permit and cause the said tobacco to be lodged and put into warehouses (to be provided by and at the charge of the merchants, and to be first approved by the said commissioners or officers) upon the merchant's giving his own bond for payment of the duties at the end of fifteen months; and if the importer or importers of such tobacco, as has been fo lodged in the warehouses, shall not, within the said time of fifteen months, offer good and sufficient security for payment of the duties at the end of the said eighteen months, or by debentures on exportation of fuch tobacco, or payment of the feveral duties for which his own bond hath been given, discharge his or their obligations, or any part thereof, but that the tobacco, or any part thereof, shall continue and be still remaining in the faid warehouses, for want of the payment of the duties due thereon; in such case it shall be lawful for the faid commissioners, or principal officers of the customs for the time being, and who are hereby required and impowered, to cause the said tobacco so remaining to be publickly sold by inch of candle, first giving the proprietor or proprietors fourteen days notice, or leaving the fame in writing at the place of his or their last abode, the product thereof, after such sale, first to be applied towards payment of the customs and charges that have

been expended thereon, and the overplus, if any, to be ren-

else to be fold by inch of

gandle.

Merchant to

give his own bond to pay

the duties at

15 months

end,

dred and paid to the proprietor, or other person lawfully authorized to receive the fame.

VI. Provided always, That in case any tobacco put into the Tobacco faid warehouses, and so locked up, as aforesaid, shall be burnt burnt in the or destroyed by fire, during the time it remains in the said ware-warehouses, the proprietors or owners of such tobacco shall be allowallowed, and ed the duties paid, and the bond shall be discharged for so much bond dis-

thereof as shall have been so burnt or destroyed

VII. And whereas divers great quantities of tobacco of the English For tobacco in plantations have been imported for some time, but by reason of the the river undeadness of the tobacco trade, occasioned by the length of the late war, the importers or proprietors thereof have not entred the faid tobacco. and paid or secured the duties for the same, as the law requires; for relief therefore of the faid importers or proprietors of the faid tobacco in this special case, be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the time of importation of all such tobaccoes, Time of imas are already imported, and not entred, shall be reckoned to portation to be be from the second day of June one thousand seven hundred and reckoned from fourteen, in like manner as if the masters of the said ships or 2 June 1714vessels had made report of their several ladings on that day; and the importers or proprietors of such tobacco shall pay or secure the duties, and have and enjoy the several allowances and discounts, and be entituled to draw back the duties, as fully and in like manner as if the faid tobacco had been imported, and the masters of the ships had made their respective reports of their ladings, on the faid second day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; any law, usage or custom, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

VIII. And whereas it hath been found by experience, that her Ma- No allowance jesty's revenue suffers great prejudice, as well by allowances for da-for damaged maged tobacco, as by the obtaining a drawback by debenture on the re-tobacco. shipping the same, as if such tobacco had been sound and good, and paid the duties at importation; for preventing the like abuses for the future, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, within or during the term of five years thence next ensuing, or at any time before the end of the then next session of parliament, no merchant or other person whatfoever shall have any allowance or abatement for the subsidies or other duties made him, for any fort of tobacco imported, or to be imported, under pretence of fuch tobacco being corrupt or unmerchantable: but in case any merchant or other person shall Merchant refecure the whole duties due and payable for the same, then he the duties, such tobacco refuse to make entry of such damaged tobacco, and to pay and fusing to pay or they shall have liberty to separate from his or their tobacco, to be destroyso much thereof as they shall refuse to pay custom for; and the ed, &c. principal officers of her Majesty's customs, or any two or more of them, shall cause all such corrupt tobacco to be weighed and publickly burnt, or otherwise destroyed as not wholsome and fit for use; and the owner or importer thereof shall be discharged from paying or fecuring any subfidy, or other duties for the same,

charged.

to her Majesty; any law, custom or usage, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Owner to be for every 200 lb.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authoallowed 25 lb. rity aforesaid, That every owner or importer of such damaged and corrupt tobacco shall, as a compensation for freight and other charges, and for that the cutting off, and separating the fame, may deface the remainder of the tobacco, have an allowance of twenty-five pounds weight of tobacco, free of all duties. for every one hundred pounds of such corrupt and damaged tobacco so separated, to be burnt or destroyed, as aforesaid, and The allowance fo in proportion for any greater or leffer quantity; which allowance of twenty-five pounds for every one hundred pounds of tobacco fo to be made, as aforefaid, shall be by certificate; and the officers are hereby required to make, pass, and pay such certificate without fee or reward, the tobacco mentioned in fuch certificate not to be placed to the merchant's export account, for as such allowance of twenty-five pounds of tobacco for every one hundred pounds of damaged tobacco to separated or destroyed, does not exceed the quantity of one hundred and fifty pounds of tobacco, upon or for any hogshead of Arranoco tobacco, or the quantity of two hundred pounds of tobacco, upon or for any hogshead of sweet-scented tobacco.

and not to be placed to the export account, &c.

to be by cer-

tificate,

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authoformer allow- rity aforesaid. That nothing in this act contained shall be confirued to forbid or hinder the merchants or importers having an allowange made them for damaged tobacco, in fuch manner as hath been usual, so as such allowance doth not exceed forty pounds weight of tobacco upon any one hogshead; and for the more ready dispatch of business, such small damages, not exceeding forty pounds weight on any one hogshead, shall be viewed. and the allowance made in the scale; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Not to hinder ances, not exceeding 40 lb. on any one hogshead.

> XI. And whereas it frequently happens that divers goods and merchandizes are brought into her Majesty's storehouses for want of being entred, and because the duties of tonnage and poundage, and other duties are not paid and secured as the law directs, which goods do remain there divers years, and often so long, until they are perished, and become of no value, whereby the Queen hath lost the whole cuftom due on the importation of the faid goods; for prevention whereof for the future, be it likewise enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, the commissioners of the customs for the time being shall, in all cases where the goods are or shall be brought into her Majesty's storehouses for security of the customs, and other duties due thereon, as foon as conveniently they can, cause all goods so brought into her Majesty's storehouses, as aforesaid, which shall have remained there for the space of twelve months, the fubfidy and other duties not paid, compounded for, or otherwise secured as the law directs, to be publickly sold by auction or inch of candle; and after fuch fale, the produce thereof is first to be applied to or towards the payment of the freight

Goods in warehouses unentered to be fold at publick fale. Altered by 12 Geo. 1. C. 18. f. 19.

freight, primage and charges of warehouse-room, and other charges that shall arise thereon, next the customs and duties, and the overplus to be paid to the proprietor, or other persons authorised to receive the same.

XII. And whereas an act passed in the eighth year of her Maje- 8 Ann. c. 130 fly's reign for continuing several impositions, additional impositions, and duties upon goods imported, to raise money by way of loan for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, and for better preventing frauds in drawbacks upon certificate goods, and for other purposes therein mentioned; in which all there were several regulations enacted to be complied with, in order to intitle the exporters of tobacco to their debentures; which new regulations, being made to commence from the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred and ten, by which time the same could not be known in Scotland, several parcels of tobacco through ignorance, were exported from thence without regard to the regulations laid down in the faid att, the debentures of which tobacco have been refused to be made forth and allowed to the merchants upon that account only; be it therefore For all tobacenacted by the authority aforefaid, That for all tobacco export- co exported ed from Scotland, after the twenty-seventh day of March one from Scotland thousand seven hundred and ten, and before the fixteenth day March and 16 of April following, the barons of the Exchequer in Scotland shall April 1710. cause the debentures to be made forth, and allowed to the mer- Exchequer chants, according to the laws in force before the faid twenty- there to make seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred and ten; any out debenthing in the aforesaid act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And whereas there has been some doubt whether the depu- Deputations tations or authorities granted to collectors, surveyors, or other infe-withstanding rior officers of the customs, do remain in force upon the death or re- the death, &c. moval of any of the commissioners of the customs, by whom the depu- of commistations were granted; be it enacted and declared by the authority fioners. aforesaid, That all such collectors, surveyors, or other inferior officers of the customs, who are or have been, or shall be hereafter deputed or appointed, as aforesaid, shall be deemed to remain and continue in their respective offices and imployments. notwithstanding the death or removal of any of the commisfioners of the customs, who deputed and appointed such officers, until the deputations of fuch officers respectively shall be by the faid commissioners, or any superior authority, revoked, annul-

led, or made void. Continued by 5 Geo. 1. c. 7.

CAP. IX.

An act for laying additional duties on sope and paper, and upon certain linens, filks, callicoes and fuffs, and upon starch, and exported coals, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, for raifing one million four bundred thousand pounds by way of a lottery, for her Majesty's supply : and for allowances on exporting made wares of leather. sbeep skins, and lamb skins, and for distribution of four thousand pounds due to the officers and seamen for gunmoney; and to adjust the property of tickets in former lotteries; and touching certain shares of stock in the capital of the South Sea company; and for appropriating the monies granted to ber Majesty.

For the appli-cation of the furplus of the duties bereby granted, see 2 Geo. 2. c. 3. J. 2. for payment of annui-

TAY it please your most excellent Majesty, we your Maje-M At it please your more excessions, the commons of fty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, being defirous that fuch supplies as are necessary for defraying your Majesty's publick expences, may be effectually raifed, have therefore chearfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give and ties to the bank, grant unto your Majesty the several and respective rates and duties for and upon all sope made in Great Britain, or imported into the fame; and for and upon all paper made in Great Britain. or imported into the same; and for and upon all chequered and striped linens to be imported into Great Britain; and for and upon certain filks, callicoes, and other enumerated goods, which shall be printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain: and for and upon all starch made in Great Britain; and for and upon all coals exported for foreign parts; and for and upon fuch stampt vellum, parchment and paper, and other things hereafter in this act more particularly described or mentioned, for and during such term or terms of years, and in such manner and For 12 years, form, as are herein after expressed; and do most humbly befeech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted 1714. Sope im by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice the additional and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons. in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the fame, That there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid, unto and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all fope of what kind foever, which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the second day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, or made within the fame, the feveral and respective additional or new duties herein after described or mentioned (over and above all customs, subfidies, rates and duties chargeable upon fuch fope, or any part thereof, by any other act or acts of parliament now in force) that is to fay, For every pound weight, confisting of fixteen

from 2 Aug. ported to pay duty of 1 d. per lb. Made perpetual *by* 6 G∞. 1. č. 4. f. 1.

ounces averdupois, of such sope so to be imported or brought into the said kingdom, within or during the term aforesaid, one penny, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid down in ready money by the importers thereof, from time to time, before the landing of the same; and for every such sopemade in pound weight of sope to be made in the said kingdom of Great Great Britain Britain, within and during the term aforesaid, one halfpenny, ob. per lb. and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid by the makers thereof respectively.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Additional there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for duty upon the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon board, &c. all paper of what kind soever, and all pastboards, millboards Made perpetual and scaleboards, which at any time or times within or during by 6 Geo. 1. the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the said c. 4. s. 1. second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain (printed books, maps, and other prints, always excepted) the several and respective rates and duties herein after expressed (over and above the present customs, subsidies and duties upon the same commodities respectively) that is to say,

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Atlas Fine. of Atlas Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-said, the sum of eight shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Atlas Ordinas of Atlas Ordinary, which shall be imported or brought in, as 2-ry. foresaid, the sum of four shillings for every ream, and after that

rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Imperial Fine. of Imperial Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as 2-foresaid, the sum of eight shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Super Royal of Super Royal Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as Fine. aforesaid, the sum of six shillings for every ream, and after that

rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Royal Fine. of Royal Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-said, the sum of sour shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Medium Fins. of Medium Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-faid, the sum of three shillings for every ream, and after that rate

for any greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Demy Fine. of Demy Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-faid, the sum of two shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Demy Second.

of Demy Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of one shilling and three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Demy Printing.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Demy Printing, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of ten pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Fine Holland Royal.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fine Holland Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the sum of one shilling and seven pence halfpenny for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Fine Holland Second.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fine Holland, Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Blue Royal.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Blue Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Painted Paper imported.

For and upon all painted paper, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the sum of four shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Cartridge Paper.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Cartridge Paper, which shall be imported and brought in, as aforesaid, the sum of nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Elephant Fine.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Elephant Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of four shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Ordinary Elephant.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Ordinary Elephant, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the sum of one shilling and seven pence halfpenny for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Fine Large Post.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fine Large Post, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the sum of one shilling and three pence for every ream. and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Fine Fools Cap.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fine Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, 28,2forefaid, one shilling and three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Second Fools Сар.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Second Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Bastard or

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Double Copy. of Bastard or Double Copy, which shall be imported or brought: in, as aforefaid, one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name

of Chancery Double, which shall be imported or brought in, as Chancery aforesaid, one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a Double. greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name super Fine of Super Fine Pot, which shall be imported or brought in, as a Pot. foresaid, one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a

greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Second Fine of Second Fine Pot, which shall be imported or brought in, as a-pot. foresaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Royal, of Genoa Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-faid, one shilling and seven pence half-penny for every ream,

and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Medium, which shall be imported or brought in, as a dium. foresaid, one shilling and three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Demy of Genoa Demy Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as Fine. aforesaid, one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a

greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Demy of Genoa Demy Second, which shall be imported or brought in, Second. as aforesaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Crown of Genoa Crown Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as Fine aforesaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a

greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Crown of Genoa Crown Second, which shall be imported or brought in, Second. as aforesaid, six pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Fool's of Genoa Fools Cap Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, Cap Fine. as aforesaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for

a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Fool's of Genoa Fool's Cap Second, which shall be imported or brought in, Cap Second. as aforesaid, six pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name German Longof German Lombard, which shall be imported or brought in, as bard.,
aforesaid, six pence for every ream, and after that rate for a

greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name German Deof German Domy, which shall be imported or brought in, as a-my. foresaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For ,

German Crown.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of German Crown, which shall be imported or brought in, as zforesaid, six pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Getman Fool's Cap.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of German Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, 25 aforesaid, six pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Paftboard, Scaleboard, &c.

For and upon all pastboards, millboards, and scaleboards, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, two shillings and fix pence for every hundred weight, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Paper not parged.
In part repealc. 7. fect. 4.

And for and upon all other paper, white or brown, or of any ticularly char-other colour or kind whatfoever, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, (not being particularly charged in this ed by 11 Geo. 1. act) a duty after the rate of ten pounds for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value of the same, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

To be paid by

Which said duties for and upon the said several sorts of paper, the importer. and the faid pastboards, millboards, and scaleboards, to be imported within or during the term aforefaid, shall be paid by the respective importers thereof from time to time.

Paper, pastboards, &c. Britain.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for made in Great the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all paper of what kind foever, and upon all pastboards, millboards, and scaleboards, which thall at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, be made in Great Britain, the several and respective duties herein after mentioned, That is to say,

Demy Fine.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Demy Fine, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Demy Second.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Demy Second, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Crown Fine.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Crown Fine, which shall be so made in Great Britain; the sem of fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater br letler quantity.

Crown Second.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Crown Second, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the fum of four pence half-penny for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Fool's Cap Fine.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fools Cap Fine, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Fool's Cap Seof Fools Cap Second, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the cond. fum of four pence half-penny for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Fine Pots. of Fine Pots, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or

leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Second Pots. of Second Pots, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called by the name of Brown Brown Large Large Cap, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of Cap. three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or

leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Small Ordinaof Small Ordinary Brown, which shall be so made in Great Bri-ry Brown. tain, the sum of two pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Whited of Whited Brown, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum Brown. of three pence for every bundle, each bundle containing forty quires, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all pastboards, millboards and scaleboards, Pastboard, &c. which shall be made in Great Britain, one shilling and six pence for every hundred weight, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

And for and upon all other paper, white or brown, or of Paper not parany other colour or kind whatfoever, which shall be made in ticularly Great Britain, as aforesaid, (not being particularly charged in charged, this act) a duty after the rate of fix pounds for every hundred pounds of the true and real value of the same, and after that rate for any greater or leffer quantity.

Which said duties for and upon the said several sorts of paper. To be paid by and other the commodities last mentioned to be made in Great the maker. Britain, within or during the term aforesaid, shall be paid by

the makers thereof respectively.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, That for and upon all paper, Painted paper. which, at any time or times, during the term last mentioned, shall be printed, painted, or stained in Great Britain, to serve for hangings, and other uses, there shall be answered and paid to her Majesty (over and above the duties payable for such paper before the printing, painting, or staining thereof) the sum of one half-penny for every yard square, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity, to be paid by such person or persons as shall print, paint, or stain the same.

V. And

Chequered ad valorem. except buckrams, &c. The duties in this and the next section are made perpetual by 6 Geo. I. C. 4. f. I.

V. And be it also enacted by the authority asoresaid, That and ftriped li-there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the ported, to pay use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all 151. per cent, chequered and striped linens, and upon all linens printed, painted, stained, or dyed after the manufacture, or in the thread or yarn before the manufacture, in any foreign parts (excepting buckrams, lawns, canvas, barras, and Silesia neckcloths) which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, and may lawfully be used or worn there (over and above all other customs, subsidies or duties, imposed upon, or payable for the same) a duty after the rate of fifteen pounds for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, to be paid by the importers respectively.

Duty on files, callicoes, linens and fluffs, printed in Great Britain.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all filks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, of what kind soever, which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be printed, stained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain (fuch callicoes, linens and fustians, as shall be dyed throughout of one colour only, and stuffs made of woolen, or whereof the greatest part in value shall be woolen, always excepted) the several and respective rates and duties herein after expressed (over and above all other duties payable for the same, or any of them;) That is to say,

Exception.

Silks.

For and upon all filks so printed, stained or painted, within or during the term aforefaid, in Great Britain (filk handkerchiefs excepted) the fum of fix pence for every yard in length, reckoning half a yard for the breadth.

Silk handkerchiefs.

And for all filk handkerchiefs fo printed, stained or painted, within or during the term aforesaid, in Great Britain, the sum of one penny for every yard fquare, and in those proportions for wider or narrower filks.

Callicoes. The duties in this and the next sectim are made perpetual by ſ. r. Linen and stuffs.

For and upon all callicoes to be so printed, stained, painted or dyed, within or during the term aforefaid, in Great Britain, (except as aforefaid) the fum of three pence for every yard in length, reckoning one yard wide, and after that proportion.

And for and upon all linen and stuffs (except before excepted) 6 Geo.1. c.4. to be printed, stained, painted or dyed, as aforesaid, in Great Britain, within or during the term last mentioned, the sum of one penny half-penny for every yard in length, reckoning yard wide, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Starch imported to pay 2 d. per lb.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all starch,

which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the said second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all customs, subsidies and duties, already imposed thereupon) Made in the sum of two pence for every pound weight, consisting of fix- Great Britain the ium of two pence for every pound weight, comming of hatten id. teen ounces averdupois, and after that rate for a greater or lesser Made perpetual quantity, to be paid down in ready money by the importers by 6 Geo. 1. thereof, from time to time, before the landing of the same; and c.4. s. 1. for and upon all starch, of what kind soever, which at any time Every box of or times, within or during the fame term of two and thirty green flarch of years, shall be made within the said kingdom of Great Britain, length, and the fum of one penny for every such pound weight averdupois, so in breadth, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity, the fame to be to be charged paid by the makers thereof respectively.

VIII. And it is hereby declared, That if the charge on starch be made by gauging the laid starch before it be dried in the stove, The depth of inch box prothen, and in every such case, every box of green starch, or wided for, ftarch before it be so dried, containing fifty-seven inches in 1Geo. 1. stat. 1. length, and ten inches in breadth, shall from the said second c. 2. s. 6. day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, be Esteemed one hundred thirty-one averdupois pound weight of flarch dried and perfectly made, and shall be charged according-

ly, and proportionably for greater or leffer quantities.

IX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there Coals exportshall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the use ed in foreign of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all coals bottoms to which at any time or times, within or during the term of two chalder, and thirty years, to be reckoned from the said second day of Augast one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be shipped to be exported beyond the seas (coals exported to Ireland, the If of Man, or her Majesty's plantations excepted) the duties following, that is to fay, for such coals shipped to be exported by foreign bottoms, the fum of five shillings the chalder, Neweaftle measure (over and above the present duties upon the same;) and for all coals which at any time or times, within or during the fame term of two and thirty years, shall be shipped to be exported beyond the seas in British bottoms, the sum of three in British botshillings for every chalder, Newcastle measure (over and above toms, 38. Made perpetual the present duties payable for the same) and no more; any law by 6 Geo. 1. to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority a- The import foresaid, That all the duties imposed by this act upon such sope, duties to be paper, pastboards, millboards, scaleboards, chequered and under the maftriped linens, or any other commodities before charged, as shall nagement of the commisbe imported into England, Wales, and the town of Berwick upon sioners of the Tweed, during the term or terms aforefaid, and all the duties customs. which shall arise in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for coals to be exported during the term therein granted, as aforehid, shall be under the management of the commissioners and officers of the customs in England for the time being, according

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to the duties of their respective offices; and that all the duties imposed by this act upon such sope, paper, pastboards, millboards, scaleboards, and chequered and striped linens, or any the commodities before charged, as shall be imported into Statland, during the respective terms aforesaid, and all the duties imposed by this act, which shall arise in Scotland, for coals to be exported during the faid term therein granted, as aforefaid, shall be under the management of the commissioners and officers of the customs in Scotland for the time being, according to the duties of their respective offices; and that the respective receivers general of the customs in England and Scotland for the time being shall, from time to time, pay or cause to be paid, all the monies that they shall respectively receive for the said imported commodities, and for the faid exported coals (the necesfary charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer in England, distinctly and apart from all other branches of the publick revenues, for the purposes in this act expressed, and under the like penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are to be inflicted by this act for diverting or misapplying any monies by this act appropriated or appointed for any the purposes herein after mentioned.

Sope, paper, &c. made in Great Britain, to be under the management of the commissioners of excise.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the duties imposed by this act upon such sope, paper, pastboard, millboard, scaleboard, starch, and other commodities hereby particularly charged, as shall be made in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, during the term or terms aforefaid, and all the duties imposed by this act, upon such filks, callicoes, linens, stuffs and paper, as shall be printed, painted, stained or dyed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, at any time or times within or during the term or terms therein granted, as aforefaid, shall be under the management of the commissioners of excise in *England* for the time being, and the officers imployed or to be imployed under them; and that all the duties imposed by this act upon such sope, paper, pastboard, miliboard, scaleboard, starch, and other commodities before particularly charged, as shall be made in Scotland during the term or terms aforesaid, and all duties imposed by this act upon such filks, callicoes, linens, stuffs and paper, as shall be printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Scotland, at any time or times within or during the term or terms therein granted, as aforefaid, shall be under the management of the commissioners of excise in Scotland for the time being, and the officers to be imployed under them; and that the faid respective commissioners of excise in England and Scotland for the time being shall, from time to time, pay or cause to be paid, all the monies that they shall respectively receive for the faid duties upon lope, paper, pattboard, miliboard, scaleboard and starch, as shall be made in Great Britain within or during the respective terms aforesaid, and for the said duties upon fuch filks, callicoes, linens, stuffs and paper, as shall be printed, painted, stained or dyed in Great Britain, at any time or times within or during the respective terms therein granted,

is aforefaid, as the same shall arise, into the receipt of her Maesty's Exchequer in England, under the like penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are to be inflicted by this act for diverting or misapplying any monies by this act appropriated or ap-

pointed for any the purpoles herein after mentioned.

XII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, How these se-That all the several duties by this act imposed, upon sope, pa-veral duties per of all forts, pastboards, millboards, scaleboards, chequered shall be raised, and ftriped linens, and upon printed, painted, stained and dyed &c. filks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, during the faid term or terms of years, therein by this act granted, in all cases whatsoever (except where other provision or direction is specially made or given by this act) shall be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid, by such ways, means and methods, and under fuch pains, penalties and forfeitures, and with the like discounts, allowances, exemptions and drawbacks, and in such manner and form, as the duties imposed on the same commodities respectively, by an act made in the tenth year of her Maje- 10 Ann. c.19. fty's reign, for laying several duties upon sope, paper, chequered and striped linens, and upon certain silks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, printed, painted or stained, (amongst other things thereby charged) for and during the respective terms thereby granted, towards raising the sum of one million eight hundred thoufand pounds therein mentioned, or by any act or acts of parliament thereby referred unto, or by any other act of this sessions of parliament are to be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid respectively; and that the said duty by this act imposed upon starch, during all the said term of two and thirty years therein by this act granted, shall be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid, by fuch ways, means and methods, and under fuch pains, penalties and forfeitures, and with the like discounts, allowances, exemptions and drawbacks, and in such manner and form, as the duties imposed by another act of the tenth year of her Majesty's 10 Ann. c. 26. reign, upon flarch (amongst other things thereby charged) for and during the term thereby granted, towards raising another fum of one million eight hundred thousand pounds therein mentioned, or by any act or acts of parliament thereby referred unto, are to be raifed, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid respectively, except in such case or cases, touching which other directions are given by this act; and that the faid duties by this act imposed upon coals exported to any foreign parts, (except before excepted) during the faid term of years by this act granted of and in the fame, shall be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid, by such ways, means and methods, and under fuch pains, penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the present duties upon exportation of coals, or any other customable goods, to any foreign parts, by any law or statute now in force, during the continuance thereof, are to be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid,

XIII. And

XIII. And for better securing the duties by this act charge-

able upon such of the commodities, as by the first mentioned so Ann. c. 19. act of the tenth year of her Majesty's reign are directed to be marked or stamped: and to the end the duties arising thereupon by this act may be better distinguished, and applied to the sepa-Proper stamps rate use by this act intended, be it further enacted by the authoto be provided. rity aforesaid, That such proper stamps or seals shall, on or before the said second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, be provided and distributed by the said respective commissioners, as may serve to denote the payment or charging of the several duties by this and the said former act chargeable on the same commodities respectively; and that the said stamps or feals by this act directed to be provided, shall be used and applied accordingly, and shall and may, from time to time, be renewed or altered by the faid respective commissioners, as often as there shall be a necessary occasion for renewing the same.

All the powers be in force. 10 Ann. c. 19. & 26.

XIV. And be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid. That in 10 Ann. to all the powers, authorities, rules, directions, pains of death, and other pains, penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters and things whatsoever, contained in the said several acts of the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, for raising, receiving, levying, recovering, securing and paying the duties on such commodities before mentioned, as are by this act charged with new or additional duties thereupon, or touching the marks or flamps thereby directed to be continued, practifed, and put in execution, for raifing, receiving, levying, recovering, fecuring, and paying the same new or additional duties, by this act charged upon the fame commodities respectively, and all arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes as if they were particularly and at large repeated in the body of this prefent act, except in such cases only where any alteration therein is special-

ly made by this act.

XV. And subereas great quantities of filks, callicoes and linens that are printed, painted, stained or dyed in Great Britain, are frequentby shipt off in order to be exported, as is pretended, for which the exporter doth receive a very great drawback; and notwithstanding the law already made to prevent the relanding of them, yet very great quantities are frequently relanded, to the great lessening of her Majefly's revenue, and prejudice of the fair trader; to prevent which evil practices for the future, and to fecure the duties upon the faid goods, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, all and every person and persons that shall export any silks, callicoes or linens that are printed, painted, of packing the stained or dyed, for which a drawback is to be allowed, such person or persons (before he or they shall ship the said goods) in order to obtain the drawback for the same, shall be obliged to give notice to the proper officer or officers to be appointed for that purpose by the respective commissioners of the customs. when and where he will pack up the faid goods in order to be exported; and the faid commissioners of the customs are hereby

Persons exporting filks, &c. to give notice to the proper officer said goods,

impowered and directed to cause such officer to take care to see who is to take that such seal or seals, stamps or marks, be taken off from every care that the piece so intended to be exported, and the said officer or officers seals be taken piece so intended to be exported; and the said officer or officers off from eveshall take an account of the kinds and quantities of the goods so ry piece, &c. intended to be exported, and make a return thereof to the officer that shall be appointed by such commissioners to receive the

fame, without any fee or reward for fo doing.

XVI. And whereas sope is more or less used in washing, scouring, ar preparing the sheeps wool, or lambs wool, to be converted into the woollen manufactures of this realm, and in the making or finishing woollen manufactures, or manufactures mixed with wool, whereof the greatest part of the value of the materials is wooll, and in whitening of new linen in the piece, in order to the sale of such linen, or in some of them, and it being judged reasonable to give an encouragement to persons who shall be employed in the preparing, making or finishing those manufactures, whether the same be for exportation or home consumption; it is hereby further provided and enacted, That it shall On outh or and may be lawful to and for any person and persons, who, af-affirmation of ter the faid fecond day of August one thousand seven hundred and the quantity fourteen, during the continuance of the duties on sope by this in making act granted, shall employ, spend and consume any quantity or cloths, &c. quantities of lope in the making of any cloths, lerges, kerlies, bays, stockings, or other manufactures of sheeps or lambs wool only, or manufactures whereof the greatest part of the value of the materials shall be wool, or in the finishing the said manufactures, or preparing the wool for the same, or in whitening of new linen in the piece, in order to the fale of fuch linen, or to and for his, her, or their chief workman employed under him, her or them in those works, or any of them, from time to time, to make proof in writing by the affidavit of the said person or persons, who shall so employ, spend and consume the faid sope, or of his, her or their chief workman, unless he, she or they be a known quaker or quakers, and by the folemn affirmation of such quaker or quakers, before the collector and fupervisor of the district or division where such sope shall be so employed, spent and consumed, or either of them (who are hereby respectively impowered and required to administer the same, upon the request of the manufacturer, or his, her or their chief workman aforefaid) which faid affidavit or affirmation shall spe. Specifying the city the kinds and quantities of the manufactures so made, finish-manufactures ed, prepared or whitened respectively, and the quantities and so made, &c. kinds of the sope which were actually employed, spent and confumed therein, and that no allowance by virtue of this act, was and that no before made to such manufacturers respectively, or for his, her allowance or their benefit, of the duties payable by this act, for the fope made before so specified in such affidavit or affirmation, or any part thereof: and that upon the making of every such affidavit or affirmation, the faid collector out of the money in his hands of the faid du-Collector to ties upon lope by this act granted, shall pay to the said manu-repay the facturers respectively so much as the whole duties granted by whole duties, this act, for the sope specified in every such affidavit or affirma-

tion taken by the faid collector and supervisor jointly, or by the faid collector fingly, doth amount unto, without any delay; and in case the same were administred by the supervisor only, then upon a certificate thereof made and figned by the faid supervisor (which he is hereby required to make and fign upon demand) the faid collector shall, out of any monies in his hands of the said duties on sope, forthwith pay to the said manufacturers respectively, the said duties so payable by this act for the sope so fpent and confumed, as aforefaid; and in case the collector shall not then have money sufficient in his hands to fatisfy such payments, That then and in every such case, the commissioners of the faid duties on fope for the time being, upon a certificate thereof from the faid collector (who is hereby enjoined and required to make and fign such certificate) shall forthwith cause fuch payments to be made out of any monies arising by the faid duties on sope by this act granted, without any further delay.

Such affidavits, &c. not to be stamped, &c.

XVII. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That the faid affidavits, affirmations and certificates, touching the faid allowance to the woolen and linen manufacturers aforefaid, shall and may be written or printed upon paper not stamped or marked for any the duties charged by any act upon stampt vellum, parchment or paper; and that no fee, gratuity or reward whatsoever, shall be required, demanded or taken from any the said manufacturers, for making any the payments of the faid allowance for lope confumed in the faid woolen or linen manufactures. or for making or taking any the faid affidavits, affirmations, or certificates relating thereunto (except four pence for writing every fuch affidavit, affirmation or certificate) upon pain that any of the faid officers offending therein, shall for every such offence pay treble damages to the party grieved, befides costs of fuit, to be recovered in such manner, as any other penalties relating to the duties upon fope are by this act to be recovered,

Such affidavit, feits treble the value of

XVIII. And for the better preventing frauds and abuses in &c. falle, for- obtaining the allowances last mentioned, it is hereby further enacted, That if any person or persons shall, in such assidavit or the allowance. affirmation, swear, affirm or alledge any matter or thing that shall be false and untrue, with an intent to destraud her Majesty. her heirs or fuccessors, such person or persons offending therein, shall for every such offence forfeit and lose treble the value of the allowance for which such affidavit or affirmation shall be made, to be recovered in like manner (to wit) one third part thereof to the use of the Queen's majesty, and the other two thirds thereof, with costs of suit, to the use of the informer or Second offence profecutor; and if any person or persons, being once convicted of any fuch offence, shall again offend in the like kind, and be thereof duly convicted in any court of record at Westminster, or in any the courts of Scotland, every such person or persons, for such other offence, shall suffer as in cases of wilful and corrupt per-

perjury.

XIX. And whereas it has been found by experience, That several makers of sope, with intent to deceive her Majesty of the just duties by this

bis and the recited all granted, do make sope in private cellars and ther secret places, and fraudulently issue and send out the same in mall casks: for preventing of which evil practice for the future, se it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sour- Soft sope in een, all fost sope that shall be filled in any other cask less than what casks to parrels, half-barrels, firkins and half-firkins, shall be forfeited, be filled. and also the sum of five pounds shall be paid by the maker of uch fope; one moiety thereof to the feizor or informer, and the other moiety to the poor of the parish where such offence shall be committed, to be recovered as any other penalties con-

cerning the duties on fope are by this act recoverable.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, No perfumer, That from and after the said second day of August one thousand &c. to mix seven hundred and fourteen, no perfumer, peruke-maker, bar- alabaster, &c. ber, sellers of, or dealers in hair-powder, shall make, vend, sell, with hair dispose, or make use of, or offer to sale any powder made of or powder. dispose, or make use of, or offer to sale any powder made of or mixed with any alabaster, talke, plaister of Paris, whiting, lime, or other matter or thing of the like nature (sweet scents only excepted) under pain of forfeiting all the hair-powder so made or mixed, or made use of, vended, sold, disposed of, or offered to fale, and the fum of fifty pounds for every such offence, the one moiety thereof to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other moiety to the seizor or informer, to be recovered as any other penalties concerning the duties on starch are by this act recoverable.

XXI. And moreover be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, Additional That there shall be, throughout the kingdom of Great Britain, duties on raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the use of her Majesty; her heirs and successors, for the several and respective matters and things herein after mentioned, which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be engrossed or written (over and above the rates, duties, and fums of money now due or payable to her Majesty, her heirs or successors, for the same) the seve- These duties ral and respective rates, duties, charges and sums of money made perpeherein after expressed, in manner following; That is to say,

tual by 6 Geo.

For every piece of vellum, parchment and paper, upon which Transfer of shall be engroffed or written any transfer of stock in any compa-stock. ny, fociety or corporation whatfoever, within Great Britain, the furm of four shillings and fix pence sterling.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, on which any Great seal or grant or letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, or dutchy seal. the seal of the dutchy or county palatine of Lancaster, of any Pardons, &c. honour, dignity, promotion, franchife, liberty or privilege, to any person or persons, body politick or corporate, or exemplification of the same, shall be engrossed or written (commissions of rebellion in process always excepted) the sum of forty shillings sterling.

For

Pardons, &c.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any pardon (except the general circuits and Newgate pardons) of or for any crime or offence, or of any sum of money or forfeiture whatsoever, or on which any warrant of reprieve or relaxation from any pecuniary sine or forfeiture, exceeding one hundred pounds, or from any corporal punishment, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Grants of money.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any grant from her Majesty, her heirs or successors, of any sum of money exceeding one hundred pounds sterling, which shall pass the great seal of Great Britain, the great seal of Scotland, or the privy seal not directed to the great seal, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Grants of of-

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any grant of any office or employment in *Great Britain*, which shall be above the value of fifty pounds sterling per annum, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Dispensations.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or piece or sheet of paper, upon which any dispensation to hold two ecclesiastical dignities or benefices, or both a dignity and a benefice, or any other dispensation or faculty from the lord archbishop of Canterbury, or the master of the faculties for the time being, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Admittances.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which shall be engrossed or written any admittance or instrument for admitting of any fellow of the college of physicians, or of any attorney, clerk, advocate, proctor, notary, or other officer or officers, in any court whatsoever in Great Britain (not being an annual officer in any corporation or inserior court, whose office is under the value of ten pounds sterling per annum, in salary, sees, or other perquisites) the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Appeals,

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any appeal from the high courts of admiralty, either in *England* or *Scotland*, court of arches, or the prerogative court of *Canterbury* or *York*, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Inftitution or licence,

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which shall be engrossed or written any institution or licence, that shall pass the seal of any archbished or bishop, chancellor or other ordinary, or any ecclesistical court whatsoever in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweet; or upon which shall be engrossed, written or registred, any writ or instrument for the like purpose, with any such institution or licence, that shall be passed or made by any presbytery, or other spiritual power in Scotland, the sum of sive shallings sterling (licences to schoolmasters and tutors excepted.)

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any letters of mart shall be engrossed mart. or written, the fum of five shillings sterling.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or Beneficial piece of paper, on which any beneficial warrant, or order un-warrants. der the fign manual of her Majesty, her heirs or successors (except warrants or orders for the service of the navy, army and ordnance) shall be engrossed or written the sum of two shillings

and fire pence sterling.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or Indentures, nece of paper, upon which shall be engrossed or written in Great &c. Britain, any indenture, leafe, bond, or any deed not hereby aherwise charged, the sum of six pence sterling; except bail bonds and affignments thereof, and indentures for binding poor parish or charity children apprentices, and such deeds executed in Scotland, as are charged with the stamp-duty of two shillings and three pence, by an act of parliament made in the tenth year of hes present Majesty's reign.

XXII. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained Not to charge shall extend to charge with any stamp-duties hereby granted, any matters any the smatters or things which, by an act of parliament made exempted by in the minth year of the reign of his late majesty King William c. 25. the Third, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, further duties upon stampt vellum, parchment and pa-

are exempted from the duties thereby granted.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Commission-That for the better and more effectual levying, collecting and ers of the paying unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, the said stamps to manage these dustamp-duties hereby granted, the same shall be under the go-ties, vernment, care and management of the commissioners for the time being, appointed to manage the duties payable to her Majefty, her heirs and successors, and charged on stampt vellum, parchanent and paper, by the former acts of parliament in that behalf made; who, or the major part of them, are hereby required and impowered to imploy the necessary officers under these for that purpose, and to appoint and provide stamps to denote the feveral stamp-duties hereby charged, and to do all other shings necessary to be by them done, for the putting this ad in execution with relation to those duties.

XXIV. And it is hereby further enacted and declared by the Several matnumberity aforesaid, That where any more than one of the mat-ters written tem or things hereby charged with any stamp-duty, shall be on one piece constilled, written, entred, or registred upon one piece of vel- of paper, to parchment or paper, the faid respective duties hereby charged. granted; shall be, and hereby are charged upon every one of

fugh matters and things respectively.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, That all vellum, parchment, Vellum, &c. and paper, charged by this act with any of the stamp-duties here-already stampby gramed, which hath been, or shall (before the second day of ed in pursuone thousand seven hundred and fourteen) be stamped acts, to be

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flamp-officeto or marked, in pursuance of the former acts of parliament, relabe be marked ting to her Majesty's stamp-duties, or any of them, shall, bewith the new famps.

fore any of the matters or things (in respect whereof any duty is hereby made payable) be written or engroffed thereupon, (such writing or engrossing being at any time after the said second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, and within the faid term of two and thirty years) be brought to the headoffice for stamping or marking of vellum, parchment and paper, to be stamped or marked with another mark or stamp, over and besides the marks or stamps put or to be put thereupon, in purfuance of the faid former acts of parliament, or any of them; and that all vellum, parchment and paper, which hath not been, or shall not (before the said second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen) be stamped or marked in pursuance of the said former acts, or any of them, shall (before any the matters or things, in respect whereof any stampduty is payable hereby, and by the faid former acts, or any of them, shall be thereupon written or engrossed, such writing or engrossing being after the said second day of August one thoufand seven hundred and fourteen, and within the said term of two and thirty years) be brought to the said head-office; and there marked or stamped with the proper marks or stamps provided, used, or appointed, and to be provided, or appointed, in pursuance of this act, and of the said former acts of parliament, to denote the respective duties hereby and thereby respectively charged thereupon; and that if any of the faid matters and things so to be engrossed or written, as aforesaid, shall, during the term last mentioned, be engrossed or written, contheQueen, and trary to the true intent and meaning hereof, upon vellum, parchment, or paper, not appearing to have been duly marked or stamped according to this act, that then, and in every such case, there shall be due, answered, and paid to her Majesty, her heirs and successors (over and above the stamp-duties, payable hereby, and by the faid former acts, or any of them) for every fuch matter and thing respectively, the sum of five pounds iterling; and that no such matter or thing shall be available in law or equity, or to be given in evidence, or admitted in any court, unless as well the said duty hereby charged in respect thereof, as the faid fum of five pounds, shall be first paid to the use of her Majesty, her heirs or successors, and a receipt produced for the same, under the hand of the receiver general, for the time being, of the stamp-duties, or of his deputy or clerk, and until the vellum, parchment, and paper, upon which fuch matter or thing is so written or engrossed, shall be marked or stamped, according to the tenor and true meaning hereof; and the faid receiver general, and his deputy or clerk, are hereby enjoined and required, upon payment or tender of the faid duties, and of the said sum of five pounds, and such other sums, as by the faid former acts are payable in that behalf, to give a receipt for such monies, and the other proper officers are thereupon reguired .

No writing before paper flamded,good, till 51. paid to the duty be paid.

juired to mark or stamp such matter or thing with the proper

narks and stamps requisite in that behalf.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Commission-That every commissioner and officer, who shall act in or about ers to be he managing or collecting the stamp-duties last mentioned, shall, before he shall act in or about the same, take the oath followng; that is to fay,

A. B. do. fwear, That I will faithfully execute the trust reposed Their oath, I in me, pursuant to the all of parliament made in the twelfth year f the reign of her majesty Queen Anne, whereby certain additional luties are charged or made payable, in respect of the several matters r things engroffed or written, as therein is mentioned, without fraud r conccalment; and shall, from time to time, true account make of ny doings therein, and deliver the same to such person or persons as ver Majesty, her heirs and successors shall appoint to receive such acount; and shall take no fee, reward, or profit for the execution or verformance of the faid truft, or the business relating thereto, from my person or persons, other than such as shall be allowed by her Maefty, her heirs or successors, or some other person or persons by her or hem to that purpose authorized.

Which oath shall or may be administred by any two or more of he commissioners last mentioned, or any justice of the peace.

XXVII. And to prevent such doubts as may arise touching the al- Allowances of owance for present payment of the stamp-duties charged by this and 6 per cent. for the said other asts; it is hereby further declared and enacted by when the duty the authority aforesaid, That there shall be allowed and paid amounts to o every person who shall at any one time bring to be stamped, rol. or buy of the faid commissioners, vellum, parchment, or paper, the duties whereof, doubly or trebly charged by this and the faid other acts, shall in the whole amount to ten pounds or upwards, ifter the rate of fix pounds in the one hundred pounds per anrum, for fix months, upon the present payment of the said duies, at the head office for marking or stamping of vellum, parchment, and paper.

aid, That all powers, provisions, articles, clauses, pains of 9 & 10 W.3.6. death, and other penalties and forfeitures, matters and things, as, to be in prescribed, appointed or contained in or by the said act of parliament made in the faid ninth year of the reign of his faid late majesty King William the Third, or in any other act of parliament relating to the duties thereby charged, or any of them, which are now in force, and not hereby altered or otherwise provided for, shall, in the same manner and form as they now fland in force, with relation to the faid duties, or any of them, charged by the faid act of the faid late King William, be of full force and effect, with relation to the faid stamp-duties hereby charged, and every of them, during all the faid term of two and thirty years, and shall be applied, practised, and executed, for the fecuring, raifing, levying, collecting, executing, an-

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XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-Powers, &c.

fwering, and paying the faid stamp-duties hereby charged, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, as fully, to all intents and purpoles, as if the same powers, provisions, articles, clauses and things, and every of them, had severally and respectively been particularly enacted in this act, with relation to the stamp-duties hereby charged, and as if the stamp-duties hereby charged had been charged by the faid act of the ninth year of his faid late Majesty's reign.

Commissioners and officers to be appointed, liable to the act 3. C. 44.

XXIX. And to the end all the faid additional, or new duties upon sope and paper, and upon certain linens, silks, callicoes and stuffs, and upon starch and exported coals, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, before granted by this g and 10 W. act, may be certainly and duly raised, and the same (except the necessary charges of executing this act) may be justly and duly brought into the receipt of the Exchequer, according to the true meaning hereof; it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from time to time, during the continuance of this act, there shall be appointed such and so many commisfioners and officers, as shall be proper and necessary for the mariaging, raising, collecting and paying the same duties, and for keeping and rendring the accounts of the fame; and that the commissioners and officers concerned therein, shall perform their feveral duties in relation to the premisses, as to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the monies arifing by the same duties, or any of them, as are prescribed, and to be inflicted by virtue of an act of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for raising a sum not exceeding two millions, upon a fund for payment of annuities after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for settling the trade to the East Indies, for the like offence or neglect relating to the duties thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the monies which were granted or appropriated by the act last mentioned.

5 and 6 W. & M. c. 21.

XXX. And whereas a proclamation was iffued by their late majeflies King William and Queen Mary, in pursuance of an act of parliament made in the fifth year of their reign, intituled, An act for granting to their Majellies several duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, for four years, towards carrying on the war against France, for publishing the types, devices, marks, or stamps provided in pursuance of the same act, which act has been since continued by several subsequent acts of parliament, and the same types, devices, marks, or flamps have been used for the flamping or marking of vellum, parchment and paper, in purfuance of the faid fubsequent acts of parliament, which were provided and used in pur-fixme of the said first act, and published by the said proclamation; but no proclamation was iffued in pursuance of the said subsequent u.f.s, or any of them; subcreupon some doubts have arisen whether the faid types, devices, marks, or flamps, ought not to bave been again

ngain published by proclamation after the passing the said acts for continuing the faid duties upon vellum, parchment and paper, as the types, devices, marks or stamps provided for the duties so continued: for removing whereof, be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the types, devices, marks, or stamps, pro-Proclamation vided in pursuance of the said first mentioned act, shall be in pursuance deemed, taken, and made use of, as the types, devices, marks, of 5 & 6 W. or stamps provided in pursuance of the said acts for continuing be deemed a the said duties, and every or any of them, until other types, sufficient pubdevices, marks, or stamps, shall be provided and published by lication of the proclamation, in pursuance of the same acts, or of one of them; several stamps, and that the faid publishing of the faid types, devices, marks, or stamps, by the faid proclamation, in pursuance of the faid first mentioned act for granting the said duties, shall be deemed and taken to be a sufficient publishing thereof, as well for and in respect of the duties granted by that act, as for and in respect of the duties on vellum, parchment, and paper, which have been fince granted or continued by any other act or acts of parliament relating thereto; any thing in the said acts, or any of

them, to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding. XXXI. And whereas several persons, who have, since the commence- Clause to in a ment of the rates or duties upon monies given, paid, or contracted for demnity mawith clerks and apprentices, taken clerks and apprentices, and received fters and apprentices. and contracted for sums of money, with or in respect of the taking of such clerks and apprentices, have, through neglect or inadvertency, omitted to pay the several rates and duties payable in that behalf, or to cause to be inferted the sums of money so given, paid, or contracted for, with or in respect of the taking of such clerks and apprentices, in the contracts or indentures relating thereto, and to have such contracts or indentures stamped within the time for that purpose respectively limited by the all of parliament in that case made; whereby the said & Ann. c. 91 masters and mistresses have incurred one or more penalty or penalties, and fuch clerks and apprentices will, according to that act, be difabled to follow or exercise the intended trades, professions, or imployments, unless some further provision be made; be it therefore turther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon payment of the faid respective rates and duties, which have been so omitted or neglected to be paid, as aforefaid, on or before the first day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to fuch person or persons to whom the same ought to be paid, according to the same former act, and tendring to be stamped such indentures or contracts so omitted to be stamped, on or before the faid first day of March in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, the same indentures or contracts shall be slamped, and shall be good and available in law and equity, and the clerks or apprentices therein named shall be capable of following and exercising the respective intended trades, professions, or imployments, as fully as if the duties, so omitted to be paid, had been duly paid, and the indentures or contracts stamped within the respective times in the same act for those respective purposes limited, any thing H 2 thetein

therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; so as the true and full fum or fums of money, and all other things given or contracted for, to or for the benefit of the masters or mistresses, with or in respect of the taking such clerks or apprentices, be truly written or indorfed in words at length, on fuch indentures or contracts, wherein the same have been omitted to be inferted, according to the same act, and the masters and mistreffes truly paying the faid omitted duties, on or before the faid first day of March one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, are hereby indemnified and discharged off and from all penalties by them incurred by the said recited acts, for which no profecution hath been commenced before the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen.

205,000l. to be for clearing off the principal fum of 1,876,400l. with interest See I Geo. I. ##t. I.C. 2. fect. 2.

XXXII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the yearlyfund yearly and every year, during the term of two and thirty years, reckoning the first year to begin from the nine and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, the full fum of one hundred and five thousand pounds, by or out of the monies to arise by the said additional or new duties upon at 41. per cent. sope and paper, and upon certain linens, silks, callicoes, and stuffs, and upon starch, and exported coals, and upon stampt vellum, parchiment and paper, by this act granted, and to be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer, as aforesaid, in case the same shall extend thereunto, shall be computed and reckoned to be a yearly fund; and in case all the monies arising into the Exchequer, for the said duties, rates and sums of money fo granted, shall not amount to the sum of one hundred and five thousand pounds per annum, then the monies so arising, so far as the same shall extend, shall be part of the yearly fund towards the answering and paying off all and every the principal fums herein after mentioned, amounting in the whole to the fum of one million eight hundred seventy six thousand four hundred pounds principal money, together with interest for the fame after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, as here-Deficiencies to in after is mentioned; and in case the said duties, rates, and be made good fums of money by this act granted, shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient or low in the produce of the same, as that within any one year, to be reckoned, as aforefaid, the faid monies arising into the Exchequer, for or upon account of the same duties, shall not amount to as much as one hundred and five thousand pounds, that then, and so often, and in every fuch case, so much as shall be wanting to make up the said fund or fum of one hundred and five thousand pounds for every or any fuch year, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, out of the first aid or supply to be granted in parliament, next after such deficiencies shall appear, and shall from time to time be transferred thereunto, as soon as the same shall Or out of any be granted; and in case no such aid or supply shall be granted, public money then by and out of any publick money, which shall be in the faid receipt of Exchequer, not appropriated to any particular use or uses by act of parliament; and the lord high treasurer, or commissioners

out of the first aid to be granted in parliament.

unappropria-

commissioners of the treasury, for the time being, are hereby Arictly enjoined and required to make up such deficiency accordingly, out of such unappropriated publick money, without any further or other warrant or authority for the same.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore- Any persons faid, That it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, may be connatives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contri- tributors. bute for or towards advancing the fum of one million four hun- This lottery is dred thousand pounds, by paying, at or before the respective redeemed. See dred thousand pounds, by paying, at or before the respective 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. days and times by this act limited in that behalf, to any re- 10 Geo. 1. c.3. ceiver or receivers, to be appointed for that purpose, as is herein a Geo. 2. C. 3. after mentioned, the fum of ten pounds, or divers entire fums of ten pounds, upon this act; and that for the raising of the faid fum of one million four hundred thousand pounds, any person, who will become contributor or adventurer, shall and may advance the fum of ten pounds, for which fum fo advanced, he, she, or they shall be entitled to receive by virtue of this act fuch principal money, and the interest thereof, to be paid, as herein after is mentioned, by and out of the faid yearly fund; and that every contributor or adventurer may advance as many entire sums of ten pounds as he, she, or they shall think fit, and for every such sum of ten pounds so advanced, he, she, or they, is or are to be interested in one lot or share of and in the said yearly fund by virtue of this act; and the same entire sums of ten pounds each, are hereby appointed to be paid unto such receiver or receivers, at or before the respective days and times, and in the respective proportions herein after mentioned; that is to fay, one fourth part thereof Times of payon or before the tenth day of August in the year of our Lord one ment. thousand seven hundred and sourteen; one sourth part thereof on or before the tenth day of September in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; one other fourth part thereof on or before the eleventh day of Ottober one thoufand seven hundred and fourteen, and the remaining fourth part thereof on or before the tenth day of November one thou-

Tickets to be delivered for a lottery, &c. The monies appropriated by this act to be applied to pay off the principal and interest. No undue preference if subsequent orders be paid before others who did not demand their monies. Deficiency of one year to be made good out of the next. Surplus disposable by parliament. Notice to be hung up in the office when orders become due. SI per cent. per ann. allowed for the first payment, and 61. for the remainder, till 29 Sept. 1714. Receivers may take in money before they receive their books. Contributor advancing one fourth part, and failing in the rest, to forfeit the first fourth part, &c. Treasurer to appoint a paymaster, &c. Assignments of orders to be registred. Her Majerty to reward the managers out of monies arising by the duties. Benefits of 1000l. may be divided into orders not less than sool. After interest and principal paid off, the residue disposable by parliament. Guardians may contribute for infants, &c. E X P.

fand seven hundred and sourteen.

LXIV. And whereas, by an act passed the ninth year of her 9 Ann. c. 11. Majesty's reign, certain duties are laid on tanned leather; and by 10 Ann. c. 26. another H 3

Tanned lea-

backid. ob.

portation.

another ast passed the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, further duties are laid thereon, and by the said acts only two thirds of the respective duties are to be drawn back or allowed upon the exportation of boots, shoes, gloves, or other manufactures, which by experience is found to be a discouragement to the manufacturers imployed therein; for remedy whereof, be it declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the second day of August ther manufacone thousand seven hundred and fourteen, there shall, in lieu tured, to draw of the faid two thirds of the faid duties, be paid and allowed to per lb. on ex- the exporter or exporters, for all tanned leather, which shall be manufactured and actually made into goods or wares, by him or them exported, on a proper debenture to be made for that purpose, and security given for the same, as by the said acts are prescribed, the sum of one penny half-penny for every pound weight thereof, and so in proportion for every greater or leffer quantity; which drawback of one penny half-penny per pound shall be paid out of the respective duties granted by the faid acts of the ninth and of the tenth years of her Majesty's reign; any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

9 Ann, c. 11.

LXV. And whereas by an act of parliament passed in the ninth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for laying certain duties upon hides and skins, tanned, tawed, or dressed, and upon vellum and parchment, for the term of thirty-two years, for profecuting the war, and other her Majesty's most necessary occasions, it is enacted, That upon the shipping of any hides or calve-skins for exportation into foreign parts, and giving security to the customer or collector of the customs of the port from whence such exportation shall be made, That such hides and calve-skins shall not be relanded or brought on shore, in any port or part of Great Britain. the customer or collector shall give the exporter a certificate or debenture in writing, of the kinds and quantities of such bides and calveskins; and that upon producing such certificate, the collector at the port where such hides or calves-shins shall be exported, shall repay to the person producing such certificate, two thirds of the duties which were before charged for such hides or calve-skins so exported, as aforefaid: and whereas some doubts have arisen upon the construction of the faid act, whether the same shall extend to allow a drawback of the said duties, for any other sort of skins, tanned, tawed or dressed, than hides and calve-skins; therefore to explain the said act, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all sheep-skins and lamb-skins, tanned, tawed or dressed, which are chargeable with any duties by the said act passed in the ninth year of her Majesty's reign, shall, upon exportation thereof, have a drawback or allowance of two thirds of the duties, payable by virtue of the said act, subject to such rules, as by the said act are prescribed on the exportation of any hides or calve-skins; any thing in the faid act contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Sheep-skins to draw back two thirds of the duty. 9 Ann. c. 11.

10 Ann. c.17.

LXVI. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the tenth stribution of year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better 4000l. due to collecting and recovering the duties granted for the support of

the royal hospital at Greenwich, and for the further benefit the officers thereof, and for the preserving her Majesty's harbour moorings, and seamen it was (among ft other things) enacted, That the sum of four thousand money. pounds out of the sbares of the several captors of prizes, by virtue of ber Majesty's declaration of the first of June one thousand seven hundred and two, which should remain uncalled for within the times by the said all limited for the payment of the same, should be applied for or towards the payment of certain rewards for taking or destroying ships of war or privateers of the enemy, during the late war, to and among st the flag officers, captains, and other officers and companies of ber Majesty's ships of war, their executors or administrators, entitled thereunto by virtue of the said declaration, in such proportion as by the faid declaration is directed, if the same should be decreed to them by the bigh court of admiralty, and lifts of the ships entitled to such rewards by such decree, should be transmitted to the receiver or receivers of prizes, and the same should be claimed, and afterwards demanded to be paid within the respective times for the said several purposes limited by the said act; and that if the several sums so to be decreed and demanded for such rewards should amount in the whole to more than four thousand pounds, then the said four thousand pounds should be divided among the several claimers, by way of average, in proportion to their respective interests, to be adjusted by the receiver or receivers of prizes, or person or persons appointed for the same: and whereas lists of the persons on board some of the ships, entitled to such rewards, at the time of the taking or destroying such ships of war or privateers of the enemy, during the late war, for which the same became due, have never been transmitted unto the receiver or receivers of prizes, the same not having been sufficiently provided for in the said att, by reason whereof the receiver or receivers of prizes have been unable to adjust the proportions belonging to several claimers of such rewards, and to make distribution of the said four thousand pounds according to the said act; for remedy, &c.

Clause for adjusting claims in several lottery tickets. Debentures unclaimed on 14 December 1714, vefted in her Majelty for the use of the publick. EXP.

LXIX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Appropriaall the money lent, and to be lent to her Majesty upon one act tion of the seof this fession of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid granted this to ber Mujesty, to be raised by a land tax in Great Britain, for the lession. fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and so 12 Ann. stat.2. much money (if any fuch be) of the tax thereby granted, as c. 1. shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money fufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent, or to be lent unto her Majesty, upon the duties of malt, mum, cyder and perry, charged and continued by another act of this session of parliament, for the service of the 12 Ann. slat.s, year one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and so much c. 3.

money of the faid duties of malt, mum, cyder and perry thereby granted or continued, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said duties thereby granted, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be referved to discharge the same; and all the surplus or unappropriated monies, which shall arise and be paid into the Exchequer, for the use of the publick, from and after the twelfth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, until all the provisions of money intended by this act for the uses and purposes herein after mentioned shall be satisfied, and all the monies which, over and above the allowances for prompt payment, and other allowances directed by this act, shall arise, of or for the faid contributions, not exceeding the fum of one million four hundred thousand pounds in this act mentioned, shall be appropriated for or towards the feveral uses, intents and purpoles herein expressed, subject nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed; that is to say, it is hereby enacted and declared. That out of all or any the aids or supplies by this act provided, as aforefaid, there shall and may be issued and applied the fum of feven hundred forty five thousand feven hundred pounds and three pence, for defraying the charges of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, including half-pay to seaofficers, and for victuals, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed, and for fea-fervice in the office of ordnance, performed and to be performed; and any further fum not exceeding three hundred thousand pounds, towards satisfying the debt due for seamens wages, and to the yards, and for the debt due to the marines; Sea chaplains, and any further fum not exceeding three thousand pounds, to Vide 3 Geo. 1. be equally distributed among the chaplains that served in the fleet during the late war, and are not otherwise provided for; and any fum not exceeding three hundred eighty fix thousand four hundred twenty seven pounds seventeen shillings and ten pence, for maintaining guards and garrifons in Great Britain, Jersey and Guernsey, together with two independent companies in North Britain, for one year, from the twenty fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and any sum not exceeding fifty four thousand fix hundred forty five pounds one shilling and three pence, for maintaining her Majesty's forces and garrison at Minorca for the fame year; and any fum not exceeding thirty four thousand eight hundred fifty fix pounds fourteen shillings and nine pence half-penny, for maintaining her Majesty's forces and garrison at Gibraltar for the same year; and any sum not exceeding twenty thousand one hundred and seventy pounds one shilling New York, &c. and fix pence, for maintaining four companies at New York, four companies at Annapolis Royal, four companies for Placentia, one company at Bermudas, and the garrisons of Annapelis Royal and

Ordinary of the navy.

Seamens wages.

C. 3.

Guards and garrisens in Great Britain, &c, .

Forces at Minorca.

Gibraltar.

Placentia for the fame year; and any fum not exceeding one Forces in hundred and seven thousand eight hundred thirty one pounds Flanders, &c. nine shillings and two pence, for maintaining her Majesty's forces in Flanders and at Dunkirk, until Michaelmas one thoufand seven hundred and sourteen; and any sum not exceeding Jamaica and nineteen thousand three hundred and eight pounds and ten Leeward shillings, for maintaining the regiment commanded by colonel Islands. Handafyde at Jamaica, and the regiment commanded by colonel Alexander in the Leeward Islands, until Christmas one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and any sum not exceeding fifty Arrears of feven thousand eight hundred seventy seven pounds eleven shil- half-pay offilings and fix pence half-penny, to fatisfy the arrears due to the cers. officers of the land forces and marines, for half-pay at Christmas one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and any sum not Half-pay to exceeding five thousand eight hundred fixty two pounds fixteen officers allowshillings and two pence, for charge of half-pay to such officers ed by the who are allowed it by special warrant of her Majesty for one rant. year, from Christmas one thousand seven hundred and thirteen to Christmas one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and any Half pay to fum not exceeding one hundred twenty three thousand two land forces hundred ninety three pounds nineteen shillings and two pence, and marines. for the charge of half-pay to the officers of the land forces and marines, being her Majesty's natural-born subjects, or naturalized, for the same year; and a sum not exceeding forty-two Chelsea Hosthousand seven hundred eighty five pounds sourteen shillings pital. and four pence, for support of the royal hospital at Chelsea, and pay of the out-pensioners, and for the extraordinary allowance of forage for the dragoons in North Britain for the same year; and any fum not exceeding in the whole three hundred thoufand pounds, towards fatisfying the debt due on account to the land forces, and to the faid out-pensioners; out of which the fum of fixty thousand ninety five pounds nine shillings and two Corn sent to pence, is to be applied to discharge bills of exchange drawn by Barcelona. William Chetwynd, Esq; her Majesty's late envoy at Genoa, for corn fent to Barcelona; and any fum not exceeding fifty five Office of ordthousand two hundred eighty one pounds and sixteen shillings, nance. for the charge of the office of ordnance for land services performed and to be performed; and any fum not exceeding two Artillery offithousand one hundred eighty eight pounds nine shillings and cers in Flantwo pence, for the military officers and chaplain that served in ders and Spain, the train of artillery in Flanders and Spain, and on several expeditions, which, with the allowance they have on the establishment in the office of ordnance, is to complete their half-pay for the year from Christmas one thousand seven hundred and thirteen to Christmas one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and any fum not exceeding fixty feven thousand three hundred Deficiency of fifty eight pounds fifteen shillings and seven pence, for supply- the classis loting the deficiency of the fund for the elassis lottery of one thou- tery, 1711. fand seven hundred and eleven, for the year ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and any sum not Deficiency for exceeding fixty feven thousand five hundred forty fix pounds four the classis lotshillings tery, 1712.

1713:

the yearly fund to the East India company. 9 & 10 W. 3. C. 44. the two third fublidy. 3 &4Ann.c.5.

Sufferers at Nevis, &c.

shillings and three pence half-penny, for supplying the deficiency of the fund for the classis lottery of one thousand seven hundred and twelve, for the year ended at Michaelmas one thou-Deficiency of fand seven hundred and thirteen; and any sum not exceeding forty two thousand five hundred seventy six pounds six shillings and four pence, to make good the deficiency of the yearly fund, granted by an act of the ninth year of his late majesty King William the Third, for the benefit of the company and others trading to the East Indies; and any sum not exceeding eighty Deficiency of eight thousand seven hundred forty one pounds thirteen shillings and ten pence, to make good the deficiency of principal and interest upon the act made in the third year of her Majesty's reign, for granting a further subsidy on wines and merchandizes imported, called the two third subsidy; and any sum not exceeding eighteen thousand five hundred and forty pounds twelve shillings and nine pence three farthings, to make good the interest on debentures to the sufferers at Nevis and St. Christophers for three years, to the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and to and for none

other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

Provise for the South Sea company;

LXX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That no appropriation, or other matter or thing in this act contained, shall obstruct or hinder any payment or pay-Ann. c. 21. ments, which, by and in pursuance of an act made in the ninth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An all for making good deficiencies, and satisfying the publick debts; and for erecting a corporation to carry on a trade to the South Seas, and for incouragement of the fishery; and for liberty to trade in unwrought iron with the subjects of Spain, and to repeal the acts for registring seamen, and of her Majesty's charter grounded thereupon, are or shall be required and authorized to be made by the treasurer or paymaster of the navy for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of fuch publick monies, tallies, orders, or parliamentary fecurities in their hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to the corporation erected in pursuance of the act last mentioned, called by the name of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas. and other parts of America, and for incouraging the fishery, or to their treasurer for their use; any thing herein contained to the

and for the commissioners of accounts.

contrary notwithstanding.

LXXI. Provided also, That such sums as, by any other ass of this session of parliament, shall be payable to any commisfioners of accounts for their falaries, or for their clerks, or any other incident charges, shall and may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding,

CAP. X.

n act for raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, although the month's pay formerly advanced he not repaid; and for rectifying a mistake in an act passed in this present session of parliament, intituled, An act for the better regulating the forces to be continued in her Majesty's service, and for payment of the said forces and their quarters. EXP.

CAP. XI.

In all to prevent the listing her Majesty's subjects to serve as soldiers without ber Majesty's licence.

ITHEREAS several ill-affected persons, subjects of the crown of Great Britain, have lately, in open defiance of the laws, refumed traiteroufly to list divers of her Majesty's subjects within he kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, to serve the person preended to be prince of Wales, during the life of the late king James he Second, and fince his decease pretending to be, and taking upon imself the stile and title of King of England, by the name of ames the Third, as soldiers, to the great disturbance of the peace f these her Majesty's kingdoms: and whereas the like traiterous pracice may be more covertly carried on, under pretence of listing her Majesty's subjects to serve as soldiers under some foreign prince, state r potentate: for remedy thereof, be it, &c.

ubjects of Great Britain who shall, after 1 August 1714. within the kingom, or in Ireland, and after 1 October out of the kingdom, lift themelves to serve any foreign prince, &c. or procure any subject so to do, rithout her Majefty's licence, shall be guilty of high treason. Offences ut of the realm, where to be tried. No licence shall exempt from the enaky, persons listing any subject to serve the French King. Continuace of the act for three years. E X P.

CAP. XII.

In all for the better maintenance of curates within the church of England; and for preventing any ecclehaftical persons from buying the next avoidance of any church-preferment.

XTHEREAS the absence of beneficed ministers ought to be supplied by curates that are sufficient and licensed preachers, and no curates or ministers ought to serve in any place without the namination and admission of the bishop of the diocese, or ordinary of he place, baving episcopal jurisdiction: hut nevertheless, for want f sufficient maintenance and encouragement for such curates, the cures within that part of Great Britain called England, bave been in feveral places meanly supplied: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, n this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of he same, That if any rector or vicar having cure of souls shall, After 20 Sept. rom and after the nine and twentieth day of September, in the 1714. bishop, year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, &c. to appoint

aominate and present any curate to the bishop or ordinary, to curates, not be exceeding sol. of payment

per ann. nor be licensed or admitted to serve the cure of such rector or vicar lets than 20l. in his absence, the said bishop or ordinary having regard to the greatness of the cure, and the value of the ecclesiastical benemay sequester fices of such rector or vicar, shall, on or before the granting the benefice. fuch licence, appoint by writing under his hand and feal a fufficient certain stipend or allowance, not exceeding fifty pounds per annum, nor less than twenty pounds per annum, to be paid or answered at such times as he shall think fit, by such rector or vicar, to such curate, for his support and maintenance; and if it shall appear to the bishop or ordinary, upon complaint or otherwise, that any curate of such rector or vicar, licensed or admitted before the faid nine and twentieth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sourteen. hath not a fufficient maintenance, it shall be lawful to and for the faid bishop or ordinary to appoint him a certain stipend or allowance in like manner as before mentioned; and in case any difference shall arise between any rector or vicar and his curate. touching such stipend or allowance, or the payment thereof, the bishop or ordinary, on complaint to him made, shall summarily hear and determine the same; and in case of neglect or refusal to pay fuch stipend or allowance, may sequester the profits of fuch benefice, for or until payment thereof.

Penalty of &c. the next

II. And whereas some of the clergy have procured preferments for taking for any themselves by buying ecclesiastical livings, and others have been thereby fum of money, discouraged; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, avoidance, &c. That if any person, from and after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall or do. for any fum of money, reward, gift, profit or advantage, directly or indirectly, or for or by reason of any promise, agreement, grant, bond, covenant or other affurance, of or for any fum of money, reward, gift, profit or benefit whatfoever, directly or indirectly, in his own name, or in the name of any other person or persons, take, procure, or accept the next avoidance of, or presentation to any benefice with cure of souls, dignity, prebend, or living ecclefiaftical, and shall be presented or collated thereupon, that then every such presentation or collation, and every admission, institution, investiture and induction upon the same, shall be utterly void, frustrate, and of no effect in law, and such agreement shall be deemed and taken to be a fimoniacal contract; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors, to prefent or collate unto, or give or bestow every such benefice, dignity, prebend, and living ecclefiaftical, for that one time or turn only; and the person so corruptly taking, procuring, or accepting any such benefice, dignity, prebend or living, shall thereupon, and from thenceforth, be adjudged a disabled person in law to have and enjoy the same benefice, dignity, prebend, or living ecclefiastical, and shall also be subject to any punishment, pain or penalty, limited, prescribed or inflicted by the laws ecclesiastical, in like manner as if such corrupt agreement had been

Anno duodecimo Annæ. Stat. 2. C. 13. 1713.]

been made after such benefice, dignity, prebend, or living ecclefiastical had become vacant; any law or statute to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XIII.

An all to discharge and acquit the commissioners of equivalent for the sum of three hundred eighty one thousand five hundred and nine pounds fifteen shillings ten pence half-penny by them duly issued out of the sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds ten shillings, which they received.

XTHEREAS by the treaty of union, and fifteenth article VV thereof, it is agreed, That Scotland shall have an equivalent for what the subjects thereof shall be charged towards payment of the debts of England contracted before the union, in all particulars whatfoever, and particularly that the fum of three bundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds and ten shillings should be granted to her Majesty as an equivalent to Scotland, for such part of the customs and excise there, as should be applicable to the payment of the said debts of England, according to the proportions therein fet down; and it is agreed. That her Majesly be impowered to appoint commisfioners, who should be accountable to the parliament of Great Britain, for disposing the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds and ten shillings, and all other montes which shall arise to Scotland upon the agreements in the treaty of union, to the purposes mentioned in the said fiftcenth article, in an act of the last parliament of Scotland, intituled, An act concerning the payment of the sums out of the equivalent to the African company; in an- 6 Ann. c. 24other act of the said last parliament, intituled, An act concerning the publick debts; and in an act of the first parliament of Great Britain, intituled, An act for further directing the payment of the equivalent money: and whereas her Majesty, by commission dated the fifth of June one thousand seven hundred and seven, did nominate and appoint Sir Andrew Hume, William Dalrimple, Efq; Sir Robert Sinclair of Stevenson, Sir Thomas Burnett of Leves, Sir John Areskine of Alva, Sir John Swinton of the same, Sir James Campbell of Abernehill, Sir James Smollett of Bonhill, Sir Patrick Johnston, Sir Francis Grant, baronets; George Bailtie of Jervise Wood, John Haldon of Gleneagies, John Bruce of Kinrols, William Seton the younger of Pittmedin; John Clarke the younger of Pennycook; Alexander Abercrombie of Gleftock, Mungo Grame of Gorthy, John Graham of Dugalitowne, John Pringle of Haining, Douglas the younger of Kellhead, Daniel Campbell of Buttes, Efq; Sir John Cope, knight, Jacob Raynardson, John Brydges and James Houblon, Elars. commissioners for disposing the aforesaid sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds and ten shillings, and all other monies which shall arise to Scotland upon the agreements in the treaty of union: and by another commission dated the fix and twentieth of July one thousand seven hundred and nine, did nominate and ap-

[1713] point the aforesaid Sir Andrew Hume, William Dalrimple, Esq. Sir Robert Sinclair of Stevenson, Sir Thomas Burnett of Leves, Sir John Areskine of Alva, Sir John Swinton of the same, Sir James Campbell of Abernehill, Sir James Smollet of Bonhill, Sir Patrick Johnston, Baronets; John Bruce of Kinrofs, William Seton the younger of Pittmedin, Alexander Abercrombie of Gleffock, John Pringle of Hayning, Efq; Sir John Cope, Knt. and John Brydges, Esq; to be commissioners for the same ends and purposes; which commissioners, or the major part of them, pursuant to their faid commissions, have well and duly issued and paid the sum of three hundred eighty one thousand five hundred and nine pounds fifteen shillings and ten pence halfpenny, as directed by the laws above recited, in manner herein after fet down, viz. towards the loss which private persons sustained by the reducing the English money then in Scotland to the current rate in England, the sum of three thousand and seventeen pounds eighteen shillings and nine pence; for recoining the Scots and foreign money, and reducing it to the standard of the coin of England, the sum of forty mine thousand eight hundred eight eight pounds fourteen shillings and eleven pence one fixth of a penny; towards payment of the flock, interest and debts of the Indian and African company, the fum of two hundred twenty nine thousand fix bundred and eleven pounds four shillings and eight pence; towards the charges of the commissioners, secretaries, and accountants of the two treaties of union, the sum of thirty thousand four bundred ninety eight pounds twelve shillings and two pence; towards payment of the first class of the civil list, the sum of twenty seven thousand five hun-Ared fifty three pounds seventeen shillings and nine pence one third of a penny; towards payment of the second class of the civil list, the sum of four thousand six hundred fifty sive pounds and six shillings; towards payment of the first class of the military list, the sum of fourteen thousand one hundred eighty eight pounds and eight pence; towards payment of the second class of the military lift, the sum of fourteen thousand four hundred fifty eight pounds two shillings and eight pence five sixths of a penny; for the fees and salaries of the servants of the commission, till the fourteenth of March, and thirtieth of April last past, the sum of sive thousand four hundred and thirteen pounds eleven shillings and four pence; for the necessary charges of the commission, and for defending of law suits where the titles of parties were not clear, these charges preceding the six and twentieth day of March last, amounted to the sum of two thousand two hundred twenty four pounds fix shillings and ten pence one fixth of a penny: all whith fums together amount to the above total of three hundred eighty one thousand sive hundred and nine pounds sisteen shillings and ten pence balfpenny: be it therefore, &c.

Commissioners of the equivalent discharged of the sums paid by them upon the several heads mentioned in this act. But not freed from applying the fum of 16,5751. 14s. 1d. ob. now remaining in their hands, to the uses by the acts directed. E X P.

III. And whereas it appears, that the other publick debts of Scotland yet unfatisfied, which are adjusted and certified, pursuant to the directions lirestions of the several asts above recited, do amount to the sum of too hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine billings and ten pence and five fixths of a penny, including the interest of such parts thereof as bear interest from the twenty fourth day of une one thousand seven hundred and eight, to the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; be it therefore macled, &c.

The commissioners to call for all certificates, &c. and cancel all deben- Redeemed by ures by which the unfatisfied debt is conftituted, and to iffue new deben- 5 Geo.1. C. 20. ures, to bear interest at 51. per cent. after 24 June 1714. and paid out of he first money due to Scotland. E X P.

CAP. XIV.

An all for rendring more effectual an all made in the third year of the reign of King James the First, intituled, An act to prevent and avoid dangers which may grow by popish reculants; and also of one other all made in the first year of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act to vest in the two universities the presentations of benefices belonging to papilts; and for vesting in the lords of justiciary power to inflict the same punishments against jesuits, priests, and other trafficking papifts, which the privy council of Scotland was impowered to do by an act passed in the parliament of Scotland, intituled, An act for preventing the growth of popery.

OR as much as by an all of parliament made in the third year of 3 Jac. 1. c. 3. the reign of King James the First, intituled, An act to prevent and avoid dangers which may grow by popish recusants; and also one other ast made in the first year of the reign of their late ma- 1W. & M. fest iesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act to vest 1. c. 26. in the two universities the presentation of benefices belonging to papilts, the presentation, nomination, collation and donation of and to benefices, prebends, or ecclefiastical livings, schools, hospitals and denatives belonging to pupifh recufants, and other persons thereby disabled to present, collate or nominate, are given to the two universities; but they are so given only where such persons are and stand convicted by fuch ways and means as in the faid recited acts are mentioned and provided; which acts do nevertheless prove ineffectual for such purposes, by reason such patrons are not convicted, or not in such manner as the faid atts do direct und appoint: therefore for making the faid laws more effectual, and for the speedier and easier vesting the presentations to such benefices in the two universities, according to the intention of the faid laws, be it enacted by the After to July Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and 1714 papilts. confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in acceptate and this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of benefice, &c. the same, That every papist or person making profession of the popish religion, and every child-not being a protestant, under

the age of one and twenty years, of every such papist or person professing the popish religion, and every mortgagee, trustee or person any ways intrusted, directly or indirectly, mediately or immediately, by or for any fuch papift or person making profession of the popula religion, or such child, as aforesaid, whether fuch trust be declared by writing or not, shall, from and after the tenth day of July which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, be disabled, and is hereby made incapable to present, collate or nominate to any benefice, prebend, or ecclesiastical living, school, hospital or donative, or to grant any avoidance of any benefice, prebend, or ecclefialtical living; and that every such presentation, collation, nomination and grant, and every admission, institution and induction to be made thereupon, shall be utterly void and of no effect, to all intents, constructions, and purposes whatsoever; and that in every fuch case the chancellor and scholars of the university of Oxford, and the chancellor and scholars of the university of Cambridge, by what name or names soever they or either of them shall have the are incorporated, shall respectively have the presentation, nomiprefentation, nation, collation and donation, of and to every such benefice, &c. in the representation, or ecclesiastical living, school, hospital and donative. prebend, or ecclefiaftical living, school, hospital and donzeive, ties, &c. men- fet, lying, and being in the respective counties, cities, and other places and limits in the faid act of the third year of King Fones 3 Jac. 1. c. 5. mentioned, as in and by the faid act is directed and appointed

And the two universities spective countioned in

When any archbishop, &c. he may fent, the declaration in 25 Car. 2. c. 2.

If absent, summon him to appear.

in the case of a popish recusant convict. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. presentation is That from and after the said tenth day of July, when and as brought to any often as any presentation to any benefice or ecclesiastical living shall be brought to any archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, tender to the from any person who shall be reputed to be, or whom such person, if pre- archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, shall have cause to sufpect to be a papilt, or trustee of any person making profession of the popish religion, or suspected to be such, it shall and may be lawful to and for fuch archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, and he is hereby required to tender or administer to every fuch person, if present, the declaration against transubstantiation, set down and expressed in an act of parliament made in the five and twentieth year of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for preventing dangers, which mer bappen from popish recusants, to be by such person made, repeated and subscribed; and in case such person shall be absent, the faid archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary shall, by notice in writing to be left at the place of habitation of fuch perform any point some convenient time and place when and where sich person shall appear before such archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, or some persons to be authorized by such archbistion. bishop, or other ordinary, by commission under his or their feal of office; and upon such appearance, the said archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, or such commissioners, shall tender or administer the said declaration to the person making such prefentation; and in case such person shall neglect or resuse to make

make, repeat, and subscribe such declaration, when the same Resuling to shall be so tendred, as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse to ap- make the depear before such archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, or such to appear, the commissioners, upon such notice as aforesaid, That then such presentation presentation shall be utterly void and of none effect; and in shall be void: every such case, such archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary And the arch-shall within ten days next after such neglect or refusal, send shall certify and give a certificate under his or their feal of office of fuch fuch refufal to neglect or refusal to the vice-chancellor for the time being, of the university, that university to whom such presentation would of right be-who shall prelong, if such person so presenting had been a populh recusant sent, &c. convict; and it shall and may be lawful, to and for the chancellor and scholars of such university, to present a person qualified according to the faid acts to fuch benefice or ecclefiaftical living; and the presentation to such benefice or ecclesiastical living, for that turn only, is hereby given unto, and vested in them for that purpose; any matter, clause or thing contained in either of the faid former recited acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

III. And for the better discovery of all secret trusts, and Bishops, &c. to fraudulent conveyances made by papifts or persons making pro-examine perfession of the popish religion, of their advowsons and right of on oath. prefentation, nomination and donation, to any benefices or ecclesiastical livings; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when the presentation of any person presented to any benefice or ecclefiaftical living, shall be brought to any archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, the said archbishop, bishop or ordinary, is hereby required, before he give institution, to examine the person presented upon oath, whether to the best and utmost of his knowledge and belief, the person or persons who have made such presentation, be the true and real patron or patrons of the faid benefice or ecclefiaftical living, or made the faid presentation in his, or her, or their own right, or whether such person or persons so presenting be not, mediately or immediately, directly or indirectly, truftee or truftees, or any way intrufted for some other, and what person or persons by name, who is or are papifts, or make profession of the popish religion, or the children of such, or for any other and what person or persons, or what he knows, has heard, or believes, Refusing to be touching or concerning the same; and if such person or persons examined, the so presented shall refuse to be so examined, or shall not answer presentation directly thereto, then and in every such case such presentation shall be void. shall be void.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, University may That it shall and may be lawful for the chancellor and scholars exhibit bills in of the respective universities, to whom the presentations to such chancery for benefices and ecclefiaftical livings should belong, in case the of fraudulent rightful patrons had been popish recusants convict, and their trufts. presentees or clerks, for the better discovery of such secret and fraudulent trufts, had, done, made and created, by or for such papifts or persons professing the popish religion, and their child-Vol. XIII.

ren, as aforefaid, to exhibit their bill in any court of equity against such person or persons presenting, and such person or persons as they have reason to believe to be the Cestuy que Trust of the advowion of fuch benefice or ecclefialtical living, or any other person who they have cause to suspect may be able to make any other or further discovery of such secret trusts and practices; to which till the defendants therein named, being duly ferved with the process of the court in which the said bill shall be exhibited, thall forthwith directly answer to the facts charged and enquired in the faid bill, at the discretion of the court where fuch bill shall be exhibited; and in case the desendants, or any of them, shall refuse or neglect to answer the said bill in such reasonable time as shall be for that purpose allowed and appointed, by discretion of the said court where the said cause shall be depending, (the distance of place and the circumstances of the defendant or defendants confidered) That then and in such case the faid bill shall be taken pro Confesso, and be allowed as evidence against such person so neglecting and refusing, and his trustee or trustees, and his and their clerk: Provided that every person having fully answered such bill in such court of equity, and not knowing any thing of any such trust for a papist or other person disabled, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to his costs, to be taxed according to the course of the court. V. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

When any is depending the court may administer an oath to difcotruit:

Quare Impedit That it shall and may be lawful for the court where any Quare Impedit shall be hereafter depending, at the instance of either of the faid chancellors and scholars, or their cierk, being plaintiffs or defendants in such suit, by motion in open court, at their ver any fecret discretion to make any rule or order requiring satisfaction, upon the outh of such patron and his clerk, who in the said suit shall contest the right of the said university to present to such benefice or ecclefiaftical living, by examination of them or either of them, in open court, or by commission under the seal of such court for examination of them or either of them, or by affidavit, as the faid court shall find most proper, in order to the difcovery of any secret trust, frauds or practises relating to the faid presentation then in question; and in case it appear to the coun, upon the examination of fuch patron and clerk or either of them. That the faid patron is but a trustee for some other person or persons, that then the faid patron and his clerk shall discover who such person and persons are, and where he, she, or they live or inhabit; and upon their refusal to make such discovery, as guilty of a or to give such satisfaction, as aforesaid, they shall be purified as perions that are guilty of a contempt to the faid court; and Court may or in case such patron or his clerk shall discover the person for der the person whom the said patron is a trustee, that then and in such case for whom such the said court, upon motion made in open court, shall make a patron is a trustee to appear and make patron is a truftee, shall, in the said court, or before commisthe declaration fioners to be appointed for that purpose, under the seal of the oa, &c. who said court, make, repeat and subscribe the declaration against

tran-

And if it appear that the patron is a truffee, he thall discover for whom, or be punished contempt.

transubstantiation herein before mentioned, and likewise, on resusingshall be pain of incurring a contempt against the said court, give such esteemed a refurther satisfaction upon oath, touching or relating to the said cusant convict. trust, as the said court shall think sit; and such person so required to make, repeat and subscribe the said declaration, and refusing or neglecting so to do, shall be esteemed as a popula re-

culant convict, in respect of such presentation.

. VI. And be it further enacted, That the answer of such pa- The answer of tron and patrons, and the person for whom he or they are any such patron, ways intrufted, and his and their clerk, or any of them, and lowed as evihis and their or any of their examinations and affidavits taken dence. as aforesaid, by order of any court where such Quare Impedit shall be depending, or by any archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, or the commissioners, as aforesaid, (which examinations shall therefore be reduced into writing, and signed by the party examined) shall be allowed as evidence against such patron so presenting, and his clerk.

VII. Provided always, That no fuch bill, nor any discovery Persons makto be made by any answer thereunto, or to any such examinating such discovery. tion, as aforesaid, shall be made use of to subject any person covery, liable only to the loss making any fuch discovery, or not answering such bill, to any of the presenpenalty or forfeiture, other than the loss of the presentation tation.

then in question.

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That in case of any If such bill be fuch bill or bills of discovery, as aforesaid, exhibited in any exhibited by court of equity by the chancellor and scholars of either of the university, no lapse shall faid universities, or their presentee, no lapse shall incur, nor incur, &c. till plenarty be a bar, against such chancellor and scholars, in res- three months pect of the benefice or ecclefiaftical living, touching which fuch after the anbill shall be so exhibited, till after three months from the time sec. that the answer to such bill shall be put in, or the same be taken pro Confesso, or the profecution thereof deserted; provided that fuch bill or bills be exhibited before any lapse incurred.

IX. And whereas it hath been doubted whether any writ of Quare The university Impedit brought by the respective universities, for any presentation, may sue any nomination, collation or donation pursuant to the said recited ass, or writ of Quare either of them, may be brought by them, in or by the name of chancellor and scholars, or ought to be by their true name of incorporation respectively; it is hereby declared. That the faid respective chancollors and scholars of the said universities are by this act, and were by the said former acts, entitled to sue any writ of Quare Impedit by the name of chancellor and scholars of the university of Oxford, and chancellor and scholars of the university of Cambridge respectively, or by their respective proper names of incorporation at their election.

X. And be it further enacted. That in case of any trust for The court may any papilt, or person protessing the popish religion, confessed or ensure the discovered in and by any answer to such bill, as aforesaid, or producing of fuch examination, as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful for to trults. the court where such discovery shall be made, and such court is hereby enabled, to inforce the producing of the deeds creating

I 2

and relating to the said trusts, by such methods as they shall find proper.

Not to extend to Scotland.

The lords of punishments Scotland was impowered to do by an act kingdom.

XI. Provided always, that nothing herein before contained shall extend to that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

XII. And whereas by the determination of the late privy council justiciary may of Scotland, the punishments contained in an act of the parliament of inflict the same Scotland, passed in the eighth session of the first parliament of King on jesuits, &c. William, intituled, An act for preventing the growth of popery, which the pri- cannot be fully put in execution against jesuits, priests, and other trafvy council of ficking papists, who disguise and shelter themselves under berrowed names, to avoid the penalty of the law; it is therefore hereby enacted, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the passed in that lords of her Majesty's justiciary in Scotland, be hereby impowered to inflict the same punishments against jesuits, priests, and other trafficking papists, which the privy council of Sestland was impowered to do by the aforesaid act of parliament.

CAP. XV.

An act for providing a publick reward for such person or persons as shall discover the longitude at Sea.

THEREAS it is well known by all that are acquainted with the art of navigation, That nothing is so much wanted and desired at Sea, as the discovery of the longitude, for the safety and quickness of voyages, the preservation of ships, and the lives of men: and whereas in the judgment of able mathematicians and navigators, several methods have already been discovered, true in theory though very difficult in practice, some of which (there is reason to expect) may be capable of improvement, some already discovered may be preposed to the publick, and others may be invented bereafter. And whereas such a discovery would be of particular advantage to the trade of Great Britain, and very much for the honour of this kingdom; but besides the great difficulty of the thing itself, partly for the want of some publick reward to be settled as an encouragement for so useful and beneficial a work, and partly for want of money for trials and experiments necessary thereunto, no such inventions or proposals, his therto made, have been brought to perfection; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That the lord high admiral of Great Britain, or the first ers appointed commissioner of the admiralty, the speaker of the honourable house of commons, the first commissioner of the navy, the first commissioner of trade, the admirals of the red, white, and ceiving propo- blue squadrons, the master of the Trinity-house, the president fals relating to of the royal fociety, the royal astronomer of Greenwich, the Savilian, Lucasian, and Phumian professors of the mathematicks in Oxford and Cambridge, all for the time being, the right honourable Thomas earl of Pembroke and Montgomery, Philip lord bishop of Hereford, George lord bishop of Bristol, Themas lord Trever, the honourable Sir Thomas Hanner baronet, speaker of the honourable house of commons, the honourable Francis Rebarts

Commissionfor discovering the longitude, and re-

Robarts esq; James Stanhope esq; William Clayton esq; and William Loundes esq; be constituted, and they are hereby constituted commissioners for the discovery of the longitude at sea, and for examining, trying, and judging of all proposals, experiments, and improvements relating to the same; and that the faid commissioners, or any five or more of them, have full power to hear and receive any proposal or proposals that shall be made to them for discovering the said longitude; and in case Commissionthe faid commissioners, or any five or more of them, shall be so ers to certify far fatisfied of the probability of any fuch discovery, as to think the probabiliit proper to make experiment thereof, they shall certify the same covery to the under their hands and feals, to the commissioners of the navy commissioners for the time being, together with the persons names, who are of the navy, the authors of such proposals; and upon producing such certi- who shall make ficate, the faid commissioners are hereby authorized and required out a bill for to make out a bill or bills for any such sum or sums of money, making the not exceeding two thousand pounds, as the said commissioners experiments. for the discovery of the said longitude, or any five or more of them, shall think necessary for making the experiments, pay- 14Geo. 2.C.39. able by the treasurer of the navy; which sum or sums the trea- 26 Geo. 2. c. furer of the navy is hereby required to pay immediately to such person or persons as shall be appointed by the commissioners for To be paid by the discovery of the said longitude, to make those experiments, of the navy. out of any money that shall be in his hands, unapplied for the

use of the navy.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The commisafter experiments made of any proposal or proposals for the dif- sioners to decovery of the faid longitude, the commissioners appointed by far any prothis act, or the major part of them, shall declare and determine potal is practihow far the same is found practicable, and to what degree of cable. exactness.

III. And for a due and sufficient encouragement to any such Reward to the person or persons as shall discover a proper method for finding first discoverer. the faid longitude, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the first author or authors, discoverer or discoverers of any such method, his or their executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be entitled to, and have such reward as herein after is mentioned; that is to fay, to a reward, or sum of ten thousand pounds, if it determines the faid longitude to one degree of a great circle, or fixty geographical miles; to fifteen thouland pounds, if it determines the same to two thirds of that distance; and to twenty When to be thousand pounds, if it determines the same to one half of the paid. fame distance; and that one moiety or half-part of such reward or fum shall be due and paid when the said commissioners, or the major part of them, do agree that any such method extends to the fecurity of ships within eighty geographical miles of the shores, which are places of the greatest danger, and the other mojety or half-part, when a ship by the appointment of the said commissioners, or the major part of them, shall thereby actually fail over the ocean, from Great Britain to any such port in the West-Indies, as those commissioners, or the major part of them, 13

shall choose or nominate for the experiment, without losing their

longitude beyond the limits before mentioned.

As foon as fuch method shall have been found practicable, the commisfioners shall certify the fame to the of the navy, who shall and the treafurer of the the same.

The commis-

fioners may

allow a lefs

reward for

publick.

arry propofal of confider-

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That as foon as fuch method for the discovery of the said longitude shall have been tried and found practicable and useful at sea, within any of the degrees aforesaid, That the said commissioners, or the major part of them, shall certify the same accordingly, under their hands and feals, to the commissioners of the navy for the time being, together with the person or persons commissioners names, who are the authors of such proposal; and upon such certificate the faid commissioners are hereby authorized and required to make out a bill or bills for the respective sum or sums make out bills of money, to which the author or authors of such proposal, of the seward, their executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be entitled by virtue of this act; which fum or fums the treasurer of the navy is hereby required to pay to the said author or authors, their navy shall pay executors, administrators, or assigns, out of any money that shall be in his hands unapplied to the use of the navy, according to the true intent and meaning of this act.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any such proposal shall not, on trial, be found of so great use, as aforementioned, yet if the same, on trial, in the judgment of the faid commissioners, or the major part of them, be found of confiderable use to the publick, that then in such able use to the case, the said author or authors, their executors, administrators, or affigns, shall have and receive such less reward therefore, as the faid commissioners, or the major part of them, shall think reasonable, to be paid by the treasurer of the navy, on such certificate, as aforefaid,

CAP. XVI.

An all to reduce the rate of interest, without any prejudice to parliamentary securities.

THEREAS the reducing of interest to ten, and from thence to eight, and thence to fix in the bundred, hath, from time to time, by experience been found very beneficial to the advancement of trade, and improvement of lands: and whereas the heavy burden of the late long and expensive war hath been chiefly born by the owners of the land of this kingdom, by reason whereas they have been necessitated to contract very large debts, and thereby, and by the abatement in the value of their lands, are become greatly impoverished: and whereas by reason of the great interest and prosit which hath been made of mency at home, the foreign trade of this nation hath of late years been much neglected, and at this time there is a great abatement in the value of the merchandizes, wares, and commodities of this kingdom, both at home and in foreign parts, whither they are transported: and whereas for the redress of these mischiefs, and the preventing the encrease of the same, it is absolutely necessary to reduce the high rate of interest of fix pounds in the hundred pounds for a year to a nearer proportion with the interest allowed for money in foreign states; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice

advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That no person or persons whatsoever, from After 29 Sept. and after the nine and twentieth day of September in the year of 1714. no perour Lord one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, upon any son shall take contract, which shall be made from and after the said nine and cent. interest. twentieth day of September, take, directly or indirectly, for loan of any monies, wares, merchandize, or other commodities whatfoever, above the value of five pounds for the forbearance of one hundred pounds for a year, and so after that rate for a greater or leffer fum, or for a longer or shorter time; and that All bonds, &c. all bonds, contracts, and affurances whatfoever, made after the for a greater all bonds, contracts, and anurances whatoever, made alter the interest shall time aforesaid, for payment of any principal, or money to be interest shall be void. lent or covenanted to be performed upon or for any usury, whereupon or whereby there shall be referred or taken above the rate of five pounds in the hundred, as aforesaid, shall be ntterly void; and that all and every person or persons whato-ever, which shall after the time aforesaid, upon any contract to 51. for the be made after the said nine and twentieth day of September, take, forbearance of accept and receive, by way or means of any corrupt bargain, loan, rook for a exchange, chevizance, shift, or interest of any wares, merchan-teit treble the dizes or other thing or things whatsoever, or by any deceitful value of the way or means, or by any covin, engine, or deceitful convey- monies, &c. ance, for the forbearing or giving day of payment for one whole year, of and for their money or other thing, above the sum of five pounds for the forbearing of one hundred pounds for a year, and so after that rate for a greater or lesser sum, or for a longer or shorter term, shall forfeit and lose for every such offence the treble value of the monies, wares, merchandizes, and other things so lent, bargained, exchanged or shifted.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That After 29 Sept. all and every scrivener and scriveners, broker and brokers, solicivener, &c. tor and solicitors, driver and drivers of bargains for contracts, shall take who shall after the said nine and twentieth day of September above 5s. for take or receive, directly or indirectly, any fum or fums of mo- 1001 for a ney, or other reward or thing for brokage, foliciting, driving, or year, for brokage, so kage, &c. nor procuring the loan, or forbearing of any fum or fums of money, above 12d. beover and above the rate or value of five shillings for the loan, sides stamp or forbearing of one hundred pounds for a year, and so ratably, duties, for or above twelve pence, over and above the stamp-duties, for making or remaking or renewing any making or renewing of the bond or bill for loan, or forbearing bond, &c. on thereof, or for any counterbond or bill concerning the same, penalty of 201. shall forfeit for every such offence twenty pounds, with costs of costs, and imfigit, and suffer imprisonment for half a year; the one moiety of prisonment for fix months; all which forfeitures to be to the Queen's most excellent majesty, one moie; to her heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them the crown the that will sue for the same in the same county where the several other to the offences are committed, and not elsewhere, by action of debt, protecutor. bill, plaint or information, in which no effoin, wager of law or protection shall be allowed.

CAP. XVII.

An all for the speedy and effectual preserving the navigation of the river of Thames, by stopping the breach in the levels of Havering and Dagenham in the county of Essex; and for ascertaining the coal measure.

THEREAS the preservation of the river of Thames is of the utmost importance, as well to the city of London, as to the trade of this whole kingdom: and whereas in the year one thoufand seven hundred and seven, by a violent inundation of the said river of Thames, there happened a great breach in the walls or banks of the levels of Havering and Dagenham in the county of Essex, next adjoining to the faid river, whereby one thousand acres of land in the faid levels is overflowed, and the same, if not speedily remedied, will tend to the apparent hazard of the navigation of the faid river, by the continual quantities of earth and gravel, which every tide are brought from the faid breach, and have already occasioned a shelf or sand bank to grow up near the mouth of the said breach, which reaches almost half cross the river in breadth, and near a mile in length; infomuch that if the faid breach is not flopped, and the walls or banks made good again, the navigation of the faid river of Thames is in danger of being utterly destroyed: for remedy whereof, be it enacted, &c.

For 10 years from 10 July 1714. Ships coming into the port of London, to pay 3d. per ton. Coakers 3's. each voyage. Colliers 1d. per chalder, Names of the truftees. Truftees may appoint receivers of these dutie Duties to be applied to the stopping the breach. Accounts, &c. to be laid before the parliament. No customer, &c. to take any entries, &c. till these duties are paid, on forseiture of 50l. Collector may enter ships, and distrain for the duties. Trustees may borrow money on this act at 61. per cent. If sufficient money be raised within the 10 years, then the duties to cease. EXP.

XI. And whereas the practice and usage in the port of London for many years last past, in the measurement of all sorts of coals, commonly called sea coals, water-born, liable to the several duties, and chargeable with the same by several acts of parliament, bath usually been made by a busbel equal to one busbel and one quart, Winchester measure, according to the standard in her Majesty's Exchequer: and whereas some doubts and disputes have of late arisen touching the measurement of sea coals; for preventing therefore all such disputes for the future, be it enacted and declared by the authority The contents aforesaid, That the bushel commonly called the coal bushel, thall be made round, with a plain and even bottom, and to be nineteen inches and a half from outfide to outfide, and to contain one Winchester bushel and one quart of water, according to the standard for the Winchester buthel, described by an act of parliament made in the thirteenth year of the reign of his late majesty King William for settling a duty upon malt, and all sea coals and culm chargeable with any duties by the Winchester measure, from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be chargeable with the said

of a coal bunhel. 13 & 14 W. 3. C. 5. 1. 28.

duties, and be fold, measured, and paid by the chalder, containing thirty-fix of such bushels, as aforesaid, heaped up, and no other, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity, under the like penalties and forfeitures as are by law prescribed in regard to the Winchester bushel; any law, usage or custom to

the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XII. And for the more easy and better ascertaining the contents of A flandard the faid bushel, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, bushel to be That the lord high treasurer, or any three or more of the com- Exchequer. missioners of the treasury for the time being, shall cause an ex- The penalty of act bushel to be made of brass of the manner and dimensions a- 501. is laid on foresaid, and the same to be sealed and kept in her Majesty's dealers in coals Exchequer as a standard for the purposes aforesaid, that recourse buffel, by may be had thereto as occasion shall require.

Geo. 2. C.26.

Lands fold by decree of commissioners of sewers, &c. may be redeemed by the land owners before 1 Dec. 1714. Notice in the gazette of receiving proposals for stopping the breach. Coasting hoys not chargeable. EXP.

CAP. XVIII.

An att for the preserving all such ships and goods thereof, which shall bappen to be forced on shore, or stranded, upon the coasts of this kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions.

XTHEREAS by an act made in the third year of the reign of 3 Ed. 1. C. 4. King Edward the First, concerning wrecks at sea, it is enatted, That where a man, a dog, or a cat, escape quick out of the ship, that fuch ship, nor barge, nor any thing in them, shall be adjudged a wreck, but the goods shall be saved, and kept by view of the sheriff, coroner, or the King's bailiff, and delivered into the hands of fuch as are of the town where the goods were found; so that if any fue for those goods, and after prove that they were his, or perished within his keeping, within a year and a day, they shall be restored to him without delay, and if not, they shall remain to the King, or to fuch others to whom wreck belongeth; and he that otherwise doth, and thereof be attainted, shall be awarded to prison, and make fine at the King's will: and whereas by another act made in the fourth year of the reign of the said Edward the First, intituled, De officio Coro-4Ed.1. flat. 2. natoris, concerning the wreck of the fea, it is enacted, That wheresoever it be found, if any lay hands of it, he shall be attached by sufficient pledges, and the price of the wreck shall be valued, and delivered to the town: and whereas great complaints have been made by several merchants, as well her Majesty's subjects as foreigners, trading to and from this kingdom, that many ships of trade, after all their dangers at sea escaped, have unfortunately, near home, run on shore, or been stranded on the coasts thereof; and that such ships have been barbarousty plundered by her Majesty's subjects, and their cargoes emhexilled, and when any part thereof has been faved, it has been fwallowed up by exorbitant demands for salvage, to the great loss of her Majesty's revenue, and to the much greater damage of her Majesty's trading fubjects: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's

Sheriffs, mayors, &c. and customhouse officers to Jummon men to affift fhips in di-Breis.

All thips to affitt,

on forfeiture of rool.

Reasonable falvage to be made. By · 5 Geo. 1. C. 11. fr 13. Goods faved j om firanded custom.

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most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the sheriffs, justices of the peace of every county, or county of a city or town, and also all mayors, bailiffs, and other head officers of corporations and port towns near adjoining to the fea, and all constables, headboroughs, tything-men, and officers of the customs in all and every such places shall, upon application made to them, or any of them, by or on the behalf of any commander or chief officer of any ship or vessel of any of her Majesty's subjects, or others, being in danger of being stranded or run on thore, or being stranded or run on thore, are hereby impowered and required to command the constables of the several ports within her Majesty's dominions, nearest to the sea coasts where any such ship or vessel shall be in danger, as aforesaid, to fummon and call together as many men as shall be thought necessary to the assistance and for the preservation of such ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid, and their cargoes; and that if there shall be any ship or vessel, either man of war or merchants thip, belonging to her Majesty, or any of her subjects, riding at anchor near the place where such ship or vessel is in distress or danger, as aforefaid, the officers of the customs, and constables above mentioned, or any of them, are hereby impowered and required to demand of the superior officers of such ship or vessel so riding at anchor, as aforesaid, assistance by their boats, and fuch hands as they can conveniently spare, for the said fervice and preservation of the said ship or vessel so in distress, as atoresaid; and that in case such superior officer of such ship or vessel riding at anchor, as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to give such assistance, he shall forfeit for the same the sum of one hundred pounds, to be recovered by the superior officer of the faid thip or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid, together with their costs of suit, in any of her Majesty's courts of record, by action, debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein no effoin, wager of law, or protection shall be allowed.

II. And for the encouragement of fuch persons as shall give their assistance to such ships or vessels so in distress, as aforesaid, be it further enacted, That the said collectors of the customs, and the master or commanding officer of any ships or vessels, and all others who shall act or be imployed in the preterving of any such thip or vessel in distress, as aforesaid, or their This are to pay cargoes, shall within thirty days after the service performed be paid a reasonable reward for the same, by the commander, mafter, or other superior officer, mariners or owners of the ship or yessel so in distress, as aforesaid, or by the merchant, whose thip, vessel, or goods shall be so saved, as aforesaid; and in default thereof, the faid thip, vessel or goods so saved, as aforesaid, shall remain in the custody of such officer of the customs, or his deputy, until such time that all charges shall be paid, and until the faid officer of the customs, or his deputy, and the said mather or other officer of the thip or veilel, and all others to im-

as aforefaid, shall be reasonably gratified for their said ace and trouble, or good fecurity given for that purpofe, fatisfaction of the feveral parties that are to receive the and that in case after such salvage, the commander or superior officer, mariners or owners of such thip or vessel ed, as aforefaid, or merchant whose goods shall be so saved, refaid, shall disagree with the said officer of the customs, deputy, touching the monies deserved by any of the pero imployed, as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the comer of fuch thip or vessel so saved, or the owner of the goods, : merchant interested therein, and also for the said officer of floms, or his deputy, to nominate three of the neighbouristices of the peace, who shall thereupon adjust the guan- Three justices f the monies or gratuities to be paid to the several persons to adjust the ; or being imployed in the salvage of the said ship, vessel quantum. ods; and such adjustments shall be binding to all parties, hall be recoverable in an action at law to be brought in any : Majesty's courts of record, by the respective persons to is the same shall be allotted by the said justices of peace; and e it shall happen, that no person shall appear to make his Goods not to all or any the goods that shall be saved, that then and claimed in re h case, the chief officer of the customs of the nearest port to months, to be lace where the faid ship or vessel was so in distress, as aiid, shall apply to three of the nearest justices of the peace, shall put him or some other responsible person in possession e said goods, such justices of peace taking an account in ng of the said goods, to be signed by such officer of the ms; and if the faid goods shall not be legally claimed withe space of twelve months next ensuing, by the rightful ir thereof, then publick fale shall be made thereof, and if hable goods, forthwith to be fold, and after all charges de-and the monies arifing by such fale, with a transmitted ind just account of the whole, shall be transmitted to her into the Ex-My's Exchequer, there to remain for the benefit of the chequer, &c. ful owner when appearing, who upon affidavit or other f made of his or their right or property thereto, to the fa-Rion of one of the barons of the coife of the Exchequer, upon his order receive the same out of the Exchequer. I. And it is hereby also enacted, That if any person or per-persons en. whatfoever, besides those impowered by the said officer of tring ship customs, or his deputy, and the constables, as aforesaid, without leave, enter or endeavour to enter on board any such ship or vesin diffress, as aforesaid, without the leave or consent of the mander, or other superior officer of the said ship, or of the

officer of the cyftoms, or his deputy, or of the said cone, or some or one of them imployed for the service and preition of the faid ship or vessel, as aforesaid; or in case any or hindering on shall molest him, them, or any of them, in the saving the saving the faing the saving the s

inder the laving of any such ship, vessel or goods, or when faction. fuch goods are faved, shall take out or deface the marks of

any such goods, before the same shall be taken down in a book or books for that purpose provided by the commander or ruling officer, and the first officer of the customs, as aforesaid, such person or persons shall, within the space of twenty days, make double satisfaction to the party grieved, at the discretion of the two next justices of peace, or in default thereof, shall by such justices of peace be sent to the next house of correction, where he shall continue and be imployed in hard labour by the space of twelve months then next enfuing; and that it shall be lawful for any commander or superior officer of the said ship or vessel so in diffress as aforesaid, or for the said officer of the customs, or constables on board the same ship or vessel, to repel by force any fuch person or persons as shall, without such leave or consent from the faid commander or superior officer, or the faid officer of the customs, or his deputy, or such constables, as aforesaid, press on board the said ship or vessel so in distress, as afbresaid, and thereby molest them in the preservation of the said ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid.

Masters may repel preffers into the ship.

Goods carried mediately delivered up.

IV. And it is hereby likewise enacted, That in case any goods off, to be im- shall be found upon any person or persons, that were stolen or carried off from any such thip or vessel so in distress, as aforefaid, he, she, or they, on whom such goods shall be found, shall immediately, upon demand, deliver the same to the owner thereof, or to fuch person by such owner authorized to receive the same, or in default thereof, shall be liable to pay treble the Penalty treble value of such goods, to be recovered by such owner in an action at law to be brought for the fame.

the value.

Making holes in the Mip, &c. felony.

V. And it is hereby moreover enacted, That if any person or persons shall make, or be affishing in the making any hole in the bottom, fide, or any other part of any ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid, or shall steal any pump belonging to any ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid, or shall be aiding or abetting in the stealing such pump, as aforesaid, or shall wilfully do any thing tending to the immediate loss or destruction of such ship or vessel, such person or persons shall be and are hereby made guilty of felony, without any benefit of his, her, or their clergy.

General issue.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That if any action, suit, or information, shall be commenced or profecuted against any person or persons, for any thing that he or they shall do, or cause to be done, in pursuance of this act, and executing any of the powers and authorities, or any of the orders or direction therein mentioned, all and every perfon and persons so sued in any court whatsoever, shall and may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if in any such suit the plaintiff or prosecutor shall become nonsuit, or forbear prosecution, or discontinue the suit, or if a verdict shall pass against him, or judgment be given against him upon a demurrer, then in any of the said cases, the defendant or defendants shall recover full costs, for which he and they shall have the like remedy as where costs by law are awarded; and this act shall be taken and allowed in all courts Publick act. within this kingdom as a publick act, and all judges and justices are hereby required to take notice thereof as such without special

pleading of the same.

VII. Provided nevertheles, if any officer of the customs, or Custom house his deputy so impowered, as above, shall, by fraud or wilful officer abusing neglect, abuse the trust so hereby reposed in him, as aforesaid, his trust, to neglect, abuse the trust so hereby reposed in him, as aforesaid, for freit treble and shall be convicted thereof in due form of law, such officer, damages, and or his deputy, shall respectively forseit treble damages to the party disabled. grieved, to be recovered in any action or suit to be brought in any court of record, and shall from thenceforth be fully disabled and rendred incapable of the same, or any other imployment relating to the said customs.

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That this act, and Act to comthe feveral clauses herein contained, shall take effect from mence: Aug. and after the first day of August in the year of our Lord one be read four thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and that for the better times in the observing of the same, this act shall be read four times in the year on Sunyear in all the parish churches and chapels of every sea-port days in seatown, and upon the sea-coast in this kingdom, upon the Sun-port towns. days next before Michaelmas-day, Christmas-day, Lady-day, and Midsummer-day in the morning, immediately after the prayers, and before the sermon.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That neither Claims to this act, nor any thing herein contained, shall any ways extend wreck faved to deprive, or any ways prejudice her royal Majesty, her heirs or successors, or any claiming under them, or any of them, or any patentee or grantee of the crown, or any lord or lords of any manor or manors, or other person whatsoever, of or in relation to any right which they, or any of them respectively have, or shall have, or lawfully may claim to any wreck or wrecks, or any goods that are or shall be stoffam, jetsam or lagan, but that such respective rights shall be enjoyed in as full, ample, and beneficial a manner, in every respect, as if this act had never been

X. Provided, That this act shall continue in force for the space Continuation of three years, and from thence to the end of the next sellion of parliament, and no longer, *Made perpetual by* 4 Geo. 1.6.12.

CAP. XIX.

An all to explain a clause in an all of parliament of the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, for laying several duties upon all sope and paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and upon chequered and striped linens imported; and upon certain silks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, printed, painted or stained; and upon several kinds of stampt wellum, parchment and paper; and upon certain printed pamphlets and advertisements; for raising the sum of eighteen hundred thousand pounds by way of a lottery; and for other purposes in the said all mentioned, so far as the said all relates to lawns, canvas, buckrams, barras, and Silesia neckeloths.

30 Ann. c. 19.

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THEREAS in and by an act passed in the tenth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for laying several duties upon all sope and paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and upon chequered and striped lineas imported; and upon certain filks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, printed, painted or stained; and upon several kinds of stampt vellum, parchment and paper; and upon certain printed papers. pamphlets and advertisements; for raising the sum of eighteen hundred thousand pounds by way of a lottery, towards her Majefty's supply; and for licensing an additional number of hackney chairs; and for charging certain stocks of cards and dice; and for better securing her Majesty's duties to arise in the office for the stamp-duties by licences for marriages and otherwise: and for relief of persons who have not claimed their lottery rikkets in due time, or have lost Exchequer bills, or lottery tickets; and for borrowing money upon stock (part of the capital of the South Sea company) for the use of the publick: it was enacted, That there should be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all chequen ed and striped linens, and upon all linens, and upon all linens printed, painted, flained or dyed, after the monufacture, or in the thread und garn before the manufacture, in any foreign parts, which at any time or times, within or during the term of thirty-two years, to be reckened from the twentieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Boitain, and might lawfully be used or worn there (over and above all ather customs, subsidies and duties imposed upon, or payable for the same) a duty of fifteen pounds for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, to be paid by the importers respectively; and also, that all and every printers, painters, stainers, dyers, drapers, mercers, upbolders, traders and dealers respectively, having on the said twentieth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, in his, her, or their englody or possession, or in the custody or possession of any other person or persons, for his, ber or their use, benefit or account, any flock or quantity of such chequered or striped linens, or of such printed, painted, stained

or dyed filks, callicoes, linens, or such stuffs, as aforesaid, being for sale, either wholesale or retail, should yield and pay to her Majesty for the same, so much money as one half-part of the rates and duties by the faid act imposed on the like respective commodities, after the commencement of the said act, should amount unto; the said half-part for the said stocks to be paid within three months after the said twentieth day of July aforesaid; and whereas some doubts have arisen whether lawns, linens striped or chequered, being all white, and neckc**let**bs having stripes at the end only; as also barras striped or chequered, and buckrams are liable by the said att to the above mentioned duties; be it enacted and declared by the Queen's most excellent Lawns, Silesia majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual neckcloths, and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all lawns, and rams, not friped or chequered linens, being all white, and neckcloths chargeable by striped at the end only; and also barras, or packing canvas and 10 Ann. c. 19. buckrams, were not charged, or intended to be charged by the 1. 66. said recited act, upon the importation thereof, with any of the duties by the same act granted; any thing in the said recited act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

CAP. XX.

An all to explain and make more effectual an all passed in the tenth year of her present Majesty's reign, for preventing abuses in making linen cloth, and regulating the lengths and breadths, and equal sorting of yarn, in each piece made in Scotland, and for whitening the same.

HEREAS by an act made in the tenth year of her Majesty's 10 Ann. c. 21, reign, intituled, An act to prevent abuses in making linen cloth, and regulating the lengths, breadths, and equal forting of yarn for each piece made in Scotland, and for whitening the fame; and forasmuch as there was no provision made in the said at for regulating the lengths, breadths, and equal sorting of yarn for dernick or towelling or for quarter-pieces of white linen cloth; for After : Aug. temedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent ma- 1714. all dorjesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual nick, towelling and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assem- and plain linen bled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the made in Scotfirst day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord one made of well thousand seven hundred and sourteen, all sorts of dornick, towel- sorted yarn, ling, or plain linen cloth made in Scotland, shall be made of well &c. Softed yarn for each piece, and equally wrought, and equally fine, from the one end of the piece to the other, and shall be by the standard yard-wand, of the lengths and breadths following, That each piece of broad, double, or fingle dornick table- The lengths. cloths, shall be in length twelve yards and a quarter, the half and breadths. piece fix yards and one eighth, and shall be full two yards in breadth; and that each piece of double or fingle dornick for naprie or towelling, shall be full twenty-four yards, and the half piece twelve yards in length, and shall be full three quan-

ters of a yard, or full half yard in breadth; and that each quarter-piece of plain white linen cloth shall be full ten yards in length, and shall be full yard, or full three quarters of a yard, or full half an yard in breadth.

Penalty 5 s. for every yard;

ed as by 10

Ann. c. 21.

II. And be it further enacted, That every person offending in any of the matters aforesaid, contrary to the directions of this act, do and shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of to be recover- five shillings for every yard of cloth; and that the offences aforesaid shall be examinable and determinable in such manner, and the said forseitures and penalties shall be sued for, levied and recovered, as the penalty of five shillings sterling mentioned in the faid former act is directed to be examined and determined. fued for, levied and recovered.

CAP. XXI.

An all to explain part of an all made in the seventh year of ber Majesty's reign, (for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raising a further supply to ber Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and nine) so far as the same relates to unwrought, incle imported into this kingdom.

7 Ann. c. 7.

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[THEREAS by an act made in the seventh year of the reign of ber present Majesty, inituled, An act for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine, it is expressy enacted and provided, That all European linens, fifters thread and tapes, or incles (among other things) shall be exempted from the payment of the duties called the two third subsidies, for all times to come during the continuance of the same: and whereas some doubts and disputes have arisen between the commisfigurers of her Majesty's customs and the merchants and other importers of the said tapes and incles, by means of the uncertainty whether the exception of the tape or incle, mentioned in the said ast, be enty of tapes that are wrought incle, so that all wrought incle is thereby exempted from the payment of the aforesaid duties, though manusastured abread in parts beyond the feas, and uncorought incles, which impley great numbers of poor in manufacturing the same, is construed to be liable to, and is charged with the faid duties, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the faid law, as appears evidently, in that the bringing in and importing wrought incle, is prejudicial to Great Bri-European un- tain, and the poor subjects and manusacturers thereof; be it therewrought incle fore enacted and declared by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and ties of the two temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, third subsidies, and by the authority of the same, That the said provision and exception in the faid act above mentioned, in relation to tapes or incles, shall extend and be construed to exempt European unwrought incle, commonly called or known by the name of thort spinnal, as well as wrought incle, from the payment of the said duties of the two third subsidies, which shall be entred at any of her Majesty's

from the du-

Majesty's custom-houses within the kingdom of Great Britain, after the twentieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; any law, custom or usage to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

CAP. XXII.

An act to continue an act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to enable ber Majesty to make leases and copies of offices, lands and bereditaments, parcel of ber dutchy of Cornwell, or annexed to the same. EXP.

CAP. XXIII.

An act for reducing the laws relating to rogues, vagabonds, flurdy beg-Repealed gars and vagrants, into one act of parliament; and for the more effec-13Geo. 2.C. 14. tual punishing such rogues, vagabonds, sturdy beggars and vagrants, 17 Geo. 2.C. 5. and sending them whether they ought to be sent.

Who shall be deemed rogues and vagabonds. Constables, &c. may apprehend a vagabond, and carry him before a justice. Constable, &c. neglecting, to forfeit 10 s. to the poor. Justice may order a reward of 2 s. for apprehending a vagabond, to be paid by the confable where he paffed unapprehended, on penalty of 202. Justices to order a general privy fearch in the night. Persons apprehended to be examined and sent by the justices to their legal settlement. Examination to be transmitted to the sessions. If no legal settlement can be found, he shall be sent to the place of his birth. If under the age of 14, to the abode of father or mother, or where last found begging, &c. Persons having a legal settlement, found wandering, &c. may be whipped or fent to the house of correction. How the charges of conveying shall be born. Dangerous rogues to be fent to the house of correction or gaol, till next quarter-fessions, who may order them to be whipt and kept to hard labour. And any such rogue escaping from prison shall be guilty of felony. Justice shall not make a passfor conveying a vagrant to the place of his birth, if he has any legal settlement, on forfeature of 51. Persons apprehended refusing to be examined, &c. may be punished as incorrigible rogues. Justices to certify the manner, time, and allowance for conveying, &c. Constable, &c. to convey the person as directed by the pass, and deliver him to the constable, &c. of the place whither sent, taking a note of such delivery; which the said constable, &c. is required to give, and to apply to some justice, who shall cause such vagabond to be whipt, &c. and conveyed forward, &c. No constable obliged to receive any person, unless it appear he has been whipt, (except women with child, foldiers, &c.) Justices in quarter-fessions to appoint rates for conveying of vagrants. Quarter-fessions to cause such sums to be raifed as monies for county gaols or bridges; to be paid to the chief conflables, who shall account for the same twice a year. Chief constable to pay petty constable the rates ascertained in the certificate, and be allowed it on his account. Counterfeiting, &c. any certificate, forfeits sol. above the fum taken. One half to the poor, the other to informer, to be levied by diffrest. Justices may examine constable, &c. on oath, concerning the conveying, &c. Parish to which conveyed, shall employ such person in work. Refusing to work, he shall be sent to the house of correction. Penalty on a parish for suffering such person to wander again. Person wandering again, to be fent to the house of correction till next sessions, and then to give (ecurity for good behaviour for one year, or be deemed an incorririble rogue. Person found to have no settlement, &c. shall be an apprendice for seven years, either here or in the plantations. Master, &c. of such person so bound and transported, to enter into a recognizance, that he hall be imployed in the Queen's plantations, &c. Persons aggrieved by orders of justices may appeal to quarter-fessions, whose determination shall be final. Constables, &c. to remove blind and lame beggars, &c. and whip them if they refuse, or offend a second time, on penalty of tos. Duty of justices in regard to lunaticks. Not to extend to abridge the Queen's VOL. XIU.

prerogative, or the power of the lord chancel lor. Master of a ship bringing any rogue, &c. into this realm, from Ireland, the plantations. &c. shall forfeit 51. &c. And the person so brought over shall be sent back. Penalty on the master of the ship how to be recovered. Master may traverse the order of the justices, giving 501. security to answer the costs, &c. Masters of ships, &c. bound for Ireland, &c. to take vagrants on board, and convey them to Ireland, &c. on forseiture of 51. Constable remiss in his duty, and persons disturbing, &c. the execution of this act, and rescuing, &c. any person apprehended, shall for every offence forseit 20 s. to the poor. The acts 39 Eliz. c. 4. 1 Jac. 1. c. 7. and so much of 7 Jac. 1. c. 4. as relates to the privy search, repealed. Not to extend to prejudice the heirs or assigns of John Dutton, &c. REP.

Anno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ, primo.

A T the parliament met at Westminster the first day of August, Anno Domini one thousand seven bundred and sourteen, in the first year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, &c. on occasion of the demise of her late majesty Queen Anne (of helsed memory) in pursuance of the att of the sixth year of her said late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the further security of her Majesty's person and government, and of the succession to the crown of Great Britain in the protestant line, (a) and by adjournments continued until the twenty-

ing words are mile, (a) and by adjuntum added from the fifth day of the same month. inrollment.

CAP. I.

An act for the better support of his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain.

TAY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas by an ast 1 Ann. stat. 1. C. 7. of parliament made in the first year of the reign of our late sovereign lady Queen Anne (of blessed memory,) intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, it was (amongst other things) enacted, That the rates and duties of excise, upon beer, ale, and other 12 Car. 2. C.23. liquors, which had been granted to his late majesty King Charles the Second, (of bleffed memory) by an act made in the twelfth year of bis reign, intituled, A grant of certain impositions upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for the increase of his Majesty's revenue during his life, and which were granted to their late majesties King William and Queen Mary (of bleffed memory) by an act made in 2 W. & M. the second year of their reign, for their lives, and the life of the furfest. 1. c. 3. vivor of them (a certain duty of fix pence for every barrel of vinegabeer, granted by the same acts, excepted) and also a duty of six pence,

part of a duty of eight shillings, which was granted to his faid late majesty King William, for and upon every barrel of vinegar, vinegar-beer, or liquor preparing for vinegar, which should be brewed or made of any English materials, by any person or persons whatsoever for fale, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity, by an act made in the tenth year of his reign: and likewise the further 10 & 11 W. 30 Jubsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods c. 21. and merchandizes, which had been granted to his faid late majesty King William for his life, by an act made in the ninth year of his reign, 9 & 10 W 3. intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty a further subsidy of c. 23. tonnage and poundage, towards raising the yearly sum of seven hundred thousand pounds, for the service of his Majesty's houshold, and other uses therein mentioned, during his Majefly's life, should be levied, collected, and paid to her said late majesty 1 Ann. flat. 14 Queen Anne, for and during the term of her natural life: and in c. 7. and by the said act of the first year of the reign of her said late majesty Queen Anne, it was enacted and declared. That the hereditary rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of the said late King Charles the Second, and the faid duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, granted to her Majesty by the said act of the first year of her reign, for her life (subject nevertheless to the incumbrances in that act mentioned) and the monies arising by the said further subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties thereby granted, and the revenue arising in the general letter-office or post-office, or office For the appliof post-master general, and the small branches of her Majesty's revenues, cation of the therein particularly described or mentioned, should be for the support surplus arising of her Migfly's housbold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, See 1 Geo. 1. as by the said act of the first year of her said late Majesty's reign ttat. 2. C. 12. (relation being thereunto had) may more fully appear: now we your f. 25. and Maj. fty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Bri- 7 Geo. 1. stat. tain in parliament affembled, being defirous to settle on your Majesty 1. C. 27. a competent revenue, for defraying the expences of your Majesty's civil government, and better supporting the dignity of the crown of Great Britain, during your life (which God long preserve) and as a testimony of our unfeigned affection to your sacred person, by whose peaceable and happy accession to the throne (after the loss of our late most gracious sovereign Lady) your Majesty's subjects are not only delivered from the fear of their enemies, but have a prospect (which they are bound to own with thankfulness to Almighty God) that the religion, laws and liberties of this realm will be continued, and that they your faid subjects, and their posterity may, through his divine goodness, enjoy a long tranquillity under your Majesty's auspicious reign, have therefore freely and unanimously resolved to give and grant, and do by this aft give and grant to you our most gracious sovereign lord King George, the several rates, duties, impositions and charges herein after mentioned, during your Majesty's life; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted: and be it enacted, &c.

During the life of his Majesty, the excise granted to King Charles the Se-12 Car. 2. C.23. cond shall be paid to King George. The further subsidy of tonnage and 2 W. & M. poundage, granted by the act of the minth of King William, shall during sess, 1. c. 3.

9 & 10 W. 3. C, 13. 3 Ann. c. 2.

10 & 11 W. 3. the life of King George, be paid to his Majesty, These said duties, and the revenue of the post office, and the small branches of his Majesty's revenues, viz. Fines for writs of covenant, and writs of entry, payable in the alienation-office, the post-fines, the revenue of the wine-licences, she-1 Ann. stat. 1. riffs profers and compositions in the Exchequer, seizures of uncustomed and prohibited goods, his Majesty's rents of lands, or for fines of leases, 2 & 3 Ann. and all other revenues settled for the support of her late Majesty's houshold, &c. 3. &c. (except the duty of four and an half per cent. in Barbadoes and the 12 & 13 W. 3. Leeward Islands, and except the revenue of the dutchy of Cornwall, and except the first-fruits and tenths of the clergy,) shall be for the support of 2 & 3Ann.c.3. his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of his crown. The weekly fum of three thousand seven hundred pounds charged upon the ex-9 Ann. c. 10. cife, shall be taken out of the said duties of excise granted to King George. 9 Ann. c. 23. Nothing in this act shall hinder the payment of the weekly sum of seven hundred pounds out of the post-office. The sum of thirty-five thousand pounds, payable out of the excise, granted during the term of thirty two years, shall be charged upon the said duties of excise granted to King George. EXP.

650221. 88. 8d. over troops,

VIII. And whereas by an act made in the last session of this present for the Hano-parliament, intituled, An act for laying additional duties on lope and paper, and upon certain linens, filks, callicoes and stuffs and upon starch, and upon exported coals, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, for raising one million four hundred thousand pounds by way of a lottery, for her Majesty's supply; and for allowances on exporting made wares of leather, sheep skins and lamb skins; and for distribution of four thoufand pounds, due to the officers and seamen for gun-money; and to adjust the property of tickets in former lotteries, and touching certain shares of stock in the capital of the South Sea company; and for appropriating the monies granted to her Majesty, any sum not exceeding in the whole three bundred thousand pounds is appropriated towards fatisfying the debt due on account to the land-forces, and to the out-pensioners; in which said debt due on account to the land forces, the fum of fixty-five thousand twenty-two pounds eight shillings and eight pence, being the arrears of pay and extraordinaries due to the troops of Hanover for their service in the Low Countries, in the year one thousand seven hundred and trocke, is included; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of the faid sum of three hundred thousand pounds, there shall and may be iffued and applied the fum of fixty-five thousand twenty-two pounds eight shillings and eight pence. You and towards the fatisfying and discharging the said arrears of pay and extraordinaries due to the said troops, as aforesaid.

Reward for taking the pretender.

IX. And whereas our late gracious sovereign Queen Anne; of bleffel memory, being fully convinced of the imminent dangers which threatned her kingdoms, and the protestant succession in the house of Hanover, as well as from a just resentment of the indignities offered to ber Majesty by the pretender's remaining in Lorrain, in defiance of ber sepeated instances for his removal, and of the treasonable practices committed by inlifting her Majesty's subjects in the service of the pretender, was pleased to iffue her royal proclamation, thereby promising a reward of five thousand pounds to such person who should apprehend the pretender: and whereas the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, did by their bumble address assure her Majesty, that the

would affift her by granting out of the first aids to be given by par- 1 Geo. 1. liament the sum of one hundred thousand pounds, as a further encou-flat. 2. C. 13. ragement and reward for apprehending the pretender, whenever he 1. 28. should land, or attempt to land, in any of her late Majesty's dominions; now to the end that the encouragement and reward for a service so important may be rendred fure and effectual, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being shall, and are hereby authorized and required, out of the monies granted, or to be granted by parliament for the use of the publick, forthwith to iffue and pay the fum of one hundred thousand pounds to any person or persons who shall seize and . secure the person of the pretender, whenever he shall land or attempt to land, in any of his Majesty's dominions.

CAP. II.

An act for reclifying mistakes in the names of the commisfioners for the land-tax for the year one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and for raising so much as is wanting to make up the sum of fourteen bundred thousana pounds, intended to be raised by a lottery for the publick service in the said year.

A ND whereas by an act made in the said parliament holden at 12 Ann. state Westminster in the twelfth year of the reign of our said 2. C. 1. See late sovereign lady Queen Anne, for laying additional duties on 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. sope and paper, and upon certain linens, filks, callicoes and stuffs, Reciting and upon flarch, and exported coles, and upon flampt vellum, parchc. 9. being ment and paper, for raifing one million and four hundred thousand the lottery all. pounds by way of a lottery, (amongst other things therein contained) 1714. it was enacted, That yearly and every year, during the term of two and thirty years, reckoning the first year to begin from the twentyninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, the full sum of one hundred and five thousand pounds, by or out of the monies to arife by the additional or new duties thereby granted, should be a yearly fund for paying and answering certain principal sums, amounting in the whole to one million eight hundred seventy-fix thousand and four bundred pounds, with interest for the same, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, as is therein mentioned; and (in case of any deficiencies) that the said yearly fund should be made good as was thereby prescribed: and it was thereby further enacted, That it should and might be lawful, for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contribute for or towards advancing the said sum of one million four hundred thousand pounds, the sum of ten pounds, or divers entire sums of ten pounds, upon the said act, for which he, she, or they should be entitled to receive by virtue of that all, such principal money and the interest thereof, to be paid as is therein mentioned, by and out of the said yearly fund; which sums of ten pounds each were thereby appointed to be paid unto the respective receivers on or before the respective days and times, and in the respective proportions after mentioned:

tioned; that is to fav, one fourth part thereof on or before the tenth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, one other fourth part thereof, on or before the tenth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, one other fourth part thereof, on or before the eleventh day of October one thousand seven bundred and fourteen, and the remaining fourth part thereof, on or before the tenth day of November one thousand seven hundred and fourteen: and that no money should be received from any contributor or adventurer, for the first payment towards this adventure, after the faid tenth day of August one thoufand seven hundred and fourteen, as by the same act (relation being thereunto had) may more fully appear: and whereas fince the making the aet last before recited, several contributions have been made thereupon, amounting in the whole to five hundred and seven thousand four hundred and forty pounds, or thereabouts, part whereof hath been actually paid or answered to the said receivers, and the residue of the contributions fo made is to be paid or answered within the days or times before appointed in that behalf: and whereas for raising so much as is wanting to complete the full fum of one million four bundred thousand pounds before mentioned, it is found necessary, that the time for receiving the contributions for that purpose be prolonged, and that some further encouragement and security be given to the contributers thereof; now his Majethy's most dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do most humbly befeech his Majesty, That it may be enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That yearly and every year, during the faid term of thirty-two years, the full 116, 573l. 128. film of one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventythree pounds twelve shillings (in lieu of the aforesaid vearly fund of one hundred and five thousand pounds) to arise by or out of the monies arifing by the faid additional or new duties on fope and paper, and upon the faid linens, filks, callicoes, 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. and fluffs, and upon starch, and exported coles, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, by the faid last recited act granted, and to be brought into the receipt of Exchequer, as aforefaid, in case the same shall extend thereunto, shall be computed and reckoned to be the yearly fund; and in case all tickets to have the monies arising into the Exchequer for the said rates, duties and fums of money to granted, shall not amount to the fum of one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three pounds twelve shillings per annum, then the monies so arising, to far as the same shall extend, shall be part of the same yearly fund, towards the answering and paying off all and every the faid principal fums mentioned in the faid act, amounting in the whole to one million eight hundred feventy-fix thousand four hundred pounds, together with interest for the same, after the respective rates herein after mentioned; that is to say, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum for so much thereof as shall be contained in the fortunate tickets, to be drawn purfuant to that and this present act, or either of them, and after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for so much of the

to be the yearly fund. Sie 2 Gco. 2. c. 3. Made perpetual by 1. 1. See 2 Gev. 2. c. 3.

Fortunate 41. per cent. perann blanks 51. per cent.

faid principal sums as shall be contained in the other tickets, (commonly called blank tickets) to be drawn pursuant to the same acts, or either of them, until the satisfaction thereof respectively; yet so as that the interest of such principal sums, as shall be paid off, shall cease from the respective times of paying off the same: and in case the said duties, rates, and sums of money by the faid last recited act granted shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient or low in the produce of the same, as that within any one year, to be reckoned, as aforefaid, the faid monies arising into the Exchequer, for or upon account of the same duties, shall not amount to so much as one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three pounds twelve shillings, That then and so often, and in every such case, so Deficiency to much as shall be wanting to make up the said fund or sum of be made good one hun red and sixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three propriated pounds twelve shillings, for every or any such year, shall be monies, supplied and made good, from time to time, out of any the publick monies which shall come or be brought into the receipt of Exchequer (not having been appropriated to any particular use or uses by any act or acts of parliament made before the said last recited act;) and all the publick unappropriated monies so coming into the said receipt next after the time that any such deficiency shall appear, are hereby appropriated to and for the making good of every fuch deficiency respectively, until the same shall be fully made good and satisfied; and the lord high treafurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, are hereby strictly enjoined and required, from time to time, to make up fuch deficiency accordingly out of fuch publick money, without any further or other warrant or authority for the same; and that such publick money shall not be diverted, misapplied, or issued to any other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, until the said deficiency for every such year respectively, shall be so satisfied, under the like penalties as are prescribed by the faid last recited act for diverting or misapplying any other monies thereby appropriated; any thing in the said recited act, or any other act of parliament whatfoever contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and in default of such publick monies or out of the for making good any such deficiency or deficiencies, as afore-first aids faid, within fix months after the same shall happen, then and granted by so often, and in every such case, it is hereby declared, that so much as shall still be wanting to make up the said fund of one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three pounds twelve shillings for every or any such year, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, out of the first aid or supply which shall afterwards be granted in parliament, and shall, from time to time be transferred thereunto, when the same shall be granted, without further delay.

It shall be lawful for any persons to contribute so much as (together with the contributions already made) will complete the faid fum of one million four hundred thousand pounds, by paying sums of ten pounds before the tenth of November one thousand seven hundred and sourteen. Tickets KΔ

1714.

shall be made forth and drawn, for the monies contributed on this act, and the faid recited act, and all things shall be done as prescribed by the said recited act. Tickets to be paid in course, and half-yearly. EXP.

Every box of green starch, and 8 in c. 9.

VI. And whereas in the faid last recited att it was enatted and declared, That if the charge on starch be made by gaging the said starch 57 inches in before it be dried in the stove, then and in every jumper of length, and 10 of green starch, or starch before it be so dried, containing sisty-seven length, and 10 of green starch, or starch before in breadth. should, from the second depth, or 4560 day of August one thousand seven bundred and sourteen, be esteemed solid inches, to one hundred thirty-one Averdupois pounds weight of flarch dried be charged at and perfectly made, and should be charged accordingly, and propor-1311. of starch, tionably for greater or lesser quantities: and whereas the depth of such box of green starch, or starch before it be dried, which should have been eight inches, was, by mistake, omitted to be inserted in the faid act, it is hereby declared and enacted, That if the charge on starch be made by gaging the said starch before it be dried in the stove, then and in every such case, every box of green starch, or starch before it be so dried, containing fifty-seven inches in length, and ten inches in breadth, and eight inches in depth, or in the whole four thousand five hundred and fixty folid inches, shall be esteemed one hundred thirty-one Averdupois pounds weight of starch dried and perfectly made, and shall be charged accordingly, and proportionably for greater or lesser quantities.

All duties of toms, payable to the late Queen after to the King during life.

VII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority excise and cus- aforesaid, That for avoiding any doubt or question concerning the grant in this session of parliament to his Majesty of certain duties of excise and customs for his life, for support of his the union, for houshold, and the honour and dignity of the crown, the same life, continued doth and shall extend to such duties of excise, and such customs and duties on import and export, as were payable to her faid late Majesty after the union of the two kingdoms, for and during her life, and had continuance till the time of her deecase; and that the same shall be continued, raised, levied, and paid in the several parts of the united kingdom, during his Majesty's life, in the same manner only as they were payable to her Majesty during her life.

Continuation

VIII. And whereas there are divers laws now in force which will of several acts. expire at the end of this session of parliament, and probably there may not be sufficient time for a particular examination and due confideration how far any of them may be fit to be further continued; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all laws now in force, and which would expire at the end of this fession of parliament, shall be and continue in full force, to all intents and purposes, unto the end of the next session of parliament; any thing contained in any of the said laws to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. III.

An act to enable persons now residing in *Great Britain*, to take the oaths, and do all other acts in *Great Britain*, requisite to qualify themselves to continue their respective places, offices and employments in *Ireland*. EXP.

Anno Regni GEORGII Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ, primo.

A T the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster, the seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, in the first year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, &c. (a) And by several adjournments continued (a) The fillow-till the twenty-sixth day of June in the second year of his Maing words are jesty's reign, being the first session of this present parliament.

CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sifteen. 22. in the pound, EXP.

CAP. II.

An all for charging and continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, and lottery-tickets, lost, hurnt, or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lotteries; and for making forth new orders in lieu of certain lottery-orders obliterated or desettive; and for continuing certain duties on hops, until the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and sisteen.

I. MOST gracious Sovereign, we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary supplies to defray your Majesty's publick expences, have freely and unanimously resolved to give and grant unto your Majesty the rates, duties, and impositions herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That within and throughout the whole Malt act

thority of the same, That within and throughout the whole Malt act kingdom of Great Britain, the several and respective rates, du-12 Ann. stat. ties, and impositions, for and upon all malt, mum, cyder and c. a. further continue.

berry, 34 June

C. 3.

perry, which in and by one act of parliament made and passed in the twelfth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, of bleffed memory, intituled, An act for granting to her Majefly duties upon malt, mum, eyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth duplicates of lottery tickets, lost, burnt, or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lottery acts; and to punish the counterfeiting or forging of lottery orders; and for explaining a late act in relation to stamp-duties on customary estates which pass by deed and copy, were granted to her Majesty, or chargeable in manner therein mentioned, until the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, and which by another act of parliament made and passed in the twelsth year of the 22 Ann stat. 2. reign of her said late Majesty, intituled, An act for charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and for the eucouragement of the distilling brandy from malted corn and cyder; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer bills, and lottery tickets, lost, burnt, or destroyed; and to enable the governor and company of the bank of England, and others, to lend money upon South-Sea flock, were continued until the twenty-fourth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall be further continued in like manner, and shall be, and are by this act charged, for and upon all malt which shall be made, and all mum which shall be made, or imported, and all cyder and perry, which shall be made for fale within the kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the three and twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord one thouland seven hundred and fifteen, and before the four and twentieth day of June which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen; and shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto his Majesty, his heirs and successors, during the term aforesaid, by the fame ways, means and methods, and by fuch rules and directions, and with fuch allowances and repayments, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and with fuch power of mitigation, and other powers, and in such manner and form, in all respects, as are prescribed, mentioned and expressed in the said former acts, or in any other act or acts of parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the faid duties, or any of them; and that the same acts formerly made and passed, and the said other acts thereby referred unto, as to, for and concerning the said duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, and every article, rule, clause, matter and thing, in them, and every or any of them contained, or thereby referred to, and now being in force, shall be of full force and effect, to to all intents and purpoles, for railing, levying, collecting, fe-

curing and accounting for the fame rates, duties and impolitions hereby granted or continued, and for levying and recovering the penalties and forfeitures, and making any mitigations or allowances, and all other matters and things, during the continuance

Duties to be raifed as by the former

acts.

of this act, as fully, as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the body of this present act.

This act to relate to the same day and time as the former act. A register to be kept, for transferring the principal sums, &c. due on the mast act 1713, to the register of this act. Clause of loan at 41. per cent. Money lent not to be taxed. Orders for payment affignable.

VIII. And whereas by the aforesaid acts it is enacted, That every Duty to be melfter, or other maker of malt, shall, within three months after he paid within shall make or aught to have made such entry of the said malt, as therein four months is directed, pay and clear off all the duties which shall be due from him after entry. or them respectively; it is hereby further enacted, That the time limited by the aforesaid act for the payment of the said duty, be prolonged for one month after the faid three months from the time of fuch entry.

Clause for making forth duplicates of Exchequer bills and lottery tickets, loft, burnt or destroyed. Clause for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in feveral lotteries. Clause for making forth new orders in lieu of obliterated or defective orders in the classis lottery 1711.

XIII. And whereas it has lately been discovered, that great quantities of unmalted corn or grain have fraudulently been mixed with and amongst malt, which hath or ought to have been charged with the duties by several acts of parliament set and imposed upon all malt made in Great Britain, and that such mixture hath afterwards been either fold in the kingdom of Great Britain, or hath been shipped off for exportation, and the person or persons by whom, or for or upon whose account the same hath been so shipped off, hath or have thereupon claimed and had the drawback and bounty in proportion to the whole quantity of such mixture so shipped off, as if the same had totally and intirely confifted of malt, for which the duty had been duly paid or charged, whereas in truth great part thereof hath at fuch time and times confifled either of unmalted corn, or grain for which the duty on malt had never been paid or duly charged, whereby her late majesty Queen Anne, and his present Majesty bath been very much defrauded in the duty granted upon malt, and the persons who have bought such mixture, have by the means aforefaid, been very much deceived and im-profed upon; for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority Unmalted aforesaid, That if any malster or maker of malt for sale or ex- grain mixed portation, or other feller of or dealer in malt for fale or expor- with malt, tation, at any time after the twenty-fourth day of June one forfeits 58. a thousand seven hundred and fisteen, shall or do, with malt made of any fort of corn or grain whatfoever, fraudulently mix or cause to be mixed any unmalted corn or grain, or shall sell, or offer to fell, or expose to sale any such mixture, or shall ship off, or put on board, or cause to be shipped off, or to be put on board, or shall offer or attempt to ship off or put on board any ship, hoy, barge, boat, or other navigable vessel, any such mixture, in order to export the same, every such malster or maker of malt, or other feller of or dealer in malt, for every bushel of fuch mixture so sold or offered to be sold, or exposed to sale, or

so shipped off or put on board, or offered, or attempted to be shipped off, or put on board any ship, hoy, barge, boat or other navigable vessel, in order to the exportation thereof, shall forfeit and lose the sum of five shillings.

Malster obstructing officer, forfeits

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any malster or maker of malt for sale, shall, after the faid twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, prevent, obstruct or hinder any officer or officers of excife, in the due execution of any of the powers or authorities given to him or them by this act, or by the faid recited act or acts, or any or either of them, for the ascertaining and securing the faid duties, hereby or by the faid recited act or acts, or any or either of them, granted, the person or persons offending therein shall, for every such offence, forfeit and lose the sum of ten pounds.

Fines, &c. how to be levied.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all fines, penalties and forfeitures by this act imposed, shall be fued for, levied and recovered, or mitigated by such ways, means and methods, as any fine, penalty or forfeiture, is or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excife, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of session, court of justiciary, or court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one moiety of every such fine, penalty and forfeiture shall be to his Majesty, or his heirs and succeffors; and the other moiety to him that shall discover, inform or fue for the same.

General issue.

XVI. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall at any time or times be fued or profecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this act, or of any matter or thing in this act contained; or if any person or persons now is, or hereafter shall be sued or prosecuted for any matter or thing by him or them done in pursuance of any former act or acts for granting duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry; such person or persons shall or may plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence for his or their defence; and if upon the trial a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, then fuch defendant or defendants shall have full costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs.

Duties on hops granted by 9 Ann. c. 12. continued till 1 Aug. 1715. by 1 Geo. 1. Ñat. 2. c. 12, sea. 5.

XVII. And whereas by an act of the ninth year of the reign of ber late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for laying a duty upon hops, a duty of three pence for every pound weight Averdupoiz is laid upon all bops, which at any time or times within or during the Made perpetual term of four years, to be reckoned from the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and eleven, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, (over and above all other customs, subsidies, and duties imposed upon or payable for the same) and for and upon all hops growing or to grow in Great Britain, which at any time or times within or during the said term of four years, shall be

cured

cured and made fit for use, the sum of one penny for every pound weight Averdupoiz, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity, which act is thought convenient to be further continued: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said act, and every clause, article, matter, and thing therein contained, shall continue and be of force from the thirty-first day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, until the first day of August in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and sisteen, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if the same were herein particularly and at large repeated and re-enacted.

1714]

CAP. III.

An act for the better regulating the forces to be continued in his Majefty's service, and for the payment of the said forces, and of their quarters. E X P.

CAP. IV.

An all to explain the all made in the twelfth year of the 12 & 13 W. 3. reign of King William the Third, intituled, An act for c. s. the further limitation of the crown, and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the subject.

I. WHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the twelfth year of the reign of our late sovereign lord King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject, it is amongst other things enacted, That from and after the time that the further limitation of the crown by that act should take effect, no person born out of the kingdoms of England, Scotland, or Ireland, or the dominions thereunto belonging, although he be naturalized er made a denizen, except such as are born of English parents, should be capable to be of the privy council, or a member of either house of parliament, or to enjoy any office or place of trust, either civil or militury, or to have any grant of lands, tenements, or hereditaments from the crown, to himself or to any others in trust for him: and whereas some doubts have arisen concerning the construction of the said lew; be it declared and enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiri- No person natual and temporal and commons, in parliament affembled, and turalized beby the authority of the fame, That it was not the intent and fore his Mameaning of the faid act, that the faid clause or any thing therein fion to the contained, should extend, nor shall the said clause be construed, crown incapaadjudged, or taken to extend to disable or incapacitate any per- citated to be a fon, who at or before his Majesty's accession to the crown was sellor, or a naturalized, to be of the privy council, or a member of either member of house of parliament, or to take or enjoy any office or place of parliament, or trust, either civil or military, or to take or have any grant of to have any lands, tenements, or hereditaments from the crown, to himself, office of trust, or any other in trust for him.

II. And for the better preserving the said recited clause in the said No person . at of the twelfth year of the late King William the Third, entire shall hereafter and be natura-

lized, unless in the bill there be fuch a difabling

clause.

and inviolable; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That no person shall hereafter be naturalized, unless in the bill exhibited for that purpose there be a clause or particular words clause inserted, inserted to declare, that such person shall not thereby be enabled to be of the privy council, or a member of either house of parliament, or to take any office or place of trust, either civil or mi-Nor shall any litary, or to have any grant of lands, tenements, or hereditabillbereceived ments from the crown, to himself, or any other person in trust in either house for him; and that no bill of naturalization shall hereaster be rewithout such ceived in either house of parliament, unless such clause or words be first inserted or contained therein.

CAP. V.

An act for preventing tumults and riotous affemblies, and for the more speedy and effectual punishing the rioters.

2 H. 5. C. 8. ftat. 2. c. 9. 8 H. 6. c. 14. 9 H. 7. c. 13.

the last of after commanded by one justice, mation,

shall be adjudged felons without benefit of clergy.

13 H. 4. c. 7. I. WHEREAS of late many rebellious riots and tumults have been in divers parts of this kingdom, to the disturbance of the publick peace, and the endangering of his Majesty's person and government, and the same are yet continued and somented by persons dis-Hale's Hist. Pl. affected to his Majesty, presuming so to do, for that the punishments Cr. 292. 494. provided by the laws now in being are not adequate to such heirous of-2 Hale's Hilt. fences: and by such rioters his Maiesty and his administration have Pl. Cr. 197. January and by fuch rioters his Majesty and his administration have been most maliciously and falsly traduced, with an intent to raise divifions, and to alienate the affections of the people from his Majesty: therefore for the preventing and suppressing of such riots and tumults, and for the more speedy and effectual punishing the offenders therein; Twelve per- be it enacted by the King's most excellent majetty, by and with fons or more, the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and of unlawfully affembled, after the commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any persons to the number of July 1715, and twelve or more, being unlawfully, riotoutly, and tumultuoufly not dispersing affembled together, to the disturbance of the publick peace, at any time after the last day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sifteen, and being required or com-&c. by procla- manded by any one or more justice or justices of the peace, or by the sheriff of the county, or his under-sheriff, or by the mayor, bailiff or bailiffs, or other head-officer, or justice of the peace of any city or town corporate, where such assembly shall be, by proclamation to be made in the King's name, in the form herein after directed, to disperse themselves, and peaceably to depart to their habitations, or to their lawful business, shall, to the number of twelve or more (notwithstanding such proclamation made) unlawfully, riotously, and tumultuously remain or continue together by the space of one hour after such command or request made by proclamation, that then such continuing together to the number of twelve or more, after such command or request made by proclamation, shall be adjudged felony without benefit of clergy, and the offenders therein shall be adjudged felons, and shall suffer death as in case of felony without benefit of clergy. II, And

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, How the pro-That the order and form of the proclamation that shall be made clamationshall by the authority of this act, shall be as hereafter followeth (that be made. is to fay) the justice of the peace, or other person authorized by this act to make the faid proclamation shall, among the faid rioters, or as near to them as he can fafely come, with a loud voice command, or cause to be commanded silence to be, while proclamation is making, and after that, shall openly and with loud voice make or cause to be made proclamation in these words, or like in effect:

UR sovereign Lord the King chargeth and commandeth all per- The proclasons, being affembled, immediately to disperse themselves, and mations peaceably to depart to their habitations, or to their lawful business, upon the pains contained in the act made in the first year of King George, for preventing tumults and riotous affemblies.

God save the King.

And every fuch justice and justices of the peace, sheriff, under- justices, &c. theriff, mayor, bailiff, and other head-officer aforefaid, within to refort to the limits of their respective jurisdictions, are hereby authorized, the place. impowered and required, on notice or knowledge of any fuch unlawful, riotous and tumultuous affembly, to refort to the place where fuch unlawful, riotous, and tumultuous affemblies shall be, of persons to the number of twelve or more, and there to make or cause to be made proclamation in manner aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,
That if such persons so unlawfully, riotously, and tumultuously Persons so as affembled, or twelve or more of them, after proclamation made not dispersing in manner aforesaid, shall continue together and not disperse within an themselves within one hour, That then it shall and may be law-hour, to be ful to and for every justice of the peace, sheriff, or under-sheriff seized. of the county where such affembly shall be, and also to and for every high or petty constable, and other peace-officer within fuch county, and also to and for every mayor, justice of the peace, sheriff, bailiff, and other head-officer, high or petty constable, and other peace-officer of any city or town corporate where such assembly shall be, and to and for such other person and persons as shall be commanded to be affisting unto any such justice of the peace, sheriff or under-sheriff, mayor, bailiff, or other head officer aforesaid (who are hereby authorized and impowered to command all his Majesty's subjects of age and ability to be affifting to them therein) to seize and apprehend, and they are hereby required to seize and apprehend such persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously continuing together after proclamation made, as aforefaid, and forthwith to carry the persons so apprehended before one or more of his Majesty's justices of the peace of the county or place where such persons shall be so apprehended, in order to their being proceeded against for such their offences according to law; and that if the persons

And if they make relistfons killing them, &c, to be indemnified,

persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously assembled, or any of them, shall happen to be killed, maimed or hurt, in the dispersing, seizing or apprehending, or endeavouring to disperse, ance, the per-seize or apprehend them, by reason of their resisting the persons so dispersing, seizing or apprehending, or endeavouring to disperfe, seize or apprehend them, that then every such justice of the peace, sheriff, under-sheriff, mayor, bailiff, head-officer, high or petty constable, or other peace-officer, and all and fingular persons, being aiding and affisting to them, or any of them, shall be free, discharged and indemnissed, as well against the King's Majesty, his heirs and successors, as against all and every other person and persons, of, for, or concerning the killing, maiming, or hurting of any fuch person or persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously assembled, that shall happen to be so killed, maimed or hurt, as aforesaid.

Pulling down, &c. any church, &c. Felony without benefit of clergy.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That if any persons unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously assembled together, to the disturbance of the publick peace, shall unlawfully, and with force demolish or pull down, or begin to demolish or pull down any church or chapel, or any building for religious worship certified and registred according to the statute made in the first year of the reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for exempting their Majesty's protestant subjects dissenting from the church of England from the penalties of certain laws, or any dwelling-house, barn, stable, or other outhouse, that then every such demolishing, or pulling down, or beginning to demolish, or pull down, shall be adjudged felony without benefit of clergy, and the offenders therein shall be adjudged felons, and shall suffer death as in case of felo-

2 W. & M. fest. 1. c. 18.

ny, without benefit of clergy.

Opposing, &c. the making fuch proclamation, felony without benefit of clergy.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person or persons do, or shall, with force and arms, wilfully and knowingly oppose, obstruct, or in any manner wilfully and knowingly lett, hinder, or hurt any person or persons that shall begin to proclaim, or go to proclaim according to the proclamation hereby directed to be made, whereby fuch proclamation shall not be made, that then every such opposing, obstructing, letting, hindering or hurting such person or persons, so beginning or going to make such proclamation. as aforesaid, shall be adjudged felony without benefit of clergy, and the offenders therein shall be adjudged felons, and shall suffer death as in case of felony, without benefit of clergy; and that also every such person or persons so being unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously affembled, to the number of twelve, as aforesaid, or more, to whom proclamation should or ought to have been made if the same had not been hindred, as aforesaid, bindred, shall shall likewise, in case they or any of them, to the number of twelve or more, shall continue together, and not disperse themselves within one hour after such lett or hindrance so made, having knowledge of fuch lett or hindrance so made, shall be adiudged

And persons so affembled, if the proclamation be nevertheless fuffer as felons.

ed felons, and shall suffer death as in case of felony, with-

enefit of clergy.

. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That er the said last day of July one thousand seven hundred and 1, any fuch church or chapel, or any fuch building for reis worship, or any such dwelling-house, barn, stable, or out-house, shall be demolished or pulled down wholly, or rt, by any persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuassembled, that then, in case such church, chapel, build- How the daor religious worship, dwelling-house, barn, stable or out-mages shall be , shall be out of any city or town, that is either a county made good, if If, or is not within any hundred, that then the inhabitants &c. be demo-: hundred in which such damage shall be done, shall be li- lished, &c. o yield damages to the person or persons injured and damby such demolishing or pulling down wholly or in part; uch damages shall and may be recovered by action to be tht in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster. rein no essoin, protection or wager of law, or any impar-(hall be allowed) by the person or persons damnified theregainst any two or more of the inhabitants of such hundred, action for damages to any church or chapel to be brought name of the rector, vicar or curate of such church or change at shall be so damnified, in trust for applying the damages recovered in rebuilding or repairing such church or chapel; hat judgment being given for the plaintiff or plaintiffs in iction, the damages so to be recovered shall, at the request th plaintiff or plaintiffs, his or their executors or adminirs, be raised and levied on the inhabitants of such hundred, aid to such plaintiff or plaintiffs, in such manner and form, by fuch ways and means, as are provided by the statute in the seven and twentieth year of the reign of Queen Eli- 27 Eliz. c. 23. b, for reimbursing the person or persons on whom any moecovered against any hundred by any party robbed, shall be 1: and in case any such church, chapel, building for reliworship, dwelling-house, barn, stable or out-house so ified, shall be in any city or town that is either a county If, or is not within any hundred, that then such damages and may be recovered by action to be brought in manner aid (wherein no effoin, protection or wager of law, or any rlance shall be allowed) against two or more inhabitants of city or town; and judgment being given for the plaintiff untiffs in such action, the damages so to be recovered shall, request of such plaintiff or plaintiffs, his or their executors ministrators, made to the justices of the peace of such city wn at any quarter-sessions to be holden for the said city or , be raised and levied on the inhabitants of such city or , and paid to such plaintiff or plaintiffs, in such manner orm, and by fuch ways and means, as are provided by the tatute made in the seven and twentieth year of the reign of n Elizabeth, for reimburling the person or persons on whom il. XIII. any

any money recovered against any hundred by any party robbed,

shall be levied.

This act to be read at the quarter-feffions, &c. Profecution

months.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That this act shall be openly read at every quarter-session, and at every leet or law-day.

VIII. Provided always, That no person or persons shall be within twelve profecuted by virtue of this act, for any offence or offences committed contrary to the same, unless such prosecution be commenced within twelve months after the offence committed.

Sheriffs,&c. in Scotland to have the same power as ju-Hices, &c. have in England.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the sheriffs and their deputies, stewards and their deputies, bailies of regalities and their deputies, magistrates of royal boroughs, and all other inferior judges and magistrates, and also all high and petty constables, or other peace-officers of any county, flewartry, city or town, within that part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall have the same powers and authority for putting this present act in execution within Scotland, as the justices of the peace and other magistrates aforesaid, respectively have by virtue of this act, within and for the other Punishment of parts of this kingdom; and that all and every person and perfons who shall at any time be convicted of any the offences aforementioned, within that part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall for every such offence incur and suffer the pain of death,

Damages of any church, &c. pulled down, &c. in ed, and of whom.

persons of-

fending in

Scotland.

and confiscation of moveables: and also that all prosecutions for repairing the damages of any church or chapel, or any building for religious worship, or any dwelling-house, barn, stable or out-house, which shall be demolished or pulled down in whole Scotland, how or in part, within Scotland, by any persons unlawfully, riotously to be recover- or tumultuously assembled, shall and may be recovered by summar action, at the instance of the party aggrieved, his or her heirs or executors, against the county, stewartry, city or borough respectively, where such disorders shall happen, the magistrates being summoned in the ordinary form, and the several counties and stewartries called by edictal citation at the marketerofs of the head borough of fuch county or stewartry respectively, and that in general, without mentioning their names and designations.

X. Provided, and it is hereby declared, That this act shall To what places in Scot-extend to all places for religious worship, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, which are tolerated by law, and where Sand this act fhail extend. his majesty King George, the prince and princess of Wales, and

their issue, are prayed for in express words.



1714.

CAP. VI.

In all for making perpetual an all of the seventh and eighth years of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act that the folemn affirmation and declaration of the people called Quakers, shall be accepted instead of an oath in the usual form; and for explaining and enforcing the said att in relation to the payment of titbes and church rates; and for appointing the form of an affirmation to be taken by the said people called Quakers, instead of the oath of abjuration.

THEREAS an act made in the seventh and eighth years of 7 & 8 W. 1. bis late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act that the solemn c. 34. ffirmation and declaration of the people called Quakers, shall be eccepted instead of an oath in the usual form, was made to continue. or seven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parament, which act would have expired at the end of the next session f parliament after the two and twentieth day of November in the ear of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and two; which session egan the ninth day of November in the year of our Lord one thouand seven hundred and three, and ended the third day of April in the ear of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four; but by another. Et of parliament made in the thirteenth year of his said late Majesty's rign, intituled, An act for continuing an act, intituled, An act 13 & 14 W. 34 hat the folemn affirmation and declaration of the people called c. 4. **Puakers**, shall be accepted instead of an oath in the usual form, vas continued for the term of eleven years after the determination of be faid act, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliauent: and whereas the faid several acts will expire at the end of the ext session of parliament after the third day of April one thousand seen hundred and fifteen: now for the further avoiding of the inconveiencies in the said first recited act mentioned, to the people called The act 7 & 2 Quakers, and their families, be it enacted by the King's most ex- W. 3. made ellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords perpetual. piritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament ffembled, and by authority of the same, That the said first re- 8 Geo. 2. c. 6. ited act, and all the clauses and powers therein contained, shall ontinue and be in force for ever, as to all oaths by law requird, of hereafter to be required, other than and except as in the aid first recited act is excepted.

II. And whereas by the said act made in the seventh year of the Clause for the eign of King William the Third, a remedy is provided for the reco- recovery of nery of tithes and church-rates, where any Quaker should refuse to pay tithes, &c. be same: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such 7 & 8 W. 1. emedy shall be and is hereby extended, and the like remedy c. 34. hall and may be had and used against any quaker or quakers for he recovering of any tithes or rates, or any customary or other ights, dues or payments belonging to any church or chapel, which of right by law and custom ought to be paid for the stipend m maintenance of any minister or curate officiating in any church

or chapel; and any two or more justices of the peace of the same county or place, other than such justice of the peace as is patron of any such church or chapel, or any ways interested in the said tithes, upon complaint of any parson, vicar, curate, farmer or proprietor of fuch tithes, or any church-warden or chapel-warden, or other person who ought to have, receive or collect any fuch tithes, rates, dues or payments, as aforesaid, are hereby authorized and required to fummon in writing, under their hands and feals, by reasonable warning, such quaker or quakers, against whom such complaint shall be made, and after his or their appearance, or upon default of appearance, the said warning or fummons being proved before them upon oath, to proceed to hear and determine the faid complaint, and to make such order therein, as in the said act is limited or directed; and also to order such costs and charges, as they shall think reasonable, not exceeding ten shillings, as upon the merits of the cause shall appear just; which order shall and may be so executed, and on fuch appeal may be reversed or affirmed by the general quartersessions of the county or place, with such costs and remedy for the fame, and shall not be removed into any other court, unless the titles of fuch tithes, dues or payments, shall be in question, in like manner as in and by the same act is limited and provided.

Concerning oath.

6 Annæ, c.23.

III. And whereas several disputes have arisen concerning the effect. the folemn af of the abjuration to be tuken by the people called Quakers, upon their taken by qua- folemn affirmation, as directed by an all of parliament made in the kers instead of fixth year of her late Majesty's reign: now for preventing the like inthe abjuration conveniencies for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in all cases where-ever the effect of the said abjuration oath may be legally tendred, or required of the faid people called Quakers, or any of them, he or they shall take the effect thereof in the following words (that is to fay,)

The affirmation.

A.B. do truly and fincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and de-L clare, in the presence of Almighty God, the witness of the truth of what I fay, That King George is lawful and rightful King of this realm, and of all other his dominions and countries thereunto belonging. And I do folemnly and fincerely declare, That I do believe the perfen pretended to be the prince of Wales, during the life of the late King James, and since his decease, pretending to be, and taking upon himself the stile and title of the King of England, by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, or the file and title of King of Great Britain, bath not any right or title what soever to the crown of this realm, nor any other the dominious thereunto belonging; and I do renounce and refuse any allegiance or obedience to him. And I do solemnly promise, That I will be true and faithful, and bear true allegiance to King George, and to him will be faithful against all traiterous conspiracies and attempts whatsover, which shall be made against his person, crown or dignity. And I will do my best endeavour to disclose and make known to King George, and his successors, all treasons and traiterous conspiracies which I shall know

plantations for

five years, and thence to the

CAP.

to be made against him, or any of them. And I will be true and faithful to the succession of the crown against him the said James, and all other persons whatsoever, as the same is and stands settled by an act. intituled, An act declaring the rights and liberties of the subject, w. & M. and settling the succession of the crown, to the late Queen Anne, sess. 2. c. 2. and the heirs of her body, being protestants; and as the same, by one wither act, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, 12 & 13 W. to and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject, is and c. 2. flands fettled and intailed, after the decease of the said late Queen, and for default of issue of the said late Queen, to the late princes's Sophia, electoress and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the beirs of her body, being protestants. And all these things I do plainly and sincerely acknowledge, promise and declare, according to these express words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common sense and underflowding of the same words, without any equivocation, mental evasion or secret reservation what soever. And I do make this recognition, acknowledgment, renunciation and promise beartily, willingly and truly.

IV. Provided always, That so much of this act as relates to This act, as to the affirmations to be made by the people called Quakers, shall the affirmation, to exbe extended to that part of Great Britain called Scotland for ever, tend to Scotand to the plantations belonging to the crown of Great Britain land for ever. for five years, and to the end of the next session of parliament and to the after the faid five years, and no longer.

CAP. VII.

end of the An att for continuing the imprisonment of Robert Blackburn next session of and others, for the borrid conspiracy to assassinate the per- parliament. son of bis late sacred Majesty King William the Tbird.

XTHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the first year of the 1Annx, stat.s. reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for c. 29. the continuing the imprisonment of Counter, and others, for the horrid conspiracy to affassinate the person of his late sacred majesty King William the Third, the persons hereaster named (that is to soy) Robert Blackburn, John Bernardi, Robert Cassels, Robert Meldrum and James Chambers, then prisoners in Newgate for a detestable traiterous conspiracy to assassinate the royal person of his said late Majesty, were to be detained and kept in custody, without bail or mainprise, during ber said late Majesty's pleasure, and will now be set at large, unless some further provision be made for the continuance of their imprisonment for the said offence: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com-Robert Blackmons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the burn, &c. to fame, That the faid Robert Blackburn, John Bernardi, Robert Cassels, fon during his Robert Meldrum and James Chambers, shall be detained and kept Majesty's in custody, without bail or mainprize, during his Majesty's pleasure. pleafure.

CAP. VIII.

An act to impower his Majesty to secure and detain such persons as his Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against his person and government.

CAP. IX.

An act for the better preventing mutiny and defertion, by enforcing and making more effectual an act of this present parliament, intituled, in all for the better regulating the forces to be continued in his Majesty's service, and for the payment of the said forces and their quarters.

z Geo. z. stat. 2. Every person in his Majesty's service in the army, who, after August z. 1715, and before March 25, 1716, shall mutiny or desert, shall suffer death; or such punishment as a court martial shall instict. The King may grant commissions to assemble courts martial. Such courts to consist of z3 commission officers. The president to be a field officer, &c. Field officers not to be tried by any under captains. Such court may administer oaths. Officers or soldiers not exempted from process of law. Not to extend to the militia. Every officer present in a court martial, where any offence may be punished with death, shall be sworn. Nine officers to concur in every sentence of death. Proceedings between eight in the morning and one in the afternoon. Acquittal or conviction shall be a bar to an indictment. Persons prosecuted, &c. may plead the general issue, &c. The King may make articles for the better government of his forces. No soldier to be discharged by virtue of z Geo. z. c. z. without giving three months notice to his colonel. The King may quarter his forces in such places subject to the quartering of soldiers, as he shall think fit, during the continu-

ance of this act. EXP.

CAP. X.

An act for making more effectual ber late Majesty's gracious intentions for augmenting the maintenance of the poor clergy.

THEREAS it is necessary for the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, in order to the more regular making proper augmentations, to be informed, as exactly as may be, of the clear improved yearly value of the maintenance of all such parsons, vicars, curates and ministers, officiating in any church or chapel within that part of Great Britain called England, the dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, where the liturgy and rites of the church of England, as new by law established, are or shall be used and observed, whose maintenance is intended to be augmented: be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the respective bishops of every diocese, and the guardians of the spiritualities sede vacante, shall be and are hereby impowered and required, from time to time, as they shall see occasion, and as may best serve the purposes of the said bounty to the poor clergy, as well by the oath of two or more credible witnesses (which they, or others commissioned by them under their hands and feals, are hereby impowered to administer) as by all other lawful ways and means, to inform themselves of the clear improved yearly value of every benefice with cure of fouls, living and curacy, and of the true and clear improved yearly value of the maintenance of every parson, vicar, curate and minister, officiating in any such churches or chapels, as aforesaid, within their feveral dioceses, or within any peculiars or places of exempt

The bishops shall inform themselves of the yearly value of every benefice, &c.

jurisdiction within the bounds and limits of their respective dioceses, or adjoining and contiguous thereunto, although the same be exempt from the jurisdiction of any bishop in other cases, and how fuch yearly values arife, with the other circumstances thereof, and the same, or such of them whereof they shall have fully informed themselves, from time to time, with all convenient speed, to certify under their respective hands and seals, or and certify the feals of their respective offices, to the said governors of the bounty of Queen Anne, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, for their better information in the premisses.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority afore- Certificatesrefaid, That where by certificates duly returned into her Majesty's turned into court of Exchequer at Westminster, pursuant to an act made in by virtue of the parliament held in the fifth year of the reign of her said late 5 Annæ, c.24. Majesty, intituled, An act for discharging small livings from their and 6 Anna, first-fruits and tenths, and all arrears thereof, and one other act certain the vamade in the fixth year of the reign of her said late Majesty, in-lue of livings tituled, An act to enlarge the time for returning the certificates of all not exceeding acclesiastical livings, not exceeding the yearly value of fifty pounds: as so l. per ann. also for discharging all livings of that value from the payment of firstfruits; and for allowing time to archbishops and bishops, and other dignitaries for payment of their first-fruits, or either of them, or made good by this act, the yearly value of any livings, not exceeding the clear yearly value of fifty pounds, are particularly and duly expressed and specified, such certificates shall ascertain the yearly values of fuch livings, in order to their being augmented by the faid governors, and no new or different valuation thereof shall be returned to the said governors by virtue of this present act.

III. And whereas by her late Majesty's letters patent under her All rules, megreat feal, bearing date the third day of November in the third year thods, &cc. aof her reign, incorporating the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne, the governors, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, the said and proposed governors were authorized to consider, consult, advise, agree upon, to his Majesty. draw up, prepare and propose in writing to her said Majesty, her heirs and approved under his sign and successors, fuch proper and necessary rules, methods, directions, manual, shall orders and constitutions, as the said governors, or any seven or more be valid. of them, with such quorum as is therein directed, should, in their discretions judge most convenient to be observed, for and towards the better rule and government of the faid corporation, and the members thereof, and the receiving, accounting for, and managing all and every the revenues thereby granted or mentioned to be granted, and all arrears thereof, and also for and concerning the distributing, paying and disposing of the same, and all other gifts and benevolences that should or might be given or bequeathed to the faid corporation for the charitable ends in the said letters patent mentioned, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy aforesaid; and such rules, methods, orders, directions and constitutions, as should be so proposed, and should be approved, altered or amended by her said late Majesty, her beirs or fuccessors, and such as should be made by her said Majesty, her heirs

and successors, and so signified and declared by ber, ber beirs or suc-

ceffors.

ceffors, under her or their great seal, her said late Majesty thereby willed should be the rules, methods, directions, orders and constitutions, by which the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy and their successors, should receive, manage, govern, apply and dispose her said late Majesty's reyal bounty, and other gifts and benevolences which should or might after that time be given or bequeathed to the said corporation (where the donors thereof should not particularly direct the application thereof) to and for the increase of the maintenance of such parsons, vicars, curates and ministers officiating in any church or chapel within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales or town of Berwick upon Tweed, where the liturgy and rites of the church of England, as then by law established were and should be used and observed, for whom a maintenance was not then sufficiently provided: and whereas pursuand to the faid letters patent of incorporation, the faid governors did agree upon, prepare, and propose to her said late Majesty, certain rules and constitutions for the better rule and government of the said corporation, and her faid late Majesty, by letters patent under her great feal, bearing date the fifth day of March in the twelfth year of ber reign, did establish the said rules and constitutions, reserving to berfelf, her beirs and fuccessors, power, from time to time, under her or their great seal, to alter the same, and to give and make in like manner such other rules and constitutions, according to the true intention of the faid letters patent of incorporation, as to her faid Majefty, ber heirs or fuccessors should seem meet: and whereas a more expeditious and casy method of making and altering the rules and constitutions. for the better rule and government of the faid corporation, may tend to the advancement of the faid charity; be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That all such rules, methods, orders, directions and constitutions, as shall, from time to time, be by the faid governors agreed upon, prepared and proposed to his Majefly, his heirs and successors, according to the true intention of the said letters patent of incorporation, and by his Majesty, his heirs and successors, approved under his or their sign manual, shall be as good, valid and effectual rules, methods, directions, orders and constitutions, for the purposes aforesaid, as if the same were made or established under the great seal of his Majefty, his heirs or fuccessors.

IV. And whereas her said late Majesty's royal bounty to the poor elergy was intended to extend, not only to parsons and vicars who come in hy presentation, or collation, institution, and industion, but likewise to such ministers who come in by donation, or are only stipendiary preachers or curates, efficiating in any church or chapel where the inturgy and rites of the church of England, is now by law established, are and shall be used and observed, most of which are not corporations, nor have a legal succession, and therefore are incapable of taking a grant or conveyance of such perpetual augmentation as is agreeable to ber said late Majesty's gracious intentions, and in many places it would be in the power of the impropriator, donor, parson, or vicar, to withdraw the allowance now or heretofore paid to the curate or minister serving the cure, or in case of a chapelry, the incumbent of the mether-church

eburch might refuse to employ a curate, or permit a minister duly nominated or licensed to officiate in such augmented chapel, and might officiate there himself, and take the benesit of the augmentation, though his living he above the value of those which are intended to be first augmented; and the maintenance of the curate or minister would thus be funk inflied of being augmented: be it therefore enacted by the au- All augmentthority aforesaid, That all such churches, curacies, or chapels, ed churches, which shall at any time hereafter be augmented by the governors &c. shall be of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the main-perpetual be-nefices, tenance of the poor clergy, shall be, and are hereby declared and established to be, from the time of such augmentations, perpetual cures and benefices, and the ministers duly nominated and the miniand licensed thereunto, and their successors respectively, shall sters shall be be, and be efteemed in law, bodies politick and corporate, and tick, shall have perpetual succession by such name and names as in the grant of such augmentation shall be mentioned, and shall have a legal capacity, and are hereby enabled to take, in perpetuity, and shall be to them and their successors, all such lands, tenements, tithes, enabled to and hereditaments, as shall be granted unto or purchased for take in perpethem respectively by the said governors of the bounty of Queen tuity such lands, &c. Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, or other persons contributing with the said governors as be- Improprianefactors; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding: tors, &c. of and that the impropriators or patrons of any augmented churches augmented or donatives, for the time being, and their heirs, and the rectors and the rectand vicars of the mother-churches whereto any fuch augmented ors, &cc. of the curacy or chapel doth appertain, and their fuccessors, shall be motherand are hereby utterly excluded from having or receiving, di-churches, are rectly or indirectly, any profit or benefit by such augmentation, excluded from and shall from time to time, and at all times, from and after such augmensuch augmentation, pay and allow to the ministers officiating in tion, and shall any fuch augmented church and chapel respectively, such annual allow the usual and other pensions, salaries, and allowances, which by antient pensions, &c. custom, or otherwise, of right, and not of bounty, ought to be sters officiatby them respectively paid and allowed, and which they might, ing. by due course of law, before the making of this act, have been compelled to pay or allow to the respective ministers officiating there, and fuch other yearly fum or allowance as shall be agreed upon (if any shall be) between the said governors and such patron or impropriator, upon making the augmentation, and the fame are and shall be hereby perfectly vested in the ministers officiating in such augmented church or chapel respectively, and their respective successors.

V. Provided always, That no fuch rector or vicar of fuch Norectors, &c. mother-church, or any other ecclefiaftical person or persons, of motherhaving cure of fouls, within the parish or place where such aug-mented church or chapel shall be situate, or his or their succes-from cure of fors, shall hereby be divested or discharged from the same; but souls, the cure of fouls, with all other parochial rights and duties, fluch augmentation and allowances to the augmented church or chapel, as aforesaid, only excepted) shall hereafter be and re-

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Augmented ing void fix months, shall lapse to the

VI. And for continuing the succession in such augmented cures, herecures remain- by made perpetual cures and benefices, and that the same may be duly and constantly served: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case such augmented cures be suffered to remain void by the space of fix months, without any nomination within that time of a fit person to serve the same (by the person or persons having the right of nomination thereunto) to the bishop or other ordinary, within that time, to be licensed for that purpose, the same shall lapse to the bishop, or other ordinary, and from him to the metropolitan, and from the metropolitan to the crown, according to the course of law used in cases of presentative livings and benefices, and the right of nomination to such augmented cure may be granted or recovered and the incumbency thereof may and shall cease, and be determined, in like manner, and by the like methods, as the presentation to, or incumbency in any vicarage presentative may be now respectively granted, recovered, or determined.

VII. Provided always, That in case the person or persons entled to nomi- titled to nominate in such augmented cure shall suffer lapse to incur, but shall nominate before any advantage taken thereof by the ordinary, metropolitan, or crown, respectively, that such nomination shall be as effectual as if made within fix months, although so much time be before elapsed, as that the title of

lapse be vested in the crown.

VIII. And in as much as by the faid rules eftablifhed by her faid late Majesty, under her great seal, for the management of the aforesaid royal bounty, her said late Majesty was pleased to manifest her gracious intentions to invite private contributions towards augmenting the maintenance of the poor clergy, by ordering, amongst other things, That to encourage benefactors from others, and thereby the sooner to complete the good that was intended by her said late Majesty's bounty, the faid governors may give the fum of two bundred pounds (which is the stated sum allowed to each cure which shall be augmented) to cures not exceeding thirty-five pounds per annum, where any person or persons will give the same or greater sum or value in lands or tithes: and in as much as the right of presentation, or nomination to small livings, is of inconsiderable value, and yet it may be a great inducement to such benefactions, if the benefactors may bave some right of presentation or nomination to the cure which himself contributes to augment; be it therefore further enacted, That all agreements with such benefactor and benefactors, with the confent and approbation of the faid governors, touching the patronage or right of presentation or nomination to any such augpatronage of mented cure, made or to be made for the benefit of such benefactor and benefactors, his, her or their heirs or successors, by the King's most excellent majesty, his heirs and successors, under his and their fign manual, or by any bodies politick or corporate, or by any person or persons being of the full age of twenty-one years, having an estate of inheritance either in fee-

All agreements with benetactors touching the augmented cures, shall be good in law;

Anno primo GEORGII I. Stat. 2. c. 10.

simple, or fee-tail, in their own right, or in the right of their churches, or wives, or jointly with their wives, made before coverture, or after, or having an estate for life, or for years determinable upon his and their own life and lives, with remainder in fee-simple or fee-tail to any issue of his or their own bodies, in such patronage, or right of presentation, or nomination, in possession, reversion or remainder, shall be respectively good and effectual in the law against his Majesty, his heirs and succeffors, or against all and every fuch bodies politick and corporate, or against the persons so agreeing, their wives, heirs and successors respectively, and every of them, and against all and every their issue, and against every other person and persons claiming in remainder and reversion after such estate-tail, as a and the adforefaid, according to the form of such agreement; and the ad-vowson, &cc. wowson, patronage, and right of presentation and nomination in such beneto fuch augmented churches and chapels, shall be vested in such factors. benefactors, their heirs and successors, as against his Majesty, his heirs and fucceffors, or the faid bodies politick and corporate, and their successors, or the said respective persons, as aforesaid, as fully, and in like manner and form, as if the same had been granted by his faid Majesty, his heirs or successors, under his and their great feal, and as if fuch bodies politick or corporate had been free from any restraint, and as if such other persons so agreeing had been sole seized in his and their own right of fuch advowson, patronage, right of presentation and nomination, in fee-simple, and had granted the same to such benefactors, their heirs and fuccessors respectively, according to fuch agreements.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the agreements of guar- Agreements dians for and on behalf of infants or ideots under their guardians final bind inanship, shall be as good and effectual to all intents and purposes, fants, &c. as if the faid infants or ideots had been of full age, and of found mind, and had themselves entred into such agreements.

X. Provided always, That in case of any such agreement, as Agreement by aforesaid, by any parson or vicar, the same shall be with the a parson shall consent and approbation of his patron and ordinary.

XI. Provided also, That in case of any such agreement, as fent of his patron. aforesaid, made by any person seized in right of his wife, the Where the wife shall be a party to the agreement, and shall seal and execute wife shall be a the fame.

XII. And in as much as fuch benefactors are to be confidered, in agreement. fome degree, as founders and patrons of churches; be it further en- such agreeacted, That such agreements so made, as aforesaid, shall be as effectual for effectual for the supplying cures vacant at the time of such aug-supplying vamentation made or proposed, as for the advowson or nomina- cant cures. tion to future vacancies.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The estate set-That it shall and may be lawful, with the concurrence of the tied for augfaid governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmenta-mentation tion of the maintenance of the poor clergy, and the incumbent, may be expatron, and ordinary of any augmented living or cure, to exchange

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change all, or any part of the estate settled for the augmentation thereof, for any other estate in lands or tithes, of equal or greater value, to be conveyed to the same uses.

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which

Augmented donatives to be visited by the bishop.

No donative

augmented

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all such donatives which are now exempt from all ecclesiastical jurisdiction, and shall be augmented by virtue of the powers given by this act, shall be subject to the visitation and jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese wherein such donative is, to all intents and purposes of law whatsoever.

XV. Provided always, That no donative shall be augmented without the consent of the patron or patrons in writing, under his or their hands and seals first had and obtained.

without the patron's confent.
The governors may agree with the patron, &c. of any denative, &c. for an allowance to the minister of such augmented donative, &c.

XVI. Provided also, That where it shall fall to the lot of any donative, curacy, or chapelry, to receive an augmentation from the faid bounty, according to the rules already established, or hereafter to be established, it shall and may be lawful to and for the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, and they are hereby impowered, before they make the same augmentation, to treat and agree with the patron of any donative, impropriator of any rectory impropriated without endowment of any vicarage, or parson or vicar of any mother-church (as the case shall happen to be) for a perpetual yearly, or other payment or allowance to the minister or curate of such augmented donative, curacy, or chapelry, and his successors, to be made in all succeeding times by fuch patron, impropriator, parson or vicar, and his and their heirs and successors, and for charging and subjecting the impropriate rectory, or the mother-church, or vicarage therewith, and thereunto, in such manner, and with such remedies as they shall be thought fit; and such agreements made with the King's most excellent majesty, his heirs and successors, under his or their fign manual, or with any bodies politick or corporate, or any other person or persons having any estate or interest, in possession, reversion, or remainder, in any such impropriate rectory in his or their own right, or in right of his or their churches or wives, or with the guardian or guardians of any person or persons having such estate or interest, or with any parson or vicar of any mother-church, shall be as effectual to all intents and purpoles with respect to such charges, as agreements made with his Majesty, his heirs and successors, or with the fame person or persons, bodies politick or corporate respectively, touching the patronage or right of presentation or nomination to the fame cures, touching which fuch agreements shall be respectively made; and in case such impropriator, other than the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, and such parson or vicar, will not or shall not make such agreement with the said governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy; it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid governors to refuse such augmentation, and to apply the money arising from the late Queen's said bounty,

and fach agreements shall be effectual.

And if fuch impropriator (other than the King) will not agree, the governors may refuie fuch augmentation.

which ought to have been imployed therein, for augmenting some other cure, according to the rules then in force.

XVII. And whereas the before-mentioned alls of parliament, of the Theoretificate fifth and fixth years of the reign of her said late Majesty, were, for for the diocese the diocese of Chichester, not executed in due time, and in many di- of Chichester, oceses not with that exact certainty of the yearly values and distinction dated Dec. 24. ocejes not with that exact certainty of the yearty values and until nation 1708, and reof medicties in the certificates, as regularly ought to have been; and maining in the Jome small prebends in cathedral churches were, by reason of their be- Exchequer, ing dignities, omitted in some certificates, although they have the cure shall be as efof fouls thereto annexed, and are therefore livings with cure of fouls fectual as if it within the words and meaning of the said acts: for supplying the de-turned in due felt in the execution of the faid former alls of parliament; be it en-time. acted by the authority aforesaid, That the certificate for the dioccle of Chichester, dated the twenty-fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eight, which was received in the court of Exchequer at Weltminster, and is now remaining thereshall be as effectual, to all intents and purposes, as if the same had been sealed and returned into the said court of Exchequer. within the times limited by the faid respective acts of parliament in that behalf made; and also that all and every the churches. vicarages and livings, in and by the faid certificate, or in and by the certificates made and returned in due time, or any of them, certified to be under fifty pounds per annum, and each mediety therein, shall be entitled to, and have the benefit of the faid respective discharges by the said several acts of parliament, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as if the precise yearly value had been expressed, and the medieties distinguished in such certificate and certificates: and further, that it shall and may be And the golawful to and for the faid governors of the bounty of Queen vernors may lawful to and for the faid governors of the bounty of Queen certify into Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor cler- the Exchequer gy, under their common seal, to be affixed at a court of the said the prebends governors, and under the hands of the governors then present, under the to certify into the court of Exchequer the names of such pre-yearly value of bends in cathedral churches, under the yearly value of fifty so l. though pounds, the prebendaries whereof have the immediate cure of any former souls of the respective parishes whereof such prebends are deno-certificate, minated, although the same were not named in any former certificate; and such certificate and certificates of the said gover- and such cermors, being returned into the faid court of Exchequer, shall be be effectual. as effectual to all intents and purposes of the said two beforementioned acts of parliament, as if the prebends therein named had been duly certified within the times in the faid acts limited. and by the persons, and in the manner therein directed.

XVIII. And whereas notwithstanding the utmost diligence of the Livings not bishops to inform themselves of, and certify into his Majesty's court of certified, Exchequer, all the livings in their respective disceses under the clear shops may improved yearly value of fifty pounds, in pursuance of the said acts, certify before the several livings within the respective dioceses hereafter named, March 252 though supposed to be under the value of fifty pounds per annum, have 1716. either not been certified, or if certified, the certificates of them have heen left, er not duly entred, or by some other mistakes it has so hap-

pened that the faid livings have not yet bad the benefit designed them by the said acts; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the bishops of the said dioceses, at any time before the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to certify into the court of Exchequer the livings following, or such of them, as shall appear to the respective bishops to be under the value of fifty pounds per annum, (viz.) in the diocese of York, the rectory of Saint Michael apud Pontem de Ouze in the city of York, the vicarage of Skipwith, the vicarage of Kilham, the vicarage of North-Leverton, the vicarage of Norwell Overball: in the diocese of Bangor, the vicarage of Lanunda, the vicarage of Llanfair Isaer, the vicarage of Llanor, the vicarage of Nevin, the vicarage of Abererch, the vicarage of Conway, the vicarage of Dwygyfylebe: in the diocese of Carlisle, the rectory of Kirkbride, the rectory of Dufton, the vicarage of Edenhall: in the diocese of Chichester, the vicarage of Sela, the rectory of Beatæ Mariæ in Westout Lewes, the rectory of Chalton, the rectory of Winchelfey, the vicarage of Bernehill: in the diocese of Saint Davids, the vicarage of Merchir alias Mathre, the vicarage of Saint Winnock alias Saint Twinnells: in the diocese of Litchfield and Coventry, the vicarage of Hartington, the vicarage of Saint Mary's in Litchfield, the fouth mediety of Darleigh, the vicarage of Gloffop: in the diocese of Lincoln, the rectory of Bellew alias Hellow, the vicarage of Elsbam, the rectory of Normamby, the rectory of Snarford, the vicarage of Buckingham, the rectory of Okeney, the vicarage of Mentmore, the vicarage of Miffenden Magna, the vicarage of Swanburn: in the diocese of Norwich, the vicarage of South-Walsam, the rectory of Framlinghams, the vicarage of Burnbam-Overy, the vicarage of Scarning, the vicarage of Nections, the vicarage of Melton Parva, the rectory of Repham Medietas & altera Medietas, the vicarage of Thurston, the vicarage of Colkirke, the rectory of Catfields, the vicarage of Henly, the rectory of Newborn, the rectory of Culpho, the rectory of Dunwich Johannis, the rectory of Pakefields, the rectory of Melford Longa, the vicarage of Finborow Parva, the rectory of Willingham alias Ellough, the rectory of Bromeswell in Wilford: in the diocese of Oxford, the vicarage of Stanton-Harcourt: in the diocese of Peterborough, the vicarage and they shall ford and the vicesce of Elizabeth the vicesce of Shaland they shall ford, and the vicarage of Ellingham: and the said livings so cer-have the bene-sit of the acts tissed, shall have the benefit of the two fore-mentioned acts of of 5 An. c.24. parliament, as effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if and 6 An. c. 27. they had been duly certified within the time limited by the faid

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the courts and committees of the said governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, shall have power and authority, and are hereby authorized and impowered, from time to time, to administer an oath to such person and persons as shall at any time give them information, or be examined of or concerning any

The governors impowered to admimister oaths.

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 11. 1714.

matter or thing relating to the execution of this or the faid former acts of parliament, or any way concerning the trust in them

repofed.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Augmenta-That all the augmentations, certificates, agreements, and ex-tions, &c. to changes hereafter to be made, by virtue of or in pursuance of the entries to this act, shall be carefully examined and entred in a book to be be taken as provided and kept by the governors for that purpose, the said records; and entries being approved at a court of the faid governors, and at-attefted copies tested by the governors then present, shall be taken to be as re-thereof shall be good evicords, and the true copies thereof, or of the said entries, being dence in law. proved by one or more credible witnesses, shall be deemed, taken, and adjudged to be good and sufficient evidence in law, touching the matters contained therein, or relating thereto.

XXI. And to the end that churches and chapels may at all times Lands, &c. ale be capable of receiving augmentations for the maintenance of the mini- lotted to any flers thereof; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if church, &cc. the governors of the bounty of Queen Anna for the augments by deed under the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, shall by any deed seal, shall go or instrument in writing under their common seal, allot or ap- in succession, ply to any church or chapel, any lands, tithes, or hereditaments, arising from the said bounty of her said late Majesty, or from private contribution or benefaction, or from all or any the ways aforesaid, and shall declare, That the same shall be for ever annexed to fuch church or chapel, then fuch lands, tithes, and hereditaments, shall from thenceforth be held and enjoyed, and go in succession with such church and chapel for ever; and fuch augmentation so made shall be good and effectual, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, whether such church or chapel, for which such augmentation is intended, be then full or vacant of an incumbent or minister; provided such deed or in- such deed bestrument be enrolled in the high court of chancery within fix ing inrolled in months after the day of the date thereof. Vide 3 Geo. 1. cap. 10.

fix months.

CAP. XI.

An all to restrain all waggoners, carriers, and others, for drawing any carriage with more than five horses in length.

[] HEREAS in and by one alt of parliament made in the fixth 6 Ann. c. so. year of her late Majesty, intituled, An act to repeal a clause in an act of the seventh year of the reign of his late Majesty (for amending and repairing the highways) which enjoins waggoners and others to draw with a pole between the wheel-horses, or with double shafts, and to oblige them to draw only with fix horses, or other beasts, except up hills, it is among other things enacled, That from and after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eight, no travelling waggon, wain, cart er carriage, wherein any burthens, goods or wares should be carried er drawn, other than such carts and carriages as were or should be imployed in or about husbandry or manuring of land, and in carrying of

bay, straw, corn, coal, chalk, timber for shipping, materials for building, stores of all sorts, or such ammunition or artillery as should be for the service of her Majesty, her beirs or successors, should at any one time travel, be drawn, or go in any common or publick highway or road, with above fix horses, oxen, or beasts, upon and under the pains and penalties, and subject to the provise therein mentioned: and whereas the exceffive weights or loads laid upon waggons or other carriages drawn by fix horfes, as aforefaid, are found by experience to be fo heavy and burthensome, that the roads are thereby rendred almost impassable: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from After Sept. 30, and after the thirtieth day of September one thousand seven hun-2715. no wag- dred and fifteen, no travelling waggon, wain, cart or carriage, be drawn with wherein any burthens, goods and wares shall be carried and shove five bor. drawn (other than and except as in the recited act is excepted) fhall at any one time be drawn or go in any common or publength, under lick highway or road with above five horses, oxen, or beasts in length, upon the like pains, penalties and forfeitures, and subject to the provisoes in the said recited act mentioned, or in an act made in the ninth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, to render more effectual the said recited act of the fixth year of her faid Majesty's reign; the said recited statute, or any clause therein contained, or any other statute to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

e, &c. id the penalties in the sets 6 Ann. c. 29. and 9 Ann. G. 18.

Theexception shall not exed corn or coal

II. Provided, and it is enacted by the authority aforesaid, in the said acts. That the said exception in the said acts, or either of them contained, or in any other acts whatfoever, shall not extend or be tend to thresh- construed to extend to the excepting the carriage of threshed corn and coal. Altered and made more effectual by 5 Geo. 1. c, 12. 16 Geo. 2. c. 29. 18 Geo. 2. c. 33. 24 Geo. 2. c. 43.

CAP. XII.

An act for enlarging the fund of the governor and company of the bank of England, relating to Exchequer bills; and for settling an additional revenue of one bundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum upon his Majesty during bis life, for the service of the civil government; and for establishing a certain fund of sifty four thousand six bundred pounds per annum, in order to raise a sum not exceeding nine bundred and ten thousand pounds for the service of the publick, by sale of annuities, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and for satisfying an arrear for work and materials at Blenheim, incurred whilft that building was carried on at the expence of her late majesty Queen Anne, of blessed memory; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

OST gracious Sovereign, Whereas in pursuance of an act of par-liament made in the seventh year of the reign of her late majesty 7 Ann. c. 7. Queen Anne (of bleffed memory) for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, several bills, commonly called Exchequer bills, were made forth, amounting in principal money to two millions and five bundred thousand pounds, for ber Majesty's supply; and in pursuance of another all made in the faid seventh year of her faid late Majesty's reign (amongst 7 Ann. c. 8. other tilings) for circulating a further sum in Exchequer bills; and of certain clauses contained in an all of the eighth year of her reign in that 8 Ann. c. 130 beba!f, there were issued for her Majesty's supply more such bills, amounting to the further sum of four bundred thousand pounds in principal money; and pursuant to another all made in the twelfth year of her 12 Ann. Stat. 1. faid late Majesty's reign, (amongst other things) for circulating a fur- c. 11. eber sum in Exchequer bills, there were issued for her Majesty's supply more such hills, amounting, in principal money, to twelve bundred thoufand pounds; and it was provided by the faid acts respectively, That all the said bills should bear an interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem (saving the said interest upon such of the said bills as Should at any time or times be in the Exchequer, or in the bands or power of any receiver or collector of any taxes, aids, or revenues payable to ber Majesty, ber beirs or successors, during such time and times respectively as such bills should be or remain in the Exchequer, or in such bands or power, as aforesaid) and that the governor and company of the bank of England should have an allowance, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, for circulating all the said bills in the manner by the faid alls respectively prescribed, abating the same allowance proportionably as the bills should be cancelled: and whereas by an all made in a Ann. c. 7. the ninth year of her said late Majesty's reign, for hetter enabling the faid governor and company, and their successors, to exchange for ready money, upon demand, any of the bills made forth upon the said several alls of the seventh and eighth years of her said late Majesty's reign, is spas enacted. That the full sum of forty five thousand pounds per annum should be paid to and for the use of the said governor and company, and Vor. XIII.

their successors, by the several ways and means therein specified, for

and during such time only as in that all was expressed; and by the said ast made in the typelfth year of her said late Majesty's reign, for heteer enabling the faid governor and company, and their successors, to circulate all Exchequer bills made forth and to be made forth on that and the former alls, by exchanging the same, from time to time, for ready money, upon demand, it was enacted. That the entire yearly sum of eight shouland pounds (over and above the said yearly sum of forty-five thou-sand pounds) should be paid to and for the use of the said governor and company, and their successors, by quarterly payments; and that the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, together with the said yearly sum of forty five thousand pounds, should continue and be paid and payable to the faid governor and company, and their successors, until such time as no more than nineteen bundred thousand pounds of all the bills issued and to be issued, in pursuance of that and the said former acts (taken all together) (bould be standing out uncancelled in the subole: and subereas for making good as well the faid interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowence after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, upon all the bills is fued and to be ifficed, as aforesaid, as also the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, until the subsidies, duties, surplus monies, remains and arrears, composing the general fund and security by the said former acts, or some of them. intended to be established, or so many of them as should be sufficient for those purposes, should have taken effeth; it was by the said several alls of the seventh, eighth, and twelfth years of her said late Majesty's reign, or some of them, enalted, That the lord treasurer, or three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, should make out; or cause to be made out other Exchequer bills, for so much as should be computed to be due at the respective quarter days therein mentioned (over and above what should have been applied out of the subsidies, duties and jums of money aforefaid, for the faid interest, and for such allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and for the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds respectively) and that such quarterly bills should bear the like interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said governor and company should have the like allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, for circulating thereof: and suberens in and by the faid first mentioned act of the seventh year of her said late Majesty's reign, certain duties were granted, continued, or made payable to ber Majesty, ber beirs and successors for ever, that is to say, the dutiescalled the two thirds of a subsidy of tonnage and poundage therein mentioned, which were to take effect, and did take effect by that ait, from the seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred and eleven, certain duties upon coffee, cocoa-muts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nut-megs, cinramon, cloves, mace, pillures, and mustins, and certain increased duries upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cimnamon, cloves, mace, and pillures, and certain further rates or duties upon all white callicoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and drugs, all which were to take effect, and did take effect by the actilast mentioned, from the twenty third day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and one balf of another subsidy of tonnage and poundage therein mentioned, which was to take effect, and did take effect by the same at; from and after the last day of July one thousand seven bundred and four-22 Ann. Rat. 1. teen; and by the faid all of the twelfth year of ber faid late Majefty 1.

7 Ann. c. 7.

C. 11.

1714.7 Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C.12.

reign, all the faid duties so granted, continued, or made payable for ever, together with the surplus which should from time to time arise of or from the other half of the subsidy of tonnage and poundage last mentioned (over and above eighty thousand pounds per annum, formerly charged thereupon for payment of annuities) and divers arrears and other sums of money or revenues, more largely described in the said first mentioned at 7 Ann. c. 7. of the seventh year of her Majesty's reign, are made a general fund or security, and appropriated as well for satisfying and paying, from time to time, all the monies which should be due or payable for interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, for all the bills made out, or to be made out, upon the faid all of the twelfth year, or any the former alls before mentioned, and all the monies which should grow due upon the faid yearly sums of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, as also for or towards raising such a yearly sum as is after mentioned, for paying off and cancelling all the said bills: and by the said act of the twelfth year of her Majefty's reign, it was enacted, That after pay- 12 Ann. flat. 1. ing or rejerving sufficient to pay, from time to time, so much as should c. 11. be grown due, or demandable for the fald interest of two pence per centum per diem, and allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, then the monies which should, from time to time, he grown due to the faid governor and company, and their successors, upon their said other gearly allowances of eight thousand pounds, and forty five thousand pounds from the respective times therein mentioned, should quarterly be paid out of the monies arising by the said duties and revenues; and that after paying or referving sufficient to pay so much as should, from time to time, be incurred and grown due, for and upon the said interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid several allowances after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, eight thousand bounds per annum, and forty five thousand pounds per annum, (which were always to be preferred in point of payment) the full and entire yearly fum of two bundred and seventy thousand nine bundred ninety-nine bounds seven stillings (comprehending therein the yearly sum of this bundred thousand pounds mentioned in the said former acts, or some of (bend) or formuch of the faid yearly fum of two bundred and seventy thoufand nine bundred ninety nine pounds seven stillings, as the remainder of the said fund should from time to time produce for that purpose. Should be, and is thereby appropriated for paying off all the principal money constanted and to be contained in all and every the Exchequer bills, made forth, and to be made forth, by or in pursuance of that and the said former acts, or any of them, and for cancelling the same, until all the said bills' shall be discharged and cancelled; and by the same all it was provided and enacted, That from and after the complete paying off and discharging all the principal and interest which should be due on the said Exchequer bills is fued and to be issued in pursuance of that and the said other alts. and cancelling all the same bills, and full satisfaction made of all arrearages (if any should be then due) as well of the said allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, as also of the said yearly sums of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or efther of them, then, and not till then, the several subsidies, duties and revenues, settled or appropriated, as well for payment of the said interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said allowance after the rate of three pounds per contum per annum, and the said yearly sums

of forty five thousand pounds and eight thousand pounds, as also for raising the said yearly sum of two bundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety nine pounds and seven stillings, and every of them, should be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and should not be issued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, without the euthority of parliament, as in and by the several acts above recited or mentioned (amongst divers other clauses, matters and things therein comtained) relation being thereunto respectively bad, may more fully appear: and whereas all the bills which were issued upon the said several alls (including the quarterly bills before-mentioned) did amount in the whole to four millions fix bundred seventy-fix thousand eight bundred and twelve pounds and ten sbillings; and fince the said duties or revenues bave taken effect, as many of the bills so issued, as amounted to one bundred and fifteen thousand seven bundred eighty-seven pounds and ten shillings, have been (pursuant to the said act of the twelfth year of ber late Majesty's reign) paid off and cancelled, so that the bills made forth upon the said several acts which are standing out, or do remain uncancelled or undischarged, upon the eleventh day of July one theusand seven bundred and fifteen, do amount to the sum of four millions five bundred fixty-one thousand and twenty-five pounds, or thereabouts: and whereas we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great-Britain in parliament affembled, being justly sensible of the inestimable blessings which your subjects do enjoy under your Majesty's auspicious government, and the good prospect of continuing those blessings to your said subjects, and their posterities, under your Majesty and your royal offspring, are defirous that a sufficient provision may be settled by the most easy and effectual ways and means, for enabling your Majesty to support the dignity of the crown, and to make an bonourable provision for your royal family, and have therefore resolved, that there he granted to your Majesty, during your life, (which God long preserve) an additional revenue of one busdred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, which together with the neat produce of the branches settled for the uses of your Majesty's civil gevernment by the late all of parliament in that behalf, may make up the clear yearly sum of seven bundred thousand pounds, for the service of your . Majesty's bousbold and family, and other your necessary expenses and eccassons: and your said commons of Great Britain are also desirous. That a fum not exceeding nine bundred and ten thousand pounds may be raised (by the like easy and effectual ways and means) as part of the necessary supply by them granted for the service of your Majesty's navy and forces, and other your Majesty's publick occasions: and your Majesty's said commons finding, that upon enlarging or augmenting the faid prefent fund and security of the said governor and company of the bank of England, by such additional revenues and incomes as are berein after granted, continued and appropriated, and making fuch enlarged or augmented fund and security liable, in the first place, to satisfy all monies which shall, from time to time be incurred and grown due, as well for and upon the faid interest of two pence per centum per diem, as the said allowance of three pounds per centum per annum; and in the next place, to fatisfy all monies which shall from time to time be incurred and grown due for and upon the said other allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, (the said interest and several allowances being always to be preferred in payment, as aforesaid, according to the tenor and true meaning of this and the said former alts) they

Additional revenue for the civil government.

id governor and company of the bank of England, are willing for medating your Majesty's affairs, that out of the residue or remainfuch enlarged or augmented fund, the yearly sum of one hundred 120,000l. per wenty thousand pounds, by quarterly payments, shall and may be annum to be and applied for the service of your Majesty's boushold and family, applied for the ther your necessary expenses and occasions; and that after paying or houshold, &cc. ring sufficient to pay such monies as shall, from time to time be ini and grown due, for or upon the said yearly sum of one bundred upenty thousand pounds, then the further yearly sum of fifty-four nd fix bundred pounds, by like quarterly payments, sball and ve taken and applied out of the said residue or remainder of the said red or augmented fund, in order to raife any fum or fums of money, cceeding nine bundred and ten thousand pounds, for such publick ser- 910,000l. for as aforesaid; and that after paying or reserving sufficient to pay publick serch as shall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due for or 1 ces. the said yearly sums of one bundred and twenty thousand pounds, ifty-four thousand six bundred pounds, and either of them, out of id residue or remainder of such enlarged or augmented sund, then bovesaid yearly sum of two bundred and seventy thousand nine ed ninety-nine pounds and seven sbillings, or so much thereof, as the efidue or remainder of such enlarged or augmented fund shall, from to time, produce for that purpose, shall and may be appropriated for g off all the principal money contained in all and every the faid Excherills remaining, and which shall from time to time remain uncanor undischarged, and for cancelling the same, until all the said ball be cancelled and discharged. Provided always, That in case at Deficiencies, ime or times there shall happen to be any deficiency or deficiencies to how to be good the payments of the original fund of one bundred thousand made good. s per annum of the faid governor and company, specified in the faid mentioned act of the seventh year of her late Majesty's reign, and of yearly annuity of one bundred and fix thousand five bundred and one 's thirteen shillings and five pence, in the same act specified, or either m, then and so often, all and every such deficiency and deficiencies and may, from time to time, be fatisfied and made good out of the spidue or remainder of such enlarged or augmented fund, as aforewith preference to any issues thereafter to be made for cancelling any faid Exchequer-bills: now for the making up, settling and establishgood, sure and complete fund, sufficient to answer all the ends and les by this act intended, by making all the payments which shall, time to time, be incurred or grown due (in the order and course herefcribed) as well for and upon the said interest, and several allowanfore-mentioned, as for and upon the said yearly sums of one bundred See 1 Geo. 1. menty thousand pounds, and fifty-four thousand fix bundred pounds, stat. 2. c. 19. y making good such deficiencies as shall or may happen, as aforesaid, i. 1. by producing a yearly sum to be applied quarterly, for or towards the lling and discharging the said bills; we your Majesty's said dutiful oyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, subly befeech your Majesty, that it may be enacted and declared; be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent fty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiriand temporal, and commons, in this present parliament abled, and by the authority of the same, That the aforesaid The two is, called the two thirds of a subsidy of tonnage and pound-thirds subsidy, M 3

age, the duties on

the one half part of the

coffee, &c. and age, and the faid duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pictures fublidy, 7 Ann. and muslins, and the said increased duties upon coffee, cocoanuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, general fund mace, and pictures, and the law turtue. The for the uses of all white callicoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and half subside of tonnage and poundage. drugs, and the aforesaid half subsidy of tonnage and poundage, which were all granted to her said late Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors for ever, by the said first mentioned act of the seventh year of her reign, and the excess or surplus, which shall from time to time arise by the said other moiety or half of the said fubfidy of tonnage and poundage, which was granted for the term of ninety fix years, from the last day of July one thousand feven hundred and twelve, and charged with eighty thousand pounds per annum, for payment of annuities, and all other revenues, remains and arrears whatfoever, which by the faid act of the twelfth year of her faid late Majesty's reign were appropriated for payment of interest and allowances relating to the Exchequer bills, or towards cancelling the same, subject to such redemption as was thereby prescribed, shall be, and shall be deemed and taken, and are hereby enacted and declared to be part of the general fund, and security by this act established and intended to be established, for all the uses and purposes in this act expressed, and shall be subject to such redemption as in this act is prescribed, and not otherwise; the said former acts or any of them, or any clause, matter or thing in them, or any of them, contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstand-

Duties on wines and merchandizes,

6 Ann. c. 11.

II. And to the end there may be no failure or defect in the faid general fund hereby intended to be established, his Mujesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, have given and granted, and by this act do give and grant to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, the several additional revenues and incomes herein after more particularly expressed, and in most humbly beseech his Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, in manner following, that is to fay, Whereas by an act of parliament of the fixth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for continuing one half part of the subsidies of tounage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes imported, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the &cond, and for fettling a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities, not exceeding eighty thousand pounds per annum, to be fold for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses therein expressed, it was enacted, That there mould be railed and levied, for and upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes, which at any time or times, from and after the faid last day of July one thousand seven hundred and twelve, within or during the term of ninety fix years, from thence next and immediately enfuing, should be imported or brought into Great Britain,

1714.1 Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 12.

Britain, one moiety or half-part of the subsidies, duties, and fums of money therein mentioned, or thereby referred to; (except as therein is excepted): now it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, for and upon all wines, goods and merchandizes, which at any time or times, from and after the determination of the said term of ninety fix years, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, the like moiety or half-part of the like subsidies, duties, and sums of money (except as in and by the said act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign, or any other act or acts of parliament in relation to the said half-subsidy, is excepttd) and shall be collected, levied, and paid by such ways and means, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and subject to fuch drawbacks and allowances, and in fuch manner and form, as by the faid act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, or any other act relating thereunto, is prescribed, for raising and levying the faid half-subsidy, during the term aforesaid; and that all the monies which, after the determination of the said term of ninety fix years, shall arise, of or for the said moiety or halfpart of the faid subsidy and duties hereby intended to be continued, and all the arrears of the faid half-fubfidy which shall or may arife by virtue of the grant thereof, during the term aforesaid, after all the annuities and payments charged thereupon shall be fully paid off and determined, or money sufficient shall be reserved for that purpose (the necessary charges of management always excepted) shall be brought and paid, from time to time, into the receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes in this act expressed, and subject to such redemption as is hereby prescribed concerning the same.

III. And whereas by an act of parliament made and passed in the Additional feventh year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third duties on (of glorious memory) intituled, An act for granting to his Majefty 7&8W.3.C.20. an additional duty upon all French goods and merchandizes, certain additional duties were laid on French wines, brandy, vinegar, and other goods of the growth, product, or manufacture of France, imported from and after the twenty eighth day of February one thousand six hundred ninety six, for the term of one and twenty years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Made perpetual. additional duties upon French wines, goods, and merchandizes, imposed by the act last mentioned, after the determination of that act, shall have continuance and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, and shall be collected, levied, and paid, by fuch ways and means, and fubject to fuch penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the faid additional duties by the act last mentioned, or by any other act relating thereunto, are appointed to be raised or levied; and that all the monies which, from and after the feastday of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall arise of or for the said additional M 4

additional duties upon French wines, goods, and merchandizes, by virtue of the said act of the seventh year of the reign of King 2 W. 3. c. 20. William the Third, or by virtue of this present act, except the necessary charges of raising and paying the same, shall be brought and paid, from time to time, into the receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes in this act expressed, and subject to such redemption as is hereby prescribed concerning the same.

Plantation duties,

IV. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies which, from and after the said feast-day of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall arise by the duties which in and by an act of parliament made and passed in the \$5 Car. 2, c. 7. five and twentieth year of the reign of King Charles the Second (of blessed memory) intituled, An all for the encouragement of the Greenland and Eastland trades, and for the better securing the plantation trade, were granted to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, commonly called the plantation duties (the necessary charges of raising and paying the same excepted) shall also be brought and paid, from time to time, into the said receipt of Exchequer, for the purposes in this act expressed, and be liable to fuch redemption as is herein after prescribed in that behalf.

Duty on hops continued for ever.

V. And be it likewise enacted by the authority asoresaid, 9Annz, c. 12. That the several and respective duties, which in and by an act of parliament made in the ninth year of the reign of her faid late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for laying a duty upon hops, were imposed upon all hops, which at any time or times within or during the term of four years, reckoned from the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and eleven, should be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, and for and upon all hops growing in Great Britain, which, at any time or times within or during the said term of sour years, should be cured and made fit for use (which duties by an act of the present session of parliament are continued until the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and fifteen) shall be and are hereby further continued, and shall be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, for and upon all hops which, at any time or times from and after the last day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, and for and upon all hops growing and to grow in Great Britain, which, at any time or times after the said last day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall be cured and made fit for use; the same duties to be charged, ascertained, secured, collected, levied and paid, by fuch rules, ways, means and methods, and with fuch drawbacks and allowances, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the said duties on hops by the two acts last mentioned, or either of them, or by any other act or acts of parliament thereby referred unto, were enacted or directed to be charged, ascertained, secured, collected, levied and paid; and that all and every the clauses,

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 12. 1714-1

powers, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, provisoes, matters and things contained in the faid former acts concerning hops, or either of them, for securing, raising or levying the duties on hops thereby granted or continued, or for encouraging the exportation of British hops for Ireland, or for restraining the use of bitter ingredients instead of hops, or touching or concerning hops of foreign growth, or otherwise relating to hops, shall be and are hereby revived, and shall continue for ever in full force and vigour, for securing, raising, and levying the duties upon hops, hereby granted and continued, and for encouraging the exportation of British hops to Ireland, and for restraining the use of bitter ingredients instead of hops, and for all other purposes whatsoever in relation to hops, as if the same clauses, powers, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, provisoes, matters, and things were particularly repeated and again enacted in the body of this present act; and that all the monies which, from and after the faid last day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall arise of or for the said duty upon hops hereby granted or continued (except the necessary charges of raising and paying the same) shall likewise be brought and paid. from time to time, into the receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes by this act appointed, and subject to such redemption as

is by this act prescribed in relation thereunto.

VI. And whereas by the said all of the ninth year of her said late 9 Anne, c. 122 Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for laying a duty upon hops, it is therein (among other things) enacted, That no person shall import, or cause to be imported into Ireland from Flanders, or any other parts whatsoever (other than from Great Britain) any hops whatsoever; nevertheless great quantities of foreign hops have been carried into Ireland, and there landed from Flanders, or other parts (other than from Great Britain) to the great prejudice of his Majesty's revenue, and discouragement of the trade of British hops: for prevention of the like abuses for the future; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the tenth day of September in the year After 10 Sept. of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, the master 1715. master of every ship or vessel, which shall carry any hops whatsoever to ing hops to Ireland, shall take from the collector or comptroller of the port Ireland, to in Great Britain (where he shall lade any hops) a duplicate of take a dupliof his content in writing of all the hops taken or laden on cate of his board his ship or vessel, before he be permitted to sail out of content from the collector, the port, under the hand and feal of fuch collector or comp- &c. in Engtroller of the faid port in Great Britain, which faid duplicate land, shall be delivered to the master of every such ship or vessel, without fee or reward; and that every such master of such ship or to be deliverveffel shall deliver, upon oath, such duplicate to the officer of ed to the prothe customs in such port in Ireland, where such ship or vessel Ireland on shall arrive, and intends to unlade, before he be permitted to oath, land any hops; and that in case any hops shall be unladen or Janded in any part of Ireland, before such duplicate is produced on forfeiture to the officer, collector, or comptroller, as aforesaid, all such of the hops, hops, and ten shillings for every pound weight of the same, and 10s, per

shall be forfeited; one moiety to his Majesty, his heirs and succeffors, the other moiety to the officer or officers, or any other person or persons who shall selze or sue for the same in any of his Majesty's courts of record in Dublin, to be recovered by action, bill, plaint or information, wherein no effoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one impariance.

4 Ann. c. 6.

VII. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the fourth year of the reign of her said late Majesty, imitaled, An act for continuing an additional lublidy of tonnage and poundage, and certain duties upon coals, culm and cynders, and additional duties of excise, and for settling and establishing a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities, to be fold for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fix, and other uses therein mentioned, a certain additional fubfuly of tonnage and poundage, commonly called the one third subsidy, payable for and upon all wines, goods and merchandizes imported, and thereby granted for the term of ninety eight years, which commenced from the eighth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fix, and the particular rates and duties of excise thereby granted for the term of ninety five years, from the seventeenth day of May one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, with other monies therein mentioned, are appropriated and made liable to the payment of tertain anmutties purchased thereupon, not exceeding one bundred eighty four thousand two hundred forty two pounds fourteen shillings per annum, for ninety nine years, reckoning from Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and fix, and payable at the receipt of the Exchequer, and the overplus monies which might arife yearly upon that act, were afterwards enacted to be justly and duly computed at Lady-day yearly, or 5 Ann. c. 19. within fix days after: and by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for continuing the duties on low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, and the duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and part of the duties on stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, and the late duties on sweets, and the one third subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and for fettling and establishing a fund thereby, and by the application of certain overplus monies. and otherwise, for payment of annuities, to be sold for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven, and other uses therein expressed, certain duties upon low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, thereby continued from the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the term of ninety six years from thence next ensuing, and certain duties payable by howkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others therein mentioned, and thereby continued for the like term of years, and such of the duties upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, as are therein mentioned, and thereby continued for the term of ninety fix years, which commenced from the last day of July one thousand seven hundred and ten, and the duties upon fweets, thereby laid for the term of ninety nine years, from the four

and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and fix, and the faid subsidy called the one third subsidy, by the same act granted and continued for one whole year, to commence from the expiration of the said ninety-eight years therein granted by the said former act, and all the overplus monies of the subsidies, rates, duties, 4 Ann. c. 6 and other monies contained in the said act of the fourth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, after paying or reserving sufficient to pay so much as should be incurred or grown due upon the said annuities, by virtue of that act, at or before every feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary respectively (the necesfary charges of paying and accounting for the same annuities purchased thereupon being excepted) are appropriated and made liable to the payment of certain annuities purchased upon the said act of the fifth year of her said late Majesty's reign, not exceeding in the whole 5 Ann. c. 19. the sum of seventy-two thousand one hundred eighty-seven pounds ten shillings per annum for ninety-nine years, from the five and twensieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and seven, payable also at the said receipt of Exchequer: and thereby it was provided, that if at the end of any year of the said term of ninety-nine years, for which the said annuities upon the said all of the fifth year of her said late Majesty's reign were to be purchased (the first computation to be made at Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and eight, or within fix days after) the monies arifing at the Exchequer within fuch year by the said rates, duties, subsidies, overplus monies, and other monies thereby appropriated for payment of annuities pursuant to that act, should exceed all the monics then due for or upon the same annuities, and all arrearages thereof then incurred, the excess or surplus should be disposeable from time to time for the publick use and service: and 6 Ann. c. 5. by an act of parliament made in the fixth year of her said late Mafesty's reign, intituled, An act for raising a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses, by sale of annuities, charged on a fund not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, to arise by appropriating several surplusses, and by granting further terms in the duties on low wines, and on hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, the stamp-duties, the one third subsidy, the duty on sweets, and one of the branches of excise, and by making other provisions in this act mentioned, a certain fund or fum not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, is charged upon and payable out of all the overplus or furplus monies of the said rates, duties, fublidies and funds, settled for payment of the said several anmuities, purchased upon the said several acts of the fourth and fifth years of her said late Majesty's reign respectively, which should from time to time remain, after satisfying or reserving in the Exchequer, Jufficient to satisfy so much as shall be incurred or grown due, from time to time, upon those annuities, and every of them, and which by the said all of the fifth year of her said late Majesty's reign, were left 5 Ann. 6. 19to be disposed, from time to time, for the publick use and service, as eforesaid, and is also charged upon, and payable out of all the overplus monies of the rates and duties of excise, granted by an act of parhament made in the fourth year of the reign of their late majesties

King William and Queen Mary, of glerious memory, intituled, 4W.&M.c. 1. An act for granting to their Majesties certain rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for securing certain recompenses and advantages in the said act mentioned, to such persons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of ten hundred thousand pounds, towards carrying on the war against France, for the term of ninety nine years, from the five and twentieth day of January one thousand six hundred ninety-two, and by that and other acts relating thereunte, made liable to the payment of annuities, with benefit of survivorship, and other annuities charged thereupon; which overplus of the rates and duties of excise last mentioned, is by the said 6 Ann. c. 5. act of the fixth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, directed to be computed on the twenty-fourth day of June yearly: and by the same act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign, the aforesaid duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, are continued from the expiration of the faid term of ninety-fix years before granted therein, for one whole year from thence next ensuing; and the said duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others, as aforesaid, are continued from the expiration of the said term of ninetyfix years before granted therein, for the like term of one year from thence next ensuing; and such of the duties upon vellum, parchment and paper as are therein mentioned, are continued from the expiration of the said term of ninety-six years before granted therein, for the like term of one whole year from thence next ensuing; and the said subsidy, called the one third subsidy (which was continued for one year from the expiration of a term of ninety-eight years, as aforesaid) is further continued from the expiration of the faid one year, for one year more from thence next ensuing; and the said duty upon sweets made for sale, is continued from the expiration of the said term of ninetynine years formerly granted therein, for the term of two years from thence next ensuing; and the rates and duties of excise last mentioned are continued from the expiration of the faid term of ninety-nine years formerly granted therein, for the further term of fifteen years from thence next ensuing; and by the said act of the sixth year of her late Majesty's reign, it was enacted and declared, That the said overplus monies of the said rates, duties, subsidies and funds, settled for payment of the said several annuities purchased upon the said several acts of the fourth and fifth years of her said late Majesty's reign re-4 Ann. c. 6. 5 Ann. c. 19. spectively, and the said overplus monies of the said rates and duties of excise, granted in the said fourth year of their said late Majesties reign, and the several grants made of the said duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, and of the said duties to be paid by hawkers, pedlars and petty chapmen, and of the faid duties upon vellum, parchment and paper, and of the faid additional subsidy, severally, for the further term of one year, as aforesaid, and of the said duties upon sweets for two years, and of the said particular rates of excise for fifteen years, as aforesaid, and other monies therein mentioned, or so much thereof as should be sufficient for making up the faid fund, not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, are and shall be liable and appropriated thereunto, in order to answer the payment of the annuities purchased on that all for ninety-nine years, reckoned from the five and twentieth day of March one thousand se- 6 Ann. c. 5. ven hundred and eight, payable likewise at the said receipt of Exchequer: and by the same act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign, it is provided, That if at the end of any year of the faid term of ninety-nine years, for which the faid annuities upon that all were to be purchased (the first computation to be made at Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and nine, or within six days after) the monies arising at the Exchequer within such year, by that att chargeable to make good the said yearly fund not exceeding forty thousand pounds (except as therein is excepted) should exceed all the monies which at every such feast-day should be due, for or upon the same annuities, and all arrearages thereof, so that there should be an excess or surplus remaining in the Exchequer, such excess or surplus should be disposeable, from time to time, for the publick use and service, and not otherwise, as by the said several acts of the fourth, fifth and sixth years of ber said late Majesty's reign (relation being thereunto respectively bad) may more fully appear: now it is hereby further enacted and de- All the furning clared by the authority aforesaid, That all the surplus monies monies of the which, upon any computation or computations to be made after annuity acts the twenty-ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one mall be approthousand seven hundred and fifteen, pursuant to the said an-priated for the nuity act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign, shall from uses of this time to time, or at any time or times, appear to be or remain act. in the said receipt of Exchequer, over and above so much as shall be sufficient to discharge all monies then incurred and grown due for or upon the faid annuities and payments charged thereupon by the said several acts of the fourth, fifth and sixth years of her faid late Majesty's reign, and over and above so much as pursuant to the true meaning of those acts, or any of them, is to be referved for payment of any of the annuities thereupon purchased (which surplus monies were intended by the said act of the sixth year of her said late Majesty's reign, to 4 Ann. c. 6. be disposed, from time to time, for the publick use and service, 5 Ann. c. 19. and not otherwise) and all the arrears of the said duties and re- 6 Ann. c. 5. venues charged with the faid annuities and payments by the same acts of the fourth, fifth and sixth years of her late Majesty's reign, which shall or may arise by virtue of the grants thereof, for the several terms aforesaid, after all the annuities and payments charged thereupon, shall be expired, determined, and fully discharged and paid off, shall from time to time be fet apart, and the same are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the several uses and purposes in this present act declared of and concerning the same, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, subject nevertheless to such redemption as is herein after provided in that behalf.

VIII. And whereas the duties and revenues contained in the said atts of the fourth, fifth and fixth years of her faid late Majesty's reign, whereupon the faid surplus or overplus monies are, from time to time, to arise for the uses and purposes in this act intended, are temporary,

being granted only for fuch terms of years as are before-mentioned: now for the better establishing a sure and lasting fund to answer all the faid uses and purposes hereby intended, subject nevertheless to such redemption as is hereby prescribed: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such or the like additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties commonly called the one The one third third subfidy, which by the said act of the fourth year of her said subsidy 4 Ann. late Majesty's reign, was granted or continued for the term of c 6. continued minety-eight years, from the eighth day of March one thousand

for ever.

5 Ann. c. 19.

6 Ann. c. 5.

Daties of excife, 4 Ann. c. 6.

wines, &c.

6 Ann. c. 5.

Duties on hawkers and C. 19. C. 27.

lum, &c.

seven hundred and fix, and by the said act of the fifth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, was continued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the faid term of ninety-eight years, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign was further continued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the faid term of one year last before-mentioned, shall after the expiration of the said several terms so granted therein, have further continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever: and that such or the like rates and duties of excise, which by the said act of the fourth year of her late Majesty's reign were granted for the term' of ninety five years, commencing from the seventeenth day of May one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, shall after the expiration of the faid term of ninety-five years granted there-

jetty, his heirs and successors for ever : and that such and the Duties on low like duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, as by the faid act of the fifth year of her late Majefty's reign were 5 Ann. c. 19. granted and continued for the term of ninety-fix years, from the a Geo. a. c. 16. three and twentieth day of June one thousand feven hundred and ten, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Maje-My's reign were continued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the term of ninety-fix years last mentioned, shall after the expiration of the faid feveral terms fo granted therein, have further continuance, and be likewise paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever: and

in, have continuance, and be also paid and payable to his Ma-

that all and every such and the like duties and sums of money pedlars, Ann, to be paid by every hawker, pedlar, petty chapman, and others described in a former act of parliament for licensing hawkers and 9 & 10 W. 3. pedlars, and all the powers for granting such licences, which by the faid act of the fifth year of her late Majesty's reign were granted for the term of ninety-fix years, from the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and ten, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign were contimued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the term of ninety-fix years last mentioned, shall after the expiration of the faid several terms so granted therein, have further conti-

nuance, and be also paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs Duties on vel. and fuccessors for ever: and that such of the duties upon vellum. parchment and paper, as by the faid act of the fifth year of her s Ann. C. 19. late Majesty's reign were continued for the term of ninety-fix

years, from the last day of July one thousand seven hundred and ten, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign were continued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the term of ninety-fix years last mentioned, shall after the expiration of the faid feveral terms so granted therein, have futher continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Duties on heirs and successors for ever: and that the duties upon sweets sweets, 5 Ann. made for fale, which by the faid act of the fifth year of her faid c. 19. late Majesty's reign were granted for the term of ninety-nine years, from the four and twentieth day of March one thousand leven hundred and fix, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign were continued for two years, to take effect after the expiration of the term of ninety-nine years last mentioned, shall after the expiration of the said several terms so granted therein, have further continuance, and he paid and payable to his Majesty, his beirs and successors for ever: and that Duties of exthe several rates and duties of excise, which by the said act of the cise, 4 & 5 W. fourth year of the reign of their late majesties King William and & M. c. 1. Queen Mary, were granted for the term of ninety-nine years, from the five and twentieth day of Jamary one thousand six hun- 6 Ann. c. 5. dred ninety-two, and were by the said act of the sixth year of her late Majesty's reign continued for the term of sisteen years. to take effect after the faid ninety-nine years last mentioned. shall, after the expiration of the several terms so granted therein, have further continuance, and be paid: and payable to him Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever: and that the said soveral subsidies, rates and duties by this act made perpetnal, apsforesaid, when and as the same respectively shall take effect; by virtue of this act. Shall be raifed and levied by such rules and methods, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and with such distribution of the same penalties and forfeitures, and subect to such power of mitigation, and with such respective drawbacks, allowances and repayments, and in such manner and form, as the like duties granted or continued by the faid former acts now in being respectively are prescribed, enacted or appointed to be raifed or levied.

IX. And it is hereby declared, That where any of the above— Which of the mentioned duties now in being, or any proportions thereof, do flaid duties extend to that part of Great Britain, called Scotland, by virtue of fhall extend we any of the acts which granted the fame, or by virtue of the late: Scotland. act of union, in all fuch cases the same respective: duties hereby intended to be made perpetual, shall be understood to extend to: Scotland in like manner.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That in all cases: All further where any further or other provision or alteration is made by provisions by any other act or acts of parliament now in being, touching or acts of parliaconcerning any the subsidies, rates or duties, which were grant—ment to take end for certain terms, as aforesaid, such other provisions and alwest terations shall be observed and take place, in relation to the like subsidies, rates and duties by this act intended to be made perpetual.

XI. And

The money to to the Exchequer.

XI. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all the be brought in monies to arise by the said subsidies, rates and duties by this act made perpetual, as aforesaid, when and as the same respectively (after the expiration of the respective terms formerly granted as aforefaid) shall take effect, by virtue of this present act (the necessary charges of raising the same excepted) shall likewise, from time to time, be brought into the faid receipt of Exchequer; for the uses and purposes in this act expressed; nevertheless the said duties and revenues hereby made perpetual, and the application thereof to the uses and purposes by this act intended, shall be subject and liable to such redemption as is herein after prescribed in that behalf.

5 & 6 W. & M. 6, 20.

XII. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of the reign of their said late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties several rates and duties upon tonnage of ships and vessels, and upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for fecuring certain recompences and advantages in the faid act mentioned, to fuch persons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of sisteen hundred thousand pounds towards carrying on the war against France, certain other rates and duties of excise were granted to their Majesties, their heirs and successors for ever, and the monies arising thereupon as thereby diretted to be divided into five feventh parts, and two feventh parts, and by virtue of that and other acts in that behalf, the faid free seventh parts are liable to answer the original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum to the faid governor and company, and their fucceffors, subject to such redemption as is provided for the same by laws now in farce; and the faid two seventh parts are liable to answer certain annuities for lives charged thereupon, and the faid five seventh parts, and two seventh parts have respectively produced, and are like to produce yearly more than sufficient to answer the said original fund. and all the annuities or payments by any act or acts of parliament charged thereupon respectively; and the overplus monies last mentioned are computable on the first day of June yearly; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the overplus monies of the said five seventh parts, and two seventh parts, which upon any computation or computations to be duly made, after the for the uses of said twenty-ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall from time to time, or at any time or times, appear to be or remain in the faid receipt of Exchequer; that is to say, of the said five seventh parts (over and above so much as shall be sufficient to discharge all the monies then incurred and grown due for or upon the faid original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum) and of the said two seventh parts (over and above so much as shall be sufficient. to discharge all monies then incurred and grown due for the said annuities or payments charged thereupon, or necessary to be referved for that purpose) and all the monies which shall arise by the faid five seventh parts of the faid excise, after redemption of the faid original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, in case it shall be redeemed before all the uses and purposes inintended

The overplus of 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20. **appropriated** this act.

tended by this act shall be satisfied, and all the monies which shall arise by the said two seventh parts of the excise, after all the annuities for lives and other payments charged thereupon shall be determined, and fully discharged, shall also, from time to time be set apart, and the same are hereby appropriated, and shall from time to time, be iffued and applied to and for the several uses, intents and purposes in this act expressed, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, subject nevertheless to such redemption as is hereby prescribed.

XIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- All publick faid, That all other publick monies which, from and after the monies not said feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord appropriated one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, shall come and be shall be applibrought into the said receipt of Exchequer, not being appropri- of this act. ated or appointed to any use or uses, by any act or acts of parliament made or to be made, and not being monies arising from any branch or branches of revenue, appointed or to be appointed for the service of his Majesty's civil government, or the expences thereunto belonging, shall likewife be fet apart, issued and applied, to and for the uses and services in and by this present act declared and intended, and to no other use or purpose whatsoever.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared Proviso for the by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this ast contained deficiencies of the active of the act shall hinder or obstruct, or be construed to hinder or obstruct, the making good any deficiency or deficiencies, which at any time or times shall happen of or in the yearly fund of one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three pounds twelve shillings, mentioned in an act of parliament of the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for rectifying mistakes in the names of the commissioners for the land-tax for the year one 1Geo.1. flat.14 thousand seven bundred and fourteen; and for raising so much as is c. 2. wanting to make up the sum of fourteen hundred thousand pounds, intended to be raised by a lottery for the publick service in the said year, but that every such deficiency shall and may be made good, and satisfied out of any publick unappropriated monies, as if this act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the

contrary notwithstanding. XV. And be it enacted and declared by the authority afore- The several faid, That all the faid subsidies, duties and revenues, which by subsidies, &c. the said act of the twelfth year of her said late Majesty's reign, shall be one were appropriated for paying of interest and allowances relating sund, for the to the Exchequer-bills, issued upon that and the said former purposes of acts in that behalf, or towards cancelling the same, and all ar-this act. rears thereof, and the several additional revenues and incomes by 12 Ann. stat. 1. this act granted or continued, for the uses and purposes hereafter Made perpetual in and by this act expressed or intended, and all surplus monies, by 3 Geo. 1. arrears, and other monies whatfoever by this act directed to be c. 8. f. 17. brought into the receipt of Exchequer, or to be fet apart or applied to or for the same uses and purposes, as aforesaid, and likewife the overplus monies of the yearly sum of seven hundred Vol. XIII. thousand

thousand pounds herein after-mentioned, from time to time arising, are and shall be one general or aggregate fund and security for satisfying and paying all monies which are, and from time to time shall be incurred and grown due or payable for interest, after the rates of two pence per centum per diem, and for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, for all the Exchequer-bills abovementioned, or such of them as shall from time to time be uncancelled or undischarged; and all the monies which are or shall be grown due, from time to time, upon the faid fums of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, for so long time as those yearly fums are to continue or be payable; and for supplying to his Majesty during his life (which God long preserve) the yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, from the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and fisteen, by quarterly payments, at the four most usual feasts of the year, by equal portions, or within ten days after every such feast-day, for the service of his Majefty's houshold and family, and other his necessary expences and occasions; and also for supplying the further yearly sum of fiftyfour thousand six hundred pounds for ever, by like quarterly payments, to commence from the said feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, in order to raife any fum or fums of money thereupon, not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, for publick fervices, and for making good any fuch deficiencies as shall or may happen, as aforesaid, and likewise for or towards furnishing the said yearly sum of two hundred and seventy thoufand nine hundred ninety-nine pounds and seven shillings, for paying off and cancelling the faid bills, all which is to be done in such order, manner and form, as are herein after prescribed: and that fuch of the said subsidies, duties, revenues, additional revenues, surplus monies, remains and arrears, as are already commenced or arisen, and the residue thereof, as they shall arife and take effect, shall be and are by this act appropriated, and shall be applied thereunto accordingly; any other act or acts of parliament, or other matter or thing whatloever to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

The allowanets of 31. per cent. per ann. shall be paid to the bank weekly.

XVI. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said allowances, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and all arrears thereof, shall from time to time be paid and satisfied at the receipt of Exchequer to the said governor and company and their successors, weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied, out of the monies of the said general or aggregate sund arising by the said duties and revenues thereof, already commenced, or hereaster to commence, or come in, as aforesaid, or by any of them, so as by such weekly or other payments, the whole of the said allowances, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, due to the said governor and company, and their successors, at the end of each quarter (reckoning the quarter to terminate at the four most

usual seasts of the year respectively) be not exceeded; and that And the 2d. the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, per cent. Per the lord treasurer for the time being that and they are here. or the lord treasurer for the time being, shall, and they are hereperson as
by impowered and directed, out of the monies of the said genethe treasury Tal or aggregate fund, arifing by the said duties and revenues intrust, by already commenced, or hereafter to commence, or come in, as way of imaforesaid, or by any of them, to issue unto such person or per-press, &c. sons, as the faid commissioners of the treasury, or lord treasurer do or shall think fit to intrust in that behalf, and upon security given or to be given, to the good liking of the faid commissioners of the treasury, or lord treasurer, such sum and sums of money, by way of imprest, and upon account, from time to time, and by fuch proportions at a time, as the same commissioners or lord treasurer shall find necessary for discharging all the interest. after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, which is and shall from time to time be due or demandable upon the faid Exchequer-bills made forth upon the acts aforesaid, or any of them, the faid interest to be discharged at such time, and in such manner and form, as by the faid former acts, or any of them, were prescribed in that behalf.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After satisfy-That after paying or referving sufficient to pay or satisfy, from lowances, then time to time, fo much as is or shall be grown due or demand- the 45,000l. able for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and 80001. and interest of two pence per centum per diem, then the monies per ann. to be which are or shall, from time to time, be grown due to the said paid to the governor and company, and their fuccessors, upon their said other allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per aumum, during so long time as those allowances are to continue, as aforefaid, shall quarterly at the respective days and times before appointed for payment thereof, be paid and fatisfied to the faid governor and company, and their fucculiors, at the receipt of the Exchequer, weekly, or as foon as the same can be satisfied, out of the monies of the said general or aggregate fund, arising or to arise by the said duties and sevenues already commenced, or hereafter to commence or come in, as aforesaid, so as by such weekly or other payments, the fums to be due to the faid governor and company, or their fucceffors, upon their allowances last mentioned, at the end of each quarterly day of payment thereof, be not exceeded.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, That after paying or re- After that the ferving sufficient to pay and satisfy, from time to time, so much yearly sum of as is or shall be grown due or demandable for the said allow 120,000 l.shall ance of three pounds ber centum ber annum, and interest of two ance of three pounds per centum per annum, and interest of two civil list. pence per centum per diem, and the said allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per anmum, then the faid yearly sum of one hundred and twenty thoufand pounds for the service of his Majesty's houshold and samily, and other his necessary expences and occasions, shall grow due and be payable to his Majesty quarterly, from the said feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thou-

fand seven hundred and fifteen, at the four most usual feasts in the year, by equal portions, during his Majesty's natural life, as aforefaid, out of the monies of the faid general or aggregate fund, arising or to arise by the said duties or revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforesaid; and that the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or lord treasurer, and under-treasurer of the Exchequer, for the time being, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and required to cause the faid yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds to be issued and applied, weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied, in the order and course aforesaid, for the same services, out of the faid monies of the faid general or aggregate fund, or any of them, so as by such weekly or other payments, the sum of thirty thousand pounds to be due thereupon at the end of each quarter be not exceeded.

After that, the 54,600l. shall answer the muities.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, yearly sum of That after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and satisfy, from be fet apart to time to time, fo much as is or shall be grown due or demandable for the said allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, perpetual an- and the interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, and for or upon the said sum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, then the faid fum of fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds per annum, from the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, for ever, shall at the faid four usual feasts in the year, by equal portions, without any deduction or abatement, be separated and set apart in the said receipt of Exchequer, out of the monies of the said general or aggregate fund, arifing and to arife by the faid duties or revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforesaid, and shall, from time to time, be issued and applied to answer and satisfy such perpetual annuities as shall be purchased thereupon, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, subject nevertheless to redemption by parliament, according to the true intent and meaning of fuch act or acts of parliament, as is, are, or shall be passed, for raising thereupon any fum or fums of money not exceeding the faid fum of nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, for the service of the publick.

The feveral preferences.

XX. And it is hereby declared to be the true intent and meaning of this act, That the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and the said payments for interest, shall from time to time take place, and be preferred in point of payment, out of the said general or aggregate fund hereby cstablished, before the said yearly sums of forty-five thoufand and eight thousand pounds, or either of them; and that the faid yearly fums of forty-five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, shall from time to time take place, and be preferred in point of payment, before the faid yearly sum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds; and that the said yearly

Anno primo GEORGII I. Stat. 2. C. 12. 1714.

fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds shall from time to time take place, and be preferred in point of payment, out of the said general fund, before the said yearly sum of fiftyfour thousand six hundred pounds; and that the said yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds shall from time to time take place, and be preferred before any fums herein after mentioned, for making good deficiencies (when any fuch shall happen) of or in other funds of the said governor and company, and before the yearly sum herein after mentioned, for

cancelling and discharging the said Exchequer-bills.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority How the defiaforesaid, That after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and ciencies shall fatisfy, from time to time, so much as is or shall be grown due be made good. or demandable for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, and for and upon the Taid yearly fums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, and fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, then the faid deficiency and deficiencies for making good the payments, to be from time to time incurred and grown due, for or upon the faid yearly fums of one hundred thousand pounds, and one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence, and either of them (when and as often as any fuch shall happen) shall from time to time be fatisfied and answered out of the monies of the said general or aggregate fund, arising or to arise by the said duties or revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforesaid; and the commissioners of the treasury, or the lord treasurer, and under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to cause every such deficiency or deficiencies so happening, to be satisfied and paid accordingly, with preference to any issues then to be made for cancelling the faid bills, which deficiencies (if any fuch be) shall be annually computed at the Exchequer, from the produce of the said respective revenues there (to wit) the deficiency of the faid original fund on the first day of June yearly, and the deficiency of the annuity last mentioned at Michaelmas yearly.

XXII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That after How the prinpaying or referving sufficient to pay and satisfy, from time to cipal money of time, fo much as is or shall be grown due or demandable for the Exchethe faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and in- be paid off. terest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said sums of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, eight thousand pounds per annum, one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, and fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, and so much as shall be demandable by virtue of this act, to make good such deficiency and deficiencies, as aforesaid, (all which are always to be preferred, as aforefaid) then the faid full and entire yearly sum of two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety-nine pounds seven shillings, or so much thereof,

quer bills hall

as the remainder of the monies of the faid general or aggregate fund, arising or to arise by the said duties or revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforesaid, shall from time to time produce for that purpose, shall be, and is by this act appropriated for paying off all the principal money contained in all and every the faid Exchequer-bills made forth upon the acts aforefaid, or any of them, and for cancelling the fame, until all the faid bills shall be discharged and cancelled, and shall be issued and applied to and for that use and purpose, in fuch manner as the commissioners of the treasury, or lord treafurer for the time being, shall from time to time direct and appoint in that behalf; and that the issues thereof shall be made quarterly, or oftner, so as by the payments within any quarter, the fourth part of the yearly fum last mentioned for that quarter be not exceeded.

Overplus of any year difpoľab'e by parha:nent.

XXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case the produce of the said general or aggregate fund, to arise by all or any the subsidies, duties and r venues hereby appropriated for all the purposes aforesaid, shall at the end of any year, reckoning from the faid feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, exceed all the money due at the end of every such year for all the purposes aforesaid, so that there shall be an excess or surplus of the said general fund, such excess or surplus shall be disposable, from time to time; for the publick use and service by authority of parliament, and not otherwise; any thing herein, or in any other act or acts of parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Deficiency to by parliament.

XXIV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the aube made good thority aforesaid, That in case the produce of the said general or aggregate fund, to arise by all or any the subsidies, duties and revenues hereby appropriated for all the purposes aforesaid, shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient, that within any one year, reckoning from the faid feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, the same shall not be sufficient to answer and fatisfy the faid several and respective purposes to which the same is hereby intended to be applied, Then and in every such case; and as often as any fuch deficiency of the faid general fund shall happen, the same shall be provided for, answered and made good by and out of the next aids to be granted in parliament.

Overplus of 700,000l for the civil lift, fund. i Geo. r. fat. 1. C. 1.

XXV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if the revenues settled or appointed for the hall be part of service of his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and digthe aggregate nity of his crown, by the late act of parliament of the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better support of his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain, together with the faid additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, intended by this act to be supplied, as aforesaid, shall from the said feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thou-

fand seven hundred and fifteen, at any time during his Majesty's life, produce in clear money more than the yearly fum of seven hundred thousand pounds, that then the overplus of such produce (being more than the said yearly sum of seven hundred thousand pounds) shall go to, and be deemed and taken to be part of the general or aggregate fund by this act intended to be established for the several purposes aforesaid, and be appropriated, issued and applied accordingly, till all the said Exchequer bills shall be paid off and cancelled; and from and after the cancelling and discharging of all the said Exchequer-bills, then the faid overplus which from thenceforth shall arise, exceeding the faid yearly fum of feven hundred thousand pounds, shall not be issued, disposed, made use of, or applied to any use or purpose, or upon any pretext whatsoever, without the authority of par-liament; and that all grants and dispositions whatsoever here-such overplus, after to be made by his Majesty of such overplus, or any part without authereof, from time to time, without authority of parliament, thority of parshall be utterly void and of none effect; and the grantees, or liament, void. other persons to whom such grants or dispositions, or any of them, shall be made of such overplus, or any part thereof, shall be adjudged uncapable in law to take, hold, keep, detain, or enjoy the same; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the au- Deficiency to thority aforesaid, That if the said revenues settled or appointed be made good for the service of his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and aids. 1 Geo. 1. dignity of the crown, by the said act of the first year of his Ma- stat. z. c. z. jesty's reign, and the said additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, taken together, shall at the end of any year successively during his Majesty's life, reckoning the first year from the said feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, appear to have produced in clear money, less than the faid fum of seven hundred thousand pounds for that year respectively, then and in every such case, as often as any such deficiency shall happen, the same shall be provided for, anfwered, and made good by and out of the next aids to be granted in parliament.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, That the fum of seventy- 77,6941.13.7d. seven thousand six hundred ninety-four pounds one shilling and in the Excheseven pence, of publick unappropriated monies, which was quer before 18 June 1714. brought into the faid receipt of Exchequer before the twelfth day shall be apof June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and now re-plied to demaining there, be applied towards defraying his Majesty's ex-fray the civil traordinary expences relating to the civil government, from the lift till Mich. time of his accession to the throne, until the said feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, All the pow-That the said former acts above-recited or mentioned, and ers in the reevery of them, and all the powers, authorities, privileges, ad-cited acts to be in force

vantages during this

vantages and exemptions, and all rules, directions and precepts, and all pains of death, and other penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, in them or any of them contained (being now in force) touching or concerning the faid Exchequer-bills, issued as aforesaid, or the circulating or exchanging the faid bills, or any of them, or touching or concerning any the subsidies, duties, or funds in the said acts, or any of them mentioned, or any way relating thereunto (fuch alterations as are therein made by this act only excepted) shall continue, and be used, exercised, inflicted, raised, levied, applied, and put in practice and execution, in relation to all and every the faid Exchequer-bills, and in relation to the subsidies, duties, and funds fettled by this and the said former acts, as fully as if the said powers, authorities, privileges, advantages, exemptions, rules, directions, precepts, pains of death, and other penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters and things (except as aforesaid) were repeated and again enacted in the body of this present act; and that the faid governor and company, or any the members thereof, shall not incur any disability for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

The bank established.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the governor and company of the bank of England, and their succesfors, shall continue a corporation, with all the powers, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging, until all the faid Exchequer-bills, issued by virtue of the said acts, or any of them, shall be discharged and cancelled, notwithstanding the redemption of their other funds, in pursuance of the acts by which the fame are established, or any of them; any thing in this or the faid other acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

When the agshall be understood to be redeemed by parliament.

XXX. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by regate fund the authority aforesaid, That from and after the complete paying off and discharging all the principal and interest which shall be due upon all the faid Exchequer-bills, issued as aforesaid, and cancelling the same, and full payment made of all arrearages (if any shall be then due) as well for and upon the said allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and for and upon the faid yearly fums of forty-five thousand pounds, eight thousand pounds, one hundred and twenty thoufand pounds, and fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, and every of them, as also of such deficiency or deficiencies as shall then appear to be unfatisfied (if any fuch be) for or upon the faid original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and for and upon the faid annuity of one hundred and fix thoufand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, then, and not till then, the faid general or aggregate fund by this act established, or intended to be established, for the several purposes aforesaid, and the said subsidies, duties and revenues, contained or to be contained therein, and every of them, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be iffued, paid or applied, to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, without the authority of parliament,

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 12. 714.

ther than and except the faid duties called, the two thirds of a ablidy of tonnage and poundage upon goods and merchandizes mported, and other than and except the faid duties upon Exception. offee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinamon, cloves, mace, pictures and muslins, and other than nd except the faid increased duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, hocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace nd pictures, and other than and except the said farther rates nd duties upon all white callicoes, porcelan called china ware, nd drugs; all which faid subsidies and duties so excepted, are ntended to be continued, and are hereby enacted to be contisued, for answering and paying out of the same all the paynents which shall after such redemption grow due for and upon he faid yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand sounds, by quarterly payments, for the service of his Majesty's nouthold and family, and other his necessary occasions, during nis Majesty's life, and also for answering and paying out of the ame excepted subsidies, and other duties, all the payments which shall after such redemption grow due for or upon the said rearly fum of fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, for payment of the faid annuities to be purchased, as aforesaid, which annuities are to continue for ever, unless the same be redeemed by parliament, according to the tenor and true meaning of the said other act or acts of parliament passed or to be passed in that behalf; and the faid excepted subsidies and duties so to be continued for answering the payments of the said yearly sums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to pay the same, are and shall be appropriated, issued, and applied thereunto, during the continuance of the same yearly sums respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXI. And it is hereby declared to be the true intent and Thisfund may meaning of this act, That the said general fund by this act be redeemed established for the several purposes aforesaid, and all the said without re-subsidies, duties and revenues comprehended, or intended to original bank be comprehended therein (except before excepted) may be re-fund. deemed in the manner and form prescribed in and by the foregoing proviso and condition, without redeeming the said original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum of the faid governor and company, or their faid annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, which original fund and annuity respectively shall and may be redeemed upon such notices, and in such manner and form, and upon such terms and conditions, as are prescribed by the respective acts of parliament now in force concerning the same, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwith-

standing.

XXXII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That from After redempand after the redemption of the faid original fund of one hun-tion of the oridred ginal fund,

&c. bank to cease.

dred thousand pounds per annum, and of the said annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, and from and after redemption shall likewise be made of the general fund established by this act for the feveral purposes aforesaid, (except before excepted) then, and not till then, the faid corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England shall cease and determine; but till then the faid governor and company shall continue a corporation, and shall have and enjoy all the powers and privileges they are entitled to, as aforefaid.

Deficiency on the hop act to be made good.

XXXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That so much of the fum of one hundred and eighty thousand pounds, which was borrowed on the said former act, which laid a duty. on hops for four years, and the interest thereof, as is deficient and remains unpaid, shall be satisfied out of the said sum, not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, to be raised as aforesaid.

5 Ann. c. 4.

XXXIV. And whereas in and by an act of parliament passed in the fifth year of her late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for settling upon John duke of Marlborough, and his posterity, a penfion of five thousand pounds per annum, for the more honourable support of their dignities, in like manner as his honours and dignities, and the honour and manor of Weedstock, and bouse of Blenheim, are already limited and settled, among st other recitals therein, it was recited. That her Majesty was graciously pleased, at her own expence, to erect the house of Blenheim, as a tisfying an ar- monument of the glorious actions of the faid duke: and whe eas also rear for work, the building of the house of Blenheim, and making the gardens and other conveniencies thereunto belonging, were begun and carried on accordingly, at the expence of her said late Majesly, until the works thereof ceased; the charge of which said building and works, so far as the same were carried on (except the debts remaining unsatisfied to artificers and others) was born by her Majesty out of the revenues 12 Ann. Rat. 1. which were appointed for the uses of her civil government: and whereas by an act of parliament made and passed in the twelstb year of the reign of her said late Majesty, she was enabled to raise five bundred thousand pounds on the revenues appointed for the uses of ber civil government, to be applied for or towards the payment of such debts and arrears owing to ber servants, tradesmen, and others, as are therein mentioned; by which all it was provided and enalted, That the said sum of sive bundred thousand pounds should be applied and disposed in aid of the revenues or branches which were appointed for support of her Majesty's boushold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, for or towards the paying and discharging such arrears and debts, as aforesaid: Nevertheless for the clearing of any doubt that may arise, whether the debts which incurred and became due. and now remain unsatisfied to artificers and others, for work performed and materials delivered, for or upon account of the building and works aforesaid, whilst the same were carried on, as aforesaid, ought to be paid and satisfied by and out of the arrears of ber Maiefty's said revenues, due at the time of her demise, and the monies

Claufe for faheim, whilft carried on at the expence of her late Majesty.

C. 11.

row remaining of the fum by the last above recited act authorised to he raised; it is hereby declared, That all the debts which were actually incurred and grown due, and now remain unfatisfied. to artificers and others for work performed, and materials delivered for or upon account of the faid building, and other works at Blenbeim, on or before the first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twelve (when her Majesty first caused the payments on account of the said building to be stopped) ought to be, and the same are hereby accordingly directed and enacted to be paid out of the monies now remaining of the aforesaid sum by the last recited act authorized to be raised, and out of the arrears of the said revenues granted to her Majesty for the uses of her civil government, as aforefaid, due at the time of her demise, in such and the like manner, and by fuch proportions only, as other her Majesty's debts are or ought to be paid and fatisfied.

CAP. XIII.

An all for the further security of his Majesty's person and government, and the succession of the crown in the heirs of the late Princess Sophia, heing protestants; and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended Prince of Wales, and his open and secret abettors.

THEREAS by an act made in the twelfth year of the reign of Reciting 12 & his late majesty King William, of glorious and immortal 13 W. 3. C. 2. memory, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown. and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the subject; it was enacted, That the crown and regal government of the kingdoms of England, France, and Ireland, and the dominions thereunto belonging, with the royal flate and dignity of the said realms, and all honours, stiles, titles, regalities, prerogatives, powers, jurisdictions and authorities, to the same belonging and appertaining, after the decease of his said Majesty, and of the princess Anne of Denmark, and in default of issue of the said princess Anne of Denmark, and of his said Majesty respectively, should be, remain, and continue to the most excellent princess Sophia, electoress and dutchess dowager of Hanover, daughter of the most excellent princess Elizabeth, late Queen of Bohemia, daughter of our late sovereign lord King James the First, and the heirs of the body of the said princess Sophia, being protestants: and whereas also an act was made in England in the 13&14 W. 3. thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of the faid King Wil- c. 6. liam, intituled, An act for the further security of his Majesty's person, and the succession of the crown in the protestant line. and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and all other pretenders, and their open and secret abettors, whereby, among other things, it was provided, That all and every person and persons, mentioned in the said last recited act, should take the oath therein mentioned, and substribe the same, in the manner, at the times and places, and under the pains and penalties therein expressed; and upon the demise of his late majesty King William,

1 Ann. flat. 1. there was another all made in the first year of her late majesty Queen Ç. 22. Anne, intituled, An act to declare the alterations in the oath appointed to be taken by the act, intituled, An act for the further security of his Majesty's person, and the succession of the crown in the protestant line; and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and all other pretenders, and their open and secret abettors; and for declaring the association to be determined; and for the same end there was another all passed in the fourth year of her said late majesty Queen Anne, inti-4 Ann. c. 8. tuled, An act for the better security of her Majesty's person and government, and of the succession to the crown of England in the protestant line: and whereas by the treaty of union, and second article thereof, it is provided, That the succession to the monarchy of the united kingdom of Great Britain, and of the dominions thereunto belonging, after her said late most sacred majesty Queen Anne, and in default of iffue of ber faid Majesty, should be, remain, and continue to the most excellent princess Sophia, electoress and dutchess dowager of Hanover and the heirs of her body, being protestants, upon whom the crown of England slood settled by the aforesaid act, made in England in the twelfth year of the reign of his late majefly 22 & 13 W. 3. King William; pursuant to which treaty and state of union, there were sundry acts made in the reign of her said late majesty Queen Ç. 2, Anne, for taking certain oaths and declarations for security of her Majesty's person and government, and settling the crown in the protestant line: and whereas the faid pretended prince of Wales hath assumed the stile and title of James the Third, King of England, Scotland and Ireland, in open defiance of the provisions made for the establishment of the title and succession of the crown by the said acts of parliament, on which said acts the safety of your Majesty's royal perfon and government, the continuance of the monarchy of Great Britain, the preservation of the protestant religion, the maintenance of the churches of England and Scotland, as by law established, the security of the ancient and undoubted rights and liberties, and the future peace and tranquillity of this kingdom do (under God) entirely depend: and whereas the said pretended prince of Wales, fince the demise of the late Queen, in prejudice of your Majesty's just right and title to the imperial crown of these realms, has continued to affume the faid name and title of James the Third, King of England, Scotland and Ireland, in manifest violation of your Majesty's most lawful and rightful title to the crown, and of the acts and treaty above-mentioned, made for settling, and further security of the same, and for extinguishing the hopes of him the said pretender, and of all other pretenders, and their open and secret abettors: and whereas also seperal wicked and evil-minded persons have, even since your Majesty's bappy accession to the throne, in riotous, seditious, and treasonable manner, taken upon them to give to the said pretended prince of Wales the aforesaid name and title: to the intent therefore the said acts may be for ever inviolably preserved, and that all future questions and divisions, by reason of any pretended titles to the crown, may be prevented, we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the lords spiritual

and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, do

humbly befeech your most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; All officers, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and civil or miliwith the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal tary, &c. and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That all and every person and persons, as well peers as commoners, that shall bear any office or offices, civil or military, or shall receive any pay, salary, see or wages, by reason of any patent or grant from his Majesty, or shall have command or place of trust from or under his Majesty, or from any of his Majesty's predecessors, or by his, her, or their authority, or by authority derived from him, her, or them, within Great Britain, or in his Majesty's navy, or in the several islands in Great Briof Jersey and Guernsey, or shall be of the houshold, or in the tain, &c. service or imployment of his Majesty, or of his royal highness George prince of Wales, or her royal highness the princess of Wales, or their iffue, and all ecclefiastical persons, heads or go- all ecclesiastivernors, of what denomination foever, and all other members cal perfons, of colleges and halls in any university, that are or shall be of &c. the foundation, or that do or shall enjoy any exhibition, (being of the age of eighteen years) and all persons teaching or reading to pupils in any university, or elsewhere, and all schoolmasters all schooland ushers, and all preachers and teachers of separate congre-masters, &c. gations, all constables, and every person that shall act as a fer- law, &c. ieant at law, counsellor at law, barrister, advocate, attorney, folicitor, writer in Scotland, proctor, clerk, or notary, by practising in any manner as such in any court whatsoever, who shall inhabit, refide, or be within the cities of London or Westminster, residing within or within thirty miles distant from the same, on the first day of 30 miles of Michaelmas term next, at any time during the faid term, shall London, shall take the folpersonally appear before the end of the said term in his Majesty's lowing oaths court of chancery, king's-bench, common pleas or Exchequer, in one of the and there, in publick and open court, between the hours of courts at Westnine of the clock and twelve in the forenoon, take the oaths minfter. herein after mentioned; that is to fay,

enlarged by 1 Geo. 2. ftat.

A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful, 2. C. 23.

The oather A and bear true allegiance to his majesty King George.

So help me God.

A. B. do swear, that I do from my heart abhor, detest and abjure, as impious and heretical, that damnable doctrine and position, That princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope, or any authority of the see of Rome, may be deposed or murthered by their subjects, or any other whatsoever. And I do declare, that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state or potentate, hath or ought to have any jurisdiction, power, Superiority, pre-eminence or authority, ecclesiastical or spiritual, within this realm. So help me God.

' A.B. do truly and fincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and declare, in my conscience, before God and the world, That our Sovereign Lord King George is lawful and rightful King of this realm, and all other his Majesty's dominions and countries thereunte belonging. And I do folemnly and fincerely declare, That I do believe in my conscience, that the person precended to be prince of Wales, during the life of the late King James, and since his decease pretending to be, and taking upon himself the stile and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland, by the mame of James the Eighth, or the stile and title of King of Great Britain, bath not any right or title what seever to the crosum of this realm, or any other the dominions thereunto belonging; and I do renounce, refuse, and abjure any allegiance or obedience to bim. And I do swear, That I will bear faith and true allegiance to his majesty King George, and him will defend to the utmost of my power, against all traiterous conspiracies and attempts whatsower, which shall be made against his person, crown or dignity. do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to his Majesty, and bis successors, all treasons and traiterous conspiracies which I hall know to be against him, or any of them. And I do faithfully promise, to the utmost of my power to support, maintain and defend the succession of the crown against him the said James, and all other persons what-22 & 13 W. 3. foever, which succession, by an act, intituled, An act for the further -limitation of the crown, and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the subject, is and stands limited to the princess Sophia, electoress and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being protestants. And all these things I do plainly and sincerely acknowledge and swear, according to these express words by me spoken. and occording to the plain and common sense and understanding of the same words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. And I do make this recognition, acknowledgment, renunciation and promise, heartily, willingly and truly, upon the true faith of a christian.

So help me God.

And subscribe the same.

Unto which oaths so taken, every such person so taking the same, shall subscribe his name, or if he cannot write, shall make his mark, and during the time of taking the said oaths, all pleas and proceedings in the said respective courts shall cease; and all and every the said respective persons and officers, not having taken the said oaths, and subscribed the same, as aforesaid, shall on or before the twenty third day of January next, at the general or quarter-sessions for that county, riding, liberty, city, borough, town corporate or place, where he or they shall be, inhabit or reside on the first day of December next, take the said oaths in open court, between the said hours of nine and twelve of the clock in the forenoon, and subscribe his name, or if he cannot write, make his mark under the same.

Or in the quarter-leftion for the county, &c. where they raide.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, All persons That all and every person and persons that shall be admitted, who before entred, placed or taken, into any office or offices, civil or mi-Aug 1715. litary, or shall receive any pay, salary, see or wages, by reason shall be adof any patent or grant from his Majesty, or shall have com-mitted into mand or place of trust from or under his Majesty, or by his au- any office, &c. thority, or by authority derived from him, within that part of the months Great Britain called England, or in his Majesty's navy, or in the take the same several islands of Jersey and Guernsey, or that shall be admitted oath at Westinto any service or imployment in his Majesty's houshold or fa-minster or sefmily, or of his royal highness George prince of Wales, or of her county where royal highness the princess of Wales, or their issue, and all ec-they reside. clefiaftical persons, heads or governors, of what denominations soever, and all other members of colleges and halls in any university, that are or shall be of the foundation, or that do or shall enjoy any exhibition, being of, or as soon as they shall attain the age of eighteen years, and all persons teaching or reading to pupils in any university, or elsewhere, and all schoolmasters and ushers, and all preachers and teachers of separate congregations, high or chief constables, and every person who shall act as a serjeant at law, counsellor at law, barrister, advocate, attorney, folicitor, proctor, clerk or notary, by practifing in any manner as fuch in any court or courts whatfoever within that part of Great Britain called England, who shall, at any time after the tenth day of August one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, be admitted into, or enter upon any of the before-mentioned preferments, benefices, offices or places, or Thall come into any such capacity, or shall take upon him or Repealed by them any such practice, imployment or business, as aforesaid, 2 Geo. a. c. 91.

thell mishin three months after he or they shall be admitted into f. 3. and farshall within three months after he or they shall be admitted into, ther provisions or enter upon any fuch preferment, benefice, office or place, or relating bereto, come into such capacity, or take upon him or them such prac- 9 Geo. 2. c. 26. tice, imployment or business, as aforesaid, take and subscribe the fame oaths in one of the faid courts at Westminster, or at the general quarter-sessions of the county, city or place, where he or they shall reside.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Persons in That all and every person or persons, as well peers as com- Scotland to moners, who by virtue of any act or acts made fince the union take the faid of the two kingdoms, were bound to take and subscribe the Dec. 1, 171 oath of allegiance, subscribe the affurance, and to take and fign and subscribe the oath of abjuration, for or on account of any office, civil or the affurance military, or any other cause or occasion, within Sectland, shall following on or before the first day of December one thousand seven hunthe church of dred and fifteen, take and subscribe the oath of abjuration Scotland faabove-mentioned, and shall take and subscribe the said outh of voured in reallegiance, and subscribe the assurance in the words following, lation to this midelicet

videlicet.

5 Geo. 1. c. 29. f. 6. A.B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful, and bear true allegiance to bis Majesty King George. So help me God.

The affurance. I A. B. do, in the fincerity of my beart, affert, acknowledge and declare, That his majesty King George is the only lawful and undoubted sovereign of the realm, as well de jure, that is, of right, King, as de facto, that is, in the possession and exercise of the gevernment; and therefore I do fincerely and faithfully promise and engage, That I will, with heart and band, life and goods, maintain and defend his Majesty's title and government, against the person pretended to be prince of Wales, during the life of the late King James, and fince his decease, pretending to be, and taking upon himself the file and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, or the stile and title of King of Great Britain, and his adherents, and all other encmies, who either by open or secret attempts, shall disturb or disquiet his Majesty in the possession and exercise thereof.

> And that in fuch courts, and within fuch times limited, before such judges, in such manner, and to be certified as in and by the several acts generally above-mentioned is directed.

IV. And whereas certain doubts and scruples have arisen con-6 Ann. c. 23. cerning the sense and meaning of the clause following, contained in an att made in the fixth year of her late Majefly Queen Anne, intituled, An act to make further provision for electing and summoning fixteen peers of Scotland, to fit in the house of peers in the parliament of Great Britain; and for trying peers for offences committed in Scotland; and for the further regulating of voters in elections of members to serve in parliament; whereby it is enacted. That every person who shall refuse to take the oath last therein before recited, or being a quaker, shall refuse to declare the effekt thereof upon his solemn affirmation, as directed by an act of parliament made in the seventh year of the reign of his late majesty King William, intituled, An act that the solemn affirmation and declaration of the people called Quakers, shall be accepted instead of an oath in the usual form, (which oath or declaration, the sheriff, president of the meeting, or chief officer taking the poll at any election of members to serve in the house of commons for any place in Great Britain, or commissioners for choosing burgesses for any place in Scotland, at the request of any candidate, or other person present at fuch election, are hereby impowered and required to administer) shall not be capable of giving any vote for the election of any such member to serve in the house of commons for any place in Great Britain, or commissioners to choose a burgess for any place in Scotland; on account of which words, some have pretended to vote in the meetings of free elections in Scotland, at the choosing of the president and clerk of the meeting, without taking the oath mentioned in the last recited act, whereby it has happened that rolls of electors have been unduly made up, and wrong returns made; and also whereas divers of bis Majesty's

7 & 8 W. 3. C. 34.

y's good subjects, who have given convincing marks of their to his royal person and government, have scrupled to take the 'h, apprehending that the reference in the said oath may be conin some respects to be inconsistent with the establishment of the in Scotland according to law, and to a clause concerning oaths sposed in Scotland after the union, contained in an act made varliament of Scotland in the year one thousand seven bundred ven, intituled, An act for securing the protestant religion, esbyterian church government; which act is declared to be a vental and effential condition of the treaty of union; to the end Persons in ore that the faid scruples, and all mistakes and divisions Scotland reount of the same may cease, be it further enacted and de-fusing to take by the authority aforesaid; That every person who shall tion, incapato take the aforesaid oath of abjuration, or being a citated to vote ; shall refuse to declare the effect thereof upon his solemn at elections. ition, in manner aforesaid (which oath and declaration imber last elected for any county or stewartry in Swiland, us absence the sheriff or stewart's clerk, until a person be to proceed (a) in the faid meeting, according to the di- (a) Examined is contained in the twenty-first act of the third parliament with the record. ig Charles the Second, held in Scotland, intituled, Att conthe election of commissioners for shires, and after such choice rion io choien to proceed, or any perion choien to proany meeting of any county or stewartry there, in which or elections shall happen to be made up, is hereby authoand required to administer, at the request of any candir other person present at such meeting for election, beforer the choosing of the president of the meeting, or making the rolls) shall not be capable of giving any vote for the n of a prefident of the meeting, making up of the rolls, any member to ferve in the house of commons for any in Scotland, or commissioner to choose a burgess for any there; and further, that by no words in the faid oath of formerly imposed, contained, it is or was meant to his Majesty's said subjects to any act or acts any ways inent with the establishment of the church of Scotland ac-

And be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Heads, &c. of all heads, masters and members of colleges, halls, or colleges, &c. in the universities of Saint Andrew, Glasgew, Aberdeen, in Scotland, to dinburgh, and also all probationers or licentiates of divibefore they enter upon their trials, or obtain licences to 1, and all schoolmasters in Scotland, shall take and subthe aforesaid oaths, and subscribe the aforesaid assurance ated to be taken for offices, civil and military, and other in Scotland, before such judges, and obtain such certi-, as in and by this act, or the acts whereunto relation is

y had, directed.

Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall ex- Not to extend o any person now beyond the seas, who by virtue of this to persons beight to take the faid oaths, so as such person do, within youd sea, who three take the oaths L. XIII.

in three months after they return. three months after his return to Great Britain, take the faid oaths, and subscribe thereunto according to the appointment of this act.

Penalty of refuling the oaths.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the person and persons aforesaid, that do or shall neglect or refuse to take the said oaths, and subscribe thereto, as aforesaid, in the said courts and places, and at the respective times aforesaid, shall be ipso facto adjudged incapable. and disabled in law, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, to have, occupy or enjoy the faid office or offices, imployment or imployments, or any part of them, or any matter or thing aforesaid, or any profit or advantage appertaining to them, or any of them; and every such office or place, imployment or imployments, shall be void, and is hereby adjudged void.

Fe salty of act-&c. not having taken the oathe.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every fuch ing as officers, person and persons who shall neglect and refuse to take the said oaths, within the times, and at the places aforesaid, and yet after such neglect or refusal shall, by himself or themselves, his or their deputy or truftee, execute any of the faid offices or imployments after the faid time is expired, wherein he or they ought to have taken the faid oaths according to the true intent and meaning of this act, and being thereof lawfully convicted in or upon any information, presentment or indictment, in any of the King's courts at Westminster, or at the affizes, upon profecution before the court of justiciary, or circuits in Scotland, every such person or persons shall be disabled from thenceforth to sue or use any action, bill, plaint or information in any court of law, or to profecute any fuit in any court of equity, or to be guardian of any child, or executor or administrator of any person, or capable of any legacy or deed of gift, or to be in any office within this realm of Great Britain, or to vote at any election for members to serve in parliament, and shall forfeit the fum of five hundred pounds, to be recovered by him or them that shall sue for the same, to be prosecuted by any action of debt, fuit, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law shall lie, or any more than one imparlance, and by way of fummar complaint before the court of fessions, or prosecution before the court of justiciary in Scotland.

Persons taking the oaths to pay 28. and a register to be kept to enter their names.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful, to and for the respective courts aforesaid, to give and administer the oaths aforesaid, to the person and persons aforefaid, and upon due tender of any person or persons to take the faid oaths, the faid courts are hereby required and enjoined to administer the same; for the taking and subscribing the said oaths the proper officer shall have, take and receive of every person, so taking and subscribing the said oaths, the sum of two shillings, and no more; of the taking and subscribing whereof a register shall be kept in a book to be provided for that purpose, by the proper officer, where the names of all such persons, who shall take and subscribe the said oaths, shall be fairly

written, and when they took and subscribed the same, to which faid register any person may resort, and inspect the same without fee or reward.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Two justices. ful to and for two or more justices of peace, or any other per- &c. may tenfon or persons who shall be by his Majesty for that purpose der the oaths fpecially appointed, by order in the privy council, or by compersons,
mission under the great seal, to administer and tender the oaths herein before appointed to be taken, to any person or persons whatfoever, whom they shall or may suspect to be dangerous or disaffected to his Majesty or his government; and if any perfon or persons to whom the said oaths shall be so tendred, shall neglect or refuse to take the same, such justices, or any other person or persons specially to be appointed, as aforesaid, tendring the faid oaths, shall certify the refusal thereof to the next quarter-fessions of the county, riding, liberty, city, borough, and certify the town corporate or place in which such refusal shall be made; refusal to the and the faid refusal shall be recorded amongst the rolls of that next sessions, fessions, and shall be from thence certified by the clerk of the peace of fuch county, riding, liberty, city, borough, town corporate or place, into his Majesty's court of chancery or king's to be thence bench, court of fessions, or court of justiciary in Scotland, there certified in the to be recorded amongst the rolls of the said courts, in a roll or rolls there to be provided and kept for that purpose only, and that every person so neglecting or refusing to take the said oaths, and persons shall be from the time of his neglect or refusal, taken, esteemed refusing, to be and adjudged a popish recusant convict, and as such to forfeit pish recusants and be proceeded against.

XI. And to the intent and purpose, that no person may avoid taking the several oaths in this act particularly mentioned, upon any pretence what sever; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Punishment of That it shall and may be lawful unto and for two or more just persons sumtices of the peace, or any other fuch person or persons, who mon'd by justices, and reshall be by his Majesty for that purpose specially appointed, by fusing to aporder in the privy council, or by commission under the great pear and take seal, by writing under their hands and seals, to summon any the oaths. person to appear before them at a certain day and time therein to be appointed, to take the faid oaths, which faid summons shall be served upon such person, or left at his dwelling-house, or usual place of abode, with one of the family there; and if fuch person who shall be so summoned, neglects or resuses to appear according to such summons, that then upon due proof to be made upon oath of the serving the said summons, which oath fuch justices, or any other person or persons specially to be appointed, as aforesaid, are hereby enabled to administer, such suffices, or any other person or persons, specially to be appointed, as aforefaid, are hereby required to certify the same to the next general quarter-fessions of the peace to be holden for fuch county, riding, liberty, city, borough, town corporate or place, there to be entred upon the rolls of the said sessions; and

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adjudged poconvict.

if fuch person who shall be so summoned to take the said oaths, as aforefaid, shall neglect or refuse to appear and take the said oaths at the faid general quarter-fessions, the names of the persons so certified being publickly read at the first meeting of the faid fessions, That then and in such case such person shall be taken, esteemed and adjudged a popish recusant convict, and as fuch, to forfeit and be proceeded against as if such person had actually refused to take the said oaths; and the same shall be from thence certified by the elerk of the peace of such county, riding, liberty, city, borough, town corporate, or place, into his Majesty's high court of chancery or king's bench, court of session, or court of justiciary in Scotland, there to be recorded amongst the rolls of the said courts, in a roll or rolls there to be

provided and kept for that purpose only.

Heads, &c. of colleges, &c. Cambridge, person in whom the right of election is, not electing fome proper person in his place, nominate, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any head or member of any college or hall within either in Oxford and of the universities of Oxford or Cambridge, that are or shall be of the foundation, or that do or shall enjoy any exhibition, being not taking the of (or as soon as he shall attain) the age of eighteen years, shall neglect or refuse to take and subscribe the several oaths in this act mentioned, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, or to produce a certificate thereof, under the hand of some proper officer of the respective court, and cause the same to be entred in the register of such college or hall within one month after his having taken and subscribed the said oaths; and if the the King may persons in whom the right of election of such head or member shall be, do neglect or refuse to elect some other fitting or proper person, in the place or stead of such head or member so neglecting and refusing to take and subscribe the said oaths, as aforefaid, by the space of twelve months after such neglect or refusal, That then, and from thenceforth, it shall and may be lawful unto and for the King's most excellent majesty, his heirs and successors, under the great seal or sign manual, to nominate and appoint some fitting person, qualified according to the local statutes of such college or hall, to succeed to the place of such person who shall neglect or refuse to take and subscribe the faid oaths; and that every person so to be nominated and appointed, shall have and enjoy such place, to which he shall be nominated and appointed, as aforesaid, to all intents and purpoles whatloever, and all benefits, privileges and advantages to the same belonging and appertaining, as if such person had been elected and chosen by the proper electors of such college or hall.

The King's mus to com-

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, bench may if. That if the head of any college or hall in either of the univerfities, or other person or persons lawfully authorized to admit, pel the admif shall refuse or neglect to admit such persons so nominated and son of a per- appointed under the great seal or sign manual, as aforesaid, by fon to named she space of ten days after such admission shall be demanded of him or them, who ought to make such admission, to such place as he shall be nominated to, as aforesaid, That then and in

fuch case the local visitor or visitors of such college or hall is hereby authorized and required to admit and place such person so nominated and appointed, to such place as he shall be nominated to, as aforefaid, within the space of one month after the same shall be demanded of such visitor; and in case such visitor shall neglect or refuse to admit, as aforesaid, during the space of one month after the same is lawfully demanded of such visitor, That then it shall and may be lawful to and for the court of king's bench at Westminster, to issue out a writ of Mandamus to be directed to such visitor or visitors, to admit such person to fuch place, and to proceed upon the said writ, according to the course of the said court in such cases.

XIV. Provided always, That any person who, by any neg-Officer having lect or refusal according to this act, shall lose or forfeit any of-forfeited may fice, may be capable of a new grant of the faid office, or of any have his office other, and have and hold the fame again, fuch perfor taking again, on taother, and have and hold the same again, such person taking king the oaths. the faid oaths in such manner as aforesaid, so as such office be not granted to, or actually enjoyed by some person at the time of

regranting thereof.

XV. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be This act shall construed to extend to any person in his Majesty's service on not extend to board the fleet, or to any person whatsoever who shall go be-persons beyond the seas before the first day of November next, so as such shall take the person take the said oaths, and subscribe thereunto, as afore-oaths in three faid, according to the appointment of this act, within three months after months after his return.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After Sept. 29, That from and after the twenty-ninth day of September in the 1715: No year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, no member of eiperson that now is, or hereafter shall be a peer of this realm, or parliament member of the house of peers, shall vote, or make his proxy in shall be capathe house of peers, or sit there, during any debate in the said ble of voting, house of peers; nor any person that now is, or hereafter shall &c. till he has house of peers; nor any person that now is, or hereafter shall taken the abbe a member of the house of commons, shall vote in the house juration. of commons, or fit there during any debate in the said house of commons, after their speaker is chosen; until such peer or member shall, from time to time, respectively take the abjuration-oath aforesaid, instead of the oath of abjuration which before by law ought to have been taken, in such manner, and together with such other oaths, and declaration against transubstantiation, as the faid former oath of abjuration ought to have been taken.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any person that Punishment of now is, or hereafter shall be a peer of this realm, or member of members prethe house of peers, or member of the house of commons, in suming to this or any succeeding parliament, and after the said twenty-vote, &c. ninth day of September presume to vote, or make his proxy, not having taken the faid oath, and subscribed the same, as aforesaid, every such peer or member so offending shall be disabled to fue, or use any action, bill, plaint, or information in any court of law, or to profecute any fuit in any court of equity, or

to be guardian of any child, or executor or administrator of any person, or be capable of any legacy or deed of gift, or to be in any office within this realm of Great Britain, or to vote at any election for members to serve in parliament, and shall forfeit the fum of five hundred pounds, to be recovered by him or them that shall sue for the same, to be prosecuted by action of debt, fuit, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majesty's courts at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law shall lie, or any more than one imparlance, and by way of fummar complaint before the court of sessions, or projecution before the court of justiciary in Scotland.

This act not to ritance, if a fituted who shall qualify himself, 25 Car. 2.

Such offices in Scotland not

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there. This act not

but according

XVIII. Provided, That neither this act, nor any thing ficers of inhetake away or make void any office of inheritance, so as such deputy be sub- person or persons having an office of inheritance, do or shall substitute and appoint his or their deputy or deputies, and such deputy or deputies shall qualify him or themselves, according to a proviso in the act made in the five and twentieth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for preventing dangers which may happen from popish recusants, and so as fuch deputy or deputies do likewise take and subscribe the oaths in and by this present act required and expressed, and so as fuch deputy or deputies be, from time to time, approved of by the King's majesty under his privy signet.

XIX. Provided, That no office of inheritance in Scotland shall be forfeitable otherwise than according to the laws now in force there.

XX. Provided always, That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to the office of any tithingman, headborough, overfeer of the poor, church-wardens, furveyors of the highways, or any like inferior civil officer, or to any office of forester, or keeper of any park, chase, warren, or game, or bailiff of any manor or lands, nor to any like private offices, nor to any person or persons having only any the before-mentioned or the like offices, for or upon account of fuch offices only.

Nor to any who have taken the oaths fince his Majesty's accesfion, except some new office.

XXI. Provided always, That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to any person who hath, since his Majesty's happy accession to the throne, taken the oaths of allegiance and fupremacy, and the abjuration oath, in any of the faid courts at Westminster, or at the general quarter-sessions of the peace, or on account of in either houses of parliament, unless by reason of such person's having some new office or imployment, or his coming hereafter under some of the qualifications which require the taking the oaths before-mentioned, by virtue of this act, or any other law now in being.

XXII. Provided always, and be it declared and enacted, That ed by any law all persons whatsoever, who, by virtue of any law now in being, to receive the are or would be obliged, if this act was not had or made, to reshall continue ceive the facrament according to the usage of the church of England, and to make and subscribe the declaration against transub-

Persons obligfacrament.&c. obliged.

ftantiation

stantiation or either of them, on any occasion whatsoever, shall continue obliged, in all such cases, to receive the said sacrament, and make and subscribe the said declaration, together with the oaths appointed by this act, in such manner, and under such penalties in case of neglect, as is required by any former law.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the autho-Personstaking rity aforesaid, That all and every person or persons, who shall, the oaths, &c. on or before the first of *December* next, take and subscribe the before Dec. 1. oaths in such manner as is appointed in this act, and also refrom all penalceive the facrament of the Lord's supper according to the usage ties, &c. of the church of *England*, and make and subscribe the declaration against transubstantiation, in those cases where the sacrament ought to have been received, and the said declaration ought to have been made and subscribed, and has been neglected, shall be and are hereby indemnified from and against all penalties, forfeitures, incapacities, and disabilities incurred by any former neglect or omission of taking or subscribing the oaths, or receiving the facrament, or subscribing the aforesaid declaration, according to any former act or acts concerning persons in offices or places of truft, and is, are and shall be fully and actually recapacitated and restored to the same state and condition as before such neglect or omission.

XXIV. Provided also, That all and every person who has, Likewise all at any time fince his Majesty's happy accession to the crown, who have taken the oaths, and taken and subscribed the abjuration, and taken the oaths since his also subscribed the declaration, and received the facrament, in Majesty's acfuch cases where the facrament ought to have been received, and cession. the faid declaration ought to have been subscribed, according to any act or acts concerning persons in offices or places of trust, shall likewise be, and are hereby indemnified, as aforesaid, though the same has not been within the time appointed by law.

XXV. Provided always, That no person or persons, who by No person who reason of any such neglect or omission hath or have left or for- any office, &c. feited any office, benefice, place, dignity, or imployment what- fiall be restosoever, to which any other person or persons hath or have been red if another preferred or promoted, shall be restored to such office, benefice, be promoted. place, dignity, or imployment; any thing herein contained to

the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. Provided always, That any person or persons who Popish recushall become popish recusants convict, by virtue of any thing in sants convict this act contained, and shall at any time thereafter take and sub- by this act, feribe the oaths, and make and subscribe the declaration, and charged on fubscribe the assurance, in such manner, and in such place, as taking the is appointed by this act, shall be and are hereby, from such oaths. time, discharged from such conviction.

XXVII. Provided always, That the oath of abjuration, and This abjurathe affurance in this act contained, shall in all cases be taken taken in lieu to be in lieu of the oath of abjuration, and the affurance for- of the former. merly appointed.

XXVIII. And whereas in and by an act of parliament made in Reward for the last sessions of parliament, and in the first year of his Majesty's taking the

pretender

reign, intituled, An act for the better support of his Majesty's i Geo. 1. flat. houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain, it is enacted, That the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, should, and are thereby authorized and required, out of any monies granted or to be granted by parliament, for the use of the publick, forthwith to issue and pay the sum of one bundred thousand pounds, to any person or perfons, who should seize and secure the person of the pretender, whenever he should land, or attempt to land in any of his Majesty's dominions; to the end that the encouragement and reward for a service se important, may be rendered sure and effectual; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall and are hereby authorized and required, out of any monies granted, or to be granted by parliament, to the use of the publick, forthwith to iffue the fum of one hundred thousand pounds to any person or persons, being natives or foreigners, who shall seize or secure, alive or dead, the person of the pretender, whenever he shall land, or attempt to land in Great Britain or Ireland, or any other his Majesty's dominions; and if any of the persons who have adhered to, or assisted, or who shall adhere to, or assist the said pretender, shall seize and secure him, as aforesaid, he or they who shall so seize and secure him, shall have his Majesty's gracious general pardon, and shall also receive the faid reward, to be paid in manner aforesaid.

To go to the of perfons kill'd in taking him.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any person executors, &c. or persons, natives or foreigners, shall happen to be killed in feizing or fecuring, alive or dead, the person of the said pretender, as aforefaid, That then their executors or administrators, or such person or persons, to whom the right of administration of the personal estate of each person so killed shall belong, shall have and receive respectively, the same share and proportion of the faid one hundred thousand pounds, as their several and respective testators or intestates would have been entitled unto had they been living.

TheKing may to officers, feamen, &c. whole names shall be regifter'd and returned into office before Feb. 1. 1715.

XXX. And it is further enacted, That it shall and may be by commission lawful for his Majesty to grant a commission or commissions, unimpower per-fons to admi- der the great seai of Great Britain, to such person or persons as nister the oaths to him shall seem meet, to impower him or them to administer the oaths of allegiance and supremacy, and of abjuration, in this act mentioned, to all and every officer and officers in his Majesty's service, either by sea or land, and all and every seaman and seamen, and private soldiers; and such sea and land officers, and seamen and soldiers, are hereby enjoined and rethe petty bag quired to take the same, upon the pains and penalties in this act mentioned in case of refusal thereof; and that upon taking the said oaths such officer and officers, seamen and soldiers, do subscribe the same upon a roll to be kept by the person or persons who shall administer the same, which roll such person as hath or shall have the keeping thereof shall, on or before the twelfth day of February one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, deliver into

1714

the office of the petty-bag in the court of chancery, there to be kept upon record.

XXXI. Provided always, That no seaman or soldier, under No seaman, the degree of a commission or warrant-officer, shall be obliged &c. to pay any tee.

to pay any fee or reward on taking the faid oaths.

XXXII. Provided always, That nothing in this act contain- Not to extend ed shall extend to the office of the lord great chamberlain of to the office of England, so as the lord great chamberlain for the time being do lord great or shall substitute and appoint his sufficient deputy, who shall chamberlain. have taken the oaths aforesaid; any thing in this act to the con-

trary notwithstanding. XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore- The same ablaid, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of Septem - juration to be ber one thousand seven hundred and sifteen, the same oath of taken in Ireabiuration by this act appointed to be taken in Great Britain, Sept. 29, 1715. shall be the oath of abjuration to be taken in the kingdom of Ireland, and no other; and that the indemnities above-mentioned be and are hereby extended to the faid kingdom of Ireland,

CAP. XIV.

An all for making the militia of that part of Great Britain called England more uleful, and for obliging an annual account to be made of trophy-money.

[7HEREAS by an act of parliament made in the thirteenth Reciting the year of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, inti- 13 &14 Gar; 3. tuled, An act for ordering the forces in the several counties of this c. 3. kingdom, it was (among ft other things) enacted, That in case of invafions, infurrections or rebellions, whereby occasion should be to draw out the soldiers mentioned and appointed in and by the said act, into actual service, the persons charged by the said act with horses, horsemen and arms, or with foot soldiers and arms, should provide each their soldiers respectively with pay in hand, not exceeding one month's pay, as should be in that behalf directed by the respective lieutenants of the several counties, and in their absence, or otherwise by their directions, by their deputies, or any three or more of them; for repayment of which said monies, and for satisfaction of the officers for their pay during such time, not exceeding one month, as aforesaid, as they shall be with their soldiers in actual service; it was thereby declared, That provision should be made for the same by his said Majesty, his heirs and successors, out of his or their publick treasury or revenue; nevertheless, it was thereby further provided and enacted, That in case a month's pay should be provided and advanced, as aforesaid, no person who should have advanced his proportion thereof, should be charged with anyother like month's payment, until be or they should be re-imbursed the said month's pay, and so from time to time, the said month's pay by him or them last provided and advanced, as aforefaid: and whereas in the late war it was found necessary for the publick defence and safety, to draw out the said soldiers into actual service, and to charge the said persons to provide each their soldiers respectively with pay in hand, although the month's pay by several of them before that time provided and advan-

ted was not nor could be reimburfed: and whereas it may be necessary for the publick safety and defence of this realm, to draw out the fail

at any time order the militia in Enghand to be to actual fer-

vice.

forces into actual service, more particularly at this time, when tumults and rebellions are fomented at home, supported by hopes of ef-The King may fiftance from a foreign invasion, be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, drawn out in- That if at any time or times hereafter it shall be found necessary by his Majesty, his heirs or successors, for any of the purposes in the faid recited act mentioned, to draw out the faid foldiers into actual fervice, and the same shall be declared and fignified to the respective lieutenants or deputy lieutenants of the several counties, ridings, cities and places of that part of Great Britain called England, and to the lord-warden of the cinque-ports, two ancient towns and their members, or in his absence, to his lieutenant or lieutenants, by his Majesty, his heirs or successors, it shall be lawful for the faid lieutenants, or their deputies, or for any two or more of them, and for the lord-warden of the cinque-ports, two ancient towns, and their members, or in his ablence, for his lieutenant or lieutenants, in pursuance of such orders from his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and in the manner prescribed by the aforesaid act, notwithstanding one or more month's pay already advanced, be not reimburfed, to raife and draw out the said soldiers into actual service, and to cause the persons charged, as aforesaid, to provide each their soldiers with pay in hand, not exceeding one month's pay, in such manner as if all their pay already advanced and provided had been fully reimburfed and paid; any thing in the faid act of the thirteenth year of King Charles the Second, or in any other 13&14 Car. 2. subsequent act to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

The perions charged to provide their loldiers with pay, not exceeding one month's pay. C. 3.

The militia of suppressing infurrections, &c.

II. And whereas it may so happen that the entire militia of any any city, &c. county or counties, within that part of Great Britain called England, to march, for cannot be affembled and got ready to march in fo short a time, as necessity may require, for the suppressing of insurrections and rebellion, or for repelling of invasions: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, for the proper persons impowered, as aforefaid, to raife, draw out and march such part of the militiz of any city, town, borough, riding, diffrict or county, as they shall judge most ready, proper and convenient for the purposes aforesaid; and the pay and expence advanced and laid out by the persons chargeable to and for such part of the militia so imployed, shall be repaid and made good to them, within the space of fix months after such money is advanced, by such persons chargeable to such part of the militia of any county, city, riding or place so imployed, by an affessment according to an equal pound-rate, to be laid and affeffed throughout the whole county, riding, city or place to which they belong, for the bearing the charge of such part of the militia so called out, the faid pound-

The pay ad. vanced to be repaid in fixmonths.

pound-rate to be affeffed upon and paid by fuch persons, and in fuch proportions as they are chargeable to the militia, according to such directions as shall be given, from time to time, by the faid respective lieutenants, or their deputies, or any two or more of them, who are hereby impowered and required to make and levy, and to cause to be made and levied such assessment, under the like penalties and forfeitures, and by the like ways and means, as the commissioners appointed in an act of this prefent fession of parliament, for collecting the land-tax granted to his Majesty, are impowered to make and levy the assessment for the faid land-tax.

III. And whereas the arms and accoutrements directed to be pro. Accoutrevided for horse and foot soldiers of the militia, by former acts of ments and arms to be parliament, are in a great measure become useless; be it further en-provided. acted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be law- by 9 Geo. 1. ful for the several lieutenants, and their deputies, in that part c. 8. s. 7. the of Great Britain called England, to cause and oblige the several deveral deverage of persons chargeable to the militia, to provide for every horse and the length, &c. horseman, a broad sword, a case of pistols, the barrels whereof of the muskets, to be twelve inches long, and a carabine with belt and bucket, &c. a great saddle or pan with burrs and straps, a bitt and bridle with pectoral and crupper; and for every foot foldier a musket, the barrel whereof to be five foot long, the gage of the bore for bullets of twelve to the pound, with a bayonet to fix on the muzzle thereof, a cartouch-box, and a fword, under the same penalties, and by the fame ways and means, as they might have compelled the faid persons to have provided arms before for their foldiers, by virtue of any former act or acts, any thing in any former act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That such money as Receivers of hath been or shall be raised as for trophy-money, by virtue of trophy-money any law relating to the militia of England, the perion or per-the fame. for the fame final and are hereby required to account for the same, before the justices of the peace at some general quarter sessions of the peace in the respective county, riding, division, city or place, (that is to say) For such money as is already received on or before the first day of February next, and for such monies as shall be received hereaster, within twelve months after the receipt thereof, and to pay the balance which shall be found due by the justices on such account within the space of one month then next ensuing, to the treasurer or treafurers, clerk or clerks, for the time being, appointed to receive and pay the monies to be levied by virtue of any the faid acts relating to the militia, or in default thereof the person or per- Penalty for fons so receiving such money shall forfeit and pay treble the sum not accountunaccounted for or unpaid, the one moiety to the use of the re- ing. spective county, riding, division, city or place, as such justices shall appoint, the other moiety thereof to such person or perfons as shall sue for the same, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at West-

minster,

minster, wherein no protection, essoin or wager of law shall be

allowed, nor any more than one imparlance.

Treasurers to give security.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such person or persons who shall be appointed treasurer or treasurers, to receive and pay the monies to be levied by virtue of this act for the use of the militia, shall within three months after his or their said appointment, give such security for the due execution of the said office before three or more deputy lieutenants of the respective county, riding, division, city or place, as shall be by them approved; and such person or persons as are already appointed treasurer or treasurers for the said purposes, shall give the like security on or before the first day of November, one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

VI. And whereas since the thirteenth day of February which was in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred and eighty eight, several clerks have been employed under the lieutenants, or their deputy lieutenants, in affairs relating to the militia, which clerks or others have in their hands or power respectively, several books or other papers concerning the same, and which are or may be of use in execution of the powers contained in this act: be it therefore enacted

books, &c.

fusing to deliver them.

Former clerks, by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to &c. to deliver and for the lieutenants, and the deputy-lieutenants of any county, city, riding, town or place in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or any two or more of them, upon information that any fuch books or papers are in the hands or power of any fuch former clerk or other person, to issue their warrant, requiring such former clerk or other person or persons, to deliver the fame to fuch clerk or person as in such warrant or warrants shall Penalty of re- be named; and if such former clerk or person so required shall refuse or neglect to deliver such book or books, paper or papers, according to such warrant, within ten days after such demand thereof, or do not within ten days after such demand make oath before some justice or justices of the peace, affirming, that such book or books, paper or papers, are not in his, her, or their power, or if such clerk or person, being a Quaker, do not make an affirmation to the same purpose, which oath and affirmation shall be delivered to the lieutenant, or deputy lieutenants who fign the said warrants, or one or more of them, then every such person so refusing or neglecting shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, the one moiety to the use of the respective county, riding, division, city or place, in such manner as such justices shall appoint, the other moiety to the person or persons who shall sue for the same, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no protection, effoin, wager of law, nor any more than one imparlance shall be allowed.

Warden, &c. of cinqueports thall ienants of counties.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord warden of the cinque-ports, two ancient have the same towns, and their members, and in his absence his lieutenant or powers as lieu. lieutenants, shall and may put in execution within the said ports, towns and members, all the powers and authorities given and

granted

ad by this act, and to execute and perform all and every ings therein contained, in the like manner as the respeceutenants of the counties, and their deputies may do; and Inhabitants of he inhabitants of the faid ports, towns and members, be- the cinqueregard of their fituation on the sea-coast, charged with a ports shall not reproportion of arms and armed men than other parts of the counties ngdom, shall not be charged with arms or armed men in for their eounties adjacent for their estates there lying, save only for states there. proportion as they are liable unto, and either are not, or not be charged with within the said ports, towns and memany thing in this act contained to the contrary in any wife

ithstanding. II. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act con-This act shall I shall extend to take away any right of the lieutenants of not take away ity of London, of affeffing, levying and collecting of all rates the lieutenants isselfments upon the inhabitants of the said city, and the of London; ies thereof, or any other right or power which is now vestthe lieutenants of the faid city by any former act or acts

ırliament.

: Geo. 2. and Geo. 3.

Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act containall extend or be construed to extend to make any person any persons reable to the militia, that is not already chargeable by law not already e same, or to enlarge the power of the lieutenants, or their chargeable, ties, in any kind beyond the authority already given them nor enlarge he acts of the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth years of lieutenants. Charles the Second relating to the militia, faving only in particular cases expresly directed and provided for by this preact; and that no person who is by this act chargeable to the No person to ia, shall be obliged at any time or times hereafter to advance advance above than one month's pay to any horse or foot soldier, till such one month's as the month's pay by fuch county, city, riding or place, be advanced, shall have been repaid and made good to such ity, city, riding or place, by his Majesty, his heirs or sucirs, out of his or their publick treasury or revenue. . Provided always, That the power and authority hereby Part of the act nt to raife, draw out or march part of the militia of any to continue for

ity, city or place, shall have continuance only for and durthe space of five years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament. By a Geo. 1. c. 8. f. 6. This s revived for seven years. Sec 9 Geo. 1. c. 8. s. 7. et wide sta-

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CAP. XV.

An act to make an act of the tenth year of her late Majely, intituled, An act for regulating, improving and encouraging of the woollen manufacture of mixt or medley broad-cloth, and for the better payment of the poor imployed therein, more effectual for the benefit of trade in general; and also to render more effectual an act of the seventh year of ber said Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better ascertaining the lengths and breadths of woollen cloth made in the county of York.

How broad-

cloth shall be

measured.

TTHEREAS an act passed in the tenth year of her late Ma-10 Ann. c. 16. jesty's reign, intituled, An act for regulating, improving and encouraging the woollen manufacture of mixt or medlet broad-cloth, and for the better payment of the poor imployed therein, bath proved ineffectual to prevent the abuses committed in making and measuring the said cloth, to the great disreputation of the faid manufacture abroad, and discouragement of the good makers and fair dealers therein; for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, all mixt or medley broadcloth shall at the instance and request of any buyer, for proof thereof, be put into water, (as by ancient custom they usually were) and then measured by any two indifferent persons to be appointed and chosen, one by the buyer, and another by the feller of the faid cloth, and in case they disagree in ascertaining the length and breadth of the said cloth, then the said admeasurement shall be made by a third person, chosen and nominated by the said two persons appointed as aforesaid; and in case the said two perfons shall neglect or refuse, within the space of two hours, to chuse or nominate such third person, or if such third person so chosen shall neglect or refuse to take upon him the admeasurement of the faid cloth, at the request of the seller or buyer thereof, then such admeasurement (if in London) finally shall be made and determined by the keeper of Blackwell-Hall, who shall be fworn before some justice of the peace (which justice is hereby impowered to administer such oath) That he will well and truly perform such measuring, and be obliged to act for that purpose, and the admeasurement so made shall be conclusive on all parties, and accordingly be the rule of payment to the buyer; and if elsewhere than in London, the said cloth shall be measured by any two indifferent persons, as aforesaid, and in case they disagree therein, or refuse to make such admeasurement, or neglect or refuse to appoint a third person for such admeasurement, as aforesaid, then a fit person shall be nominated and appointed by the chief magistrate or chief officer of such city, town or place, where

Anno primo GEORGII I. Stat. 2. C. 15. 1.714.

where the faid cloth shall happen to be fold, which said magitrate or chief officer, as aforefaid, is hereby authorized and rejuired to appoint and swear such person, which person so appointed shall be and is hereby obliged to be sworn, and to act or the purpole aforefaid, which faid person or persons deter- Forfeiture for nining the measure of the said cloth shall have and receive fix- a less quantity sence, and no more, for each piece of cloth which shall be by either in sim or them so measured, to be paid by the buyer of the said length or breadth than :loth: and if upon such admeasurement, as aforesaid, there shall mentioned in se found a less or smaller content or quantity of cloth in length, the seal. or the greatest part of the breadth, than is mentioned in the seal x seals directed by the said former act, to be fixed to such cloth by the master, occupier or millman of the fulling-mill; in every uch case, every clothier, owner or seller of such cloth, shall orfeit and pay the fixth part of the value of every such cloth, to the uses as is afterwards herein provided for by this act; and he said forfeiture shall be paid by the buyer, and by him deincred out of the price of the faid cloth so found to be wanting To be paid by n measure, as aforesaid, upon payment of the same, upon a the buyer, and certificate thereof made by any of the faid persons or person deducted out measuring the same, and upon such persons or person aforesaid making oath thereof before any justice of peace, which oath such ustice of the peace is hereby authorized and required to administer, and thereof to give the said person or persons a certificate without fee or reward; and all fuch fums of money which the To be repaid clothier, owner or seller of any such cloth, shall forfeit and pay by the master, upon account of such fraudulent seal of the master, occupier or &c. of the ful-millman of the fulling-mill, being fixed to the said cloth, shall fixed the seal. upon demand be repaid by the said master, occupier or millman of the fulling-mill, who affixed the faid feal, to fuch clothier. owner or feller of fuch cloth; any thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Master of a from and after the twenty ninth of September one thousand seven fulling-mill hundred and fifteen, if any owner, master, occupier or mill-refusing to man of any fulling-mill, shall refuse or neglect to take the oath directed by by the faid recited act directed to be taken by the owner, master 10 Ann. c. 16. or occupier of fuch fulling-mill, for his true performance of admeasurement of mixt or medley broad-cloth, or to fix a feal of or to fix a feal. lead at the head-end of every mixt or medley broad-cloth, be- &c. fore it is carried from the mill, mentioning his name, and the length and breadth of every such cloth in figures, or to enter in a book to be kept by such master, owner, occupier or millman, a fair and due register or entry of the marks, fort, number, length and breadth of every such cloth, or if any person or persons shall afterwards take off such seal, or deface, coun- and persons terfeit or alter the same, or add any other seal before the cloth raking off, or is fold, except the millman who milled the faid cloth, or some altering, &c. other fworn millman, who is in that case also to register the same, such seal, in manner aforesaid, every person or persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted upon the oath of one or more cre-

dible witness or witnesses, shall for every such neglect or offence shall forfeit sol, forfeit the sum of twenty pounds, to be recovered and distributed as is afterwards provided for by this act, which forfeitures shall be taken and accepted in discharge of the forfeiture of twenty shillings a efoth that may be incurred by such master, owner, occupier or millman, by virtue of the faid recited act, in case of such neglect or refusal of fixing or taking off such seal, or defacing, counterfeiting or altering the figures thereof; any thing herein contained, or any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

A table to be provided in Blackwell-Hall, for the measuring of cloth in Lon-

III. And to the end there may be one and the same method or manner of measuring mixt or medley broad-cloth; be it further enacted. by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty-ninth. of September one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, the master or hall-keeper of Blackwell-Hall; at the costs and charges of the governors of Christ's Hospital, shall have in some convenient. place within the faid hall, one table or board, confifting of thirty: yards in length, to each of which yards shall be added one inch. which shall be used instead of that called the thumb's breadth. fo that each yard shall consist of thirty-feven inches, and shall be distinguished by a nail, or other proper mark along the faid table or board, and three foot wide at least, whereon the said cloth shall be doubled or cressed, and laid plain the full length. to prevent any dispute in respect of such admeasurement by the yard, where the faid admeasurement of any mixt or medley broad-cloth (if in London) by and upon the faid table to be placed there, shall be made and determined, as aforesaid, and the faid cloth shall, at the request of the seller, or his agent, be there put into water, into proper eifterns to be provided for that purpose before such admeasurement shall be made.

The buyer to the feller, when the cloth

may proceed to prove the keeper of Blackwell-

IV. And to prevent all undue convictions by furprise, or other wife; give notice to be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the buyer of mixt or medley broad-cloths, by himself, his agent or ferwhen the cloth vant, within fix days after delivery thereof to the buyer, shall is to be wetted. give two days notice to the feller or his factor, of the time when fuch cloth is, for proof thereof, to be wetted and tried by the water, unless it be by the consent of the buyer and seller, or their respective agents, fignified in writing, in which case, less And if the fel- notice shall be fufficient; and in case the seller, or his factor ler do not at- or agent, doth not appoint an indifferent person, as aforelaid, tend, the buyer or doth refuse or neglect to attend the admeasurement of the said cloth, which shall be made some time within the space of eight cloth, and the days after delivery, as aforefaid, then the buyer or his agent, may proceed in the absence of the said seller or his agent, to prove the said cloth by the water at Blackwell-Hall; and then fure the fame, the faid keeper of Blackwell-Hall shall proceed to take the meaand give a cer- fure thereof on the table, as aforefaid, and finally to adjudge and tificate of the ascertain the true measure and contents of the same, and theretrue measure; of to make a certificate, which certificate as also the other certificates, which may be made in manner aforesaid, shall, within ten days after such admeasurement taken, be filed with the

clerk of the peace for the county, city or place where such admeasurement shall be taken, which certificate or certificates such clerk of the peace is hereby required to file among the records of such county or place, and for so doing shall receive only one shilling; and such certificate or certificates being so filed, as a-which shall be foresaid, shall be the rule of payment to the buyer, and shall be a conviction deemed, adjudged and taken to be a sufficient conviction of the of the party party or parties offending, so as to make him, her or them forfeit and pay, as aforesaid; and an attested copy of such certificate or certificates, such clerk of the peace, or his deputy, is hereby obliged to give to any person or persons demanding the same. for which he shall receive one shilling, and no more; which attested copy, as aforesaid, shall be, and is hereby declared to be a furficient authority to enable the clothier, owner or feller of any mixt or medley broad-cloth, to demand of the master, owner or occupier, or millman, the forfeitures deducted out of the price of any the cloths aforefaid, for want of length or breadth, contained in the seal or seals, as aforesaid; and upon refusal of payment, the said master, owner, occupier or millman, shall be subject to the penalties and forfeitures, as afterwards is herein provided for by this act.

V. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority All broadaforefaid, That all mixt or medley broad-cloths which shall be cloths shall be. exposed to sale in England (other than cloth made before the stamped with commencement of this act) shall be stamped with the watch-measure. measure thereof on the seal of the master, owner, occupier or millman of the fulling-mill, by whom the faid cloth was wetted, fulled and milled; and every clothier felling or putting to Clothiers felfale any of the faid broad-cloth, before such time as all and every ling before of the same cloths shall be sealed and stamped, as aforesaid, on sealed and which seal shall be specified the name of the said master, owner, stamp'd, to occupier or millman of the fulling-mill, together with the con- fixth part of tents of the faid cloth in length and breadth, and marked with the cloth. the distinguishing mark of a crown, which said mark shall be stamped on the rivet of the said seal, shall forfeit and pay the fixth part of the said cloth, to be levied, paid and disposed of, as is afterwards herein provided for by this act, and to no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; any law, custom or usage to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted and declared by The buyer to the authority aforefaid, That all mixt or medley broad-cloths, pay no more made or to be made before the commencement of this act, may, for cloths made or to be made before the commencement of this act, may, ror cloths for proof thereof, be wetted and tried by water at the request of this act, than the buyer, as aforesaid; and if the same shall be found upon the the true conproof thereof, by any two indifferent persons to be chosen, one tents thereof; by the buyer, and another by the seller, or by the third person and the clo-by them to be chosen, or by the said keeper of Blackwell-Hall, to any penalty as aforesaid to contain a less or smaller content in length or for thort meabreadth than is contained or specified in every the seal or seals of sure. the master, owner, occupier or millman of the fulling-mill or fulling-mills, then the faid buyer or his agent shall be obliged to

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accept of the faid cloths, and pay no more than for the true contents thereof ascertained and settled by the said measurement, as aforefaid, and the clothier, owner or feller, shall not be subject to any penalty for such short measure; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

[1714:

Offences to be peace.

How the forfeitures shall

To be levied to pay.

be disposed.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, determined by That all offences against this act shall be heard and determined justices of the by one or more justice or justices of the peace of the county, city, town or place where the same shall be discovered, or where fuch offender doth inhabit, fuch justice or justices being not concerned in the matter of the faid complaint, upon the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, which oath such justice or justices of the peace is and are hereby impowered and required to administer: and that all and every the said penalties and forfeitures, which shall happen by virtue of this act, shall be distributed and paid, after the charges of fuch conviction being first deducted, if in London, to the use and benefit of Christ's-Hospital, if in any other place, to the use of the poor of the parish, township or place where the offence shall be discovered; and in case any offender shall neglect or refuse to pay any such by diffres in penalties and forfeitures, being lawfully demanded, by the space case of tetusal of thirty days next after the conviction for such offence, as aforefaid, or in case the owner, master, occupier or millman, shall refuse or neglect to repay the forfeiture for want of sufficient length or breadth of admeasurement, as aforesaid, that then (and not before) it shall and may be lawful for the justice or justices of the peace, before whom such conviction was made, or where fuch owner, master, occupier or millman doth inhabit, and fuch justice or justices is and are hereby required to iffue out one or more warrant or warrants, under his or their hands and feals, to the constable or constables of the parish, town or place where fuch offender shall inhabit or can be found, to levy the fame by diffress and sale of the offender's goods, returning the overplus (if any be) to the owner, and where no sufficient distress can be found, to commit the offender to the common gaol, or house of correction for the county or place where such offender shall be found, there to be kept to hard labour for and during the fpace of three calendar months.

Profecution in 40 days.

VIII. Provided always, That all offences committed against this act, faving in the case of the owner, master, occupier or millman, upon refusal or neglect of repayment of the forfeitures for want of fufficient length or breadth in admeasurement, as aforesaid, shall be prosecuted within forty days after the offences are committed or discovered.

Persons sued general iffue. cofts.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That may plead the if any action or fuit shall hereafter be commenced or prosecuted against any person or persons, by this act authorized to put the same recover treble in execution, all and every person or persons so sued or prosecuted, may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or forbear further profecution, or fuffer discontinuance, or a verdict to pass against him, or judgment upon demurrer, the defendant or defendants shall recover his or their treble costs. for which he and they shall have like remedy as in cases wherein costs by law are given to defendants; and this act shall be taken and allowed a publick act in all courts within this king. To be deemed dom; and all judges and justices of the peace are hereby requir- a publick act. ed to take notice thereof as fuch, without special pleading the

X. Provided always, That if any person or persons find him Persons agor themselves aggrieved by any order or warrant made by any grieved by the justice or justices, upon any such conviction before him or them, justices order as aforefaid, fuch person or persons may appeal to the next ge- the sessions, neral quarter-fessions of the peace to be held for the county, whose deterriding or corporation, where such conviction shall be made, mination shall giving sufficient notice of such appeal; and the determination of be final; and first infliction in first forth for they shall alfuch justices in such sessions shall be final, and the said justices low costs to shall allow such costs and charges to the party aggrieved, as they the party agshall think reasonable, to be levied and paid in such manner as grieved. is usual in other cases of appeals from the orders of any justice or justices of the peace to the quarter-fessions.

XI. Provided, That nothing herein contained, or any the This act shall penalties or forfeitures which by means of this act may be in- not affect any curred, shall extend or be construed to extend to affect any fac- factor. tor or his agent, who shall be only imployed in the sale of mixt

or medley broad-cloth.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Clothiers, &c. That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one to pay their That from and after the twenty much day of opperation workmen in thousand seven hundred and fifteen, every clothier, cloth-worker, workmen in money, on cord-maker, or any other person concerned in the trade of the forfeiture of . woollen manufacture, shall make payment in money to all and 40s. every person and persons any ways imployed or concerned in the faid woollen manufacture, for all work to be done in relation thereunto, and shall not in lieu of payment in money, impose upon or deliver to them, any or either of them, any fort of goods or wares whatfoever for fuch work; and in case any perfon or persons shall in lieu of payment in money, so impose upon or deliver unto any workmen or poor labourers, any goods or wares whatfoever for, in lieu of, or instead of money, every person or persons so offending shall for every such offence forfeit the fum of forty shillings, to be recovered and distributed in such manner as in and by this act is directed.

XIII. And whereas by an act of parliament passed in the eighth 8 & 9 W. 3' and ninth years of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, c. 9. An act to restore the market of Blackwell-Hall to the clothiers, and for regulating the factors there, it is, amongst other things, provided and enacted. That if the owner of the cloth shall neglect to fue for any of the penalties and forfeitures he shall be entitled to by virtue of the said act, by the space of six months next after the offence None but the committed, then it shall and may be lawful for any other person to sue owner of the for and recover the same; and one moiety thereof shall be to the use of cloth unsatisbis Majesty, bis beirs and successors, and the other moiety to the in- fied shall sue

former; not demand-

W. 3. c. 9. **Profecutions** for penalties 12 months after the offence.

ing notes, pur- former; which general liberty of suing hath, by experience, been found fuant to 8 & 9 to be very prejudicial: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no other person than the clothier, or owner of cloth unsatisfied, shall be capable of suing the factor, on account by the faid act of not demanding notes pursuant to the said act; any thing to be begun in therein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding: and that no profecution shall be brought or commenced for any the penalties or forfeitures mentioned in the faid act, or by virtue thereof, by any person or persons, unless such prosecution shall be commenced or begun within twelve months next after the offence committed.

This act shall cloth made in Yorkshire, nor to repeal the authorities in the act of 7 Ann. c. 13.

XIV. Provided always, That any thing herein before connot extend to tained shall not be construed to extend to any cloth made or manusactured within the county of York; or to repeal or any wise invalidate any of the authorities mentioned or contained in an act made in the seventh year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the better ascertaining the lengths

Length and breadth of Yorkshire cloths, kerfeys, &c.

and breadths of woollen cloth made in the county of York.

Forfeiture for felling cloths wanting in length, &c.

XV. And for making the same act more effectual, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, all forts of Yarksbire cloths, called whole thick kerseys, whole thick plains, huggabags and broken quilted kerfeys shall not be made under eighteen yards in length, and not less than three quarters and an half in breadth by the standard yard-wand, when fully wet, and shall be contented and sealed in such manner as Yorksbire cloths are directed to be by the same act, under the penalties therein mentioned; and that if any clothier or other person shall, after the said twenty-ninth day of September, offer or expose to sale any of the aforesaid York/bire cloths, which shall be made after the faid twenty-ninth day of September, and not made according to the same length and breadth, and be thereof convicted in such manner as offenders against the same act are to be convicted, he shall, for every inch the said respective Yorkfbire cloths shall be less than the said breadth, and for every half yard they shall be less in length than eighteen yards, as aforefaid, forfeit the sum of twenty shillings; and that if any person shall, from and after the said twenty-ninth day of September, stretch or strain any of the aforesaid Yorksbire cloths when wet, scoured and milled, more than one inch in every quarter of a yard in the breadth, or more than half-yard in every eighteen yards in length, and so proportionably, or shall offer or expose to fale any of the faid Yorksbire cloths, or any other Yorksbire cloths mentioned in the same act, that shall not be contented or fealed in such manner as Yorksbire cloths are by the same act directed to be contented and sealed, every such person so offending in any of those cases, and being thereof so convicted, as aforesaid, shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of twenty shillings; and that if any maker of any Yorksbire cloth, or other person concerned in that manufacture, shall at any time after the than his own faid twenty ninth day of September, fix, or cause to be fixed,

and for over-Atretching them.

or fixing a mark other any mark upon his cloth, whereby to distinguish the maker thereof, other than his own christian name and surname, and place of his residence, or the first letters of such christian and furname, and place of refidence, every such person so offending, and being thereof convicted, as aforesaid, shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of forty shillings, all which said respective forfeitures in relation to Yorksbire cloths shall be levied and paid in fuch manner, and to fuch uses, as forfeitures incurred by the Forfeitures, same act are to be levied and paid, and any person offending in how to be reany of the cases aforesaid relating to Yorkshire cloths, upon whom covered. fuch forfeitures cannot be levied for want of sufficient distress, shall be liable to such imprisonment and hard labour, for such time, and in such manner, as offenders against the same act are

(for want of such distress) made liable to.

XVI. Provided always, That the penalties incurred by reason Penalties to be of the same act, or of this act, in any matters relating to York- inflicted in 21 fire cloths, be inflicted within twenty-one days next after the days after the offence. offences are committed or discovered; and that if any person finds himself aggrieved by any order or warrant made by any justice or justices of the peace upon any such conviction, as aforesaid, in any matters relating to Yorksbire cloths, such person may appeal to the justices of the peace at the next general quar- Appeal to the ter sessions of the peace to be held for the county, riding or cor- sessions, whole poration where such conviction shall be made, giving sufficient determination shall be final, notice of such appeal, and the determination of such justices in fuch sessions shall be final; and the said justices shall allow such with costs and costs and charges to the party, on whose behalf such appeal shall charges. be determined as they shall think reasonable, to be levied and paid in such manner as is usual in other cases of appeals from the orders of any justices of the peace to the quarter sessions.

CAP. XVI.

An all for the attainder of Henry viscount Bolingbroke of high treason, unless be shall render bimself to justice by a day certain therein mentioned.

THEREAS Henry viscount Bolingbroke hath been impeach- Preamble. ed by the commons in parliament affembled, in the name of themselves and all the commons of Great Britain, of high treason, and other high crimes and misdemeanors; to which said impeachment, now remaining upon record in the house of peers, the said Henry viscount Bolingbroke hath not answered, but hath withdrawn himself from justice, without abiding his legal trial: be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the consent and advice of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, That if the said Henry viscount Boling-Clause of atbroke shall not render himself to the usher of the black-rod at-tainder. tending the house of peers, or the constable or lieutenant of the Tower of London, for the time being, (who are hereby required to receive and keep him in fafe custody) in order to his trial in parliament, at or before the tenth day of September next ensuing,

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 17, 18. and also abide his legal trial for the treasons, high crimes and misdemeanors, whereof he stands impeached by the commons of Great Britain, then the said Henry viscount Bolingbroke, not rendring himself, or not abiding his legal trial, as aforesaid, shall, from and after the said tenth day of September, stand and be adjudged attainted of high treason, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, and shall suffer and forfeit as a person attainted of high treason by the laws of the land ought to suffer and forfeit.

C A P. XVII.

An all for the attainder of James duke of Ormonde of high treason, unless he shall render himself to justice by a day certain therein mentioned,

Preamble.

THEREAS James duke of Ormonde hath been impeached by the commons in parliament assembled, in the name of themselves and all the commons of Great Britain, of high treason, and other high crimes and misdemeanors; to which said impeachment, now remaining upon record in the house of peers, the said James duke of Ormonde bath not answered, but hath fled from justice, &c.

CAP. XVIII.

An all for the better preventing fresh fish taken by foreigners being imported into this kingdom; and for the preservation of the fry of fish; and for the giving have to import lebfters and turbets in foreign bottoms, and for the better preservation of salmon within several rivers in that part of this kingdom called England.

THEREAS notwithstanding the many good laws made for the preservation and improvement of the fishery in that part of this kingdom called England, particularly an all of parkament made in the fifteenth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the 15 Car. 2. c. 7. Second, intituled, An act for the encouragement of trade; and 28 Car. 2. C. 2. one other all made in the eighteenth year of the reign of his faid late Majesty, intituled, An act against importing cattle from Ireland, and other parts beyond the seas, and fish taken by foreigners, many evaluons have of late years been invented and practifed, whereby that useful design has been very much obstructed, and more especially by the fraudulent practices of divers persons trading in English smacks, and other veffels, who when they are off at sea, buy great quantities of fish caught by foreigners, and import and market the same in this kingdom, to the great discouragement and impoverishment of bis Ma-After 29 Sept. jesty's subjects, and manifest detriment of the sisbery and navigation; for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assemstants inhabit- bled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred land, shall be and fifteen, no herring, codd, pilchards, salmon or ling, fresh imported into or falted, dried or bloated, nor any gril, mackarel, whiting,

haddock.

3715. no fish taken by foreigners, except proteing in Eng-

haddock, sprats, coal-fish, gull-fish, congers, nor any sort of flat-fish, nor any other fort of fresh fish whatsoever, shall be imported into, fold or exposed to fale, in that part of this kingdom called England, which shall be taken by, bought of, or recrived from any foreigner or foreigners, or out of any stranger or Grangers bottom, except protestant strangers inhabiting within this kingdom, nor shall any person or persons give or exchange any goods or other things in exchange for any fort of fish so taken, as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That every master or com- Every master. mander for the time being, of any smack, hoy, yager, boat, &c. of any ship or other vessel, in which any fish shall be imported or smack, &c. in brought to shore, contrary to the true intent and meaning of shall be imthis act, being thereof lawfully convicted upon his appearance, ported, shall or default made after due summons, before one or more justice forfeit 201. or justices of the peace of the county, city or place where the to be levied offender shall reside or be found, by the oath of two or more by distres; credible witnesses, which oath such justice or justices are hereby impowered and required to administer, shall forfeit for every offence the sum of twenty pounds of lawful money of Great Britain, to be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, by warrant under the hand and seal, or hands and feals of such justice or justices, rendring to the party the overplus, if any be; and in default of payment of the faid twenty pounds, or sufficient distress, the same justice or justices shall or suffer 12 commit every such offender to the common gaol of such coun-monthsimprity, city or place, there to fuffer imprisonment during the space somment. of twelve months.

III. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall extend, This act shall or be construed to extend, to prevent the importing, buying or not extend exposing to fale any cels, stock-fish, anchovies, sturgeon, bo-to prevent the targe, or cavear.

IV. And whereas of late years the breed and fry of fea fifth has The meshes of been greatly prejudiced and destroyed by the using of nets of too small nets to be of fixe or mesh, and by other illegal and unwarrantable practices; be it the fize of 3 enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the inches and an twenty fifth day of September one thousand seven hundred and half from knot to knot, fixteen, if any person or persons shall use at sea, upon the coast of that part of Great Britain called England, any traul-net, dragnet or let net whatsoever, for the catching of any kind of fish (except herrings, pilchards, sprats or lavidnian) which hath any except for meth or moke of less fize than three inches and half at least catching of from knot to knot, or which hath any false or double bottom, herrings, &c. cod or pouch, or shall put any net or nets, though of legal size or mefh, upon or behind the others, in order to catch and de- Nor shall any ftroy the small fish which would have passed through any single net, tho' of net of three inches and half mesh, all and every such person legal size, be and persons so offending shall forfest all and singular such net or another, nets, so used contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, on penalty of

importing of

and also for every such offence the sum of twenty pounds of law-forfeiture ful money of Great Britain, to be recovered and levied in such thereof, and manner 201. to be recovered as above.

manner and form as the penalty above inflicted upon the mafter of any vessel, wherein fish shall be imported contrary to this act, is above directed to be recovered and levied; and in default of payment of the said twenty pounds, or of sufficient distress, the offender to be imprisoned in like manner, during the space of twelve months.

One moiety to the other to the poor.

V. And it is hereby further enacted, That all penalties and the informer, forfeitures mentioned in this act, except nets of illegal or falle bottoms, cods or pouches, as aforefaid, (all necessary charges for the recovery thereof being first deducted) shall be distributed and disposed of in manner following, (that is to say) one moiety thereof to the informer, and the other moiety thereof to the poor of the parish where such offence shall be committed.

Illegal nets to be burnt.

VI. And it is hereby further enacted and provided, That where any illegal nets of less mesh or moke than three inches and half at least from knot to knot, or of false or double bottom, cod or pouch, shall be proved, as aforesaid, to have been forfeited, such net or nets shall, by warrant of such justice or

justices be publickly burnt.

Penalty of selfф.

VII. And for the further preservation of the said fry of fish, be ling unfizable it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall, at any time after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, bring to shore in that part of Great Britain called England, sell, offer or expose to sale, or shall exchange for any other goods, matter or thing, any unfizable fish, that is to fay, bret, turbet, brill or pearl, codlin, whiting, mullet, bass, place, soles or flounders, which shall not be of the feveral lengths or fizes following, from the eyes to the utmost extent of the tail, (viz.) every bret or turbet, sixteen inches; every brill or pearl, fourteen inches; every codlin, twelve inches; every whiting, fix inches; every bass and mullet, twelve inches; every sole, eight inches; every place or dab, eight inches; and every flounder, seven inches; all and every person and persons so offending shall for every such offence forfeit all and every such unsizeable fish so brought on shore, sold, offered or exposed to sale, or exchanged, as aforesaid, to the poor of the parish or place where such offence shall-be committed, and also shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the fum of twenty shillings of lawful money of Great Britain, one moiety thereof to the informer, and the other moiety thereof to the poor of the parish or place where the offence shall be committed, and to be levied and recovered as other penalties by this act inflicted are directed to be levied and recovered; and in default of payment of the said forfeiture, or of sufficient distress for satisfaction thereof, the offender shall, by warrant of one or more justice or justices of the peace, be sent to the next house or houses of correction, or other common gaol or prison of any county, city, town or place where such offence shall be committed, there to be severely whipt, and kept to hard labour for the space of six days, and not longer than fourteen days. VIII, Pro-

VIII. Provided always, That where any person shall suffer Persons sufferimprisonment pursuant to this act, for any offence contrary here-ing imprison-unto, in default of payment of, or sufficient distress for any pe-liable to such nalty hereby imposed; such person shall not be liable afterwards penalty. to pay fuch penalty.

IX. Provided also, That no person shall suffer any punishment Prosecution in for any offence committed against this act, unless the prosecution one month.

for the same be commenced within one month after such offence committed; any thing herein contained to the contrary not-

withstanding.

X. And whereas by an act made in the tenth and eleventh years of King William the Third, intituled, An act for making Billingsgate a free market for fale of fish, the importation of lobsters and turbets in foreign vessels is probibited: and whereas the said probibition has made lobsters and turbets much dearer than they were before the passing the said act; for remedy whereof, and for the better Lobsters and fupplying this kingdom with lobsters and turbets at reasonable turbets may rates, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That be imported it shall and may be lawful to and for any person where it shall and may be lawful to and for any person whatso-have been beever, as well foreigners as British, freely to import, bring in-tore the act to, and fell in the kingdom of Great Britain, in any ship or vel- 10 & 11 W. 3. fel whatfoever, any quantity of lobsters or turbets, whether they c. 24. be of foreign or British catching, in the same manner they might have done before the said recited act of the tenth and eleventh years of the reign of his late majesty King William was made; any thing in the faid act, or any other act fince made, or usage, to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XI. And whereas in an act of parliament passed in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the encrease and better preservation of salmon, and other fish in the rivers within the counties of Southampton and Wilts, there is contained a clause whereby it is enacted. That no person or persons (not being duly qualified) should thereafter kill, destroy, or wilfully beert any salmon or salmon-kind, or any other fish; and that The clause in neither they, nor any other person or persons whatsoever, should or 4 & 5 Ann. might, at any time or times after the thirtieth day of June which tothecatching should be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and six, of salmon, &c. take, kill or destroy any salmon, salmon-peal, or salmon-kind, by repealed, so bawks, racks, gins, nets, angles, or other devices what soever, until far as it relates after the eleventh day of November in every year, or offer to sale of the fisheries any of the faid fish so taken, under the pains, penalties, forfeitures therein menand imprisonments in the said act mentioned; be it enacted by the tioned. authority aforesaid, That the said clause, so far as the same doth and may concern the respective owners and proprietors of the fishery and fishing in the respective rivers in the said act mentioned, and every other person and persons entitled to fish in the same, and every of them, and his and their respective servants and agents, and every of them, shall be and is hereby repealed, and be deemed and taken to be hereby repealed.

XII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, After Nov. 11, That it shall and may be lawful for such owners, proprietors 1715till Aug.1,

and in every year,

falmon, &c.

fuch owners, and persons, and his and their servants and agents, and every, &c. may take or any of them, at any time or times hereafter, from the eleventh day of November, which shall be in the year of our Lordone thoufand seven hundred and fisteen, until the first day of August in every year, to take, kill or destroy any salmon, salmon-peal or falmon-kind, or offer to fale any of the faid fish so taken between the times aforesaid.

No fuch owner shall, after till Nov. 12. following, or in any year year between those days, take any falmon, &c.

XIII. Provided, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no such owner, proprietor or person aforesaid, or Aug. 1. 1716. any of his or their servants or agents, shall or may at any time or times after the first day of August which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and between that day and the twelfth day of November then next following, or at any time or times then after, between the first day of August and the twelfth day of November in any year, take, kill or deftroy, or wilfully hurt any falmon, falmon-peal or falmon-kind, by hawks, racks, gins, nets, angles, or other devices whatfoever, or offer to fale any of the faid fish so taken, under the like pains, penalties, forfeitures and imprisonments as are mentioned and contained in the faid recited act.

XIV. And whereas the several acts of parliament heretefore made for the preservation of fishing within the rivers of this realm, have bitherto proved ineffectual in respect to the rivers Severn, Dec, Wyc, Teame, Were, Tees, Ribble, Mersey, Dun, Air, Ouze, Swaile, Calder, Wharf, Eure, Darwent and Trent, for want of a due encouragement to be given to such persons who could discover the many illegal practices and abuses done therein, and by reason of the dilatoriness and expensiveness of the suits and proceedings directed by the faid acts for punishing such ubuses; wherefore for remedy thereof, and for the better securing the spawn, fry, and young breed of sal-Dekroying the mon in the faid rivers, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons whatsoever shall at any time hereafter, lay or draw any kind of nets, engines or devices, or wilfully do or commit, or cause to be done or committed, any other act whatfoever in the faid rivers, or in any of them, whereby the spawn, or small fry of salmon therein, or any kepper or shedder-salmons, or any salmon not being in length eighteen inches or more, from the eye to the extent of the middle of the tail, shall be taken, and killed or destroyed, or shall hereafter make, erect, or set any bank, dam, hedge or stank, net or nets cross the faid rivers, or any part thereof, whereby the falmon therein may be taken, or hindred from paffing or going up the faid rivers to spawn, or shall at any time hereaster, between the last day of July and the twelsth day of falmon in the Nevember for ever, by or with any net, device, engine, ways tween the last or means whatsoever, take, kill, destroy, or wilfully hurt any falmon of any kind or fize whatfoever in the faid rivers, or shall Nov. 12. with at any time after the faid twelfth day of November fish there for any other net, falmon with any other net or nets than what is or are allowed of by an act of parliament made in the first year of the reign of z Eliz. c. 17. Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An att for preservation of spawn and

fry of falmon in the rivers, Severn, Dee, æc,

and taking of July and &c. than are allowed by

fry of fife; and by another act made in the thirtieth year of the and 30 Car. s. reign of our late sovereign lord King Charles the Second, inti-stat. 1. c. 9. tuled, An act for the preservation of fishing in the river Severn, every person so offending in any of the said cases, who shall be the offender convicted thereof before any justice or justices of peace of the hall forfeit cl. county wherein the faid offence shall be committed, either up- and nets; to on view of fuch justice or justices, by confession of such offender, be levied by or by one or more credible witness or witnesses upon oath (which distress; oath every such justice of peace is hereby impowered to administer) shall forfeit the sum of five pounds for every such offence, besides the fish so taken, and the nets, engines and devices used in doing or committing the same; one molety of the said sum to be paid to the informer or informers, and the other moiety thereof to the poor of the parish where the said offence shall be committed; to be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, by warrant under the hand and seal of the justice or justices of peace before whom he shall be convicted, as aforesaid, rendring the overplus, if any be, over and above the charges of the diffress, to the person so distrained; and for and for want want of such distress the offender shall be committed to the house thereof, be of correction, or other county gaol or prison, for any time not the house of exceeding three months, not less than one month, there to be correction, &c. kept to hard labour, and fuffer such other corporal punishment and the nets, as the faid justice or justices, upon consideration of the circum- &c. to be den frances of such offence, shall think fit; and the said justice or justices of the peace, before whom the person so offending shall be convicted, shall order such nets, engines and devices made use of in taking such fish, to be seized and immediately cut in pieces, or otherwise destroyed in his or their presence, and shall and banks, &c. also cause such banks, dams, hedges or stanks, made or erected removed at the cross the said river, to be demolished and removed at the charges offender. of fuch offender, such charges if not paid down on conviction. to be levied in the same manner as the said sum of sive pounds

is appointed to be levied. XV. And whereas several fishmongers of London and other cities and towns, by themselves, or their agents, frequently buy and contract with the fishermen using the said rivers of Severn, Dee, Wye, Teame, Were, Tees, Ribble, Mersey, Dun, Air, Ouze, Swaile, Calder, Wharf, Eure, Darwent and Trent, or others imployed by them, for great quantities of falmon to be taken in the said Sending to rivers, which gives great encouragement to the taking falmon there of London from unfizzable lengths, and at unseasonable times; be it therefore fur- the said rivers, ther enacted, That no such falmon shall be sent to London to any salmon fuch filhmongers, or their agents, that shall weigh less than six less than six pounds each fish; and every person buying, selling or sending pounds weight any fuch salmon of less weight than six pounds, who shall be each, convicted thereof in manner as aforesaid, shall forfeit the sum of five pounds for every such offence, besides the fish so to be bought and fold; one moiety of the said sum and fish to be paid and distributed to the informer or informers, and the other moiery thereof to the poor of the parish where such offence

diffress,

to be levied by shall be committed; the said sum, if not paid upon conviction, to be levied by distress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, by warrant under the hand and feal of the justice or justices of peace, before whom he shall be convicted, as aforesaid, rendring the overplus, if any be, over and above the charges of and for want, such distress, to the owner; and in default of sufficient diffress, to be commit- the offender shall be committed by such justice or justices to the house of correction, or other county-gaol or prison, there to be kept to hard labour for the space of three months, unless the faid forfeiture shall be in the mean time paid.

ted for 3 months.

XVI. Provided, That where any offender in the faid rivers, act, shall not or in any of them, shall be punished by force of this act, he incur the pe- shall not be prosecuted, nor incur the penalty of any other law or statute for the same offence.

Offenders punished by this nalty of any other law.

XVII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That all per-Appeal to fef- fons who shall think themselves aggreeved by any judgment of any justice or justices of the peace, in any of the cases aforesaid, shall be final, may appeal to the justices of the peace of the county, city or place where such judgment shall be given, at their next general quarter fession, who are hereby impowered to hear and finally determine the same.

tions, whose determination

The owners of XVIII. Provided, That this act, or any thing herein conantient wears tained, shall not extend or be construed to extend, to any anand locks, may cient wears or locks upon any rivers; but that it shall and may be lawful for the proprietors or owners thereof to repair, mainstanding this tain, rebuild, remove or take down any of the said wears or locks, as they might have done in case this act had not been made.

repair them, &c. notwithact.

CAP. XIX.

An act for raising nine bundred and ten thousand pounds for publick services, by sale of amuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and to authorize a treaty concerning private rights claimed by the proprietors of the sugar-bouses in Scotland.

For the application of money arifing by this fat. 2. c. 12.

MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas in and by an all of this I session of parliament, intituled, An act for enlarging the fund of the governor and company of the bank of England, read, See 1 Geo. lating to Exchequer-bills; and for fettling an additional revenue 1. flat. 2. c. 21. of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum upon his Majesty during his life, for the service of the civil government; and for establishing a certain fund of fifty four thousand fix hundred pounds per annum, in order to raise a sum not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for the service of the publick, by fale of annuities, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament, it is, among ft other things enacted, That for raising a sum not exceeding nine bundred and ten thousand pounds, as part of the necessary supply for the service of your Majesty's navy and forces, and other publick occasions.

a certain yearly sum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, from the feast of St. Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, for ever, shall, by quarterly payments at the four most usual feasts of the year, by equal portions, without any deduction or abatement what soever, be separated and set apart at the receipt of the Exchequer, out of the monies of a general or aggregate fund arising and to arise by several duties and revenues in and by the faid act appropriated for that and other purposes therein particularly expressed; and that the said yearly sum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds, shall, from time to time be issued and applied to answer and satisfy such perpetual annuities as should be purchased after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, subject nevertheless to be redeemed according to the true intent and meaning of such act or acts of parliament as should be passed in that behalf: and whereas it is by the aforesaid ast provided. That from and after the complete paying off and discharging all the principal and interest which shall be due upon all the Exchequer-hills therein mentioned, and cancelling the same, and full payment of all arrearages (if any shall be then due) for and upon the allowances, yearly fums, and deficiencies therein expressed; then and not till then, the said general or aggregate fund by that act established for the several purposes aforesaid, and all the subsidies, duties and revenues contained therein, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, other than and except certain particular subsidies and duties therein described, that is to say, the subsidies and duties called the two thirds of a subsidy of tonnage and poundage, upon goods and merchandizes imported, and certain duties upon coffee, cocoa-muts, chocolata, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pictures, and muslins, and certain increased duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and certain further duties upon all white collicees, China ware, and drugs: and it is by the same at? also-enacted. That all the said particular subsidies and duties so excepted, shall be continued for answering and paying out of the same (amongst other payments therein mentioned) all the monies which after fuch redemption shall grow due for and upon the said yearly sum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds for the payment of the said anmuities, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, intended to be purchased, as aforesaid, and that the same annuities should continue for ever, unless they be redeemed by parliament; and that the said particular subsidies and duties so continued for answering such payments, or so much thereof as should be sufficient to pay the same, are and shall be appropriated, issued, and applied thereunto, in such manner as in and by the said act in part before recited (relation thereunto being had) may more fully appear; and whereas it is conceived, That the faid fum, not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for the service of the publick, may be raised by sale of annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and consequently that forty five thou and five hundred pounds per annum, part of the said sum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, will be a sufficient fund for answering the said annuities at that rate, until fuch redemption: now for the encouragement of fuch per-

fons and corporations as are or shall be willing to advance, for the fervice of the publick, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, for purchasing annuities at the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be fettled upon the said yearly sum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, part of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, until redemption by parliament, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act: we your Majefly's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do humbly befreeh your Majesty, that it may be enacted and declared, and be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the autho-45,500l. to be rity of the same, That the yearly sum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, part of the faid yearly furn of fifty-four thoufund for pay: fand fix hundred pounds, is and shall be a distinct and separate

the yearly See 9 Geo. 1. 10 Geo.1. C. ζ. 1Geo.1. flat.2.

ties, at 51. per fund, and be iffued and applied as this act directs, for answering and paying the faid annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be purchased upon this act, by quarterly payments, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after specified: any thing in this or in the faid recited act, or in any other law or flatute whatfoever, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Officers, ca-9 W. 3.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all ofhiers, &c. li- ficers, cashiers, and other persons whatsoever, who are or shall able to the act be concerned in raising, receiving, or accounting for the several duties or revenues, out of which the faid yearly fum of fortyfive thousand five hundred pounds, part of the faid yearly sum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, is to be supplied, as aforefaid, or any of them, or in separating, paying, applying, or accounting for the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, or any part thereof, during the continuance thereof, or any part thereof, shall perform their several duties in the premisses, as to them respectively shall appertain, under fuch and the like penalties, forfeitures and disabilities; for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or miliapplying any part of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, or of the faid yearly fund of forty-flve thoufand five hundred pounds to be supplied out of the same, or the monies appointed for raising them, or either of them, or any part thereof, as are prescribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an act of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An all for raising a sum, not exceeding two millions, upon a fund for payment of annuities, after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for settling the trade to the East-Indies, for the like offence or neglect, relating to the duties thereby granted or referred to, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the monies which were granted or appropriated by the act last mentioned.

9 & 10 W. 3. C. 44.

III. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That year-

ly and every year, from and after the feaft of Saint Michael the Fund to take archangel, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred place at Mich. and fifteen, for ever, the faid yearly fum of forty-five thousand 1715. five hundred pounds, arising as aforesaid, into the receipt of the Exchequer, shall be the whole and entire yearly fund; and in case all the monies arising into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall not in any fuch year amount to so much as forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, then the monies so arising, so far as they will extend, shall be part of the yearly fund for or towards the answering and paying all the annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be purchased upon this act: and that all and every deficiency and deficiencies of the faid Deficiency to whole yearly sum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, be supplied or any part thereof, which shall appear at the end of any one out of the first year, to be reckoned as aforesaid, for payment of such annui-aids in parliaties as shall be purchased upon this act at the rate aforesaid, for the same year respectively, shall be supplied or made up, from time to time, out of the first aids to be granted in parliament next after such deficiency shall appear, and shall, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as foon as fuch aid shall be granted.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, That all the monies by this or All the monies the faid recited act, required to be brought into the Exchequer, to be entred in a book. or to be there fet apart, for or upon account of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, shall be fairly and duly entred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells, for that purpose, to which all persons concerned at all seasonable times shall have free access without fee or charge.

V. And for raifing any sum and sums of money, not exceeding in Any persons the whole the said sum of nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for may be conpublick services as aforesaid: be it further enacted by the authori- tributors. ty aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contribute, advance, and pay to the first or chief cashier of the governor and company of the bank of England, for the time being, at or before the respective days and times by this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the faid fum of nine hundred and ten thoufand pounds, for the purchase of any annuity or annuities, to commence from the faid feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fisteen; and to be paid and payable to fuch contributor or contributors, or fuch as he, she, or they shall nominate, his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns respectively, until the same shall be redeemed according to the tenor or true meaning of the proviso or condition herein after-mentioned in that behalf; so as such cashier or cashiers do first give security to the good liking of any three or more of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, or of the high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury, for the time being, for duly an-**Iwering**

ment.

fwering and paying into the receipt of the Exchequer, for the publick use, the monies so to be advanced or contributed, and to account duly for the fame; which annuities before-mentioned shall be computed at the rate of five pounds per centum fer annum, for every one hundred pounds, and proportionably for any greater fum so to be advanced or paid; and the purchasemoney for every fuch annuity at the rate aforesaid, is hereby appointed to be paid to the faid cashier, as aforesaid, at or before the respective days and times herein after limited, that is Times of pay to say, one fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-eighth day of January then next ensuing; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of March then next following; and the remaining fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of May which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; all which annuities so to be purchased, shall not exceed in the whole the faid fum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds per annum, and shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year, that is to say, the seasts of the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary, the nativity of Saint John Baptist, and Saint Michael the archangel, by even and equal portions, or within fix days after every of the said feast-days; the first payment thereof to be due at the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and. fifteen, or within fix days after the same feast-day; nevertheless the faid annuities shall be redeemable according to the purport and true meaning of a proviso or condition herein after contain-Cashier to give ed in that behalf, and not otherwise; and the said cashier of the faid governor and company, for the time being, is hereby aucontributors, thorized and required, upon the advancing and paying to him any fuch fum and fums of money, as aforefaid, forthwith to give a receipt in writing, signed by himself, for each payment, to the contributor or payer thereof; and from time to time to

a receipt to

quer, &c.

and to pay in- pay into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer all the monies to the Exche- which he shall receive, of or for the said sum not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, as fast as he shall receive the fame, or any part thereof, or within five days at the farthest; and to account for all the monies so to be advanced to him, in his Majesty's court of Exchequer, according to the due course thereof; in which account the faid cashier shall have just allowance of all monies which he shall have paid for prompt payments pursuant to this act.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, That in the office of the acgeneral of the countant general of the governor and company of the bank of bank to keep England, for the time being, there shall be provided and kept a a book of the book or books, in which there shall be fairly entred the names

Anno primo GEORGII I. Stat. 2. c. 19. 1714

of all who shall be contributors for such annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, as aforesaid, and of all perfons by whose hands the said contributors shall pay in any of the faid fums upon this act, and also the sum so paid; to which book it shall be lawful for the said respective contributors, their executors, administrators, successors and assigns, from time to time, at all seasonable times, to have resort, and to inspect the same without fee or charge; and the said accountant general, for the time being, shall on or before the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, transmit an attested duplicate, fairly written in paper, of the faid book or books into the office of the auditor of the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer,

there to remain for ever.

Vol. XIII.

VII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Annuities all and every the annuities so to be purchased at the rate afore- char, said, shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and the in payable, from time to time, out of the monies arising and to a- 45,500 has rile, of or for the faid yearly fund of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, or by other the provisions or supplies made or to be made by or in pursuance of this act, for the payment thereof, in the manner and form by this act prescribed in that behalf; and that all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, duly paying the confideration or purchase-money at the rate aforefaid, at or before the respective days and times in this act himited in that behalf, for such annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, or such as he, she or they shall appoint, his, her or their respective executors, administrators, successors and assigns, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entituled by virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities so to be purchased out of the monies by this act appropriated or appointed, or to be supplied for payment thereof, as aforesaid. and shall have good and sure estates and interests therein for ever, subject only to the proviso or condition of redemption in this act afterwards contained concerning the same; and that all the faid annuities to be purchased on this act, and the principal monies paid for the fame, and every of them, during the Tax-free. continuance thereof, shall be free from all taxes, charges and impositions whatsoever.

VIII. And for the more easy and sure payment of the said annui- Bank to imties, to be purchased, as aforesaid, according to the true meaning of play a chief this present at; it is hereby further enacted by the authority a-cashier and foresald, That the governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, shall from time to time, until the said annuities shall be redeemed by parliament according to this act, appoint and imploy one sufficient person, within their office in the city of London, to be their chief or first cashier, and one other The cashier to fufficient person, within the same office, to be their accountant receive the general; and that so much of the monies which shall or ought fund at the to be from time to time separated or set apart in the receipt of Exchequer Exchequer, for or upon account of the faid yearly fund of fifty quarterly, &c. four thousand six hundred pounds, for answering the said annu-

ities to be purchased upon this act, as shall bear a full proportion to the whole sum, which shall be advanced or contributed upon this act, after the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall by order of the commissioners of his Majesty's treafury, or any three or more of them now being, or of the high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury of his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had or obtained in that behalf, be from time to time, quarterly, as aforesaid, issued and paid at the faid receipt of Exchequer, to the faid first or chief cashier of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and of their fuccessors for the time being, by way of imprest, and upon account, for the payment of the said annuities to be purchased upon this act, at such times, and in such manner and form as are by this act prescribed in that behalf; and that all and every such cashier or cashiers, to whom the said monies shall from time to time be issued, shall from time to time without delay, apply and pay the same accordingly, and render his accounts thereof according to the due course of the Exchequer; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Accountant general to inspect the receipts of the cashier. IX. And it is hereby also enacted, That the said accountant general for the time being shall, from time to time, inspect and examine all the receipts and payments of the said cashier, and the vouchers relating thereunto, in order to prevent any fraud, negligence or delay; and that all and every person and persons whatsoever, who shall be entitled to any of the said annuities after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, and all persons lawfully claiming under them, shall be possessed thereof, as of a personal estate, and the same shall not be descendable to the heir, and shall not be liable to any foreign attachment by the custom of London, or otherwise; any law, statute or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Annuities a personal estate, &c.

Interest at 8]. per cent. for prompt payment.

X. And for the encouragement of the contributors to advance and pay readily to the faid cashier the sums by them intended to be advanced upon this act; it is provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every such contributor who shall advance and pay to the said cashier within the times limited by this act, the purchase-money payable for any annuity or annuities at the rate aforesaid, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and affigns respectively, shall be allowed and paid out of the contribution-money arising by this act, interest, after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, for the prompt payment of the purchase-money, or of such proportions of the purchasemoney as shall be so advanced before the twenty-ninth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and sisteen: the said interest to be computed for the respective sums so advanced and paid to the said cashier, from the time or respective times of the actual advancing and paying the same to the said cashier until the faid twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,
That

That all the monies to be advanced or contributed upon this act Allthe monies for or towards the faid fum, not exceeding nine hundred and ten advanced to thousand pounds, shall be deemed, reputed and taken to be one be a joint thousand pounds, shall be deemed, reputed and taken to be one stock, &c. capital or joint-stock, on which the said annuities, after the rate 12 Geo.1. C. 2. of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be attending; and that all and every person and persons and corporations whatsoever, in proportion to the money by him, her or them advanced upon this act, shall have and be deemed to have an interest or share in the said stock, and in the proportional annuity attending the same, at the rate aforesaid, for the monies so by him, her or them advanced; and that the said capital or jointstock, or any share or interest therein, and the proportional annuity attending the same, shall be assignable and transferrable as this act directs, and not otherwise; and that there shall be constantly kept at all reasonable times in the office of the said chief A transfer accountant for the time being, within the city of London, a book book to be or books, wherein all affignments or transfers of the said stock, kept by the or any part thereof, and the proportional annuity attending the chief account. same, at the rate aforesaid, shall be entred and registred, which entries shall be conceived in proper words for that purpose, and shall be figned by the parties making such assignments or transfers, or (if such party be absent) by his, her or their attorney thereunto lawfully authorized by writing under his, her or their hands and feals, to be attefted by two or more credible witneffes; and that the person or persons to whom such transfer shall be made, do underwrite his, her or their acceptance thereof; and that no other method of affigning or transferring the faid stock and annuities attending the same, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, shall be good or available in law.

XII. Provided always, That any person or persons possessed Devises of anof fuch stock, with the annuity or annuities attending the same, nuities to be or any estate or interest therein, may devise the same by will in entred in the writing, attefted by two or more credible witnesses, but that such devisee shall receive no payment thereupon, till so much of the faid will as relates to the faid stock or annuity, be entred in the faid office, and in default of such transfer or devise, the said stock and annuities attending the same, shall go to the executors or administrators; and that no stamp-duties whatsoever shall be chargeable on the said transfers, or any of them; any No samp-du-

other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That all per- Affignee of fons who shall accept any assignment or transfer of any stock stock liable to from any contributor, who shall have paid only part of the con- pay the resitribution-money for the same, to the use of the publick, shall due of contribe liable to pay the refidue of the faid contribution money, and ney, acc. to fuch forfeitures for non-payment thereof, as the original contributor would have been liable if no fuch transfer had been made.

XIV. Provided always, That no person or persons whatsoe- No contribuver shall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to purchase tion after 29 or obtain any of the annuities at the rate aforefaid, upon this Sept. 1715-

act, unless the whole or one fifth part at least of the consideration-money for the same, at such rate as aforesaid, be advanced and paid to the faid cashier on or before the said twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

Penaltyfor not

XV. Provided also, That in case any such contributor, as apaying by the foresaid, who shall on or before the said twenty-ninth day of times appoint. September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, have advanced to the faid cashier one fifth part of his, her or their said purchase-money, or his, her or their executors, administrators, succeffors or affigns, do not advance and pay to the faid cashier, one other fifth part of his, her or their confideration-money so to be paid for such impective annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, on or before the twenty-ninth day of November then next ensuing; and one other fifth part thereof, on or before the twenty-eighth day of January then next coming; one other fifth part thereof, on or before the twenty-ninth day of March then next following; and the remaining fifth part thereof on or before the twentyninth day of May which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; then and in every such case respectively, so much of the consideration-money as shall have been actually paid for the first payment to the said cashier for fuch respective annuity, shall be forseited for the benefit of the publick, and no interest, at the rate aforesaid, shall be payable for the faid first payment; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank to con-

XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the autinue a corpo- thority aforesaid, That the said governor and company of the ration till the bank of England, and their successors (notwithstanding the reannuities are demption of all or any their own funds, in pursuance of the redeemed, &c. acts for establishing the same, or any of them) shall continue a corporation, with all the powers, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging, for the purposes in this act expressed, till all the annuities to be purchased on this act shall be redemed by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf; and that the said governor and company, or any members thereof, shall not incur any disability for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

No fees to be taken. .

XVII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no fee or gratuity whatfoever shall or may be demanded or taken of any of his Majesty's subjects, for receiving or paying the faid contribution-monies, or any of them, or for any tallies, or other receipts concerning the same, or for issuing the faid yearly fund, or any part thereof, or for paying the faid annuities, or any of them; and that no fee or gratuity shall be demanded or taken for any transfer of any fum great or finall, to be made in pursuance of this act; upon pain that any officer or person offending, by taking or demanding any see or gratuity contrary to this act, shall forfeit the sum of twenty pounds to the party grieved, to be recovered with full costs, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster.

XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority

thority aforesaid, That at any time upon one year's notice and When these repayment by parliament of the faid fum of nine hundred and annuities shall be redeemed. ten thousand pounds, or so much thereof as shall be advanced 10 Geo. 1. C. 5. upon this act, unto the respective contributors of the same, or to such person and persons, as by, from or under them, shall be then entitled to the said annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, in respect of the money so advanced, according to such interests as they respectively shall then have in the same annuities, and also upon full payment and satisfaction of all arrears of the faid annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, if any shall be then due, then and not till then, the said annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall cease and determine, and from thenceforth so much of the said general or aggregate fund, and of the faid particular duties chargeable with the faid annuities, as aforesaid, as the same annuities shall amount unto, shall be undershood to be redeemed by parliament, but without prejudicing any other of the yearly fums or payments, by this or the faid recited act charged or intended to be charged on the faid general or aggregate fund, or upon the said particular duties which shall then remain to be fatisfied out of the fame; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XIX. And whereas several exemptions from customs and excise have been, and are claimed as private rights by the proprietors of the sugar- Clause for a bouses in Scotland, touching which exemptions several questions have treaty conarisen, not as yet decided: and whereas it is evidently prejudicial to his vate rights Majesty's revenue, and to all other traders in sugars, and distilling of claimed by the spirits, that such exemptions should subsist and continue; and yet ne- proprietors of vertheless it is just that reasonable satisfaction should be made to the the sugarfaid proprietors for any such private rights; be it therefore enacted houses in Scotland. by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners of the trea- By 8 Geo. 1. fury, or any three or more of them, or the lord high treasurer c. 4. f. 6, 7, for the time being, shall be and are hereby impowered to treat 8. Such propriwith the proprietors of the fugar-houses aforesaid, for such a duties after fum or fums of money as may be a reasonable satisfaction for March 1722. such private rights of exemption from custom and excise, to

which the proprietors are entitled.

XX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, The cashier shall have power to allow to the cashier or cashiers, who shall re- and accountceive the faid contribution or advance-money, not exceeding nine ant general's hundred and ten thousand pounds, as aforesaid, for his or their salary, &c. pains and charges in receiving and accounting for the fame, a fum not exceeding five hundred pounds, out of the contribution or advance-money aforesaid, and shall also have power (out of the remainder of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, to arise over and above so much as shall be sufficient, from time to time, to discharge all monies which shall be due on the annuities to be purchased on this act) to allow and pay to the said cashier for the time being, a salary or allowance not exceeding swo hundred and fifty pounds per annum, for receiving the mo-

ney to pay the annuities upon this act, and applying the fame to that use, and for his pains and charges in keeping and rendring his accounts thereof; and a falary or allowance not exceeding two hundred pounds per annum to the faid accountant general for the time being, for his service and charge in performing the duty and trust incumbent upon him by this act; any thing in this or any other act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XX.

An act for encouraging all superiors, vassals, landlords and tenants in Scotland, who do and shall continue in their duty and loyalty to his majesty King George; and for discouraging all superiors, vassals, landlords and tenants there, who have been or shall be guilty of rebellious practices against his said Majesty; and for making void all fraudulent entails, tailzies and conveyances made there, for barring or excluding the effect of forfeitures that may bave been, or shall be incurred there on any such account; as also for calling any suspected person or persons, whose estates or principal residence are in Scotland, to appear at Edinburgh, or where it shall be judged expedient, to find bail for their good behaviour; and for the better disarming disaffetted persons in Scotland.

THEREAS the person who, in the life of the late King James, pretended to be prince of Wales, and fince his decease has taken upon him the stile and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, and King of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, or the stile and title of King of Great Britain, being bred in the principles of popery and tyranny, has prefumed to declare his intention to make an invasion upon Scotland, or some other part of his Majesty's kingdom of Great Britain, or his other dominions, meaning to seduce his Majesty's subjects from their duty and allegiance, and to overturn the settlement of the succession in the protestant line, upon which the subversion of the resormed religion in these kingdoms, and ruin of the liberty of the subject must follow of necesfary consequence: and whereas in such conjuncture especially, it is mast just to punish rebellious subjects, and at the same time to reward such as continue firm and loyal to his Majesty's person and government; therefore be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, Persons hold- and by authority of the same, That if any of his Majesty's ing lands, &c. subjects of Great Britain, having lands or tenements in Scotland, in Scotland, in property or superiority, has been or shall be guilty of high treason, by holding, entertaining or keeping any intelligence or and adhering correspondence in person, or by letters, messages, or otherwise, to the preten- with the faid pretender, or with any person or persons imployed

property or fuperiority,

of exchange or otherwise, remit or pay any sum or sums of mo-liable to the ney for the use or service of the said pretender, knowing such high treason. money to be for such use or service, and that whether the said facts or things be done within or without this realm, or has been or shall be adherent to the said pretender in this realm, giving him aid or comfort in this realm, or elsewhere, every fuch offender, who shall be thereof duly convicted and attainted, shall be liable to the pains, penalties and forfeitures for high treason, all and every vastal and vastals in Scotland, who And peaceafhall continue peaceable and in dutiful allegiance to his Majesty, ble vassals holding lands or tenements of any such of such offenoffender who holds such lands or tenements immediately of the der shall hold crown, shall be vested and seized, and are hereby enacted and them of the ordained to hold the faid lands or tenements of his Majesty, his crown. heirs and fuccessors, in fee and heretage for ever, by such manper of holding as any fuch offender held fuch lands or tenements of the crown at the time of the attainder of such offender; And if such and where lands or tenements belonging to any such peaceable lands lie with-and dutiful subjects to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, lie within any regality, the second to the form that the form that within any regality or constabulary in Scotland, the same shall be dissolved be and they are hereby dissolved from every such regality or therefrom. constabulary for ever; and in like manner all and every tenant 20Geo. 2.C 43. and tenants in Scotland, who shall continue peaceable and in du-Tenants contiful allegiance to his Majesty, his heirs and successors aforesaid, ful to his Majesty, his heirs and successors aforesaid, ful to his Majesty. bruicking and occupying any lands, milns, mines, woods, fish-jesty shall hold ings or tenements, as tenant or tenants, taxman or taxmen, their lands, from and under any such offender shall, and they are hereby &c. of persons ordained to bruick and occupy all and every such lands, mines, attainted without paymilns, woods, fifthings and tenements, for the space of two ing any rent, years or crops, to be accounted from and after such attainder, &c. for two freely, without payment of any rent, duty or service for the years. said two years or crops; and the court of Exchequer in Scotland Exchequer in is hereby authorized and required, on production of any such Scotland to attainder, to revise, compound and pass signatures, and that in favour of without paying any composition in favours of every such vassals such vassals or vassals, and his, her or their heir or heirs of the said lands without any and tenements above-mentioned respectively, to be holden of composition. his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in see and heretage for ever, and by such holdings as is above-mentioned, with clauses of nova damus, and (where such lands or tenements hold waird or few cum maritagio, or with clauses irritant) with change of holdings from waird to taxed waird, according to the rules now observed in the court of Exchequer in Scotland, dispensing with recognition and clauses irritant in favours of the crown in time coming, in the most ample and best form, to the end that chartours and infeftments may be thereupon duly exped.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The lands of if any subject of Great Britain, holding lands or tenements of a tenants guilty of treason shall subject superior in Scotland, has been or shall be guilty of such recognosce high treason or treasons, as aforesaid, every such offender, who into the hands

by him, knowing such person to be so employed, or shall, by bill der, shall be

By 5 Geo. 1. C. 22. f. 10. Juperiors, &c. are to pay a proportionable Share of the debts of at-

of the superi-shall be thereof duly convicted and attainted, shall be liable to the pains, penalties and forfeitures for high treason, and his lands or tenements held of any subject superior in Scotland, shall recognosce and return into the hands of the superior, and the property shall be and is hereby consolidated with the superiority, in the same manner as if the same lands or tenements had been by the vassal resigned into the hands of his superior ad perpetainted persons, tuam remanentiam; and in case any tenant or tenants, taxman or taxmen, bruicking and occupying any lands, mines, milns, woods, fishings or tenements, being guilty of such high treason or treasons, as aforesaid, and shall be thereof duly convicted and attainted, the title by which all and every fuch tenant or tenants, taxman or taxmen, does bruick or occupy, as aforefaid, shall cease and become void; and the lands, mines, milns, woods, fishings and tenements so bruicked or occupied, together with the fingle and life-rent escheat of such tenant or tenants, taxman or taxmen, shall return to and be enjoyed and possessed by the person or persons from or under whom such title is derived respectively, who shall continue peaceable and dutiful to his Majesty, his heirs and successors.

Superiors, &c. shall obtain themselves inmonths, otherwife the forfeitures shall belong to the crown.

III. And for preventing of frauds or collusion in order to evade this act; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That fest within six if the superiors, vassals or tenants, to whom the lands, mines, milns, woods, fishings and tenements above-mentioned, are declared and ordained to belong, shall not within fix months, to be reckoned from the time of the attainder of the offenders respectively, obtain themselves insert, or do diligence really and without collusion for attaining possession, in every such case the forfeitures shall belong to his Majesty, his heirs and successors.

Who shall have the benefit of this act.

IV. Provided always, That none of his Majesty's subjects, whether superior, vassal or tenant, shall have the benefit of this act, excepting such who being lawfully called out or required to join with his Majesty's host in opposition to the said pretender or his adherents, shall do the same, or who (not being so called out or required) shall continue peaceable and dutiful to his Majesty, his heirs and successors.

Tailzies, &c. made after Aug. 1. 1714. tainted shall be void.

V. And whereas there is reason to believe that several persons intending to commit high treason or treasons, as aforesaid, bave made by persons at tailzies, entails or settlements of their estates, in favours of their children, or other heirs of tailzie, or conveyances, securities or alienations, with a fraudulent intent to avoid the punishment of the law due to the offences above-mentioned; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all tailzies, entails, settlements and conveyances in favours of the grantees children, or other heirs of tailzie, or trufts, securities, or alienations of any estates or inheritances made in Scotland, in the name of whatfoever person or persons, since the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, or that shall be made there in time coming by any person or persons who shall be convicted and attainted of any fuch high treason or treasons aforesaid, shall be, and they are hereby declared void and null to all intents and purpofes, excepting

excepting fuch deeds, securities and alienations as have been made fince the time aforesaid, or shall be made there in time coming, for just and onerous causes, the said onerous causes being always otherwise instructed than by the writings themfelves.

 ${\sf VI.}$ And whereas also at this juncture it is necessary for the publick safety, and for the safety of every particular subject, to prevent their being seduced to rebellious, seditious and unlawful practices against his Majesty's sacred person, government, and the laws, and that by such methods as may be most easy to the subjects; be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first After Sept. 1. day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and un-1715. till Jan. til the twenty-third day of January one thousand seven hundred and lord justice fifteen, the King's advocate, or in his or his deputy's absence, general, &c. his Majesty's solicitor in Scotland, may and shall, upon a war- to issue letters, rant under his Majesty's hand or sign manual, or warrant from commanding fuch person or persons as his Majesty shall impower under the ing estates in seal appointed by the treaty of union to be kept in Scotland in Scotland, to place of the great feal, for that effect, apply to the lords justice appear at Egeneral, justice clerk, or lords commissioners of justiciary in dinburgh, &c. Scotland, craving that letters may be issued, and (upon production of fuch warrant) the faid lords justice general, justice :lerk, or lords commissioners of justiciary there, are hereby auhorized and required to cause letters to be issued in his Majety's name, and at the instance of his advocate, or in his or his leputy's absence, his Majesty's solicitor in Scotland, for his highness's interest, in common form, commanding and charging uch person or persons as have their estates or ordinary residence within Scotland, to appear at Edinburgh, or any other place or staces in Scotland, and at such times as his Majesty, or the perons to impowered shall think fit to appoint; and if his Majety, or such person or persons impowered in manner asoresaid hall think fit, then and there to find fufficient bail and caution and find bail, or the loyal and peaceable behaviour of every such person or &c. persons, and to appear when and where such person or persons hall be appointed; and in case of contempt or wilful disobedi- Penalty of not nce, every such person or persons being charged by authority appearing. of fuch letters as is herein above directed, shall incur the pehalty of fingle and life-rent escheat, to be brought in for his Majesty's use, and shall be further fined in the sum of five hunlred pounds sterling, and be liable to one year's imprisonnent; which letters are to contain a warrant for citing of the How the peraid person or persons, being within Scotland, personally, or at son shall be heir dwelling-houses; and in case of any disturbance or oppo- of disturbance ition made to the messengers or witnesses imployed in such fer- &c. rice, to cite in the fame manner as by the law of Scotland where there is no tutus accessus) is directed, upon seven free lays where the charge is against any person or persons living ipon the fouth fide of the river of Tay, to appear at Edinburgh; nd upon fifteen free days, where the charge is against any erfon or persons living upon the north side of the said river;

and when such person or persons are not in Scotland, upon fixty days, according to the forms used for citing persons who are abient out of Scotland.

The heirs of crown, and be free of waird, &c. But the King or fuperior may appoint fuch waird, &cr for a provision for the wife, &c.

VII. And for the further encouragement of becoming zeal and persons whose lands are held bravery in his Majesty's and the country's service, against the said waird of the pretender and his adherents; be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if it shall happen any subject of Great who are killed Britain having lands or estate in Scotland held waird of the the fly's service a crown, or of any subject superior there, as well vastal as subgainst the pre- vassal, to be killed in his Majesty's service against the said pretender, shall tender and his adherents, or to receive wounds whereof any fuch person or persons shall afterwards die, the heir of every fuch person or persons shall be and is hereby enacted and ordained to be free of the duties and casualties of waird, relief and marriage, for and on account of such lands or estate; excepting only, That it shall and may be lawful to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, where the lands of such person or perfons hold immediately of the crown, and to the immediate su-20Geo.2.c. 50. perior, where such lands hold of a subject, to appoint the said casualties of waird, relief and marriage, to be applied for provision of the wife, or younger child or children unprovided for, or not competently provided for; due consideration being always had to the condition of the heir.

No attainder ihali exclude ditor.

VIII. And because it is hard that any creditor, remaining in peaceable and dutiful allegiance to his Majefly, his beirs and successpeaceable cre. ors, flould fuffer by the rebellion of his debtor; be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no conviction or attainder, on account of the high treason or treasons abovementioned, shall hurt or exclude the right or diligence of any fuch creditor remaining peaceable and dutiful, for fecurity or payment of any true, just and lawful debt, contracted before the commission of any of the foresaid crimes.

None thall be a witness abenefit.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons, who may reap or have gainst any, by any benefit or advantage by the attainder, conviction, or forseider he receives ture of any person or persons by virtue of this act, shall be capable of being a witness or witnesses against any person or perfons, by whose attainder, conviction or forfeiture, any benefit shall or may accrue to such witness or witnesses.

Lieutenants to grant warrants to seize arms, &c. of persons dangerous.

X. And for the better securing the peace of the kingdom, be it further enacted and ordained, That the respective lieutenants in that part of Great Britain called Scotland shall, over and above their power of commanding the militia, and fensible men, and constituting deputy-lieutenants, and other officers, be hereby enabled and authorized by themselves, or any two or more of their deputies, to grant warrants under their hands and feals, appointing such person or persons as they shall think fit (of which a commissioned officer, and the constable or his deputy, or in the absence of the constable and his deputy, some other. person bearing office within the shire or stewartry where the search shall be, shall be two) to search for and seize all arms.

ammunition, and other warlike stores, in the custody or posfession of any person or persons, whom the said lieutenants, or any two or more of their deputies, shall judge dangerous to the peace of the kingdom, and to secure such arms, ammunition, or other warlike stores for the publick service, and thereof, from time to time, to give accounts to the faid respective lieutenants, and in their absence, or otherwise by their directions, to their deputies, or any two or more of them.

XI. Provided, That no such search be made in any house or when the houses between sun-setting and sun-rising, other than in cities search may be and their suburbs, boroughs royal, boroughs of regality and made. of barony, where it shall and may be lawful to search in the night-time by warrant, as aforefaid, if the warrant shall so direct: and that no dwelling-house of any peer of this realm be Houses of fearched by virtue of this act, but by immediate warrant from peers not to be fearched his Majesty, under his sign manual, or in the presence of the but by warlieutenant, or one of the deputy lieutenants of the same shire or rant of the flewartry; and that in all places and houses whatsoever where King, &c. fearch is to be made, as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful, Entry by force in case of resistance, to enter by force; and that the arms so in case of refeized may be restored to the former owners again, if the said Arms seized lieutenants, or in their absence, as aforesaid, their deputies, or may be re-

any two or more of them shall so think sit. XII. And be it further enacted, That all magistrates, and owners. other officers within the faid shires or stewartries, cities, bo- Magistrates, roughs or places aforesaid, be and are hereby required to be &c. to affift. aiding and affifting to the faid respective lieutenants and their deputies, or any of them, in execution of the premisses; and that all and every person and persons, who shall act or do any thing in execution thereof, shall be hereby faved harmless and

indemnified.

XIII. Provided also, That from and after the first day of No peer capa-October next to come, no person being a peer of this realm, ble of being a shall be capable of acting or serving as lieutenant or deputy lieutenant, fieutenant, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, unless the oaths of he or they shall first, before fix lords of his Majesty's privy allegiance, &c. council for the time being, or fuch other persons as shall be authorized by his Majesty by order in council, to administer the same, take and subscribe the oaths of allegiance and abiuration, and subscribe the affurance appointed by law for persons having offices or places of trust; and that from and after the Noranyunder faid first day of October no person under the degree of a peer of the degree of this realm, shall be capable of acting as lieutenant, deputy a peer, unless, lieutenant, or other officer, in that part of Great Britain called &c. Scotland, unless he or they shall first take and subscribe the oaths, and subscribe the affurance aforesaid, which oaths and affurance any one justice of the peace of the respective shires or stewartries is hereby enabled to administer; and the said lieutenant, or any one justice of the peace of the respective shires or stewartries aforefaid, is enabled to administer to the respective deputy lieutenants, not being peers; and the faid respective lieu-

frared to the

1714

tenants, and in their absence, or otherwise by their directions when they are not absent, their deputies, or any two of them shall, and are hereby enabled to administer the said oaths and assurance to the said officers.

Persons havted from taking them again.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That such person or persons ing taken the who shall, in pursuance of this act, have taken and subscribed oaths, exemp- the oaths, and subscribed the assurance aforesaid, shall not be further obliged to do the same for the said matter or cause by virtue of any other law or statute; and the said person or perfons, their taking and subscribing the said oaths, and their sub-Tobe certified scribing the said assurance, shall be certified into the next quarto the sessions. ter-sessions of the peace which shall be held for such shire or stewartry, together with the original subscription or subscriptions of the same.

Penalty of neglecting to

take them.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all and every fuch perfon or persons who shall act as lieutenant, deputy lieutenant, or other officer, after three months neglect to take or subscribe the oaths, or to subscribe the assurance, as aforesaid, shall be liable to all penalties and disabilities, as persons executing offices or places of trust, after three months neglect of taking and subscribing the oaths as appointed by law.

The act 1 W. & M. sess. 1. c. 15. extend-

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the tenth day of September next to come, ed to Scotland. an act made in the parliament of England in the first year of the

reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An all for the better securing the government, by disarming papists and reputed papists, shall be in force in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, excepting only that in lieu of the declaration mentioned in the faid act, the oaths of allegiance and abjuration shall be taken and subscribed, and the declaration called the Formula, recited in an act of the parliament of Scotland, passed in the year one thousand seven hundred, intituled, Ast for preventing the growth of popery, shall be likewise made and subfcribed; and also that the counties, ridings, and divisions mentioned in the aforesaid act, shall be construed and understood in

contained shall be construed to establish any office which is not now in being in Scotland.

CAP. XXI.

Scotland to be shires or stewartries; and nothing in the said act

An att for enlarging the capital stock and yearly fund of the South-Sea company, and for supplying thereby eight bundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one bundred fixty-nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several supplies granted to bis Majesty.

AY it please your most excellent Majesty. Whereas the capital er joint-stock of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of Ame-

Exception.

rica, and for encouraging the fishery, being adjusted and settled, purluant to an all of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, of blessed memory, intituled, a Ann. c. 21. An act for making good deficiencies, and fatisfying the publick debts; and for erecting a corporation to carry on a trade to the South-Seas, and for the encouragement of the fishery; and for liberty to trade in unwrought iron with the subjects of Spain; and to repeal the acts for registring seamen, doth amount to the fum of nine millions one hundred seventy-seven thousand nine hundred sixty-seven pounds fifteen shillings four pence, and the yearly fund payable in respect thereof, to the said governor and company, and their successors, after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, at the receipt of the Exchequer, until the same shall be redeemed purfuant to that, and an act of the tenth year of her said late Majesty's 10 Ann. c. 30. reign, intituled, An act for continuing the trade to the South-Seas, granted by an act of the last session of parliament, although the capital stock of the said corporation should be redeemed, doth amount to five hundred and fifty thousand six hundred seventy-eight pounds one shilling and four pence, besides the sum of eight thousand pounds per annum for and towards the charges of the faid company for management: and whereas the faid governor and company of merchants for accommodating your Majesty's publick affairs, are willing that the sum of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirtytwo pounds four shillings and eight pence may be added to the present capital or joint-stock of the said governor and company, whereby the whole capital or joint-stock of the said governor and company will amount to the sum of ten millions, and whereby the stock for the said fum of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four. shillings and eight pence may be disposable for such publick uses and services as are herein after prescribed, so as the sum of forty-nine thousand three hundred twenty-one pounds eighteen shillings and eight pence per annum (being after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum for the faid sum of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings and eight pence) may also be added to the said yearly fund of five hundred and fifty thousand six hundred seventy-eight pounds one shilling and four pence, from the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, whereby the increased fund of the said governor and company of merchants, from and after the feast-day last mentioned, will amount in the whole to fix hundred thousand pounds per annum (besides the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds for charges of management) and so as the said increased yearly fund be continued unto them until the same shall be redeemed by parliament, as is herein after mentioned, and so as the monies due to them upon their present yearly fund, and to grow due to them on their said increased yearly fund, and the monies due and to grow due to them upon the faid eight thousand pounds per annum (until such redemption) be paid and fecured, according to the tenar and true meaning of this present act: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being desurous to aid your Majesty with such supplies as may be least burthenlome

822,032]. 48. to the capital of the South-Sea stock.

Treasurer of the navy to write the faid fum in the company's

And to transfer for the use of the company 583,339l. 8d. part of the faid stock so written in, &c.

thensome or vexatious to your subjects, do humbly pray your Majesty that it may be enacted and declared; and be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That the said sum of eight hundred twenty-8d.to be added two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings and eight pence, is added and united, and by force and virtue of this act shall be, and be deemed and taken (as from the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and fifteen) to be added and united to the faid capital or joint-stock of the governor and company before named; and that the faid capital or joint-stock, with the same addition, from the feast-day last mentioned, doth amount, and shall be esteemed to amount in the whole to ten millions sterling; and that the treasurer of his Majesty's navy now being, or the treasurer thereof for the time being shall, before the feast of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and fifteen, write and be admitted to write book by Mich, the faid fum of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings and eight pence in the proper book of the faid governor and company, as part of the capital or jointstock of the same; and that the said stock of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings and eight pence, so to be written in, shall be transferrable, and from the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist shall have the fame dividends, benefits and privileges, and be subject to the fame rules, directions and powers, as the rest of the capital stock of the said corporation from that time is to have, enjoy or be subject unto.

II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said treasurer of the navy, who shall write in the said sum of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings and eight pence, as aforesaid, shall immediately thereupon transfer and assign (in due form) to the cashier of the said governor and company, or whom the court of directors of the faid governor and company shall appoint, for the use of the faid governor and company, the full fum of five hundred eightythree thousand three hundred thirty-nine pounds and eight pence, part of the said stock which shall have been so written in, as aforesaid, that is to say, two hundred seventy-five thousand three hundred thirty-nine pounds and eight pence, part thereof, in full fatisfaction of their faid original fund for the half-year, reckoning from the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and ended at the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen inclusively; three hundred thousand pounds more thereof in full satisfaction of their faid increased fund for the half-year, reckoning from the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and to end at the

feast of the birth of our Lord Christ in the same year one thoufand seven hundred and fifteen inclusively; and the remaining eight thousand pounds thereof in full satisfaction of the said allowance of eight thousand pounds per annum, for their charges of management for one whole year, beginning from the faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and to end on the like feast-day in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen inclufively.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby declared to be the true At Christmas intent and meaning of this present act, That the said governor 1715, an acand company, or their cashier for their use, shall and may (not-count to be withstanding any provision made by this act) proceed to receive made up of all monies arising fo much of the money arising by the particular duties on salt, by the duties rock-falt, and candles, and by the several rates on monies given on salt, canwith clerks, apprentices, and fervants, mentioned in the faid dles, &c. of act of the ninth year of her late Majesty's reign, as they might 9 Annæ, c. 21. have received if this act had not been made; but that within that year, &c. ten days after the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thoufand seven hundred and sisteen, an exact account shall be made up by the auditor of the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, of all the monies, which, within the whole year ending at the same feast, shall have been received by the said governor and company, or their cashier, of those particular duties or rates, and the fum total of the monies so received or to be received by them within the faid year, shall go and be reckoned and accounted as part of the faid increased fund, which shall first grow due to the faid governor and company, after the said seast of the birth of our Lord Christ in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and shall be deducted out of the same increased fund accordingly; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the The remainfum of two hundred thirty-eight thousand six hundred ninety-ing 238,6931. three pounds and four shillings, residue of the said sum of eight 4s. transferrahundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings ble for the use and eight pence, to be written in, as aforesaid, for the use of &c. the publick, shall be, from time to time, transferrable as any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury now being, or the high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, by any warrant or warrants under his or their hands shall direct, for the use of his Majesty's navy or land-forces, or

other publick fervices, and not otherwife.

V. And it is hereby enacted, That all the several duties, All the duties, revenues and furplus monies, which, by the faid act of the &c. 9 Annæ, ninth year of her late Majesty's reign, were settled, appropriated, appointed, or intended, for answering the yearly fund make good which was to be adjusted by that act, and the faid yearly sum the increased of eight thousand pounds, that is to say, such of the same du-fundties, revenues and furplus monies as are already come into pofsession, and the rest of them as they shall severally take effect,

1714. are hereby appropriated, and shall be applied to and for the answering and making good all the payments which, after the faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall grow due, for or upon the said increased fund, amounting to six hundred thousand pounds per annum, as aforesaid, and the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds for or towards charges of management, as aforefaid, and to none other, use, intent, or purpose whatsoever, under - fuch and the like penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities to be incurred and inflicted for diverting, misapplying, or detaining any the monies applicable to the payments by this act directed, as by the faid act of the ninth year of her late Majesty's reign, or by any other act or acts relating thereunto, were in the like case intended to be inflicted or incurred for diverting, misapplying, or detaining any the monies which were to be paid in pur-

A quarterly to pay the fund.

fuance thereof.

VI. And to the end there may be no failure in the payment of the account to be said increased fund of six bundred thousand pounds per annum, and Exchequer of the faid sum of eight thousand pounds per annum, from or after the monies arising faid feaft of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven bundred and fifteen, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, or the high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall, from and after the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, quarterly, at the four most usual feasts in every year, that is to fay, the feafts of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, the nativity of Saint John Baptist, Saint Michael the Archangel, and the birth of our Lord Christ, or within twenty days next after every of the faid feast-days, cause a true and exact account to be made of all the monies which, on or before the faid respective quarter-days within the quarter then ended, shall have come, or was brought into the receipt of Exchequer, of the faid duties and revenues, and furplus monies, or any of them, for or towards payment of the said increased fund, and the faid yearly fum for charges; and if upon making Deficiency to every or any such account, the monies so come or brought in be made good shall appear to fall short of one fourth part of the said yearly by the treasu- sum of six hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand rer of the na pounds, for the preceding quarter of a year, then, and so often, and in every fuch case, all and every sum and sums of money, so deficient, shall, upon demand to be made by the faid governor and company, or their cashier, by writing under the common scal of the said governor and company, or signed by the faid cashier, and to be left with or for the treasurer of the navy of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, for the time being, at or in the house or place used by such treasurer of the navy for the time being, for making payments for the use of the navy, or within twenty days after such demand, be answered, made good, and fatisfied by the treasurer of the navy, for

vy, &c.

Anno primo GEORGII I. Stat. 2. C. 21. 47 I 4·]

the time being, of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, out of any monies then in his hands or power, or first coming to his hands or power, for the service of the navy, or the victualling thereof; all which monies are hereby charged to make good the said payments which shall be incurred and grown due to the faid governor and company from time to time, with preference to any other payments to be made out of the same for any use or service whatsoever; and the said payments to the said governor and company, or their cashier for their use, shall be made without fee or charge, and without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had or obtained from his Majesty, his heirs or fuccessors, or any other person or persons whatsoever; and the faid treasurer of the navy for the time being, is hereby authorized and required (in default of specifical money to answer the payment of any such deficiency or deficiencies, as aforesaid) forthwith to dispose so much of any tallies, orders. annuities, or other parliamentary securities, which then or afterwards shall or may be in his hands or power, for the service of the navy, or the victualling thereof, as will be fufficient to enable him to discharge the deficiency then due to the said governor and company; and within twenty days after fuch demand, as aforefaid, to pay the same in money without any deduction, discount or abatement to be borne or sustained by them; and such treasurer of the navy, from time to time, shall be allowed upon his account in the Exchequer all such payments fo made by him; and the faid treasurer of the navy shall also be allowed all such loss as shall happen by disposing such fecurities, upon the oath of the faid treasurer (which the proper auditor hath hereby power to administer) verifying the truth thereof.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if Treasurer of the treasurer of the navy of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, the navy not shall at any time or times refuse or delay to make such payment paying forteits and applications, as aforesaid, of any of the publick monies his office, &c. which shall be in or come to his hands or power, or (in default of specifick money) to sell and dispose of any the tallies, orders, annuities, or other parliamentary fecurities, which shall be in or come to his hands or power, and to apply the money arising by fuch fale or disposition, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient for that purpole, for or towards making good such deficiency or deficiencies of the faid annual fums of fix hundred thoufand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or either of them, as thall have incurred or become due, according to the true meaning of this present act, when and as often as any such deficiency shall happen, such treasurer of the navy shall forfeit his office or place, and shall be liable to pay unto the said governor and company, and their fuccessors, the value of all and every sum and fums of money so refused or neglested to be paid, with treble damages and full costs of suit; the same to be recovered by the faid governor and company, and their fucceffors, by action of debt, or of the case, bill, plaint or information founded upon Vol. XIII.

eight

this act, in any court of record of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege of parliament, or other privilege whatfoever, wager of law, or more than one

imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Treasury to make an anof the fund.

VIII. And to the end the service of the navy or victualling may nual estimate not be prejudiced by such application of the money or disposition of any of the produce parliamentary securities, which shall be applied to make good any such deficiency or deficiencies, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty fifth day of December one thoufand seven hundred and fifteen, till such redemption by parliament, as aforefaid, there be annually within twenty days after the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, an estimate in writing made by the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, by a medium of the three preceding years, of how much the revenues fettled for payment of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thoufand pounds, and the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, will produce for the year commencing from the twenty-fifth day of December preceding such account, and ending the twentyfifth day of December succeeding such account, and how much the same are like to fall short of answering and paying thereof; and shall cause such estimate to be laid before the commons in parliament at their then fession (if then actually sitting) or if the parliament shall not be then sitting, in such case, at their first or next session, to the end a sufficient provision may be made for the service of the navy, and victualling thereof for that year; but the delay of making fuch provision shall not be any stop or detriment to the making good, in the manner aforefaid, the deficiencies which shall happen in the payment of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, or the said yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, but the same shall from time to time, and at all times, until fuch redemption as herein after is mentioned, be answered, paid and made good by the treasurer of the navy, as aforesaid; any thing herein, or in the faid former acts, or any of them contained, or any custom or usage of the navy, or other matter or thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

This fund reduced to 500,000 l. by 3 Geo. 1. c. 9. Ī. 1, 2, 3.

to be laid before the parliament.

On one year's payment, duties to ceale.

4, 5. 10. 19.21, 22. 9 Ann. C. 21.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authonotice and re-rity aforesaid. That at any time upon one year's notice, after the twenty-fifth day of December one thouland seven hundred and fixteen, upon repayment by parliament of the faid fum of See 3 Geo. 1. ten millions, and of all arrears of the faid yearly sums of fix c. 9. f. 1, 2, 3, hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or upon payment thereof by and out of the furplus monies of the faid duties and revenues lettled for payment of the laid yearly fums; then, and not till then, all the impositions and duties by the said act of the ninth year of her late Majesty's reign, or by this present act appropriated, shall and may be disposed of by parliament; and the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and all annuities out of the fame, and the faid yearly fum of

1714.

eight thousand pounds shall cease and determine; but that the faid corporation by the name aforefaid, after such redemption of the faid yearly fums, shall continue for ever, and have perpetual fuccession, and shall hold and enjoy all such forts, factories, acquisitions, lands, tenements and hereditaments, and all such benefits of trade, and other benefits, profits, powers, privileges, and advantages whatfoever, whereunto they would be entitled by the said act of the tenth year of her late Majesty's reign, in case the redemption of their yearly fund were made pursuant to that act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwith-Standing.

X. And it is hereby enacted, That the faid feveral former But corporaacts of the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign, tion to contiand all the powers, privileges, advantages, exemptions, rules, &c. directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things therein contained (being now in force) touching or concerning the faid corporation, or the faid duties and revenues by the faid acts or either of them fettled, and the faid yearly or other fums to be paid out of the same, or any of them (such alterations as are made therein by this act always excepted) shall continue and be put in execution in relation to the faid corporation, and the faid duties or revenues appropriated by this act, and the yearly or other fums hereby charged thereupon, as fully as if Acts of 9 Ann. the same powers, privileges, advantages, exemptions, rules, c.12.&10Ann. directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things ed. (except as aforefaid) were repeated and re-enacted in the body of this act.

XI. And whereas by an act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for raising nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for publick fervices, by fale of annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and to authorife a treaty concerning private rights claimed by the proprietors of the fugar-houses in Scotland, the yearly sum of fortyfive thousand five hundred pounds, part of the yearly sum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds therein mentioned, is enacted to be a distinet and separate fund for answering and paying certain annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be purchased upon that act, by quarterly payments, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to a proviso in that all contained in that "Geo. 1 flat.24 behalf: now for the encouragement of fuch persons and corporations as are or shall be willing to advance for the service of the publick, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding the farther fum of one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds, for purchasing annuities at the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be settled upon the yearly sum of eight thousand four hundred and fifty pounds, other part of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, in the manner herein after mentioned; it is hereby further enacted and declared by \$4501. to be a the authority aforesaid, That the said yearly sum of eight thounuities at 5 l.
fand sour hundred and sifty pounds, is and shall be a distinct per cent. and separate fund, and be issued and applied (as this act directs) Of these, part

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for were jubjeribed

1. C. 5.

by 6 Geo. 1. c. + for answering and paying the annuities, after the rate of five deemed. 9 Geo. by quarterly payments, until the redemption thereof by parliament according to the proviso herein after specified, and under the same penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, for any offence or neglect touching the faid fund of eight thousand four hundred and fifty pounds per annum, or the payments to be made out of the same, as are by the said act to be incurred for the like offence or neglect, in relation to the faid yearly fund of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, or to the payments charged thereupon; any thing in this or the faid recited act, or in any other law or statute to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Fund to take 1715.

XII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That place at Mich. yearly and every year, from and after the feast of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, for ever, the faid yearly fum of eight thoufand four hundred and fifty pounds, other part of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, arising into the receipt of Exchequer, shall be the whole and entire yearly fund; and in case all the monies arising into the Exchequer, as aforefaid, shall not in any one year amount to so much as eight thoufand four hundred and fifty pounds, (over and above the faid yearly fum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds) then the monies fo arising, so far as they will extend, shall be part of the yearly fund, for or towards the answering and paying all the annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, Deficiency to to be purchased upon this act; and that all and every deficiency be made good and deficiencies of the said whole yearly sum of eight thousand out of the first four hundred and fifty pounds, or any part thereof, which shall appear at the end of any one year, to be reckoned as aforefaid, for payment of such annuities as thall be purchased upon this act, at the rate aforesaid for the same year respectively, shall be supplied or made up, from time to time, out of the first aids to be granted in parliament next after such deficiency shall appear, and shall from time to time be transferred thereunto, as soon as fuch aid shall be granted.

aids in parliament.

Any persons may be contributors.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contribute, advance and pay to the first or chief cathier of the governor and company of the bank of England for the time being, at or before the respective days and times by this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the faid fum of one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds for the purchase of any annuity or annuities, to commence from the faid feast of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fitteen, and to be paid and payable to such contributor or contributors, or fuch as he, she or they shall nominate, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors or assigns respectively, until the same shall be redeemed accord-

ing to the tenor or true meaning of the proviso or condition herein after-mentioned in that behalf, so as such cathier or cashiers do first give security to the good liking of any three or more of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, or of the high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, for duly answering and paying into the receipt of the Exchequer for the publick use, the monies so to be advanced or contributed, and to account duly for the fame; and the purchase-money for every such annuity at the rate aforefaid, is hereby appointed to be paid to the faid cashier, as aforefaid, at or before the respective days and times herein after limited, that is to fay, one fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and fisteen; one other fifth part thereof, on or before the twenty-ninth day of November in the year of: our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-eighth day of January thence next ensuing; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of March then next following; and the remaining fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of May which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and fixteen; all which annuities so to be purchased shall not exceed in the whole the said sum of eight thoufand four hundred and fifty pounds per annum, and shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year, (that is to say) the feasts of the birth of our Lord Times of pay. Christ, the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary, the nati- ment. vity of Saint John Baptist, and Saint Michael the Archangel, by even and equal portions, or within fix days after every of the faid feast-days; the first payment thereof to be due at the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, or within six days after the fame feast-day; nevertheless the said annuities shall be redeemable according to the purport and true meaning of a proviso or condition herein after contained in that behalf, and not otherwise; and the said cashier of the said governor and Cashier to give company for the time being, is hereby authorized and required, a receipt to upon advancing and paying to him any such sum and sums of and to pay money, as aforefaid, forthwith to give a receipt in writing, into the Exfigned by himself for each payment, to the contributor or payer chequer, &c. thereof, and from time to time to pay into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer all the monies which he shall receive of or for the faid fum, not exceeding one hundred fixty-nine thoufand pounds, as fast as he shall receive the same, or any part thereof, or within five days at the farthest; and to account for all the monies so to be advanced to him in his Majesty's court of Exchequer, according to the due course thereof; in which account the faid cashier shall have just allowance of all monies which he shall have paid for prompt payments pursuant to this act.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, That in the office of the Accountant accountant general of the governor and company of the bank of general of the

England, bank to keep

Ex-

a book of the England, for the time being, there shall be provided and kept 2 contributors. book or books, in which there shall be fairly entred the names of all who shall be contributors for such annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, as aforesaid, and of all persons by whose hands the said contributors shall pay in any of the faid fums upon this act, and also the sum so paid; to which book it shall be lawful for the said respective contributors, their executors, administrators, successors and assigns, from time to time, at all seasonable times to have resort and inspect the same, without see or charge; and the said accountant general for the time being shall, on or before the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, transmit an attested duplicate fairly written in paper, of the said book or books into the office of the auditor of the receipt of his Majefly's Exchequer, there to remain for ever.

Annuities charged on the tund of 8450l. &c.

XV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the annuities so to be purchased at the rate aforesaid, shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable from time to time out of the monies arising and to arise of or for the said yearly fund of eight thousand four hundred and fifty pounds, or by other the provisions or supplies made or to be made by or in pursuance of this act for the payment thereof, in the manner and form by this act prescribed in that behalf; and that all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, duly paying the consideration of purchase-money at the rate aforesaid, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf for such annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, or such as he, she or they shall appoint, his, her or their respective executors, administrators, successors and assigns, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities so to be purchased, out of the monies by this act appropriated or appointed, or to be supplied for payment thereof, as aforefaid, and shall have good and sure estates and interests therein for ever, subject only to the proviso or condition of redemption in this act afterwards contained concerning the same; and that all the said annuities to be purchased on this act, and the principal monies paid for the same, and every of them during the continuance thereof, shall be free from all taxes, charges and impositions whatsoever.

Tax-free.

Bank to imploy a chief cathier and accountant general.

XVI. And for the more easy and sure payment of the said annuities to be purchased, as aforesaid, according to the true meaning of this present act, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, shall from time to time, until the said annuities shall be redeemed by parliament according to this act, appoint and imploy one fufficient person within their office in the city of London, to be their chief or first cashier, and one other sufficient person within the same office to be their accountant general; and that so much of the monies that shall or ought to be, from time to time, separated or set apart in the receipt of

Exchequer, for or upon account of the faid yearly fund of eight Cashier to rethousand four hundred and fifty pounds, for answering the said ceive the fund at the Excheannuities to be purchased upon this act, as shall bear a full proquer quarterportion to the whole sum which shall be advanced or contributed by, &c. upon this act, after the faid rate of five pounds per centum per aprum, shall by order of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or of the high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury of his Majesty, his heirs and successors for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had or obtained in that behalf, be from time to time, quarterly, as aforesaid, issued and paid at the said receipt of Exchequer, to the said first or chief cashier of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and of their fuccessors for the time being, by way of imprest and upon account, for the payment of the faid annuities to be purchased upon this act, at such times, and in such manner and form, as are by this act prescribed in that behalf; and that all and every fuch cashier or cashiers, to whom the said monies shall from time to time be issued, shall from time to time without delay apply and pay the same accordingly, and render his accounts thereof according to the due course of the Exchequer; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And it is hereby also enacted, That the said account- Accountant ant general for the time being shall, from time to time, inspect general to inand examine all the receipts and payments of the faid cashier, ceipts of the and the vouchers relating thereunto, in order to prevent any cathier. fraud, negligence, or delay; and that all and every person or Annuities a persons whatsoever, who shall be intitled to any of the same an-personal enuities to be purchased on this act, and all persons lawfully state, &c. claiming under them, shall be possessed thereof as of a personal estate, and the same shall not be descendable to the heir, and shall not be liable to any foreign attachment by the custom of London, or otherwise; any law, statute or custom to the con-

trary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And for the encouragement of the contributors to advance Interest at 81. and pay readily to the faid cashier the sums by them intended to be ad- per cent. for vanced upon this act, it is provided and enacted by the authority prompt payaforesaid, That every such contributor who shall advance and ment. pay to the faid cashier within the times limited by this act, the purchase-money payable for any annuity or annuities at the rate aforesaid, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and affigns respectively, shall be allowed and paid out of the contribution-money arising by this act, interest after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, for the prompt payment of the purchase-money, or of such proportions of the purchasemoney as shall be so advanced before the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sisteen; the said interest to be computed for the respective sums so advanced and paid to the faid cashier, from the time or respective times of the actual advancing and paying the same to the said cathier, until

1714.

the faid twenty ninth of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

All the monies advanced to be a jointstock, &c.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all the monies to be advanced or contributed upon this act, for or towards the faid fum, not exceeding one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds, shall be deemed, reputed and taken to be one capital or joint stock, on which the said annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be attending; and that all and every person and persons and corporations whatfoever, in proportion to the money by him, her or them advanced upon this act, shall have and be deemed to have an interest or share in the said stock, and in the proportional annuity attending the same, at the rate aforesaid, for the monies fo by him, her or them advanced; and that the faid capital or joint stock, or any share or interest therein, and the proportional annuity attending the same, shall be assignable and transferrable or deviseable, in the same manner as the joint stock for the faid monies, not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, is by the faid act affignable and transferrable or deviseable, and not otherwise; and in default of such transfer or devise, the faid stock and annuities attending the same, shall go to the ex-And free from ecutors or administrators; and that no stamp-duties whatsoever shall be chargeable on the said transfers, or any of them; any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Stock transferrable.

stamp-duties.

Assignee of

unpaid.

XX. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That all persons stock liable to who shall accept any assignment or transfer of any stock from pay the ren-due of contri- any contributor, who shall have paid only part of the contribubution-money tion-money for the same upon this act, shall be liable to pay the refidue of the faid contribution-money, and to fuch forfeitures for non-payment thereof, as the original contributor would have been liable, if no such transfer had been made,

No contribution after 29 Sept. 1715.

XXI. Provided always, That no person or persons whatsoever shall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to purchase or obtain any of the annuities, at the rate aforesaid upon this act, unless the whole, or one fifth part at least of the consideration-money for the same, at such rate as aforesaid, be advanced and paid to the faid cashier, on or before the said twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

Penalty for the times limited.

XXII. Provided also, That in case any such contributor, as not paying by aforefaid, who shall, on or before the said twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, have advanced to the said cashier one fifth part of his, her or their said purchase-money, or his, her or their executors, administrators, fucceffors or affigns, do not advance and pay to the faid cashier one other fifth part of his, her or their confideration-money fo to be paid for such respective annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, on or before the twenty-ninth day of November then next enfuing; and one other fifth part thereof on or before the twentyeighth day of January then next coming; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of March then next tollowfollowing; and the remaining fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of May which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; then and in every fuch case respectively, so much of the consideration-money as shall have been actually paid for the first payment to the said cashier for such respective annuity, shall be forfeited for the use of the publick, and no interest, at the rate aforesaid, shall be payable for the faid first payment; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Bank to contiauthority aforesaid, That the said governor and company of the nue a corporabank of England, and their successors (notwithstanding the re-tion till the demption of all or any their own funds, in pursuance of the redeemed, &c. acts for establishing the same, or any of them) shall continue a corporation, with all the powers, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging, for the purpoles in this act expressed, till all the annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be purchased on this act, shall be redeemed by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf; and that the faid governor and company, or any members thereof, shall not incur any disability for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, No fees to be That no fee or gratuity whatfoever shall or may be demanded taken. or taken of any his Majesty's subjects for receiving or paying the said contribution monies, or any of them, or for any tallies or other receipts concerning the same, or for issuing the said yearly fund of eight thousand four hundred and fifty pounds, or any part thereof, or for paying the faid annuities, or any of them; and that no fee or gratuity shall be demanded or taken for any fuch transfer, as aforefaid, of any fum great or small, to be made in pursuance of this act, upon pain that any officer or person offending, by taking or demanding any see or gratuity contrary to this act, shall forseit the sum of twenty pounds to the party grieved, to be recovered with full costs, in any of his Majefty's courts of record at Westminster.

XXV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-When thefe thority aforesaid, That at any time upon one year's notice, and annuities shall repayment by parliament of the fum of one hundred fixty-nine to be redeemthousand pounds, or so much thereof as shall be advanced upon ed. See this act, unto the respective contributors of the same, or to 9 Geo. 1. c. 5. such person and persons as by, from or under them, shall be 10 Geo. 1. c. 5. then entitled to the said annuities to be purchased on this act, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, in respect of the money so advanced, according to such interest as they respectively shall then have in the same annuities, and also upon full payment and fatisfaction of all arrears of the same annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, if any shall be then due, then and not till then, the said annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum to be purchased on this act, shall cease and determine, and from thence-

forth so much of the general or aggregate fund in the said recited act mentioned or referred unto, and of the said particular duties chargeable with these annuities, as aforesaid, as the same annuities shall amount unto, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, but without prejudicing any other of the yearly sums or payments by this or any other act charged or intended to be charged on the said general or aggregate sund, or upon the said particular duties which shall then remain to be satisfied out of the same; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise potwithstanding.

The cashier and accountant general's salary, &c.

XXVI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted. That the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall have power to allow to the cashier or cashiers, who shall receive the said contribution or advance money, not exceeding one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds, as aforesaid, for his or their pains and charges in receiving and accounting for the same, a sum not exceeding one hundred pounds, out of the contribution or advance money aforesaid; and shall also have power (out of the remainder of the faid yearly fum of fiftyfour thousand fix hundred pounds, to arise over and above so much as shall be sufficient, from time to time, to discharge all monies which shall be due on the annuities to be purchased on this and the said former act) to allow and pay to the said cashier for the time being, a falary or allowance, not exceeding one hundred pounds per annum, for receiving the money to pay the annuities upon this act, and applying the same to that use, and for his pains and charges in keeping and rendring his accounts thereof; and a falary or allowance, not exceeding one hundred pounds per annum to the said accountant general for the time being, for his service and charge in performing the duty and trust incumbent upon him by this act; any thing in this or any other act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Additional allowance for prompt payment.

XXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That all and every person and persons, who have or hath contributed or advanced any sum or sums of money upon the said former act for an annuity, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and hath paid to the said cashier the whole, or one fifth, or any greater part of the contribution-money for purchasing fuch annuity; and all and every person and persons who shall contribute or advance any fum or fums of money upon this or the faid former act for the like annuity, and shall, on or before the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, pay to the faid cashier the whole, or one fifth, or any greater part of the contribution or confideration money for fuch annuity, shall, over and above all other encouragements before by this or the faid former acts given or allowable, be repaid out of any monies which are or shall be in the hands of the said cashier, arisen, or to arise by contributions, for the use of the publick, as aforesaid, not only so much as an additional allowance after the rate of twenty shillings per centum, to be computed upon the whole contribution or confideration money, advanced

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 21. 1714.]

advanced and to be advanced by such person or persons, doth or shall amount to, but also so much as another additional allowance, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall amount unto, to be computed upon every sum advanced, or to be advanced before the days limited in this or the faid former act (the first payment excepted) from the time of actual payment thereof to the said cashier, until the respective days when the same by the limited days aforesaid would become due.

XXVIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Appropriaall the monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty, upon one act tion of the seof this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid veral supplies to his Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in Great Britain, for the granted this ferring of the war are the ferring. fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and so 1 Geo. 1. much money, if any such be, of the tax thereby granted, as stat. 2. c. 1. shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be referved to discharge the same; and all the mo- 1 Geo. 1. nies lent and to be lent unto his Majesty upon the duties on stat. 2. C. 2. malt, mum, cyder and perry, charged and continued by another act of this fession of parliament, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, and so much money of the faid duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, thereby granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the loans made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the faid duties thereby granted, shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the mo- 1 Geo. 1. nies advanced or contributed, or to be advanced or contributed flat. 2. c. 19. upon an act of the present session of parliament, for raising any firm not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for publick services, at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, the allowances prescribed by that act only excepted; and all the monies not exceeding one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds, authorized to be advanced for the like services, and at the like rate, upon this present act, and all the proceed of the said flock by this act added, and intended to be added to the capital flock of the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas (the stock for the said sum of five hundred eighty-three thousand three hundred thirty-nine pounds and eight pence, to be transferred to or for the use of the said governor and company in manner as aforefaid, only excepted) shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for or towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein expreffed, subject nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed: that is to say, it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million one hundred

The navy.

Office of ordnance.

Land forces.

pounds and eleven pence, for the naval services following, that is to fay, for defraying the charges of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea-officers, and for victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed, and for sea-service in the office of ordnance performed and to be performed, and for or towards the extraordinary repairs of the navy, rebuilding of ships, and other extraordinary works of the navy performed and to be performed, and for or towards completing the furniture and stores of his Majesty's ships in repair or to be repaired; and any sum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of ninety-three thousand six hundred twenty-nine pounds nineteen thillings and nine pence, for fervices relating to his Majefty's office of ordnance herein after mentioned, that is to fay, for the charges of the faid office for land-fervices performed and to be performed, and to complete half-pay for the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, to the military officers and chaplains who served in the train of artillery in Flanders and Spain, and on several expeditions; and any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million twentyfour thousand nine hundred and seven pounds five shillings and two pence half-peny, for maintaining his Majesty's land-forces, and other services herein after expressed, that is to say, for maintaining his Majesty's guards and garrisons in Great Britain, Ferley and Guernsey, and his forces in America, and twelve companies of invalids, and three independent companies in North Britain, for one year, from the twenty-fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, to the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sisteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Minorca, for the same year: and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrison in Gibraltar, for the same year; and for the charge of the officers fervants of the regiments in Minorca and Gibraltar, from the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the twenty-fourth day of December one thoufand feven hundred and fourteen; and for maintaining the three regiments of Harrison, North and Grey, and Sterne, (in Flanders or elsewhere) from the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and for maintaining seven battalions, confisting of the royal regiment of foot, and the regiments of Webb, Forfar, Hill, Orrery, and Sutton, (in Flanders or England) from the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, till the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, (at which time they were transferred to the establishment of Ireland;) and for bounty-money to disbanded men of several regiments which were reduced in order to transferring those regiments to the establishment of Ireland; and for maintaining the additional forces, confifting of three thousand dragoons,

and four thousand foot, (including commission and non-commission officers) and four companies of foot added to the Coldstream regiment of foot-guards, for one whole year, and to defray the levy-money for the faid additional forces; and for support of the royal hospital at Chelsea, and pay of the out-pen- Chelsea hose fioners for one year, from the twenty-fourth day of December pital. one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, to the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, (over and above the several poundages and days pay applicable thereunto;) and for defraying such pay or half-pay as his Majesty Half-pay offihath allowed, or shall think fit to allow to the officers of the cers. land-forces and marines disbanded, being his Majesty's naturalborn subjects, or naturalized, including such officers of lieutenant general Hamilton's regiment of foot, and excepting fuch officers as are or shall be otherwise provided for, from the time of making fuch other provision for them respectively; and for answering other extraordinary services or augmentations relating to his Majesty's land-forces; and any sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand pounds, towards satisfying the monies due for subsidies and arrears or other debts upon account of Subsidies and the land-forces; and any sum not exceeding fifty-three thou-arrears. fand three hundred and twenty-two pounds, for supplying the deficiency of the fund for the classis lottery of the year one Deficiency of thousand seven hundred and eleven, for the year ended at Mi, the classis lotachas one thousand seven hundred, and sourteen; and any tery, 1711. fum not exceeding fifty-two thousand nine hundred thirty-eight pounds nine shillings and eight pence, for supplying the deficiency of the fund for the classis lottery in the year one thousand feven hundred and twelve, for the year ended at Michaelmas Deficiency of one thousand seven hundred and sourteen: and that the aids or the classis lotfupplies provided, as aforesaid, (except before excepted) shall tery, 1712. not be issued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other than the uses and purposes before mentioned. Provided always, That fuch fums as by any other act of this fession of parliament shall be payable to any commissioners of accounts, Commissionfor their falaries, or for their clerks, or other incident charges, ers of acshall and may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or counts, &c. any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Vide 3 Geo. 1. c. 9. & 6 Geo. 1. c. 17.

CAP. XXII.

An all for enabling his Majesty to settle a revenue for supporting the dignity of her royal highness the princess, in case she shall survive his royal highness the prince of Wales.

MOST gracious sovereign, We your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, being truly sensible how acceptable it will be to your Majesty, that a good, certain and competent revenue be settled for supporting the honour and dignity of her royal highness the princess, in

C. 7.

case she shall survive her royal consort the most excellent prince General prince of Wales, your Majefty's most dearly beloved for; sed confidering the happiness which this kingdom, by the bieffing of America God, cannot fail to enjoy, by a long succession of prin es derived from her mest illustrious royal highness the princess, who has, with a conflowey and greatness of mind peculiar to herself, given early and never to be forgotten inflances of her zeal for the protestant reagion: al well knowing, that by an all made in the first year of the reign of 2 Ann. flat. 1. her late majesty Queen Anne, (of bleffed memory) for preferring the inheritance of several revenues of the crown, intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, all grants thereof (other than fuch as are therein expressed) are declared to be void; and that by the all made in the ninth year of her said late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for establishing a general post-office for all her Majesty's dominions; and for fettling a weekly fum out of the revenues thereof for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, it was enacted, That such part of the duties and revenues arising in or by the general letter-office or post-office, which was thereby vested in her Majesty, her beirs and successors, and therein mentioned to be undeterminable, should not be alienable, chargeable or grantable for any estate, term or time whatsoever, to endure langer than the life of the King or Queen that should make such alienation, charge or grant respectively; and that all gifts, grants, alienations and affurances what soever, to be had or made of, and charges upon the same duties or revenues, or any part thereof contrary to the provifrom of that act, should be null and void; do nevertheless most humbly, cheerfully and unanimously befeech your Majesty that it may be enatted, &c.

> His Majesty, by letters patent, may grant to the princes of Wales an annuity of 50,000l. per annum, in case the survive the prince, to be paid quarterly, viz. 40,000l. per annum out of the post office. 9 Annæ, c. 10. The remaining 10,000l. out of the hereditary excise. 12 Car. 2. C. 3. His Majesty, by letters patent, may assure to the princess Somerset-house, &c. His Majesty's grant of 100,000l. per annum to the prince of Wales, to be paid without rees, and free from taxes. This annuity may be specially charged on such branches of customs and excise as are applicable to the civil list, &c. E X P.

CAP. XXIII.

An act for making provision for the ministers of the fifty new churches, which are to be built in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof; and for rebuilding and finishing the parish-church of Saint Mary Woolnoth in the faid city of London.

9 Ann. c. 22. MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an act of parliament made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty **Quan** Anne, intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty several dutics upon coals, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, and other. purpoles therein mentioned, it was enacted, That for all f coals and culm, which from and after the fourteenth day of me thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the nine and eth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty-(bould be imported and brought into the port of the city of on, or the river of Thames, within the liberty of the faid on the same river, there should be paid to her said late Maher heirs and successors, by way of imposition thereupon, over esides all other impositions and duties, according to the rates 1 and herein after mentioned; that is to say, from and after a fourteenth day of May one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, fore the nine and twentieth day of September one thousand bundred and fixteen, for all fuch forts of coals and culm as are fold by the chalder, for every chalder thereof, containing thirtyhels Winchester measure, the sum of two shillings; and for ort of coals as are fold by the tun, for every tun thereof, contwenty hundred weight, the sum of two shillings; and from ter the eight and twentieth day of September one thousand bundred and fixteen, and before the eight and twentieth day of nber one thousand seven hundred and twenty-four, there should I for every fuch faid chalder of coals and culm, and tun of coals, n of three shillings, the same to be raised, levied, collected and o ber said late Majesty, her beirs and successors, as therein is ned: and it is thereby further enacted, That all and every such nd fums of money, which should be raised, collected and levied tue of that all (the necessary charges of raising, managing and ting for the same, excepted) should, from time to time, be ht and paid into the receipt of Exchequer, and by force and of that act were and should be appropriated, issued, applied sposed, for the building of fifty new churches of stone and other materials, with towers or steeples to each of them; whereof as by the said act directed to be erected in the parish of East awich in the county of Kent; and for purchasing of sites of ves, and church-yards, and burying-places, in or near the cities ondon and Westminster, or the suburbs thereof; and for g such chapels, as were then already built and capable thereof, churches, and for purchasing bouses for the habitations of the ers of the said churches; and for applying the sum of four thoufounds per annum, out of the faid duties and impositions, tos the repairing and finishing the collegiate church of Saint Peter minster, and the chapels of the same; and also for applying the f fix thousand pounds per annum out of the said duties and imns arifing by that act, towards the finishing Greenwichital, and the chapels thereunto belonging, and to and for none use, intent or purpose what soever: and it was thereby further d, That it should and might be lawful, to and for her faid late fly, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, to ate, constitute and appoint such persons as her said late Majesty think fit to be commissioners for the purposes in that act men-'; which said commissioners, or so many of them as should by the mmission be authorized, are by the said att directed to enquire and inform themselves, in what parishes the said new churches (ex-

and

cept that for Greenwich) were most necessary to be built, and of proper places for the fites of the faid respective new churches, and also a cemetery or church-yard for each of the faid churches, for the buriel of christian people, to be purchased; and also which of the said chapels were fit to be made parish-churches; and to ascertain the several houses, lands, tenements and hereditaments, and the bounds and limits which in their judgments or opinion might be fit to be made distinct parishes; and to enquire and inform themselves, by the best means they could, of the value of fuch houses, lands, tenements and hereditaments, and of the respective estates and interests therein, which they should think necessary to be purchased for the faid fites and cometeries, and for houses for the habitations of the respective ministers; and the faid commissioners were by the said all required, on or before the four and twentieth day of December one thousand seven bundred and eleven, to report or certify to her said late Majesty in writing, under their hands and feals, such matters and things as should appear to them upon their enquiries aforesaid, with their opinions thereupon, and present a duplicate of such report or certificate to each of the two bouses of parliament, to the end such further directions might be given thereupon, as might be pursuant to her said late Majesty's pieus intentions in the premisses: and whereas by one other act of parlie-20 Ann. c. 11. ment, made in the tenth year of her said late Majesty's reign, intituled. An act for enlarging the time given to the commissioners appointed by her Majesty, pursuant to an act for granting to her Majesty several duties on coals, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and fuburbs thereof, and other purposes therein mentioned; and also for giving the said commissioners further powers for the better effecting the same; and for appointing monies for rebuilding the parith-church of Saint Mary Woolnoth in the city of London; reciting therein in part the faid recited act, and that in purfuance thereof her faid late Majesty, by letters patent under the great feal of Great Britain, did nominate, constitute and appoint several commissioners for the purposes in the said first recited all mentioned, with such powers and authorities as in the same act are expressed; and further reciting, that the faid commissioners did apply themselves to the execution of the powers therein mentioned, but could not perfect within the time limited what was by the faid act intended; it was therefore enacted by the faid act of the tenth year of the reign of her faid late Majesty, That notwithstanding the time limited by the said letters patent was expired, it should and might be lawful, to and for the faid commissioners so appointed by the said letters patent, or any five or more of them, and they were thereby authorized and required to meet, from time to time, as often as there should be occasion, either with or without adjournments, and to enquire and inform themselves 9 Ann. c. 22. of all and every the matters and things therein committed to them, or any five or more of them, in or bythe faid first recited act, or by that

> present ast intended to be by them performed, until they should bave completed and finished the same; and it was thereby further previded

Ann. c. 22.

and enacted, That it should and might be lawful, to and for her said late Majesty, ber beirs and successors, at any time before the twentyninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, to nominate, confitute and appoint such persons to be commissioners to execute all and every the powers in the faid several acts mentioned, as her said late Majesty should think sit; and from such appointment so made, the powers granted by the faid all of the tenth year of the reign of her 10 Ann. c. 11. faid late Majesty, to the commissioners in the former letters parent, should determine: and whereas her said late Majesty did, in pursuance of the said last recited act, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date on or about the seven and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve, nominate, conflitute and appoint several persons to be commissioners for the purposes in the said recited acts mentioned; and that they, or any five or more of them, should do, perform and execute all and every the powers, matters and things in and by the faid recited acts, and either of them, appointed to be done and performed: we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being zealous to provide such supplies as may enable your Majesty to pursue your pious and gracious intentions, to provide for the maintenance of the ministers who are to attend the service of God in the new churches to be erected, pursuant to the said recited acts of parliament, in or about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, for the honour of the church of England, and the advancement of our boly religion, do most bumbly present to your Mujesty, the several impositions, rates and duties herein after mentioned, and do beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it Additional enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the imposition on coals and advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com-culm brought mons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the autho- into the port rity of the same, That for all fort of coals and culm which, of London, from and after the twenty-seventh day of September one thousand &c. from Sept. from and after the twenty-leventh day of september one thousand 27, 1724, to feven hundred and twenty-four, and before the twenty-eighth Sept. 28, 1725. day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty-five, For the flashall be imported and brought into the port of the city of tutes relating London, or the river of Thames, within the liberty of the said to these ducity upon the same river, there shall be paid to his Majesty, note on 6 & 7 his heirs and fuccessors, by way of imposition thereupon, over W. 3. c. 18. and besides all other impositions and duties, according to the rates hereafter mentioned, that is to fay, For all such sorts of coals and culm as are usually fold by the chalder, for every chalder thereof, containing thirty-fix bushels, Winchester meafure, the sum of three shillings; and for such fort of coals as The rates. are fold by the tun, for every tun thereof, containing twenty hundred weight, the sum of three shillings: which said respec- To be raised, tive fums of three shillings for every chalder of coals and culm, &c. as by any and tun of coals, shall from time to time, during the term be-act now in fore-mentioned, be raised, levied, collected and paid to his force. Majesty, his heirs and successors, in the same manner, method and form, and at fuch places, and by fuch rules, ways Vol. XIII.

and means, and under such penalties and forfeitures as are mentioned, expressed and referred unto, in and by any act, law or statute, acts, laws or statutes now in force, for raising, levying, collecting or answering any other duty or duties now payable to his Majesty for or upon any coals or culm whatsoever, imported or brought coastwise into the said port of London; and that all and every the powers, authorities, penalties, forfeitures, difabilities, articles, rules and clauses in the same acts, laws and statutes, or any of them, mentioned or contained (except fuch and fo much of them for and concerning which it is otherwise provided in this present act) shall be of fuch force and effect, to all intents and purposes, for the raising, levying, collecting and answering the impositions hereby granted, for and during the faid term herein before limited, as if the fame were particularly and at large fet down and enacted by this act.

The money to be brought into the Exchequer, and appropriated for the maintenance of the ministers. Part of this money borw to be applied. 2 Geo. 2. C. IC. sect. 1.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every such sum and sums of money, which shall be raised, collected and levied by virtue of this act (the necessary charges of raining, managing and accounting for the same excepted) shall, from time to time, be brought and paid into the receipt of Exchequer, and by force and virtue of this act, are and thall be appropriated for and towards the providing due maintenances for the ministers to attend the service of God in the new churches to be erected in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, pursuant to the said recited acts of parliament, and shall for that purpose be issued, applied and disposed in such manner, as shall hereafter be directed by parliament.

Not to extend hospital.

III. Provided, That this act, or any thing therein contained, to coals for the shall not extend, or be construed to extend to charge or lay any use of Chelsea- of the duties or impositions hereby imposed upon such coals, (not exceeding one hundred chalders by the year) as shall be brought into the port of London from Newcastle upon Tine, or any other place, for the only use and service of the royal hospital at Chelfea; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The King may appoint commiffioners to execute the powers in the former acts.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That it shall and may be lawful, to and for his Majesty, his heirs and fucceffors, by letters patent under the great feal of Great Britain, from time to time, to nominate, constitute and appoint such persons as his Majesty, his heirs and successors, shall think fit, to be commissioners, who, or any five or more of them, shall have power to execute all and every the powers, matters and things in and by the faid recited acts, or either of them, appointed to be done and performed; any thing in the acts before recited, or in any other act or acts to the contrary And to inform not with standing: and also to enquire and inform themselves in what manner, by and out of the duties hereby granted, and nance may be otherwise, a due maintenance may be provided and settled for provided for the ministers who are to attend the service of God in the said

themseives

new churches, to be erected and built in and about the cities the faid minifof London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof; which said ters.

And shall, becommissioners, or any five or more of them, shall, on or be-fore March 25, fore the twenty-fifth day of *March* one thousand seven hundred 1716, certify and fixteen, report or certify to his Majesty, his heirs and suc-their enquiries ceffors, in writing under their hands and seals, such matters to his Majesty, and things as shall appear to them upon their enquiries as afore-plicate to each said, with their opinions thereupon, and present a duplicate of house of par-such report or certificate to each of the two houses of parlia-liament. ment, to the end fuch further directions may be given thereupon, as may be pursuant to his Majesty's pious intentions in the premisses; and from such appointment of new commissioners. The former so to be made, the powers granted to, or vested in the commissioners fioners in the said last recited letters patent named, shall de-termine. termine; but nevertheless all contracts and agreements, which But their conwere made and perfected by the faid commissioners, in the faid tracts before last recited letters patent named, on or before the twentieth Aug. 20,1715. day of August one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, shall be to be in sorce. of the same force and effect as they would have been, if this present act had not been made.

V. And whereas the provision made by the said recited act of the Clause for retenth year of her said late Majesty's reign, for rebuilding the parish-building the eburch of Saint Mary Woolnoth, London, is at present ineffect of St. Mary tual, by reason of the great charges and incumbrances upon the duty Woolnoth, and revenue from which the said provision was to issue; and it is ab-London. solutely necessary that the said church should be immediately rebuilt: be 10 Ann. C. 11. it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said parish church of Saint Mary Woolnoth, and the tower thereof, shall be rebuilt and finished in such manner as the said commissioners already authorized, or the commissioners to be authorized by virtue of this act, shall direct, out of the duties granted by the said recited act of the ninth year of her said late Majesty's reign; and that the monies to be imployed for that 9 Ann. C. 22, purpose shall be replaced and made good out of, and by the monies applicable by virtue of the said act of the tenth year of

faid church and the tower thereof. Vide 4 Geo. 1. c, 5. & 4 & 5 Geo. 1. c, 9. 1 Geo. 2. flat. 2. c. 8.

CAP. XXIV.

her faid late Majesty's reign, to the rebuilding and finishing the

An ast for appointing commissioners to take, examine and state the debts due to the army. EXP.

CAP. XXV.

An act to prevent disturbances by seamen, and others; and to preserve the stores belonging to his Majesty's navy royal; and also for explaining an act for the better preventing the imbezilment of his Majesty's stores of war, and preventing cheats, frauds and abuses in paying seamens wages; and for reviving and continuing an all for the more effeElual suppression of piracy.

THEREAS divers fightings, quarrellings and disturbances, de often happen in and about his Majesty's offices, yards and stores belonging to his Majesty's royal navy, and frequent differences and disorders are occasioned in and about the office of his Majesty's treasury of the navy, on pay days in London, Portsmouth, and other places of meeting for the service of the said navy, by the unreafonable turbulency of feamen, and others, attending on or relating to that service, or their creditors, or by the rudeness of the officers intrusted with his Majesty's stores on land, or in his royal ships, when they are questioned by the principal officers and commissioners of the faid navy, either for neglect or imbezilment of his Majesty's provisions, ainmunition, or other equipage of the navy under their charge, not only to the disturbance of the peace, but sometimes to the danger and hindrance of his Majesty's service, both in point of husbanding his Majesty's revenue, and also in the dispatch of the ships, on which the honour and safety of his Majesty and kingdom so much depends, which inconveniencies require a speedier remedy than the ordinary course of justice; the parties accused or offending being many times bound to sea, and the principal officers and commissioners for want of authority to suppress such insolencies and disorders, and hear, determine and punish such offences, being necessitated to pass by many offences in which his Majesty might be righted, if their necessary attendance on that important service would permit the prosecution of the Treasurer, &c. offenders before other ordinary judicatures: for remedy whereof, be

of the navy impowered to

it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the punish persons advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and comwho make dif- mons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the turbances in fame, That the treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the the yards, &c. acts, and the commissioners of the navy for the time being, or any one or more of them shall, from and after the twenty-ninth day of September next enfuing, have power and authority, by warrant under any one or more of their hands and feals, to cause such offenders to be apprehended and brought before him or them, and to examine and punish all such person and perfons whom he or they, upon their enquiry and examination of witnesses upon oath, (which oath he or they are hereby impowered to administer) or upon confession of the party or parties accused, or on view in his or their presence, shall find to make, or have made any fuch disturbance, fighting or quarrelling in any the yards, stores, offices or places aforesaid, at pay-

1714.] Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 25.

pay-days, or on other occasions relating to the naval services, in fuch manner as followeth (that is to fay) that they, or any one or more of them, may punish any the said offences by fine, imprisonment, or either of them, the fine not exceeding twenty shillings, and imprisonment not exceeding one week; and have power in such cases to commit such person to the next gaol, or to the custody of the messenger or messengers for the time being attendant on them, who respectively are to receive and detain such person so offending; and that the said principal officers and commissioners, or any one or more of them then prefent, have hereby power and authority to discharge such fine or imprisonment, if they think fit, and for nonpayment of the fine so imposed and not remitted, to imprison the party offending until payment thereof, or otherwise to cause such offender or offenders to be fent to the next house of correction to the place where such offence shall be committed, there to be kept at hard labour for the space of two months, without bail or mainprize, which said fines shall be paid to the clerk of the chest at Chatham for the use of the maimed seamen.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- And may bind faid, That the faid officers and commissioners, or any one or the offenders more of them (in cases where greater example or punishment is to good behaneedful) may also bind the person or persons so offending, to appear at the their good behaviour, and to answer the offences whereof they affizes, &c. shall be accused, at the next affizes or general quarter-sessions of the peace for the county or place where such offence shall be committed, with or without securities, as occasion shall be; and in default of such securities, where the same shall be required, to commit the person or persons offending, as aforesaid, to the common gaol of the county or place where fuch offence shall be committed, in order to their being profecuted for such offence or offences at the next affizes or general quarter-fessions of the

peace for fuch county or place.

III. And whereas divers of his Majesty's stores and ammunition, The said of pertaining to his navy and shipping, or service thereof, are often pri- ered to envately imbezilled or filched away: for the more effectual discovery quire of the of fuch stores and ammunition, it is hereby further enacted by imbezilment the authority aforesaid, That the said principal officers and com- of naval flores, and missioners of his Majesty's navy, or any one or more of them, punish the ofshall have hereby power to enquire, and by warrant under his tenders. or their hands and feals, to impower any person or persons to search for the same in all places, in like manner as justices of peace may do in case of selony, and punish the offenders by fuch fine and imprisonment, as aforesaid, the value of the goods so imbezilled or filched away, not exceeding the sum of twenty shillings, and cause the goods to be brought in again; and if the offence be of such nature as doth require an higher and severer punishment, then that they, any one or more of them, may commit such offender to the next gaol, or to the custody of their messenger or messengers aforesaid, till he or they offending, enter into recognizance with furety or furcties, according

to the nature of the offence, to appear and answer to the same in his Majesty's court of Exchequer, or other court where his Majesty shall question him or them for the same, within one year following, on process duly served for that purpose on such

offender or offenders.

IV. And whereas divers ill-disposed persons upon pretence of carrying his Majesty's naval goods, provisions, victuals, stores and ammunition from his Majesty's yards, wharfs, storehouses, or other places, to his Majesty's ship or ships, or to such ship or ships as are imployed in his Majesty's service, or such persons as are imployed to recarry or remove from the faid ship or ships such naval stores, goods, provisions, victuals, stores and ammunition, to such his Majesty's yards, wharfs, storehouses, or other places, do frequently imbezil, take and carry them away, where they cannot be found, and remove themfelves to places unknown, before they can be apprehended or convicted by due process of law, by reason that those witnesses that should prove the said facts are bound forth to sea, or otherwise imployed elsewhere, and it is found necessary that justice be more speedily done in such cases, than by ordinary course of law it can be: be it therefore enacted by goods embez- the authority aforesaid, That the treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the acts and commissioners of the navy, for the time being, or any one or more of them, where the goods fo tender shall be imbezilled, taken or carried away, shall be under the value of twenty shillings, shall have full power and authority, upon the oath of one or more witnesses (which they or any of them have hereby power to administer) or confession of such party so offending, as aforefaid, or other legal proof thereof, to convict the party or parties so offending, by writing under his or any of their hands and feals, and to impose such fine or fines upon all or every such person or persons so offending and convicted, as aforesaid, as to the said treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the acts and the commissioners of the navy, for the time being, or any one or more of them, shall in his or their discretion feem meet; the faid fine or fines not exceeding double the value of the naval goods, provisions, victuals, stores or ammunition so imbezilled or carried away; which fine or fines shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods of such offender, by virtue of the warrant of such officer or officers who shall so convict the imprisonment said offender, directed in manner aforesaid, to the person or persons aforesaid, returning the overplus, if any be, to the owner of such goods; or in case no sufficient distress can be found, as aforefaid, the party or parties so offending shall, by virtue of the warrant of fuch officer before whom fuch person or persons shall be convicted, be imprisoned in the next gaol for any space of time, not exceeding three months, without bail or mainprize.

Fine to be levied by diftress, and for

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fined.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the faid treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the acts and commissioners of the navy for the time being, or any one or more of them, upon oath of one or more credible witneffes (which he and they have hereby power to administer) testifying,

Anne primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 25.

That his Majesty's naval goods, stores, ammunition, or naval Naval stores provisions, or any part thereof, are conveyed into any ship or imbezilled and vessel whatsoever, and mentioning the name of such ship or board shall be veiled being at anchor, and not ready to fail that tide, within seized by warany of the roads, harbours, creeks or rivers within his Majesty's rant off the dominions, or any person or persons by their or one of their said treawarrant or warrants (in which warrant or warrants the quantity, or quality of fuch goods (hall be specified) thereunto authorized and appointed, in the day time, shall have full power and authority to go on board any such ship or vessel whatsoever, being within any of the places aforesaid; and in case resistance or refusal be made upon demand, to enter and break open the hatches and cabbins, or other places of such ship or vessel, and fearch therein for any fuch naval goods, stores, ammunition or provisions belonging to his Majesty's navy, which have been imbezilled, purloined and taken away; and the same to seize, take and carry away to any of his Majesty's yards or storehouses, to be applied to his Majesty's use, unless the said officers, and commissioners, upon hearing the matter, shall find they were unduly seized, and thereupon restore them to the party claiming the same, which they are hereby impowered to do.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Punishment of That every person or persons who shall counterfeit the hands of counterfeiting the treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the acts, or of the the hand of commissioners of the navy, or of any of them, or the hand or &c. hands of the figning or vouching officers of his Majesty's navy, ships or yards, or the hand or hands of any one or more of them, to any bill, ticket, or other papers, by virtue whereof his Majesty's naval treasure is or may be paid or disposed of, or shall knowingly produce any such counterfeit ticket, bill, or other paper, every such person or persons so offending, shall or may be lawfully committed to prison by the said officers or commissioners, or any one of them, until he shall find surety to appear at the next general affizes or quarter-sessions of the peace for the county, town or place where such offender shall be so committed to prison, to be there proceeded against according to law.

the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An C. 41. act for the better preventing the imbezilment of his Majesty's. stores of war, and preventing cheats, frauds and abuses in paying seamen's wages, among other things therein contained, reciting, That for a much as divers wicked persons for lucre and gain, had perfonated feamen who had really ferved, or were supposed to have ferved on board of his Majesty's ships, and thereby had received divers sums of his Majesty's money at the pay-office, or elsewhere, of his Ma-

jesty's officers appointed for payment of his Majesty's fleet and ships, in deseit as well of his Majesty as of the persons who had really served on board any of his Mujesly's ships; and had also for such wicked purposes forged and counterseited divers letters of attorney, or bills of sale, and affiguments, or lest wills, in the name or names of persons who

VII. And whereas by an act made in the ninth and tenth years of 9 & 10 W. 11

had really served, or were supposed to have served on board his Majesty's said ships; and had and did also procure daily divers men and women to personate, and divers wicked persons did of their own accord personate the wives, relations or creditors of such seamen, who bad or were supposed to have served on board of his Majesty's ships, and thereby had falfly taken out letters of administration to such seamon or seamen, having served or supposed to have served on board of his Majesty's ships, or had forged and counterfeited letters of attorney, bills of fale, or other authorities, in the names of the executors or administrators of such seamen, for the receipt of such wages as were due or supposed to be due to such seamen, having served or supposed to bave ferved, as aforesaid: for the prevention of which said wicked practices, it was thereby enacted, That all and every such person or persons, his, her or their aiders or abettors, that should be convicted of the said crimes and offences committed, from and after the twentyfourth day of June which was in the year of our Lord one thousand fix hundred ninety-eight, should for every such offence, over and above the penalties to be inflicted by any laws then in force, forfeit the sum of two hundred pounds, together with costs of prosecution: and whereas some doubts have arisen, whether any offender or offenders, who shall or may be convicted of some or one of the crimes or offences mentioned in the faid att, and shall not be convicted of all the same crimes and offences, shall, as the said act is penned, be subject and liable to the penalties in the said act imposed on such offenders: for explaining whereof, be it enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That all and every person and persons, his, her or their aiders or abettors, aider or abettor, that shall be convicted of all or any the crimes or offences aforesaid in the said last recited act mentioned shall, for every such crime or offence, over and above the penalties to be inflicted by any other law now in force, be fubject and liable to the pains and penalties inflicted by the faid last mentioned act, to be recovered and distributed as in the same recited act is mentioned.

Persons convicted of any the crimes in the recited act, shall be liable to the punishment thereby inflicted.

The judge may mitigate the penalties imposed by the faid act.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the judge, justice or justices, before whom such offender or offenders shall be tried or convicted of all or any the crimes or offences before mentioned, to mitigate the faid penalties and forfeitures by the same act imposed, according to his or their discretion, or in lieu thereof, to punish such offender or offenders in the premisses corporally, by causing him, her or them, to be publickly whipped and committed to some publick workhouse, there to be kept to hard labour for the space of three months, or less time, as to such judge, justice or justices, shall in his or their discretion seem meet; any thing in the said act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, ralty, &c. may That it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high admiral of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or the commissioners for executing the office of lord high admiral of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any one or more

The admiadminister oaths in cases relating to the receiving. of them, the fecretary or secretaries of the said lord high ad- &c. his Mamiral, or commissioners for executing the office of lord high jesty's treaadmiral for the time being, and to and for the treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the acts, and the commissioners of his Majesty's navy for the time being, or for any one or more of them, to administer an oath or oaths, in any case or cases relating to the receiving, keeping, issuing and accounting for any part of his Majesty's treasure, victuals, stores or provisions of his Majesty's navy, or for the preservation of due order and discipline therein, or in any other matter or thing relating to his Majesty's navy, or the affairs thereof.

X. And it is hereby further declared and enacted by the au- The treasurer thority aforesaid, That the said treasurer, comptroller, survey- of the navy, or, clerk of the acts, and the commissioners of the navy, for &c. may exethe time being, or any one or more of them, may execute all cute the powand every the powers hereby, or by any other law given them, ers hereby or any of them, on all and every the offenders aforesaid, in all as well within places as well within liberties as without; any law, statute, or-liberties as dinance, charter or privilege to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That no This act thall clause, sentence, or other matter in this act contained, shall re- not repeal, &c. peal, alter, change, or be interpreted to make void any of the the act of 22 clauses, matters or things, specified or contained in one act of Car. 2. c. 5. parliament made in the two and twentieth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for taking away the benefit of clergy from such as steal cloth from the rack. and from fuch as shall steal or imbezil bis Majesty's ammunition and flores; but that the same act shall remain in full force and virtue, for and notwithstanding any thing herein contained.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all and The admiralty every the powers hereby given to any officer or commissioner of may execute the navy, may be exercised by the lord high admiral of Great the powers in Britain and Ireland for the time being, or the commissioners for this act. executing the office of lord high admiral of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any one or more of them.

XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no per- None shall be fon or persons who shall be punished by virtue of this act, shall again punished by virtue of this act of the contract be punished by force of any other law for the same offence.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this present act, and also the said act made act 9 & 10 W. in the ninth year of the reign of his late Majesty King William 3. c. 41. shall the Third, shall be deemed, construed, allowed and taken no- be deemed tice of in all courts of law and equity, and by all judges and ju- publick acts. stices whatsoever, and in all other places and jurisdictions whatfoever, without pleading or fetting forth the same, as and for publick acts to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Convictions That all and every the convictions and judgments which shall on this act to be had, made or given in pursuance of this act, thall be final, be final. and not subject to any appeal or certiorari, nor be removed, superfeded or suspended thereby, or by any of them; any law,

same offence.

flatute or provision to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Persons sued

XVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority amay plead the foresaid, That if any person or persons shall at any time be sued general iffue, or profecuted for or on account of any matter or thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this act, or the said act made in the ninth year of the reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, he or they shall or may plead the general issue, and give this act and the said last mentioned act, and the special matter in evidence for his or their desence, and if upon a trial a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall be nonsuit, or discontinue his or their action or fuit, or judgment shall otherwise pass for the defenand shall reco-dant or defendants therein, then such defendant or defendants shall have double costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs, to be levied in such manner as costs in other actions may be levied.

ver double cofts.

The acts of c. 7. and 5 be in force during this act.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, 11 & 12 W. 3. That an act made in the eleventh year of the reign of his faid Ann. c. 34. to late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An ast for the more effectual suppressing of piracy, which was thereby to be in force for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament, after the expiration of the said seven years, and which by an act made in the fifth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for continuing the laws therein mentioned relating to the poor, and to the buying and felling of cattle in Smithfield, and for suppressing of piracy, was enacted to remain in full force for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament, shall from and after the said twenty ninth day of September next enfuing, be revived, and the fame is hereby enacted to be in force during the continuance of this act.

Duration of this act.

XVIII. Provided, That this act shall be in force for five years, and to the end of the next session of parliament, after the expiration of the faid five years, and no longer. Made perpetual by 9 Geo. 1. c.8. f. 3.

CAP. XXVI.

An all for continuing several laws therein mentioned relating to coals, hemp and flax, Irish and Scotch linen, and the ashze of bread; and for giving power to adjourn the quarter-sessions for the county of Anglesea, for the purposes therein mentioned.

[] HEREAS divers temporary laws which by experience have been found beneficial and useful, are expired or near expiring; therefore for continuing the same, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That an act made in the fession of parliament held in the ninth year

of the reign of the late Queen Anne, intituled, An act to dissolve The act of the present, and prevent the future combination of coal-owners, lighter- 9 Ann. c. 28. men, masters of soips, and others, to advance the price of coals, in made perpeprejudice of the navigation, trade and manufactures of this kingdom, and for the further encouragement of the coal trade, which was to continue for three years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament, which act was further continued by an act made in the first year of the reign of his present majesty King George, which will expire at the end of this session of parliament, shall be made perpetual.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The act of 12 an act made in the session of parliament, held in the eleventh & 12 W.3. and twelfth years of his late majesty King William the Third, in- c. 16. made tituled, An act for the better ascertaining the tithes of hemp and flax, perpetual which was to continue for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament; which act was further continued by an act made in the fixth year of her faid late ma- 6 Ann. c. 28. jesty Queen Anne, for seven years, from the expiration thereof; which act was further continued by an act made in the first year of his present majesty King George, and will expire at the end of this present session of parliament, shall be made perpetual.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The act of 3 & That so much of the act made in the third and fourth years of 4 Ann. c. 8. the reign of her said late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An all Farther contito permit the exportation of Irish linen cloth to the plantations, and to much by 3 Geo. probibit the importation of Scotch linen into Ireland, as relates to 1. c. 21. the liberty of exporting Irish linen to the West-Indies, shall continue and remain in full force for the term of one year, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The act of That an act made in the fession of parliament held in the eighth & Ann. c. 18. year of the reign of her faid late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, continued. An act to regulate the price and affize of bread, which was to conti-12 Geo. 2. C. 13. nue for three years, and from thence to the end of the next sef- 22Geo.2. c.46. sion of parliament; which act was further continued by the said act made in the first year of the reign of his present majesty King George, and will expire at the end of this present session of parliament, shall be, continue and remain in full force for the term of three years, and from thence to the end of the next session of

V. And whereas by the said all made in the eighth year of the reign 8 Ann. c.18. of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to regulate the price and affize of bread, a penalty of forty shillings is laid upon all persons baking or making bread for sale, or exposing to sale any bread wanting the due weight, or that should not be marked according to the direction of the said act; which said penalty hath by experience, been found to be too great a hardship, and tended very much to the oppression of the bakers, sometimes for very minute and inconsiderable defaults, and fuch as they (through the many accidents the faid trade is subject to) cannot always prevent some small diminution of weight, by being overbaked, stale, or one loaf sticking to another, while the other

The penalty repealed.

After 1 Sept. 2715. Bakers deficient in weight shall for every ounce forfeit

When profeeution to be.

Forfeiture to the informer, and to be re-

Peck loaves, according to the affizetable in 8 Annæ, c. 18.

1715. the prices of grain, &c. to oath before the lord mayor, &c.

hath the over-weight; and the mark put upon bread, by reason of the fermenting of the yest, becoming very often imperfect, and sometimes not apparent: for remedy of which hardships for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said penalty of in 8 Ann. c.18. forty shillings, mentioned in the said act for want of weight of bread, or not being marked, and upon no other account, according to the directions of the faid act, shall from and after the first day of September one thousand seven hundred and sifteen be repealed; and that from and after the faid first day of September, making bread if any baker, or other person or persons, baking or making bread for fale, or exposing bread to sale, shall bake, make, sell or expose to sale any bread which shall be deficient in weight (according to the affize of bread to be fet pursuant to the directions of 5 s. and want- the said recited act) to the amount of one ounce or more, he, ing less 28. 6d. she or they so doing, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for every offence forfeit and pay the fum of five shillings for every ounce of bread so wanting, and for any bread wanting any weight less than an ounce, the sum of two shillings and six pence; fuch bread being complained of and weighed before a magistrate, or justice or justices of peace, or before any person by him or them appointed, within twenty-four hours after the same shall be baked or exposed to sale within the cities of London and Westminster, and bills of mortality, and within three days in all other cities, towns or places, within that part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed; the faid forfeiture and forfeitures to be given to the use of the informer or informers, and to be adjudged, levied and recovered in such covered as by manner as the faid penalty of forty shillings is by the said act of 8 Ann. c. 18. the eighth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, to be adjudged, levied and recovered.

VI. And whereas in the said recited all of the eighth year of her faid Majesty's reign, there is no provision made for making and selling peck, half-peck, quartern, and half-quartern loaves, which some magistrates, pursuant to the power and authority to them given by the faid act, have thought fit to allow of and licence in some places, while others have thought fit not to allow of or licence the same: and forasmuch as several of his Majesty's subjects, are desirous to have such fort &c. to be made of bread, be it therefore further declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every baker or bakers shall and may, from and after the faid first day of September, one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, make, bake, fell, and expose to fale, peck, half-peck, quartern, and half-quartern loaves, so as the same are made and fold, both as to weight and price, in proportion to the affize-table contained in the faid former act.

VII. And to the intent that the affixe of bread may be truly fet, at-After Sept. 1. cording to the real prices of wheat, meal, or flour, whereof such bread is made; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid first day of September one thousand seven be certified on hundred and fifteen, every time the affize is or shall be altered, according to the powers by the faid recited act given, the prices of grain, meal, and flour in the adjacent markets where such

e shall be set (the said prices to be ascertained according to Vinchester measure) shall, from time to time, be given in and ified upon oath before the faid lord mayor and aldermen of city of London, or to the faid chief magistrate or magistrates, affices, who by the faid act are respectively authorized and owered to fet such assize, by the clerk or clerks of the respecadjacent market, or such other person or persons as the said istrate shall appoint; fo that they may set the assize accordy, and make such a reasonable allowance to the bakers for The assize of r charges, pains, and livelyhood, as heretofore has been ac-bread for omed; and that the affize of bread for the city of London and London, &c. kly bills of mortality (the city of Westminster and liberties &c. excepted) eof, the borough of Southwark and weekly bills of mortality to be let by he county of Surrey, excepted) shall, from time to time, be the court of by the court of lord mayor and aldermen of the city of Lon-lord mayor or by the lord mayor of the faid city, for the time being, and aldermen. order of the faid court; any thing in the faid former act conned to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the second year he reign of King Edward the Sixth, intituled, An act for keepof the great sessions, quarter-sessions, and county-courts at town of Beaumaris in the county of Anglesea: it was enacted, t as well the great sessions of the said county of Anglesea, as all Dyer 135. every shire, and county-day or days, and sessions of the peace, to Pl. 24. volden for the said county of Anglesea, shall be bolden and kept bin the said town of Beaumaris, and within the liberties of the e town, and not elsewhere, except as in the said act is excepted; grant, law, usage, or prescription theretofore bad, obtained, or l, in any wife to the contrary notwithstanding: be it nevertheless eby enacted, That it shall be lawful for the justices of the The justices ce of the faid county of Anglesea, to adjourn the quarter-sel- may adjourn is to be holden for the faid county, from time to time, to the quarterother part of the faid county, as to them shall seem meet selfions of Anconvenient, for the ease and benefit of such as shall be oblige ease of such as to take the oaths appointed by law to be taken to his Maje- shall take the his heirs and fuccessors, and to and for no other use, in-oaths. t, or purpose whatsoever.

(Westminster,

CAP. XXVII.

ast for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent in the terms of the union; and for relief of the creditors of the publick in Scotland, and the commissioners of the equivalent.

THEREAS by the fifteenth article contained in the acts for Reciting the union of the two kingdoms of England and Scotland, it is re- 15th article in d or mentioned, That by the terms of the treaty for the said union, the union at. subjects of Scotland, for preserving an equality of trade throughthe united kingdom, would be liable to several customs and excises payable in England, which would be applicable towards payment he debts of England contracted before the union; and it was a-

greed, that Scotland should have an equivalent for what the subjects thereof should be so charged towards payment of the said debts of England, in all particulars what soever, in manner therein mentioned, viz. That the sum of three hundred ninety-eight thousand eightyfive pounds and ten shillings should be granted to ber late Majesty by the parliament of England, for the uses therein mentioned, being the equivalent to be answered to Scotland, for such parts of the said cufloms and excises upon all exciseable liquors, with which that kingdom was to be charged upon the union, as would be applicable to the payment of the said debts of England, according to the proportions which the then present customs in Scotland, being thirty thousand pounds per annum, did bear to the customs in England, computed at one million three hundred forty-one thousand five bundred fifty-nine pounds per annum; and which the then present excises on exciseable liquors in Scotland, being thirty-three thousand five hundred pounds per annum, did bear to the excises on exciseable liquors in England, computed at nine hundred forty-seven thousand six hundred and two pounds per annum; and in regard that after the union, Scotland becoming hable to the said customs and duties payable on import and export, and to the same excises on all exciseable liquers, as in England, as well upon that account, as upon the account of the encrease of trade and people, the faid revenues would much improve beyond the before-mentioned annual values thereof, of which no estimate could then be made: yet nevertheless, for the reasons aforesaid, it is in the said article declared. That a proportionable equivalent ought to be answered to Scotland; and it was thereby agreed, That after the union there should be an account kept of the said duties arising in Scotland, to the end it might appear what ought to be answered to Scotland, as an equivalent for such proportion of the said encrease as should be applicable to the payment of the debts of England: and for the further and more effectual answering the several ends mentioned in that article; it was agreed. That from and after the union the whole encrease of the revenues of customs and duties on export and import, and excises upon exciseable liquors in Scotland, over and above the annual produce of the faid respective duties, as above stated, should go and be applied for the term of seven years to the uses therein mentioned; and that upon the faid account there should be answered to Scotland annually, from the end of seven years after the union, an equivalent in proportion to such parts of the faid encrease, as should be applicable to the debts of England; and generally that an equivalent should be answered to Scotland, for fuch parts of the English debts as Scotland might thereafter become liable to pay by reason of the union, other than such for which appropriations had then been made by parliament in England, of the customs, or other duties on export and import, or excises on all exciseable liquors; in respect of which debts, equivalents were therein before provided: and by the said fifteenth article it was provided, That the said sum of three hundred ninety-eight thousand eighty-five pounds and ten shillings, and also the whole increase of the faid revenues of customs, duties and excises, above the then present value, which should arise in Scotland during the said term of seven years; together with the equivalent which should become due upon the improve-

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 27. 1714.

ment thereof in Scotland after the said term; and also as to all other fums which, according to the agreements therein mentioned, should become payable to Scotland by way of equivalent for what that kingdom should thereafter become liable towards payment of the debts of England, should be applied to the respective uses therein mentioned; and ber late Majesty was thereby impowered to appoint commissioners for the purposes therein mentioned; which commissioners should be impowered to call for, receive and dispose the monies aforesaid, and to inspect the books of the several collectors of the said revenues, and of all other duties from whence an equivalent might arise; and the collectors and managers of the said revenues and duties were thereby obliged to give to the said commissioners subscribed authentick abbreviates of the produce of such revenues and duties arising in their respective districts; and that the said commissioners, should have their office within the limiss of Scotland, and should in such office keep books containing accounts of the amount of the equivalents, and how the same should have been disposed of from time to time, which might be inspected by any of the subjects desiring the same: and whereas the said sum of three hundred ninety-eight thousand eighty-five pounds and ten skillings was duly paid to Scotland, to be applied to the faid uses, according to the act of union, and other acts of parliament fince made in that behalf; and her said late Majesty, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, did appoint commissioners for the purposes aforesaid, but the said commissioners, by reason of several difficulties, and particularly for want of the proper vouchers and accounts, whereby the debts of England incurred before the union, and for which provision has been made since the treaty of union, might be distinguished from the charges and service of the several following years, could not keep such books as the faid article directed: for remedy whereof be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and con- The King fent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this may appoint present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, commissioners That commissioners shall be appointed and authorized to the for stating the purposes after mentioned; which commissioners his Majesty is equivalent. hereby impowered to nominate and appoint under the great seal of Great Britain, with such salaries to the commissioners, and allowances for clerks, and incident charges, as his Majesty shall think fit, for taking, examining and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of equivalent; which commissioners are hereby impowered and authorized to issue their precepts to all officers whatfoever, imployed or to be imployed in The committhe managing, collecting, receiving or paying the publick reve- fioners may nue, or in rendring, controlling or auditing the accounts of the iffue precepts fame, to give such accounts and abbreviates duly signed, as to of the publick these commissioners shall appear necessary for that purpose; and revenues. particularly the faid commissioners are hereby authorized to take and state the accounts of what equivalents and increase have And state the become due to Scotland, according to the agreements in the faid accounts from treaty, from the commencement of the union to the first day of the union to May one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, and of the application of the monies levied in Great Britain, in the several

years fince the union, distinguishing the parts which have been applied for payment of the debts of England incurred before the union, from such parts as have been for the service of the united kingdom in the several subsequent years, and of all publick monies that by any ways or means whatfoever have arifen and were due and payable in Scotland, during the first seven years after the union, according to the faid treaty of union, and of all arrears yet standing out proper to the account of that time; and also of the publick money due and payable for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven, or before that time, which has fince been paid, or is still standing out; and of the civil and military establishment for that year; and in like manner of what monies have been advanced and paid out of the treafury of England towards making up the actual expence which should have been provided for by the parliament of Scotland, and of the state of the revenues of both nations, as computed at the time of the treaty, and for the several years since; as also to take and state what proportion of the increase of the customs and excise of Scotland, over and above the annual produce of these respective duties, as stated in the sisteenth article of union, are and will, after the expiration of the term of feven years mentioned in that article, be applicable to the payment of the debts of England contracted before the union; and to take and state an account of what parts of the duties imposed since the union, are and will be applicable to the payment of the like debts incurred before that time, and generally to specify the parts and proportions of the revenue of Scotland, and every branch thereof, which are and will be applicable to the payment of the faid debts in England, in consequence of the appropriations made since the treaty of union and the time of the continuance of these appropriations, to the end that a true and just state and account of all these matters may be made up pursuant to the agreements in the faid treaty of union, according to the true meaning and intent thereof, and a report thereof may be laid before the King and both houses of parliament, for their final determination thereupon.

nifter oaths.

II. And it is further enacted, That the faid commissioners, ers may admi- or any two of them, shall and may, and are hereby impowered and authorized to administer an oath to the proper officers from whom they receive any accounts or abbreviates, as to the truth and justness of such accounts, to the best of their knowledge.

How long the commission in force.

III. And it is hereby declared, That this commission, together with the powers hereby granted, shall continue in full force shall continue and virtue from the issuing thercof, during the space of one whole year, and till the end of the then next session of parliament, to the intent and purpose that the accounts between the two nations, upon the agreements in the treaty of union, may be fully stated, and laid before his Majesty and both houses of parliament, as aforefaid.

IV. Provided always, That none of the faid officers or per-Officers not obliged to tra- fons, who are hereby required to obey such precepts of the said

commissioners, as aforesaid, shall be obliged, for doing thereof, vel farther to travel further than the cities of London, Westminster, and Edin-than London or Edinburgh. burgh, or any of them.

V. Provided also, That if the said commissioners, in the ex-Difficulties in ecution of this act, shall meet with difficulties in points of law, point of law to the fame shall be specially stated in their report for determination be stated by in parliament.

the commis-

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That fioners. any two of the faid commissioners, before they enter upon the Commission. execution of this act, shall take an oath before the lord high ers to be chancellor of Great Britain, or master of the rolls, (which oath sworn: they, or either of them, are hereby respectively authorized and required to administer to them;) the tenor whereof shall be as followeth:

A. B. do sivear, That, according to the best of my skill and know- The oath. ledge, I shall faithfully, impartially and truly demean myself, in taking, examining and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of equivalent, according to the agreements in the treaty of union, and in all matters and things, brought, or to be brought before me, in execution of an act, intituled, An act for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of equivalent in the terms of the union, and for relief of the creditors of the publick in Scotland, and the commissioners of the equivalent.

And every other of the faid commissioners to be appointed by his Majesty, pursuant to this act, before he enters upon the execution of the faid act, shall likewise take the same oath before the faid commissioners, who are hereby authorized and required to administer the same to them, after having taken the said oath themselves, as aforesaid.

VII. And for the relief of the creditors of the publick in Scotland, and of the commissioners of the equivalent, until the accounts herein after mentioned are taken and stated, according to the true meaning of this act: be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the lords commissioners of the treasury, or lord high treasurer The treasury for the time being, shall and may, on or before the first day of may issue November one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, issue their or 15,822 l. 8 s. his order or orders for the navment of a sum not exceeding 66 his order or orders for the payment of a fum not exceeding fif-commissioners teen thousand eight hundred twenty-two pounds eight shillings of equivalent and seven pence three farthings, to the commissioners of equiva- in Scotland. lent in Scotland for the time being, or any person or persons to be appointed by them, or any two of them, out of any monies arisen or to arise by the said revenues of customs and excise of Scotland, or either of them; which fum of fifteen thousand eight hundred twenty-two pounds eight shillings and seven pence for payment three farthings, shall be applied by the said commissioners of of one year's equivalent, and they are hereby directed and required to apply interest, the same, for payment of one year's interest, viz. from the twenty-third of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen,

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stated due to the creditors of the publick in Scotland, by 12 Ann. Rat. 2. C. 13.

And for payment of the Lalaries :

The faid fum to be brought into account.

Commissioners thall incur no penalties, &c.

to the twenty-fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, of the capital fum of two hundred thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine shillings and ten pence, and five fixth parts of one peny, stated due to the said creditors of the publick in Scotland on the twenty-fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, by an act of the twelfth year of her late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to discharge and acquit the commissioners of equivalent for the sum of three hundred eighty-sut thousand five hundred and nine pounds fifteen shillings and ten peace is if pany, by them duly issued out of the sum of three hundred nineryeight thousand eighty-five pounds and ten shillings, which they receivment or the commissioners ed; and for the payment of the salaries of the said commissioners of equivalent, and of the fees and falaries of their fervants, and necessary charges, from the said twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the twenty-fourth day of 'June one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; which sum so to be advanced and paid to the said commissioners of the equivalent for the purposes aforesaid, thall be brought into the accounts to be taken and stated by the said commissioners to be appointed by this act, and chargeable upon any monies which now are or hereafter shall be found due to Scotland.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforelaid, That none of the commissioners to be appointed purfuant to this act, shall incur any penalties, forfeiture, incapacity or disability whatsoever, for putting this act in execution. Vide 3 Geo. 1. 1.14. & 5 Geo. 1. 1. 20.

CAP. XXVIII.

An all for repealing an all, intituled, An all for repealing part of an act passed in the parliament of Scotland, intituled, Ast for discharging the Yule vacance.

10 Ann. c. 13. TATHEREAS by an act passed in the tenth year of her late majejly Queen Anne, of bleffed memory, intituled, An act for repealing part of an act passed in the parliament of Scotland, intituled, An for discharging the Yule vacance; it was enatted and deslared, That the Christmas vacation of the softion or college of justice, and all other inferior courts of justice in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall yearly, in all time coming, continue and endure from the twentieth day of December to the tenth of January, both inclusive: and whereas also the said vacation has been by experience found to be a great interruption to the course of business and administrotion of justice, and greatly prejudicial to the subjects of that part of Great Britain: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excollent majesty, by and with the a lvice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same. That the aforesaid act passed in the tenth year of her late majety Queen Anne. shall be and is hereby repealed and made void.

The 2ct 10 Ann. c. 13. repealed.

CAP. XXIX.

An act for allowing a time for two hundred and thirteen families of protestant Palatines, now settled in Ireland, to take the oaths, in order to intitle them to all the benefits intended them by the act of the seventh year of her late Majesty's reign, for naturalizing foreign protestants. E X P.

Anno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ, primo.

A T the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster, Note; The the seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one stile of the thousand seven hundred and sourteen, in the first year of the following acts reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE, by the Grace of is the same as God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender without any of the saith, &c. being the first session of this present parliament: and from thence continued by several adjournments to the ninth day of January one thousand seven hundred and sistem, in the second year of his Majesty's reign.

CAP. XXX.

An act for continuing the act of this present session, intituled, An act to impower his Majesty to secure and detain such persons as his Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against his person and government. EXP.

CAP. XXXI.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen. EXP. 4s. in the pound, EXP.

CAP. XXXII.

An act to attaint John earl of Mar, William Murray, Efq; commonly called marquess of Tullibardine, James earl of Linlithgow, and James Drummond, Efq; commonly called lord Drummond, of high treason.

CAP. XXXIII.

An all for the more easy and speedy trial of such persons as bave levied or shall levy war against his Majesty.

WHEREAS a horrid and unnatural rebellion and war has been openly and traiterously raised and levied against his Majesty within this realm, and is still continued, with design to depose and murder his most sacred Majesty, and to set a popula pretender, bred up and instructed in Romish superstition and arbitrary principles, on the throne of these realms: and whereas great numbers of such as have joined in the said rebellion, have been, by his Majesty's vigilance and care, lately seized, and for safer custody necessarily distributed into several prisons in different counties: and whereas many of the chief of the said rebels have been, in order to lay open and discover the soundations and causes of the said rebellion and treasons, with much trouble and expense to the crown, brought up to London, and parts adjacent,

in order to be examined: and forasmuch as bills of indiffment, as the law now stands, are to be sound in the counties where the said treasms are committed: but as it will be very inconvenient to the publick justice of the nation, that the judges should remain so long in the said counties as will be necessary for the trying of the said offenders, so it will be very burthensome and gricvous to the freeholders of the same counties to attend so many trials as may be necessary to be had for the safety of the publick: to the end therefore that the said offenders may not conceive any hope of impunity from the distance of the several counties subsere the said treasons are committed, or from any power or interest they may have therein, and that justice may more speedily and securely be administred against the said offenders, and proper examples made, in such seasonable time as may be a means to suppress the remains of the said rebellion, and preserve the peace and tranquillity of these kingdoms: be it enacted, &c.

All persons in custody for high treason before Jan. 23, 1716, may be tried in such shire as his Majesty shall direct. And no challenge for the shire shall be allowed. Peers shall be tried by their peers. The place of indistreent or trial not to be altered, unless the persons indistred have been in actual rebellion. EXP.

CAP. XXXIV.

An act for preventing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters. EXP.

CAP. XXXV.

An act to appoint a commissioner for taking, examining and stating the debts due to the army, in the room of Thomas Smith, Esq; deceased; and for continuing the former act until the tenth day of March one thousand seven hundred and sixteen. EXP.

CAP. XXXVI.

An alt for charging and continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and sixteen; and for compelling several receivers to finish and clear their accounts; and for making duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lottery-tickets and orders, lost, burnt or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims to certain benefit-tickets; and for allowing the charge of executing the lottery-all, for the fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten; and for recovering monics of several land-taxes, resting in the bands of collectors or constables at St. Albans; and for preventing frauds in the duties upon sope; and for limiting & time for persons who have certain annuities for life or lives, to demand the payments thereupon at the Exchequer; and for preventing frauds in the duties relating to printed and painted paper, callicoes, and other things therein mentioned.

For preventing frauds in the duties up- things, for laying several duties upon all sope made in Great Britain,

or imported into the same: it is enacted, That if any makers of sope 10 Ann. c.19. shall fraudulently hide or conceal, or cause to be hid or concealed, any lett. 18. sope chargeable by the said act, or any the materials for making the same, to the intent to deceive her Majesty of the just duties by the said all granted, that then, and in every fuch case, the party so offending sball forfeit for every such offence the sum of twenty pounds: and whereas by one other act made in the twelfth year of the reign of her faid late Majesty, amongst other things, for laying additional duties on 12 Ann. stat.se sope, farther duties are granted upon sope; and by the said last men- c. 9. tioned att it is amongst other things enacted, That all the powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties and forfeitures, chauses, matters and things what soever, contained in the said ast of the tenth year of ber said Majesty's reign, for raising, receiving, levying, recovering, securing and paying the said duties on sope, as are by the said last mentioned att charged with new or additional duties thereupon, should be continued, practifed and put in execution, for raising, receiving, levying, recovering, securing and paying the same new or additional duties by the faid last mentioned act granted, and all arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if they were particularly and at large repeated in the body of the faid last mentioned act; except in such cases only where any alteration therein is specially made by the faid last mentioned act, as by the said several acts more at large may appear: and whereas the penalties by the before-mentioned acts provided, to prevent the hiding and concealing of sope, have by experience been found ineffectual, and not sufficient to prevent or restrain the fraudulent hiding and concealing thereof, in regard the duties of one boiling of sope so hid and concealed, may and often do amount to fifty pounds or more, whereby some ill-disposed persons have been encouraged and induced to hide and conceal several great quantities of fope, to the great diminution of the revenues arising by the duties laid upon sope, and to the great discouragement of other fair traders and makers of sope, who duly pay the full duties upon sope, according to the true intent and meaning of the said several recited acts: for remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That After 16 April

if at any time after the fixteenth day of April in the year of our 1716. conceal-Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, any maker of ing sope, &c. Tope shall fraudulently hide and conceal, or cause to be hid or and the spe. concealed, any sope chargeable by the said several recited acts, or any the materials for making the same, to the intent to deceive his Majesty of the just duties by the said acts granted, that then and in every such case the party or parties offending, shall forfeit the fum of five hundred pounds for every such offence,

and also all the sope so hid and concealed.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Penalty how That the penalties for hiding and concealing of sope, and ma- to be sued for, terials for making of sope, by this act imposed, shall and may &c. be fued for, recovered, levied and mitigated by fuch ways and means and methods, as any penalty or forfeiture imposed by any of the laws of excise may be sued for, recovered, levied and mitigated; and that one moiety of such penalties and forfeitures shall be for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and

the other moiety for the use of the person or persons that shall inform or fue for the fame.

Clause for lifor persons quer.

XVI. And whereas by an act passed in the third year of the reign miting a time of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for raising mowho have an nies by fale of leveral annuities, for carrying on the present war, nuities for life it was enacted, That it should and might be lawful to and for any peror lives, to de- fon or perfons, natives or foreigners, to contribute, advance and pay mand the pay- into the receipt of her then faid Majefty's Exchequer for her Mijefty's at the Exchein that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole 3&4Ann. c.2. the sum of eight hundred seventy-seven thousand nine hundred and thirty pounds ninteeen shillings and three pence, for purchasing such several and respective annuities for ninety-nine years as are therein mentioned: and whereas liberty was given by the faid att of the third year of her faid late Majuly, That any person or persons being as original contributors, or by mesne assignments, or by any either lawful ways and means, entitled to any estate for one, two or three lives in 8 & 3 Ann. c. 3. being, of or in any annuity purchased or obtained upon an act of the fecond year of the reign of her said late Majesly, intituled, An act for granting an aid to her Majesty for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, by selling annuities at several rates, and for such respective terms or estates as are therein mentioned, for changing or converting the faid estate for one, two or three lives, into a certain term for ninety-nine years, upon and for the confiderations therein expressed: and whereas some of the nominees for whose lives some of the said annuities are held, are foreigners, or live in foreign or remote parts of this kingdom, so as that they cannot be found or beard of; and that the parties that are or were entitled to fuch annuities do not come or fend to demand the faid annuities, whereby it is become uncertain whether such nominees he living or dead, or were so at the time of purchasing such reversions, whereby the titles of the purchasers of such reversions are become, and will become disputable: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in case any of the said annuity or annuities (whereupon the reversion or reversions were or shall be purchased, as aforefaid) have not, or shall not be demanded at the Exchequer for the space of two years next after the same did become, or shall become payable; and in case certificates of the life and lives of any nominee or nominees, upon whose life or lives any annuities do depend, have not been, or shall not be produced to the officers of his Majesty's Exchequer, or sufficient proof made thereof, according to the rules prescribed by former acts, within two years next after the faid annuities have or shall from time to time become payable; then and from thenceforth, and from and after the expiration of the faid two years, fuch nominee and nominately of whose life or lives no such certificate hath been or shall be produced, or proof made, as aforefaid, shall be taken to be dead, and the perion or perions that hath purchased, or shall hereafter purchase such reversion or reversions of such annuity or annuities, expectant upon the death of such nomines pr nominees, of whose life or lives no such certificate hath or

shall be produced, or proof made, as aforesaid, shall receive the faid respective annuity and annuities, from time to time, until fuch certificates shall be produced, or proof made, and shall not be accountable for such part of the said annuity as he shall then have actually received for default of such certificate or proof: any thing in this, or in any former act or acts of parliament

contained to the contrary notwithstanding. XVII. And for the more effectual preventing frauds relating to After 1 June.

the duty laid upon printing, painting, or staining paper to serve for 1716. before hangings or other uses: be it further enacted by the authority a- paper be foresaid, That from and after the first day of June one thousand painted, officer to take acseven hundred and fixteen, before any such paper shall be print-count of the ed, painted or stained, the officers for the said duties on such quantities and printed, painted or stained paper, as aforesaid, shall be permit-dimensions, ted to take accounts of the quantities and dimensions of all pa-and stamp the per for printing, painting or staining, which at any time or times shall be in the custody or possession of any such printer, painter or stainer, and upon taking such account thereof, shall mark or stamp every sheet and piece thereof with a stamp or seal already provided, or hereafter to be provided, in pursuance of the act 10 Ann. c. 19. for granting of the faid duties for the marking or stamping of filks, callicoes, linens or stuffs, printed, painted, stained or died, thereby to denote that such account has been taken of such pa- Such paper per; and in case any officer or officers shall miss any quantity missing, officer or quantities of such paper whereof he had before taken such ac- to charge it counts, and shall not upon reasonable demand receive satisfac-with the dution what is become of the same, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for such officer to charge such printer, painter or stainer of paper, with the duties of such paper so missing, as if the same were actually printed, painted or stained,

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Paper remov-That no person or persons, who shall print, paint, stain or dye ed before any paper chargeable with the said duty, shall remove, carry stamping. or fend away, or fuffer to be removed, carried or fent away, any paper by him, her or them printed, painted or stained respectively, until such time as the proper officer shall have taken an account of every particular quantity of such paper so to be carried away, and until every particular piece and parcel of fuch paper shall be duly marked with such stamp or seal, as aforesaid, denoting the charging of the faid duty, on pain to forfeit twenty pounds for every such offence; and that all the printed, forfeits 201 painted or flained paper, so carried away without being marked &c. with such stamp or seal denoting the charging the said duty, and being found in the possession of any stationer, or other trader or dealer therein, or of any other person or persons for the use of such stationer, trader or dealer for sale, shall and may be seised and recovered, one moiety thereof for the use of his Majesty, his

heirs and successors, and the other moiety for the use of the

feilor or informer.

XIX. And whereas several stationers, merchants, and other traders Dealers in and dealers in paper, have or may have on the first day of June one thou- painted paper T 4

to give in a particular of their flock in hand to x June 1716.

Sand seven hundred and sixteen, for sale, either by wholesale or retail, respective stocks or quantities of such printed, painted or stained paper, which have already been duly charged with the faid duty, but are not marked with any stamp or seal, denoting the charging thereof: be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every merchant, stationer, trader and dealer in such paper, having on the faid first day of June one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, in his, her or their custody or possession, or in the custody or possession of any other person or persons, for his, her or their benefit, use or account, any stock, parcel or quantity of paper so printed, painted or stained, being for sale, shall On penalty of (upon pain of forfeiting for every neglect the fum of thirty pounds) deliver or cause to be delivered, on or before the faid first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, at the

> office for the faid duties, next to the place and places respectively, where such stock shall or may happen to be, a particular in writing figned by themselves or their appointments, of their feveral stocks before-mentioned, describing the whole quantities and kinds thereof distinctly, to the end and intent that the same may be duly stampt and marked with such stamp or seal, denoting the charging the said duties; and the officers for the said

> shops, warehouses, or other places whatsoever, belonging to or

used by such merchants, stationers, and other traders and dealers in such printed, painted and stained paper, as aforesaid, there to view the same, and to take an account thereof; and upon doing thereof, are hereby impowered and required to mark or stamp the same, with such stamp or seal, denoting the charging

30 l.

Officers may enter into any duties are hereby authorized and impowered to enter into any fhop, &c. to view,

and to stamp the same.

Refuling entrance forfeits 100l.

the faid duties; and all and every such merchants, stationers, and other traders and dealers in such printed, painted or stained paper, shall be obliged by force and virtue of this act, (if thereunto required) to permit and fuffer the proper officer and officers for the faid duties, to make such entrance and view, as aforefaid, and to take such account and accounts, and so to mark fuch paper; and if any person or persons shall refuse to permit fuch officer or officers to enter into their thops, warehouses and other places (being thereunto required) there to view and take fuch account and accounts, and to mark and stamp such stocks of fuch printed, painted or stained paper, as aforesaid, or any part thereof, then every such person, for every such resusal, shall forfeit the fum of one hundred pounds.

Penalties how

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, to be fued for. That all fines, penalties and forfeitures by this act imposed, relating to the faid duties on paper, shall be fued for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated, by fuch ways, means and methods, as any fine, penalty or forfeiture, is or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excise, or by action of debta bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or the court of session, court of justiciary, or court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one moiety of every such fine, penalty and forfeiture, shall be to his Majesty,

Anno primo GEORGII I. Stat. 2. C. 37. 1714.

Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him, her or them, that shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

XXI. And whereas several persons do travel in several parts of Persons printthis kingdom, and print, paint, stain or dye filks, callicoes, linens and ing filks, &c. at any other stuffs, but remove from the places where they so print, paint, stain or place than the dye the same, to parts remote, without paying any duty for the same, place of their by means whereof the said duties are lost and cannot be recovered: for usual resisemedy whereof, be it further enacted by the authority afore-dence, to faid, That from and after the first day of June one thousand cular entry of seven hundred and fixteen, where any person or persons shall the sikes, &c. take upon him, her or them, to print, paint, stain, or dye any before printfilks, callicoes, linens or stuffs, at any other place than the place ing. of his, her, or their usual residence, or exercise of his, her or their trade, all such persons shall, before he, she or they print, paint, stain or dye any such filks, callicoes, linens or stuffs, make a particular entry of all fuch filks, callicoes, linens, or stuffs so by him, her or them intended to be printed, painted, stained or dyed, with the officer for the faid duties of the division or place where he, she and pay down or they shall so intend to print, paint, stain or dye the same, and the duties. pay down to the faid officer all the duties charged, or which would be due for fuch goods so intended to be printed, painted, stained or dyed, upon printing, painting, staining or dying the same, before he, she or they proceed to print, paint, stain or dye such goods, or any part thereof; and if such person or persons shall print, paint, stain or dye any fuch filks, callicoes, linens or stuffs, without making such entry, and paying down the duties thereof, as aforelaid, the person or persons offending therein shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of fifty pounds, to be re- On penalty of covered and levied as aforefaid; and moreover all fuch filks, 50 L callicoes, linens and stuffs so printed, painted, stained or dyed, without such entry and payment of duty, as aforesaid, shall be, and may be feifed immediately by fuch officer; one moiety of fuch penalties and forfeitures to be paid to his Majesty, his heirs and fucceffors, and the other moiety to the person or persons that shall sue or inform for the same.

CAP. XXXVII.

An act to enable his Majesty to grant the regalities and lands now re-maining in the crown in North Wales and South Wales, and county of Chester, to his royal highness the prince of Wales, in such manuer and form as the principality of Wales and earldom of Chefter have formerly been granted to the princes of Wales; and also to enable his said royal highness to make leases of lands, parcel of his royal highness dutchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same.

It shall be lawful for his Majesty to grant to the prince, all the honours, castles, &c. belonging to the crown, in Wales, Monmouth, and the county palatine of Chester. His Majesty may grant to the said prince the like jurisdiction, &c. as King James I. granted to Prince Henry, &c. The prince may make leases, &c. of the premisses, for 31 years or three lives. All leases and grants made by his royal highness, of any manors, &c. in the dutchy of Cornwall shall be good. Proviso, that such leases, &c. be made only for 31 years or three lives, and not dispunishable of waste, and that the usual rent be reserved, and where there has been no such rent, the aoth part of the value shall be reserved. EXP.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An all for enlarging the time of continuance of parliaments, appointed by an act made in the fixth year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for the frequent meeting and calling of parliaments.

6 W. & M. c. 2. WHEREAS in and by all of parliament made in the fixth year of the reign of their late Majestie: King William and Queen Mary (of ever bleffed memory) intituled, An act for the frequent meeting and calling of parliaments: it was, among other things enacted, That from thenceforth no parliament whatsoever, that should at en time then after be called, affembled or beld, should have any continuance longer than for three years only at the farthest, to be accounted from the day on which by the writ of fummons the faid parliament should be appointed to meet: and whereas it has been found by experience, that the said clause hath proved very grievous and burthensame, by eccofioning much greater and more continued expenses in order to elections of members to serve in parliament, and more violent and lasting beats and animofities among the subjects of this realm, than were ever known before the said clause was enacted; and the said provision, if it should continue, may probably at this juncture, when a refilefs and popul faction are designing and endeavouring to renew the rebellion muthin this kingdom, and an invasion from abroad, be destructive to the peace and security of the government: be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That this present parliament, and all parliaments that shall at any time hereafter be called, affembled or held, shall and may respectively have continuance for feven years, and no longer, to be accounted from the day on which by the writ of fummons this present parliament hath been, or any future parliament shall be, appointed to meet, unless this present, or any such parliament hereafter to be summoned, shall be sooner dissolved by his Majesty, his heirs or fuccessors.

Parliaments fhall have continuance for seven years, unless sooner diffolved by the King.

CAP. XXXIX.

An all to indemnify such persons who bave alted in defence of bis Majesty's person and government, and for the preservation of the publick peace of this kingdom, in and about the time of the late unnatural rebellion, from vexatious suits and prosecutions.

THEREAS in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, as well in the time of, as before the unnotural rebellion, which begun in er about the months of September or October in the same year, divers lord lieutenants, deputy lieutenants, justices of the peace, mayors, bailiffs of corporations, constables, and other officers and persons well-affected to his Majesty and his government, in order to preserve our present bappy establishment, and the piace of this kingdom, and to suppress and put an end to the said rebellion, apprehended and put into sustady, and imprisoned several criminais, and several persons, who they suspected might disturb the publick peace, or foment or promote riots, tumults, rebellions, or evil defigns against the government; and also seized and used several borses, arms, and other things, and also pressed divers herses, carts and carriages, for the service of the publick; and did for the purposes aforesaid enter into the houses and possessions of several persons, and did quarter and cause to be quartered divers soldiers and others in the houses of divers persons; and did divers acts which could not be justified by the strict forms of law, and yet were necessary, and so much for the service of the publick, that they ought to be justified by ast of parliament, and the persons by whom they were transacted ought to be indemnified: be it therefore enacted by the King's most All personal excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords actions, &c. spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament for any thing assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all personal done in order actions and suits, and all molestations and prosecutions whatso-rebellion in ever, and judgments thereupon (if any be) for or by reason of 1715. shall be the premisses, or of any other matter or thing advised, com-discharged. manded, appointed, or done in the said year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, in order to suppress the said unnatural rebellion, or for the prefervation of the publick peace, or for the service or safety of the government, be, are, and shall be discharged and made void by virtue of this act: and if any And if comaction or fuit hereby discharged, or intended to be discharged, menced again shall be commenced or prosecuted, every person so sued may the person sued plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter general issue, in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall become nonsuit, or for- &c. bear further profecution, or fuffer discontinuance, or if a verdict pass against him, the said defendant shall recover his double Double cons. costs, for which he shall have the like remedy as in case where costs by law are given to defendants.

CAP. XL.

An act for the free importation of cochineal, during the time therein limited. EXP.

For nine months after March 31, 1716. Cochineal may be imported in any vessel and from any port.

CAP. XLI.

An act for giving liberty to persons who have served their apprenticeships to any part of the woollen manufacture in Colchester, to work at their faid trades, and at the making bays within the faid town.

Persons having served apprenticeships in Colchester, in any branch of the woollen manufacture, may follow the trade of baymaking in the said town. Saving to the governors of the Dutch bay-hall there, their rights, &cc. Persons having used the trade for seven years may continue to use it.

CAP. XLII,

An act for the attainder of George earl of Marischall, William earl of Seaforth, James earl of Southesque, James earl of Panmuir, and others, of high treason, unless they shall render themselves to justice by a day certain therein mentioned.

CAP. XLIII.

An act to continue duties for encouraging the coinage of money; and to charge the duties on senna as a medicinal drug; and for the appropriating several supplies granted to bis Majesty.

TAY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas great bene-L fit and advantage did accrue to England by one act of parliement passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of his majesty King 18 Car. 2. C. 5. Charles the Second, intituled, An act for encouraging of coinage, and continued by another ast made in the twenty fifth year of the reign of his faid majefly King Charles, intituled, An act for continuing a former act concerning coinage; both which said acts were revived by an act made in the first year of the reign of his majesty 1 Jac. 2. C. 7. 4 & 5 W. & M. King James the Second, and were continued by an act made in the c. 14. fourth year of King William and Queen Mary; of bleffed memory, 12 & 13 W. 3. and were further continued by an act made in the twelfth year of the C. 11. 7 Ann. c. 24. reign of the Said late King William, and were further continued by an act made in the seventh year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, of bleffed memory, to be in force for feven years from the first day of March one thousand seven hundred and eight, and until the end of the first session of parliament then next following, and no longer; fo that unless the said acts be revived and continued, the encouragement given thereby will cease, and this kingdom be deprived for the future of so great a good as it hath for many years last past enjoyed: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do give and grant unto your Majesty the rates, duties, and impositions herein after mentioned, for and during the term and time herein after expressed, and do bumbly pray that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most ties continued excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in the present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That such and the like rates, duties, and impositions, as by the said act of parliament of the eighteenth year of the reign of King Charles the Continued from Second were granted, and by the faid subsequent acts were continued, for and upon the importation of wines, vinegar, cyder, for feven years, beer, brandy, and strong waters imported, during the respective terms therein mentioned, shall be further continued, and be ther by 19 Geo. paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, for and upon all wines, vinegar, cyder, beer, brandy, and strong 2. C.14. waters, which shall be imported or brought into Great Britain within or during the space of seven years, to commence from

the first day of March one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and until the end of the first session of parliament then next sollowing, and no longer; and that all the faid former acts, and all other acts of parliament concerning coinage, and every of them, and every clause, article, and sentence in them or any of them contained, now being in force, shall be and are by virtue of this act revived and continued, and shall be in force, and be

Coinage dufor 7 years.

18 Car. 2. c. 5. March 1730. by 4 Gco. 1. C.12. and farut in execution, for and during all fuch term and time as fore-mentioned, as fully and effectually as if the same particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this

And to the end the importers of gold and filver into the mints Deficiency in gland and Scotland respectively, may not be discouraged by any the coinagecy of the revenue by this act settled for defraying the coinage duty, how to be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That be supplied. and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of the y, or any three or more of them now being, or the lord reasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the y for the time being, out of the monies arising by this act, of any other the publick supplies granted or to be grantparliament, to cause so much money to be applied, as se necessary for defraying the expences of the said mints land and Scotland respectively, by way of imprest, and upount, for that service, so as the same, together with the e-duties arising by this act, do not exceed, in any one he sum of fifteen thousand pounds, and so as the said moe issued out of the Exchequer of Great Britain to the of the mint in England, and the general of the mint in

d respectively, for the said purposes.

And whereas in the book of rates annexed to an all made in the 12 Car. 2. c. 4. year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, A granted to the King of tonnage and poundage, and other of money payable upon merchandize exported and im-, a rate is fixed upon senna under the title of drugs, in order the duty charged thereon by the said act; which act has been ed by several subsequent acts now in force: and whereas the ty is by a subsequent act increased, and further duties are by other acts laid upon the importation of all drugs, all which acts l in force: and whereas by several of the said last mentioned rugs used in dying are exempted from payment of the respective thereby granted; and for the better adjusting the duties upon fed in dying, by an act of the third year of the reign of her 3 & 4 Annol lajesty, for continuing duties on low wines and other things c. 4, lect. 8. mentioned; it is declared what goods are meant to be used in amongst which senna is contained; nevertheless it being notorit senna is not or ever was used in the dying trade, but was inin the said last mentioned act, by mistake, to the great loss of his y's revenue in the duties intended to be paid for the same: for After o May ition thereof for the future, be it enacted and declared by 1716. fenna to thority aforesaid, That all senna imported into Great Bri. pay as a meafter the ninth day of May one thousand seven hundred dicinal drug. kteen, shall be subject and liable to the payment of the ed by Mr. Vercharged by the said act of tonnage and poundage, and by non is excepted veral acts for increasing and continuing the same, and to by 6 Geo. 1. 1 every other the respective duties laid, or intended to be c. 11, 4,53.

acts for goods or drugs used in dying had not been therein id; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

y other respective acts, as if the said exemptions in the se-

IV. And

thereof.

Stock in hand to pay, it exceeding 20 pounds weight.

IV. And tubereas several merchants and other traders and dealers in senna, have, or may have, on the ninth day of May one theastend feven hundred and fixteen, feveral stocks or quantities of search; it is hereby further enacted, That all merchants, drugsters, or other persons who do sell or retail senna, having in his, her, or their cuttody or possession, or in the custody or possession of any other person or persons in trust for him, her, or them, or for his, her, or their use, benefit or account, any stock or quantity of fenna (fuch stock or quantity respectively exceeding twenty pounds weight) within the realm of Great Britain, being for fale, shall yield and pay unto his Majesty for every pound of such fenna, so much as will make up the duties thereof equal to the duties intended to be payable for fenna by virtue of this act hereafter to be imported; which faid duties thall be paid within three months after the faid ninth day of May one thousand feven hundred and fixteen.

fenna by 25

V. And to the end the said stocks of senna may be known, and the duties thereupon duly afcertained and secured: it is hereby enacted, Drugsters, &c. That all and every the faid merchants, drugsters, and other perto make a just fons felling or retailing fenna, shall, on or before the twenty entry of their fifth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, make a just entry thereof at the custom-house nearest the place where June 2716, ac. fuch fenna doth remain, as aforefaid, and permit the proper officers of the customs thereunto to be appointed by the commissioners of the customs in England and Scotland respectively, at any time before the twenty fifth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, to enter into his, her, or their warehouses or other places where such stocks of senna, exceeding the quantity of twenty pounds, as aforesaid, are to be found, and to view weigh, and take account of the same; and if any such merchant, drugster or other person selling or retailing senna, shall neglect to make such entry at the custom-house within the time aforelaid, or shall refuse to permit such officer or officers to enter into his, her or their ware-houses, or other places, (if thereunto required) there to view the faid stock, as aforesaid, or any part thereof, or shall hide, remove, or convey away the said fenna with intent to defraud his Majesty, or shall not pay his Majesty's dues for the same, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, then for every or any such offence, the merchant, drugster, or other person selling or retailing senna respectively, so offending, shall forfeit and lose the sum of forty pounds, to be recovered and distributed in like manner as any of the penalties and forfeitures for the non-payment of the duties due on the importation of senna are to be recovered and distributed by any act or acts of parliament now in force relating thereunto: provided, That if such persons so chargeable for any stocks of seuna, shall pay his Majesty's duties due for the fame, by virtue of this act, before the end of three months, then he, she, or they shall be allowed for such prompt payment after the rate of ten pounds per centum per annum for every fum so advanced; and in case of exportation thereof, or any part

Penalty 40 i.

so !. per cent for prompt payment. On exportation duty difcharged. The twelve months enthereof, within twelve months after entry made, as aforesaid, larged to three the faid duties payable by this act for such stocks of senna shall years by

be discharged or repaid.

VI. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the Clause of apmonies lent, and to be lent to his Majesty upon one act of this sef-propriation of sion of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid to his Majesty the monies of by a land-tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand this session. feven hundred and fixteen, and so much money (if any such be) of 2. C. 31.

the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans, made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred, or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and I Geo, I, stat, 2. the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied. 26. fied, or money fufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent, and to be lent to his Majetty upon the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, charged and continued by another act of this session of parliament, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and so much money of the faid duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry thereby granted or continued as shall arise or remain (if any such be) after all the loans made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred, or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the faid duties thereby charged, shall be fatisfied, or monies sufficient shall be referved to discharge the same; shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for or towards the feveral uses, intents and purposes herein expressed, subject nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed: that is to fay, it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of nine hundred eighty four thousand four hundred seventy two pounds nineteen shillings and six pence, for the naval services following, that is to say, for defraying the Naval services. charges of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea-officers, and for victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed, and for sea-service in the office of ordnance performed and to be performed, and for extraordinary repairs of the navy, and other fervices of the navy and transports performed and to be performed; and any fum, not exceeding one hundred twenty-two thousand four hundred ninety six pounds eighteen shillings and Ordnance. two pence half-penny, for the charge of the office of ordnance for land fervices performed and to be performed, including halfpays in that office; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million five hundred twenty thousand eighty two pounds nineteen shillings and eight pence half-penny, for maintaining his Majesty's land-forces, and other services herein after expressed, that is to say, for maintaining guards, garrisons, and other his Majesty's land-forces in Great Land forces Britain, Jersey, and Guernsey, and twenty eight companies of invalids, and three independent companies in North Britain, for

c. 21. f. 10.

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the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces in his Majesty's plantations in America, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrison in Minorca, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrison in Gibraltar, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for the pay of six thousand men taken into his Majesty's service from the statesgeneral of the united provinces, and for the charge of the general officers belonging to the fame for one year; and to make good several expences for the service of his Majesty's land forces in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, over and above the sum of one hundred thirty two thousand five hundred fixty three pounds nine shillings and fix pence, faved by the pay of thirteen regiments of dragoons, eight regiments of foot, and four companies of the Coldstream regiment, from the one and twentieth of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, to the twenty fourth of December following; and for feveral extraordinary expences for the service of his Majesty's land forces, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and to make up the half-pay to the officers of the land forces and marines disbanded (being his Majesty's natural born subjects, or naturalized) full pay for one year, from the twenty-fixth day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, to the twenty fifth day of July one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for halfpay for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, upon account, to the officers of the land forces and marines difbanded, being his Majesty's natural-born subjects, or naturalized; and to defray feveral extraordinary charges relating to the demo-Deficiencies of lition, and other charges at Dunkirk, and for answering other grants in 1715 extraordinary fervices or augmentations relating to his Maje-

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fty's land forces; and any fum not exceeding fifty thousand eight hundred eighty fix pounds eleven shillings and ten pence halfpenny to make good the deficiency of the grants for the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and any sum not exceeding three thousand seven hundred and two pounds eight shillings and seven pence, to discharge one year's interest, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, of the sum of fixty one thousand seven hundred and seven pounds three shillings and two pence, or thereabouts, remaining due and unfatisfied, of the fum not exceeding feven hundred thousand pounds, which was borrowed on an act made in the third year of the reign of 3 & 4 Ann.c.4. her late majesty Queen Anne, of blessed memory, for laving duties upon low wines, and other things therein mentioned, and towards the repayment whereof another act passed in the sixth 6 Ann. c. 22. year of her said late Majesty's reign, charging coffee and other merchandizes for the term of four years, which expired on or about the twenty third day of June one thousand seven hundred

> and fourteen; and any fum not exceeding eighteen thousand eight hundred fifty three pounds three shillings and fix pence, to discharge one year's interest, after the rate of six pounds per

centum per annum, of the sum of three hundred and fourteen thousand two hundred and nineteen pounds eleven shillings and two pence farthing, or thereabouts, remaining due and unfatiffied of the principal sum, not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, which was borrowed on the act of parliament of the eighth year of the reign of her late majesty-Queen Anne, of 8 Ann. c. 9. bleffed memory, for laying duties upon candles, and other duties, for five years, which expired on the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and any sum not exceeding forty two thousand six hundred sixty and sive pounds thirteen. shillings and fix pence, for supplying the deficiency of the fund. of one hundred fixty eight thousand and three pounds per annum, Deficiencies of to make good the payments of the ten pound lottery of one the 10 l. lottethousand feven hundred and twelve, for the two feveral years, good. ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and sourteen: and that the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, shall not be issued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other shan towards the uses and purposes before-mentioned.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, Appropriate That no appropriation, or other matter or thing in this act tions not to contained, shall obstruct or hinder any payment or payments, obstruct many which by and in pursuance of an act made in the first year of ficiencies to his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital the South Sea flock and yearly fund of the South Sea company, and for supplying company, by thereby eight hundred twenty two thousand and thirty two pounds four virtue of the sbillings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one hun- att. 2. C. 21. dred fixty nind thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities. upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating Jeveral supplies granted to his Maissly, are or shall be required and authorized to be made by the treasurer or paymaster of the navy for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of such. publick monies, tallies, orders or parliamentary fecurities in. their hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas, and other parts of America, and for

VIII. Provided also, That such sums, as by any other act of or the falaries this fession of parliament shall be payable to any commissioners to the comfor taking, examining and stating the debts due to the army, nussioners of accounts, &c. for their falaries, or for their clerks, or other incident charges, shall and may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary not- Continued by withstanding.

encouraging the fishery, or to their treasurer, for their use; any

thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

9 Geo.1. c. 19.

CAP. XLIV.

Continued by An act for the continuing the duty of two pennies Scots, or 9 Geo. 2. C. 32. one fixth of a penny Sterling, on every pint of ale and heer that shall be vended or fold within the city of Glasgow and privileges thereof, for the henefit of the said city.

[]HEREAS the preserving and encouraging the cities and beroughs eminent by their situation, and usefulness in trade and manufactures, has been at all times, and in all kingdoms and flates, the care of the legislators, more especially in Great Britain: and whereas the city of Glasgow, being a place distinguished for these advantages, but yet more considerable for their loyalty and zeal for the reformed religion, constitution and liberty of the people; whereof on all proper occasions, that city has given undeniable proofs, more particularly by furnishing, at the charge of the inhabitants, considerable numbers of men well armed and disciplined, not only for defence of that city, but even for the support and defence of the government in other places fince the revolution, on divers very remarkable occasions, and lately in a most cordial and cheerful manner, in opposition to the most unjustifiable rebellion, begun and carried on by a popish pretender to the crowns and dominions of his most excellent Majesty: and whereas the yearly revenues, or common good of the faid city, are scarce sufficient for the annual necessary charge of the government of so great, populous, and useful a place, much less for payment of the debts of that corporation, which have lately been greatly encreased by very considerable sums laid out for furnishing a battalion of foot to serve at Sterling, and for putting themselves into a posture of defence against the above-mentioned rebels and traitors: and whereas their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, and her late majesty Queen Anne, and the states of the parliament of Scotland, did, in consideration of their fignal loyalty at the revolution, and during the reigns of the faid princes, and towards enabling them to pay their debts, beautify their town, and improve trade there, by two acts severally passed in the parliaments held in Scotland in the years one thousand fix hundred and minety three, and one thousand seven hundred and five, grant and continue to the faid city the duties after-mentioned, viz. an imposition of two pennies Scots, over and above the duties then payable to the crown, upon each pint of ale and beer to be brewed, inbrought, vended, tapped, and fold, within the faid city and other places therein mentioned, to continue for the space of sixteen years, from and after the first day of November, one thousand seven hundred and six, for the uses, and under the burdens and regulations therein also expressed: which number of years is now near expired, though the causes of the faid grants remain, and are rather greater: to the end therefore that the faid city of Glasgow may be enabled to pursue the ends and uses expressed in this and the former grants above-mentioned, and that the faid city and others, feeing that just encouragement is provided as a reward of duty and loyalty, while the merit of laudable service is fresh in memory, may be excited by their example to adhere stedfastly and cheerfully to his Majesty's

royal person, and to the succession as by law established: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and tempotal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That such and the like rates, du- The rates, &c. ties, and impolitions, as by the faid act passed in the parliament imposed on of Scotland, upon the fifteenth day of June, one thousand fix beer and ale hundred and ninety three, and continued by another act of the gow, by the parliament held in Scotland, upon the twenty first of September, acts of June 15. one thousand seven hundred and five, upon each Scots pint of 1693, and Sept. ale and beer, to be either brewed or brought in, vended, tap-21.1705: conped, and fold within the faid city, liberties, and fuburbs thereof Nov. 1. 1738. except ale and beer that shall be brewed and vended in the Gorbals, or any other lands within the faid city's privileges, that are taxed to the publick within the shire) shall be further continued, and be paid and payable to the magistrates and town council of the faid city of Glasgow, and their successors in office, for their use and behoof; and that from and after the expiration of the years contained in the above-mentioned act, passed in the parliament of Scotland, upon the said twenty first day of September. one thousand seven hundred and sive, until the first day of Nosumber, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and thirty eight, the faid two former acts feverally passed in the parliaments in Scotland, in the years one thousand fix hundred and ninety three, and one thousand seven hundred and five, and every clause, article and sentence in them, or any of them, contained, now being in force, shall be and are, by virtue of this act, revived and continued, and shall be in force, and be duly put in execution, for and during all such term and time, as is before-mentioned, as fully and effectually as if the same were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act, with the alterations following only, Overseers viz. That whereas the late deceased James duke of Hamilton, appointed. and also John Walkingsbaw of Barrowfield, were appointed overfeers of the said duties granted, and managers thereof: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That in the place of the said James duke of Hamilton, and John Walkingshaw of Barrowfield, John duke of Argyle, Sir James Campbell of Arakinlas, Daniel Campbell of Shawfield, and Henry Cunninghame of Boquhan, elors; shall be, and they are hereby appointed overseers.

II. Provided also, and it is further enacted by the authority This and the aforesaid, That if it shall happen so many of the overseers shall former acts to die, as there shall not remain a quorum, yet this and the former force, the no acts hereby continued, as to all other clauses, articles and sen-quorum of the

tences, shall be and continue in full force.

III. And lastly, Whereas the building of a key upon the river main alive. of Clyde, at the faid city of Glasgow, from the place commonly called the Broomielaw, to a place called Ducket Green, would greatly improve the navigation of the faid river of Clyde, and be a conveniency in loading and unloading of goods: be it therefore also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of the

Anno primo GEORGII I. Stat. 2. C. 45,46. [1715.

A key to be built on the river Clyde. monies arising by the said impositions, the magistrates of the said city of Glasgow, and their successors in office, shall be, and they are hereby impowered and required to advance such sum or sums as shall be judged necessary by the merchant and tradeshouses of the said city of Glasgow for building the said key, from the said place commonly called the Broomielaw to the said place called Ducket Green.

CAP. XLV.

An att for bolding the affise for the county of Cornwall at a convenient place within the said county.

THEREAS the justices of assiste, of Nisi prius, Oyer and Terminer, and general goal-delivery for the county of Cornwall, have, for many years past, constantly held and kept the affises for the faid county at Launceston in the faid county; which conflant holding has been oftentimes found inconvenient: for remedy whereof, be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and the commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by authority of the same, That from and after the twentieth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, the holding of the affifes and general goal-delivery for the faid county shall not be confined to the faid town of Launceston, but that it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high chancellor, or lord keeper of the great seal of Great Britain, for the time being, with the advice of the justices of affile, from time to time, to appoint a convenient place within the faid county of Cormvall for the holding and executing all and every commission and commissions of assis, and Nisi prints, Oper and Terminer, and general gaol-delivery for the faid county, in fuch manner as he is by law authorized to do for any other county within that part of the kingdom of Great Britain called England; any law, statute, custom or other matter or thing to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

The affiles for Cornwall shall not be confined to the town of Launceston.

CAP. XLVI.

An act to prevent the mischiefs by manufacturing leaves or other things to resemble tobacco, and the abuses in making and mixing of snuff.

WHEREAS tobacco is one of the chief products of Virginia and Maryland, upon which their welfare and fubfiftenes doto much depend; and by the importation thereof the navigation and trade of this kingdom, and the publick revenues of the fame, are very much increased: and whereas it is found by experience, that of late several evil persons have cut, cured, manufactured and sold walnut-tree leaves, bop leaves, sycomore leaves, or other leaves, herbs, plants, or materials, resembling tohacco of the growth or product of the British plantations, to the prejudice of his Majesty's plantations in America, and of the navigation and trade of this kingdom, and of the publick revenues arising upon tobacco: for remedy whereof for the surer, and

enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the After June 201 advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com- 1716, walnutmons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the autho-shall not becut rity of the same, That all and every person and persons what-with tobacco. foever, who at any time or times after the twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen shall cut, or cause or procure to be cut, any walnut-tree leaves, hop leaves, fycomore leaves, or any other leaves, herbs, plants or materials whatfoever, (not being tobacco leaves or plants) into the form or in imitation of any the usual sizes or cuts which tobacco has been or shall be cut into, for sale, or shall colour or cure, or cause or procure to be coloured or cured any fuch leaves, herbs, plants or materials, to make the same refemble tobacco, for fale, or shall fell, or cause or procure to be fold, or agree or offer to fell knowingly, any fuch leaves, herbs, plants or materials, mixed or unmixed with tobacco. as if the fame were tobacco, shall, for every pound weight of such leaves, herbs, plants or materials so cut, coloured, cured, sold or agreed for, or knowingly offered to sale, and for every pound Penalty of 5 s. weight of such mixture as aforesaid, forfeit and lose the sum of for every five shillings, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity; pound offered that is to fay, one moiety or half part thereof to the use of his to sale, to Majesty, his heirs and successors, the or they bearing the charge King and proof profecution out of the moiety so accruing to the crown, and not otherwise) and the other moiety or half part thereof to the use of such person or persons as will inform or sue for the same, to be recovered (with full costs of suit) by action of debt, bill. plaint or information in any his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the Exchequer of Scotland, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Like penalty and every person and persons whatsoever, who at any time or for exportatimes after the faid twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen shall export or cause to be exported, or shall lade or put on board, or cause or procure to be laden or put on board for exportation, any such leaves, herbs, plants or materials, or such mixture as aforesaid, or endeavour to obtain a drawback for the same, as if the same were tobacco which had paid or secured his Majesty's duties thereupon, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and lose the fum of five shillings for every pound weight, and proportionably for a greater or leffer quantity, over and above all other penalties which may be inflicted for such offence by any law now in force, to be recovered and distributed in such manner as aforesaid.

III. And be it also enacted by the authority asoresaid, That Such leaves, all the leaves, herbs, plants and materials so cut, coloured, &c. may be cured or manufactured, fold, contracted for or knowingly offered fearched for to fale as aforesaid, and all such mixtures as aforesaid, and all and seized. engines, utenfils and tools made use of in the cutting, colour-

ing, curing or manufacturing the same, or prepared for such use, shall and may be searched for and seized by any officer of the customs, or by any person or persons thereunto specially authorized by writing under the hands and feals of the commiffioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or of the lord treasurer for the time being, or of the commissioners of the customs in England or Scotland respectively, or any three or more of them for the time being.

Search to be made at seaand not without warrant Rices. order of the Justices.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That no house or warehouse whatsoever shall be opened to search for or kize fonable hours, such leaves, herbs, plants, materials or mixtures, or such engines, utenfils or tools, but at seasonable hours, and not withfrom two ju. out a special warrant first had and obtained from two or more justices of the peace of the county or place where such search is Theleaves, &c. to be made; and that the leaves, herbs, plants and materials, brought to the and the faid mixtures, engines, utenfils and tools, which shall, custom-house, at time or times, be found and seized within the limits of any or fecured by port, or within fix miles of the same, shall be brought to the next custom-house warehouse; and if found and seized at any greater distance from any port, shall be secured by order of any two justices of peace of the county or place where they shall be found, at the King's charge, till the cause of such seizure shall be determined by the justices of the peace in their quarter-felfions; and that the cause of every such seizure shall be heard feizure to be and determined at the next quarter-fessions, or (at farthest) at determined by the second quarter-sessions after such seizure made; and all such leaves, herbs, plants, materials, mixtures, engines, utenfils and and leaves, &c. tools, (after condemnation or recovery by judgment of such fessions) shall be openly burnt or destroyed by order of the same at his Majesty's charge.

The cause of quarter-feflions; to be burnt.

Punishment of fervants, &c. employed in cutting or felling fuch leaves.

V. And it is hereby further enacted, That all fervants and labourers which shall be employed in the cutting, colouring, curing or manufacturing any fuch leaves, herbs, plants or materials, to resemble tobacco, or in the making any such mixture as aforefaid, or in knowingly vending the fame, and shall be convicted thereof by the oath of any one or more credible perfons, before any two justices of the peace of the county or place where the offence shall be committed, shall or may, by order of such justices, be committed to the common gaol or house of correction, there to remain and be kept to hard labour for any time not exceeding fix months, without bail or mainprize.

Persons sued may plead the general issue. and shall recover treble cofts.

VI. And be it likewise enacted by the authority asoresaid, That if any person or persons shall be sued or prosecuted for what he or they shall do in pursuance or execution of this act, fuch person or persons may plead the general issue (not guilty) and after iffue joined may give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff or profecutor shall be nonsuit, or forbear further profecution, or fuffer discontinuance, or if a verdict pass against him, the defendant shall recover treble cests. for which he thall have the like remedy as in cases where costs by law are given to defendants.

VII. And

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Mixing or co-That if any person or persons shall, at any time after the said souring snuff twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand with oker, &c. feven hundred and fixteen, make, mix or colour, or cause to be made, mixed or coloured, any fort of fnuff with any fort of oakers, umber or any other kind of colouring, except with water tinged with the colouring commonly called Venetian Red only; or shall mix or cause to be mixed with any fort of snuff, any fustick or yellow ebony, touchwood or any other fort of wood, or any dirt, or dust sisted from tobacco; or shall knowingly fell, or expose to sale, any shuff so made, mixed or co-Forfeits the loured as aforefaid, every such person so offending shall, for eve- snuff, and 3L ry pound-weight of fnuff so made, mixed or coloured, forfeit for every the faid fnuff, and likewise the sum of three pounds, and pro- By 5 Geo i.c. portionably for any greater or lesser quantity to be recovered by portionably for any greater or leffer quantity, to be recovered by 11.fect. 22. this action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Maje-act is extended fty's courts of record at Westminster, or in his Majesty's court of to other abuses Exchequer in Scotland, wherein no essoin, privilege, protection snuff. or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one im- How to be re. parlance; one moiety of which forfeitures shall be to the use of covered and his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to disposed. the use of such person or persons who shall seize, inform, or sue for the same.

CAP. XLVII.

An att for the more effettual and exemplary punishment of fuch persons as shall seduce soldiers to desert, or who, being papists, shall inlist themselves in his Majesty's service in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the islands of Jersey or Guernsey.

HEREAS a pernicious and dangerous practice has been industriously carried on in these kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, by papifts and other evil-disposed persons, disaffected to his Majesty's title and government, under false and groundless pretences, to delude his good subjects, who had engaged themselves as soldiers in the service of his Majesty and their country, and to prevail with them by corrupt and direct means to defert the same, oftentimes in order to procure their affiftance for a popish pretender, the avowed enemy of the protestant religion, and the laws and liberties of these kingdoms; for which wicked purposes the said papists and other evil-disposed persons have with great diligence frequented the publick-houses, and other places where the said soldiers used to resort, or are quartered, and by entersainments, seditions speeches and vain promises, have often seduced his Majesty's said subjects from their duty and allegiance; for remedy whereof for the future, and for the more effectual and After June : exemplary punishment of all offenders in that behalf, be it en-1716. Persons acted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the ad-perswading, rice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com- desert shall formons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority feit 40l. of the same, That if any person or persons whatsoever (other

than such as are or shall be inlisted as soldiers, against whom sufficient remedy is already provided by law) shall, from the first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, in Great Britain or Ireland, or the isles of Fersty or Guernsey, by words or other means whatsoever, directly or indirectly, perswade or procure any soldier or soldiers in the service of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, to desert or leave such fervice, or shall go about and endeavour in manner aforesaid, to perswade, prevail on or procure such soldier or soldiers to desert or leave such service as aforesaid, every such person or persons so offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall, for every such offence, forseit to his Majesty, his heirs or fuccessors, or to any other person or persons who shall sue for the fame, the sum of forty pounds, to be recovered by bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed; and if it shall happen that any such offender, so convicted as aforefaid, hath not any goods and chattels, lands or imprisoned six tenements, to the value of forty pounds, to pay and satisfy the fame, or that from the circumstances and hainousness of the crime it shall be thought proper and convenient, the court, before which the faid conviction shall be made, as aforesaid, shall award the said offender to prison, there to remain for any time not exceeding fix months, without bail or mainprize, and also to stand in the pillory for the space of one hour, in some markettown next adjoining to the place where the offence was committed, in open market there, or in the market-town itself where the said offence was committed.

And not having fusficientto pay it, to be months without bail, and itand in the pillory.

Profecution in fix months.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no such action shall be brought, or prosecution carried on by virtue of this act, unless the fame be commenced within fix months after the offence committed.

Punishment of papifts lifting themselves in his Majesty's service.

III. And whereas to carry on the service of the said pretender, and for other wicked purposes, many papists pretending themselves protestants, and taking the oath of abjuration, and subscribing the test, when thereunto required, being to allowed to do by the pope, and their other spiritual superiors, the better to disguise and conceal their defigus, do inlift themselves in his Majesty's troops, whereby the greater danger may arife to these kingdoms, if not timely prevented: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any person or persons having professed the popish religion, who since the first day of February one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, have been inlifted in his Majesty's troops, and who shall not, after the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the isles of Guernsey or Ferse, produce a testimonial of his having publickly renounced the same, or shall not, at the time of his inlisting, declare to the officer or foldier who so inlisteth him, that he hath been, or at present is of the popish religion, shall in such case be liable to, and receive such corporal punishment, not extending to loss of life, as a court martial shall inflict for the same, who are hereby impowered to to do.

An all to encourage the planting of timber-trees, fruit-trees and other trees, for ornament, shelter or profit; and for the better preservation of the same; and for the preventing the burning of woods.

WHEREAS the raising and planting of timber-trees, stuit- This all is extrees and other trees is of very great profit and advantage to tlained and a. the kingdom of Great Britain: and whereas divers lewd and difor- 6 Geo. 1. c. 16. derly persons, and others, have riotously, and sometimes in a clandestine and malicious manner, broke down, cut up or otherwise destroyed such timber-trees, fruit-trees and other trees, to the great discouragement of the planters and owners thereof, and the parties whose trees are so destroyed are remediless, for lack of knowing the parties so offending: therefore for the better encouraging of persons to raise, plant and preserve timber-trees, fruit-trees, and other trees, in fields, hedge-rows, gardens and walks, and elsewhere, either for ornament, shelter or profit, and for the preventing the malicious destroying or spoiling the same, and to give remedy to such persons for making them fatisfaction for all damages to be occasioned by fuch breaking down, cutting up, spoiling, or otherwise destroying the same; be it enacted by the King's most excellent Timber trees, majetty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiri- &c.maliciously tual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament as-broken down, sembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any person &c. the parish, &c. shall make or persons whatsoever, from and after the twenty-sourth day of good the da-Tune in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and mage to the fixteen, shall maliciously break down, cut up, pluck up, throw owner. down, bark, or otherwise destroy, deface or spoil any timbertree or trees, fruit-tree or trees, or any other tree or trees, the person or persons, body politick or corporate, that is, are, shall or may be damaged by the same, shall receive such satisfaction and recompence of and from the inhabitants of the parish, town, How the dahamlet, vill or place, where such tree or trees shall be so malici- mages shall be oully broken down, cut up, pluckt up, thrown down, barked, recovered in destroyed, defaced or spoiled, and to be viewed, and damages England. and costs to be recoverable and recovered against such parish, c. 46. town, hamlet, vill or place, by the person or persons, whose tree or trees shall be so maliciously broke down, cut up, pluckt up, thrown down, barked, destroyed, desaced or spoiled, in the same manner and form as hedges and dikes overthrown by persons in the night, in and by an act of parliament made in the thirteenth year of the reign of King Edward the First, intituled, Lords may approve against their neighbours: usurpations of commons during the estate of particular tenants, are to be levied, and damages yielded; and where such offence or offences shall be committed in that How in Scotpart of Great Britain called Scotland, to be recoverable and re-land. covered by way of summar action, and in the same manner and form as damages in other cases of riot are to be recovered by the laws there, unless the party or parties so offending thall by such parish, town, hamlet, vill or place, be convicted of such offence,

the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces in his Majesty's plantations in America, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrison in Minorca, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrison in Gibraltar, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for the pay of six thousand men taken into his Majesty's service from the statesgeneral of the united provinces, and for the charge of the general officers belonging to the same for one year; and to make good several expences for the service of his Majesty's land forces in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, over and above the sum of one hundred thirty two thousand five hundred fixty three pounds nine (hillings and fix pence, faved by the pay of thirteen regiments of dragoons, eight regiments of foot, and four companies of the Coldstream regiment, from the one and twentieth of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, to the twenty fourth of December following; and for several extraordinary expences for the service of his Majesty's land forces, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and to make up the half-pay to the officers of the land forces and marines disbanded (being his Majesty's natural born subjects, or naturalized) full pay for one year, from the twenty-fixth day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, to the twenty fifth day of July one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for halfpay for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, upon account, to the officers of the land forces and marines disbanded, being his Majesty's natural-born subjects, or naturalized; and to defray feveral extraordinary charges relating to the demo-Deficiencies of lition, and other charges at Dunkirk, and for answering other grants in 1715 extraordinary services or augmentations relating to his Majefty's land forces; and any fum not exceeding fifty thousand eight hundred eighty fix pounds eleven shillings and ten pence halfpenny to make good the deficiency of the grants for the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and any sum not excceding three thousand seven hundred and two pounds eight shillings and seven pence, to discharge one year's interest, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, of the sum of fixty one thousand seven hundred and seven pounds three shillings and two pence, or thereabouts, remaining due and unfatisfied, of the fum not exceeding feven hundred thousand pounds, which

iupply d.

3 & 4 Ann.c.4. her late majesty Queen Anne, of blessed memory, for laying

duties upon low wines, and other things therein mentioned, and towards the repayment whereof another act passed in the fixth 6 Ann. c. 22. year of her said late Majesty's reign, charging coffee and other merchandizes for the term of four years, which expired on or about the twenty third day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and any fum not exceeding eighteen thousand eight hundred fifty three pounds three shillings and fix pence, to discharge one year's interest, after the rate of six pounds per

was borrowed on an act made in the third year of the reign of

centum per annum, of the sum of three hundred and fourteen thousand two hundred and nineteen pounds eleven shillings and two pence farthing, or thereabouts, remaining due and unfatiffied of the principal fum, not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, which was borrowed on the act of parliament of the eighth year of the reign of her late majesty-Queen Anne, of 8 Ann. c. 9. bleffed memory, for laying duties upon candles, and other duties, for five years, which expired on the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and any sum not exceeding forty two thousand fix hundred fixty and five pounds thirteen. shillings and fix pence, for supplying the deficiency of the fund. of one hundred fixty eight thousand and three pounds per annum, Deficiencies of to make good the payments of the ten pound lottery of one the 10 l. lottethousand seven hundred and twelve, for the two several years, good. ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and that the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, shall not be issued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other than towards the uses and purposes before-mentioned.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, Appropriate That no appropriation, or other matter or thing in this act tions not to contained, shall obstruct or hinder any payment or payments, obstruct machine by and in pursuance of an act made in the first year of ficiencies to his Majesty's reign, intituled, An ast for enlarging the capital the South Sea flock and yearly fund of the South Sea company, and for supplying company, by thereby eight hundred twenty two thousand and thirty two pounds four virtue of the (billings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one hun- fat. 2. C. 21. dred fixty nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities, upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating feveral supplies granted to his Majesty, are or shall be required and. authorized to be made by the treasurer or paymaster of the navy. for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of such publick monies, tallies, orders or parliamentary fecurities in. their hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, or to their treasurer, for their use; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIH. Provided also, That such sums, as by any other act of Or the salaries this fession of parliament shall be payable to any commissioners to the comfor taking, examining and stating the debts due to the army, accounts, &c. for their salaries, or for their clerks, or other incident charges, shall and may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary not- Continued by withftanding.

·9 Geo.1. c. 19.

jurisdictions so possessed by particular families, without any immediate commission from the crown, have been found by experience to occasion great obstruction to justice, and to prevent the influence and use of the 20Geo.2.c.43. many good and laudable laws of this realm: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the said heritable jurisdictions, commonly called conflabularies, regalities or admiralties, which were in the possession of the above-mentioned traitors on the faid twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and which are or shall become forfeited within the times above limited, shall from and after the first day of November in the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen be suppressed and extinguished, and so remain in all time to come; so that it shall not be lawful at any time after the said first day of November in the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to fell or grant any manner of way, nor by any title of conveyance whatfoever, any of the aforesaid forfeited heritable jurisdictions, commonly called constabularies, regalities or admiralties, to any person or persons, family or families, nor to erect any fuch heritable jurisdictions in the room of the said forseited heritable jurisdictions.

Forfeited sheriffships and Aewartries annexed to the crown, &c.

XXXII. Provided always, That the several forfeited sheriffships and stewartries shall subsist and remain with the same powers and privileges which belonged to them at the time of the faid forfeiture; and that the faid forfeited sheriffships and stewartries be, and they are hereby declared to be annexed to the crown, so as not to be alienated by any gift or grant, otherwife than to fuch person or persons as his Majesty, his heirs and successors shall think fit to grant them, during pleasure only.

Suppressed or regalities Subjected to &c. where they lie.

XXXIII. Provided also, That the several places, towns, vilconstabularies lages and bounds, which were subject to the said jurisdictions, commonly called contrabularies or regalities, to be suppressed, as the theriffilips above, shall, and they are hereby ordained and appointed to become subject to the several sheriffships or stewartries within the bounds of which they lie, in the same manner that the other places, towns, villages and bounds which were not erected in or made subject to constabularies or regalities, are and were fubject to their respective sheriffships or stewartries; and that the places and bounds subject to the admiralties or vice-admiralties, which are forfeited and suppressed, as above, shall and they are hereby ordained and appointed to become subject to and under the immediate jurisdiction of the court of admiralty court of admi-established in Scotland, and reserved by the articles of union; ralty in Scot- any thing herein, or any other act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And forfeited admiralties, &c. to the land.

> Commissioners not incapacitated to sit in parliament, &c. General issue. Proviso for the wives of the late duke of Ormond, earl of Marr, and associat Bolingbroke. EXP.

CAP. LI.

An all for repealing so much of the all of the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of King William the Third, intituled. An act for the further limitation of the crown. and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the fubject, as enacts, That no person who should come to the possession of the crown, shall go out of the dominions of England, Scotland or Ireland, without consent of parliament.

WHEREAS it has pleased Almighty God to place his Majesty on the throne of his ancestors, and farther to bless these nations with a numerous pregeny of his said Majesty's royal family, and in particular with a prince endowed with all virtues and qualifications requisite to render posterity flourishing and happy: and whereas it is agreeable to the encient constitution of these kingdoms, that the person of the King or Sucen should freely enjoy all and every the just and undoubted rights. Swerties and privileges of the crown: and whereas by an att of parliament passed in the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of our late sovereign lard King William the Third (of glorious 12 & 13 W. 3. memory) intituled, An act for the farther limitation of the crown, c. 2. and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the fubject, it was (amongst other things) enacted, That no person who should thereafter come to the possession of the crown, ould go out of the dominions of England, Scotland or Ireland, without confent of parliament, which restriction may prove inconvenient with regard to the service of our sovereign lord the King, (by God's mercy now possified of the crown) and of his heirs and successors: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and The clause in consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in the act 12 W. this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the no person who same, That the clause in the said recited act contained, which should come provided and enacted, That no person who should come to the to the crown, possession of the crown, should go out of the dominions of Eng-should go out land, Scotland or Ireland, without consent of parliament, and the &c. without restriction by the same clause meant or intended, are and shall consent of be repealed, and shall for ever be and be deemed and taken to parliament. be void and of none effect; any thing in the said recited act, or shall be void. any other act to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. LII.

An all for making the laws for repairing the highways more

THEREAS there are some descets in the laws for the better repairing of highways, and also some neglects in the execution of the same, so that they are not so effectual to the end for which they were made: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament affembled.

All the laws for repairing highways shall cution.

affembled, and by the authority of the same, That all the laws and statutes now in force, for or concerning the repairing of be put in exe-common highways, and not hereby altered or repealed, thall be duly put in execution according to the tenor of the faid laws.

Surveyors ap-

II. And be it enacted, That all surveyors of the highways, pointed by the appointed or that shall be appointed by virtue of an act of the act 3 & 4W. & third and fourth of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, view theroads, An act for the better repairing and amending of highways, and for fettling the rates and carriage of goods, shall within fourteen days after the acceptance of their office, and so from time to time, every four months or oftner, if required thereto by warrant of any two or more justices of the peace, view all the roads, common highways, bridges, causways, pavements, hedges, ditches, and water-courses appertaining to such highways, together with all nusances or incroachments made or committed in or upon any of them, within the parish, township, village, hamlet, precinct or tithing where they are surveyors, and give a particular and true account in writing upon oath of the state and condition of all fuch highways, and more especially of fuch faults

and defects in any of them as want to be amended or repaired,

and give an account on oath of the condition thereof, &c. to and of the neglects of labourers, and of those that are obliged

fions.

C. 12.

the special sel- to find labourers or teams for the repair of the highways, as required by law, to the justices at their next special sessions to be holden for the amendment of the highways, according to the 3 &4 W.&M. faid recited act, to the end that the faid accounts may be carefully preserved, and that at all future sessions the justices of the faid division may have full information of, and may be able to examine into the particular state and condition of all the roads, bridges, causways, pavements, hedges, ditches, and watercourses, as aforesaid, and may the better execute the powers in the laws relating to highways; and all furveyors neglecting to give such account, as aforesaid, shall suffer the same penalty as if they refused to execute the said office, to be levied and disposed of as by the aforesaid act is directed, unless they shall have some reasonable excuse for omitting the same, to be allowed by the justices of the peace of the same division at such their special sessions.

Tustices to apparations.

III. And it is hereby further enacted and declared. That the point the re- justices of the peace at such their special sessions, by writing under their hands and seals, may order and appoint the reparation of those great roads which do most want repair within the hundred or division where such session is held, to be sirst amended, and at what time or in what manner the same shall be performed, according to which order, if such there be, all and fingular the respective surveyors of the said highways are hereby required to proceed within their respective liberties.

The highways

IV. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That all to be repaired furveyors of highways shall take the first most convenient and before harvest seasonable time of the year, for repairing and amending the highways within their respective liberties, and take care as far

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as is possible, that the said work may be perfected before the time of harvest; and that they accordingly summon the teams and labourers, by law obliged to work at the faid highways, to come in upon such most early and seasonable days as the year shall afford, and to repair such ways in priority, as the justices of the peace at such their special sessions shall direct and order, in manner as is herein before expressed; and in ease of no such order from the faid justices, then to repair such highways as to the faid furveyors shall seem most needful of reparations.

V. And be it enacted, That if any fine, penalty or forfei-Penalty of ture shall be laid upon any surveyor or other person or per-misapplying fons, for not doing his or their duty for the amendment of the fines, &c. any highways, and the said fines, penalties or forfeitures shall be any ways misapplied by any person or persons whatsoever, or by his or their order or direction, upon proof thereof, upon oath before the justices at such their special sessions, every person so offending shall forfeit the sum of five pounds to such person or persons as shall give information thereof to the justices as aforefaid, to be levied by diffress and sale of the offenders goods, rendring the overplus to the owners; and the said justices at fuch their special sessions are hereby impowered to examine upon oath all persons who can give any account of any money that ought to be applied for the amendment of highways, and levy the penalties, and dispose of the forfeitures as aforelaid.

VI. And whereas it is enabled by an act made in the third and 3 & 4 W. & M. fourth of King William and Queen Mary, That where the justices of C. 12. the peace of any county, city, borough, or other place, at their general quarter-sessions, shall be fully satisfied, that the common highways, caufways, bridges, streets, or other places within any parish, township, hamlet, or other place within their respective jurisdictions, cannot be fufficiently repaired, amended, paved, cleanfed and supported, without the help of the faid act, that they then may cause assessments to be made, and the money raised to be disposed of as by that all is directed; by the general construction or execution of which act, it is usually confirmed and understood, that no money can legally be raised by affestment towards the repair of any highways, causways, or parish bridges, till all and every the teams and labourers appointed to work at the faid ways have fully performed their fix days duty as by law directed; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon ap- Quarter-selplication of the surveyor or surveyors of the highways for any sions may cause affestparish or township to the justices of the peace for the county, ments to be city, borough, riding or division of the county wherein such made for raisparish or township lieth, at their general or quarter-sessions of ing money to the peace holden for the faid county, city, borough, riding or repair the division, the said justices being satisfied that the highways, caus- highways, &c. ways, and parish-bridges belonging to the said parish or township are so far out of order, that they cannot be repaired as they ought to be, without further power than what the laws have hitherto directed and appointed, may at their sessions, if they the fitting, cause affestments to be made and money to be raised,

not exceeding the proportions limited by the faid act, in any parish or parishes, townships or hamlets, as aforesaid, and the money to be disposed of as by the said act is directed, for the better repairing of the faid highways, though the fix days work have not been performed; but the raising money by affestments not to excuse the work of any teams or labourers, by law appointed to work at the faid ways.

Justices in cities, &c. may put in execution the acts relating to highways.

VII. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the justices of the peace of all cities, corporations, boroughs, and other places, are hereby impowered to put in execution any part of this, or any former act or acts relating to any highways within

VIII. And whereas divers broad as well as narrow highways are much prejudiced and annoyed by watering lands adjoining or near to the same, and by stopping up ditches, and diverting usual water-

their respective jurisdictions.

courses, or drawing water-courses to the prejudice of the highways, or neglecting to scour and keep open such ditches and water-courses, or by leaving the earth of such ditches so scoured in the highways, to the annoyance of them: be it therefore enacted by the authority. Penalty of not aforesaid, That from and after the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, if any person or persons, who ought to scour and keep open such ditches and noyances, &c. usual water-courses adjoining or near to the said highways, and effectually to amend such water-courses, and to remove such. other annoyances to the highways, shall, by the space of thirty. days after due notice thereof given by the surveyors of the highways (which notice the faid furveyors are hereby required to give) neglect or delay to do the same, or shall leave the earth of ditches scoured in the highways for the space of eight days, oath being thereof made by the faid furveyors before the. justices of the peace at such their special sessions for the hundred. division, or place where such ways do lie, such person so effending shall, for every eight yards of ditching to not scoured and kept open, forfeit the fum of two shillings and fix pence, and Forfeitures to for each other offence aforesaid any sum not exceeding sive be applied for pounds, nor under twenty shillings, to be levied by warrant under the hands and seals of the said justices, by distress and fale of the goods and chattels of fuch person so offending nendring the overplus, if any be, to the owner: which fortestures. shall be duly accounted for and applied by the faid surveyers to and for the amendment of the faid highways: and the furyeyr: ors of the highways are hereby authorized and required with their workmen to fcour and keep open such ditches and water-

> courses, and to remove all annoyances to all and every the highways, and (where the ditches and drains already inade are not fufficient to carry off the water that lies upon or annoys the. highways) to make new ditches and drains in and through the lands next adjoining or near to the highways, and to keep them. scoured, cleanfed and open; and the faid surveyors are authorized to come upon the faid lands to make fuch ditches or feour

fcouring ditches, removing an-

amendment of the ways.

the same with workmen, for all and every of the purposes aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, suffices in ci-That where the justices of the peace in any city or market-ties, &c. to. town (not having already particular provision made for them appoint scatherein by any former law) or the major part of them, at their vengers, general or quarter fellions, shall judge it necessary to appoint a feet. 3. icavenger or scavengers for cleansing the streets, the said justices shall and may, from time to time, nominate and appoint such person or persons as they shall think fitting for that purpose, and also to order the repairing of such streets therein as they shall judge necessary; and for defraying the charges thereof, an and order the affeliment or affeliments, not exceeding fix pence in the pound repairing of in one year, shall and may, from time to time, be equally made fireets, and lay upon all and every the occupiers or owners of houses, lands, the owners. tenements, and hereditaments in such cities: and such assess- &c. of houses, ment or affestments shall and may, from time to time, be made &c. by such person or persons, and levied and collected in such manner as the faid justices by their order at such sessions shall direct and appoint in that behalf; and the money thereby raised shall be imployed and accounted for, according to the orders and directions of the faid justices for and towards the repairing and cleanfing the faid streets, from time to time; and the faid affestments being allowed under the hands and seals of such justices, shall and may be levied, by warrant under their hands To be levied and seals, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such by distress, &c. persons (not paying the same within eight days after demand) rendring the overplus, if any be, to the owner, the necessary charges of making, keeping, and fettling fuch distress being first deducted.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Surveyor negif any surveyor of the highways shall neglect his duty in any lecting his duthing required of him by this act, he shall forfeit, for every ty to forfeit such offence, the sum of forty shillings, to be levied and dispo-405. seed of, as aforesaid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no clerk, or servant to No justice's any justice of the peace shall receive any sum of money or see clerk to re-whatsoever, of any surveyor or surveyors of the highways, for ceive any see, the oath taken, or accounts given by them at such their special on forfeiture sessions, as aforesaid; and if any person or persons shall receive any such sum of money or see, he shall forfeit the sum of ten pounds, to be recovered in any of his Majesty's courts of record, as aforesaid.

XII. Provided always, if any person or persons shall find him Persons agor themselves aggrieved by any thing that shall be done in the grieved (exexecution of this act (except as to such persons who shall neganglect to leed to scour their ditches, and carry away the earth taken out scour their of the same, or who shall not carry away stone, timber, straw, ditches, &c.) or dung left in the highways, or who shall not remove any the quarter-other annoyances by water-courses to the said highways) that selfcons may take order them it shall be lawful for the justices of the peace at the next therein.

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general quarter-sessions, or the greater number of them, to make such order therein, as to them shall be thought convenient, and the same to conclude and bind all persons.

General isfue.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any action or fuit shall hereafter be commenced or prosecuted against any person or persons for putting in execution the authority of this act, every person or persons so sued may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall become nonsuit, or forbear further profecution, or fuffer discontinuance, or if a verdict pass against him or her, the said defendant or defendants shall recover his or her double costs, for which he or they shall have the like remedy as in cases where costs by law are given to defendants.

Profecution within fix months.

XIV. Provided also, That no person or persons shall be punished for any offence against this act, unless such offender be profecuted for the same within six months after the said offence committed; and that no person who shall be punished for any offence by virtue of this act, shall be punished for the same of-

fence by virtue of any other act or law what loever.

Lord mayor, may execute the powers by 22 & 23 Çar. 2. c. 17.

XV. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, &c. of London That the lord mayor, and the justices of the peace for the city of London and the liberties thereof, for the time being, and the vested in them commissioners appointed, pursuant to an act made in the twentysecond and twenty-third years of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better paving and cleanfing the fireets and sewers in and about the city of London, shall and may from time to time, within the faid city of London and liberties thereof, use and execute all and every the powers and authorities vested in them respectively by the said act, or any other act, as if this act had not been made.

CAP. LIII.

An act for the attainder of Thomas Fortler junior, Efquire, and William Mackintosh, Esquire, (commonly called Brigadier Mackintosh) of high treason.

CAP. LIV.

An act for the more effectual securing the peace of the Highlands in Scotland.

This alt is enforced by

THEREAS the custom that has two long prevailed amongst the Highlanders of Scotland, of having arms in their cuf-11Geo.1.c.26. tody, and using and bearing them in travelling abroad in the folds, and at publick meetings, has greatly obstructed the civilizing of the people within the counties herein after named; has prevented their applying themselves to hustandry, manufactories, trade, and other virtuous and profitable employments; has been the cause of many riets, robberies, and tumults; bath and does tend to disappoint the execution of the law, to the dishonour of government, and unspeakable loss of his Majesty's subjects; has in a peculiar manner been one of the fatal causes of the late unnatural rebellion, and may occasion the like or reater

greater calamity in time to come, if not prevented by a proper remedy: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons within the shires of Dunbartain on the north side of the Persons within water of Leven, Sterling on the north fide of the river of Forth, the shires of Perth, Kincardin, Aberdeen, Inverness, Nairn, Cromarty, Argyle, Dunbarton, Forfar, Bamff, Sutherland, Caithness, Elgine, and Ross, to have keep or wear in his or their custody, use or bear broad sword, or target, poy- any arms. nard, whingar, or durk, side-pistol or side-pistols, or gun, or any other warlike weapons, in the fields, or in the way, coming or going to, from, or at any church, market, fair, burials, huntings, meetings, or any other occasion whatsoever, within the bounds aforefaid, or to come into the Low-Countries armed, as aforefaid: and in case any of the said person or persons above Penalty for described, shall have in his custody, use or bear arms, otherwise the first ofthan in this act directed, every such person or persons so offend-fence. ing, being thereof lawfully convicted before one or more justices of the peace, or before any other judge competent of the place fummarily, shall, for the first offence, forfeit all such arms, and be liable to a fine, not exceeding the fum of forty pounds sterling, and not under the fum of five pounds sterling, and to be imprisoned till payment of the said fine; which if not instantly paid after commitment, the faid fine may and shall be levied out of the offender's goods and estate, by warrant of the judge who shall pronounce any such sentence, to be applied, the one half to the use of the informer, and the other at the sight of the justices of the peace where such offenders shall be convicted, towards repairing the publick works within the faid shire; and second of. further, liable to a month's imprisonment: and being convicted sence. for a second offence before the court of justiciary, or before the judges at their circuit, shall forfeit such arms and be liable to a fine, not exceeding the fum of eighty pounds sterling, and not under the fum of ten pounds sterling; and for every subsequent Every subseoffence, to a fine the double of the former, to be levied and quent offence. applied as above: and for want of payment of any such fine, or a sufficient distress to satisfy the payment of it, the offender shall be liable to be transported to any of his Majesty's plantations beyond the seas, there to remain for the space of seven years.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Trials of of. That all trials for the aforesaid offences shall be entred in a re-fenders to be gifter or record to be kept apart by the clerk of the court of juf-entred in a reticiary, or his deputies; and that where any offender or offen-gitter. ders shall be tried for the first offence before any inferior court, the clerk of every such court shall, and he is hereby required to Duplicates to exhibit full duplicates of every fuch trial and fentence following be exhibited. thereupon, figned by his hand judicially, before the judge or to the judges judges at their circuits, in the very next court after such trials at their circuits,

as other decrees.

shall have been, to be delivered to the clerk of the circuit; who is hereby required and commanded to enter the fame upon the book of register, which is appointed to be kept separate in manand shall have ner aforesaid: and that within forty days after such duplicates the same force shall be exhibited and delivered in manner aforesaid, extracts whereof, figned by the faid clerk of justiciary, shall have the same force and authority as extracts from other registers of decrees and acts in Scotland, by the laws there, have; and that the clerks of fuch inferior courts, within the jurisdiction of any separate court of justiciary general, thall in like manner forthwith transmit the duplicates aforesaid into the said court, there to be kept in a register apart, in order to the conviction of such persons who shall be guilty a second time, or oftner, of the above-mentioned offence.

Clerks, &c. neglecting to make fuch duplicate thall forteit 101.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any clerk or clerks of any of the faid inferior courts thall neglect to make and fign fuch duplicate, or to exhibit the same judicially in the circuitcourts, or to deliver the fame to the clerk of the faid circuits, or to transmit the same in the case above-mentioned; or if the faid clerk of justiciary, or his deputy-clerks of the said circuits, shall neglect to enter the faid duplicates upon the register appointed to be kept in manner before-mentioned, every such clerk to offending thall be liable to a fine of ten pounds sterling, to be levied as aforefaid.

The said matters shall be point of dittay.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the matters above-mentioned shall be point of dittay, and that the judges at their circuits thall enquire concerning the profecutions that shall have been made upon this act, and the keeping of the duplicates of the trials in manner above directed.

The register into the court of julticiary.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That to be exhibited the clerk of justiciary, or his deputy, shall exhibit into the said court of justiciary the book of register above directed, at the first court that shall happen to be held after the return of the judges from their circuits, and the running of the forty days allowed for filling up the faid register; to the end, that all neglects by not making, exhibiting, and delivering duplicates, or by not entring the same, together with the proceedings had before the faid court of justiciary, or judges at their circuits, in manner above directed, may be punished, according to this act, without delay.

This act shall peers, &c.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authonot extend to rity aforesaid. That the prohibition above-mentioned of keeping, bearing or wearing any warlike weapons, and the pains and penalties aforefaid, shall not extend to the case of any peers of this realm, nor their fons, nor of any officers or their affiftants, employed in the execution of justice; nor shall this act be construed to hinder any commoner, having the yearly income of Scots per ann. four hundred pounds Scots, or more, or who is otherwise quamay keep two lifted to vote at elections of parliament-men to ferve for any of the above-named counties, to have in his custody or use, in manner allowed by laws now in force, any number of arms not exceeding

Commoners having 400l. firelocks, &c.

exceeding two firelocks, two pair of pistols, two swords; the magistrates of every burgh royal to have in their custody a suf- Magistrates of ficient number of arms for keeping guard within their burghs, burghs royal and the inhabitants of burghs royal to use the said arms in may keep arms in una-keeping guard, according to the directions of their respective gazines. magistrates: provided always, That the arms in burghs royal be kept in magazines under the care of the magistrates, and not left in private houses; and that the whole number of arms so kept in any burgh royal shall not exceed the number of two hundred; nor hinder the officers of the army having his Majesty's commissions, and the soldiers under their command, to keep, use, or bear arms as formerly; nor the lieutenants of Lieutenants of counties, their deputies and the militia, and sensible men under counties may their command, to keep or receive out of his Majesty's maga-receive arms zines, arms, and to use the same during the time that their out of the militia and fensible men shall be called out by lawful authority. zines.

VII. Provided always, That the faid lieutenants of counties, their deputies, militia and fensible men under their command, return the arms received out of the King's magazines within But shall retwenty days after the expiration of the time for which they turn them to shall be called out, under the pains and penalties above-men-the magazines.

tioned.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After July 16. That from and after the fixteenth day of July one thousand se- 1716, Search wen hundred and fixteen, when a warrant is granted by any may be made lord lieutenant, or two deputy lieutenants of any of the shires in the night. for bounds above-mentioned, to fearth for any ammunition or other warlike stores, which he or they shall judge dangerous to the peace of the kingdom, and kept or used contrary to the directions of this present act, in pursuance of an act passed this present session of parliament to that effect, the said search may be made within the faid shires or bounds between sun-setting and fun-rising, if the warrant shall so direct; and in case of resistance or refusal of entry into the place where such fearch is to be made, Penalty of reor of the hiding, concealing or conveying away such arms, am- fisting such munition or other warlike stores, all and every person and per-search. sone wilfully aiding or abetting, or being guilty art and part of fuch resistance or refusal of entry, or the hiding, concealing or conveying away fuch arms, ammunition or other warlike stores, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifteen pounds sterling, and not under five pounds sterling, to be levied as above.

A. And whereas it is just and reasonable, That all such persons as Such persons bove continued faithful to his Majesty during the late unnatural rebel- as have relion, and who are by this act discharged from keeping or using arms, ful to his Mashould have the just and true value of all such arms as they are obliged jetty, shall be by this aft to lay aside: be it therefore enacted by the authority a- paid the full foresaid, That all persons within the limits aforesaid, who have value of the continued faithful to his Majesty, and who are hereby obliged arms they deto lay afide their arms, shall deliver them up to the lords lieutenants of their respective counties, or their deputies, or such other persons as his Majesty shall be pleased to commission for that

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purpole,

purpose, and shall receive the true and just value of them in money in manner after-mentioned; that is to fay, The lords lieutenants of the several counties above-mentioned, or their depaties, or fuch other persons commissioned as aforesaid, are hereby commanded and required, before the first day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, to appoint, by proclamation to be made at the several marketcroffes and parish-churches, proper places and times, within their respective counties, where such arms shall be delivered; and to appoint five or more persons to receive and value the same upon oath, and grant receipts under their hands for them, bearing the names, number and value of the arms so delivered; which oath, the faid lords lieutenants, or their deputies, or fuch other persons commissioned as aforesaid, are hereby required and impowered to administer: and if any of the persons to be appointed to receive and value the faid arms, shall wilfully refuse to take the said oath, or to receive or value the said arms, every person so refusing shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds sterling; and within forty days after the receipt of such arms, the lords lieutenants, or their deputies, or fuch other perfons commissioned as aforesaid, are hereby commanded and required to transmit the same to such places as his Majesty shall think fit to direct, with a figned lift of the names and defignations of the feveral persons who delivered them, and their particular values; and for the effectual payment of the faid value, the collectors of the land-tax or excise within the said counties are hereby commanded and required to pay the fums contained in the faid receipts out of the first and readiest monies that are in or shall come to their hands for the use of the publick: the which receipts, indorfed by the perfons to whom they were first granted, are hereby ordered to be passed to the credit of the said collectors of the land-tax or excise, at making up of their ac-

X. And whereas the prevailing custom of convocating numbers of his Majesty's subjects together, with the practice of obliging them to perform divers services, arbitrary and oppressive, by virtue of clauses in charges, contracts or agreements, within the limits aforefaid, is contrary to the nature of good government, destructive to the liberties of free people, inconsistent with the obedience and allegiance due to bis Majesty and government, as well as the greatest obstruction to the improvement of trade, husbandry and manufactories, and was one of the greatest means of raising and carying on the late unhappy rebellion: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and all time thereaster, mual value of the annual value of the services, commonly called personal attendance, hosting, hunting, watching and warding, due by virtendance, &c. tue of any charter, contract, custom or agreement whatsoever, shall be paid in money annually instead of them.

After Aug. 1, 1717, the anpersonal atmoney.

How the annual value

XI. And for the determining the faid annual value of fervices and attendance, it is hereby further enacted by the authority a-

forelaid,

foresaid, That the persons to whom such services and attendance shall be deare due, and those by whom they are payable, shall each for termined. themselves agree mutually for the said annual value, or by arbitrators chosen by their mutual consent; and in case they cannot agree in manner aforesaid, either party may apply to the lords of the session at Edinburgh, by bill or petition, to have the said annual value ascertained by them; and the said lords of the seffion are hereby impowered and required fummarily to determine the faid annual value, after having heard both parties, or fummoned and given them time to compear.

XII. And for preventing the like abuses in time to come, it Clauses in is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all charters, &c. clauses in charters, contracts or agreements of any fort, where- for paying the by the foresaid services of personal attendance, hosting, bust by the foresaid services of personal attendance, hosting, hunt- &c. shall be ing, watching and warding are contracted to be payable, and void. for which a certain fum of money is ordered to be paid annually as above, as well as all obligations to pay the aforefaid fervices and attendance, which shall hereafter be contracted, shall, from and after the faid first day of August one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, be void and null, and of no effect in

law, and so remain in all time to come.

XIII. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained Not to extend shall be construed to enervate or take away any other clause or to other article in the aforesaid charters, contracts or agreements, be-clauses in the fides those clauses, by virtue of which the foresaid services and said charters. personal attendance of hosting, hunting, watching and warding

are payable.

XIV. Provided also, That the foresaid agreements by mutual Agreements confent or by arbitrators, or failing of these, the sentences of by mutual the lords of the lession interposing as above, whereby a certain consent, &c. fum of money thall be determined to be paid annually, instead in law. of the forefaid fervices of personal attendance, hosting, hunting, watching and warding, shall have, and they are hereby ordered to have the same force and effect in law, as if the said sum of money afcertained and determined as above, were infert as payable in the faid respective charters, contracts or agreements, instead of the said services of personal attendance, hosting, hunting, watching and warding; any law, statute or usage to the

contrary notwithstanding.

XV. And whereas by an act passed in the sixth year of the reign of 6 Ann. c. 6. her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for rendring the union of the two kingdoms more intire and complete; it is among other things enacted, That circuit courts shall be holden in that part of the united kingdom called Scotland, in manner and at the places mentioned in the faid act: and whereas, by the late unnatural rebellion, the course of justice in Scotland has been so interrupted, as rendred it impossible to give up and transmit presentments in such due time, as profecutions might thereupon commence before the circuits to be holden in May one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, whereby and by the absence of several sheriffs and other officers appointed by law for executing the portous rolls, who joined in the faid rebellion, there appeared

1715

Lord justice clerk, &c. indemnified for not performing the circuit in May 1716.

appeared a necessity of superseding the said circuit: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the lord justice clerk, and commissioners of justiciary, and all and every other person and persons therein concerned, are hereby exonerated and indemnified for their not performing the faid circuit, as by the forecited act they were obliged to do; any thing in the fame act, or in any other law or statute to the contrary notwithftanding.

XVI. And whereas the wint of schools in proper places, for the education of youth within the bounds aforefaid, is also a great cause of the ignorance and rudeness of the meaner fort of people in those parts: Account to be be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That laid before his fuch persons as his Majesty shall appoint under his royal sign manual, shall, and they are hereby required and impowered, on or before the first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to lay before his Majefty an account of the proper places for establishing schools, and of the necessary salaries for the maintenance of them, that all needful provision may be made for that end.

Majetty, of proper places for ichools.

CAP. LV.

An all to oblige papists to register their names and real estates. HEREAS the papifts within this kingdom, notwithflanding the tender regard that hath been shewn them for many years last past, by omitting to put in execution the many penal laws which (on occasion of the many just provocations they bave given, and horrid designs they have framed, for the destruction of this kingdom and the entirpation of the protestant religion) have been made against them; and notwithstanding they have enjoyed, and do still enjoy the protestion and benefit of the government, as well as the rest of his Mayeriy's subjects, have not only, all or the greatest part of them, been concerned in stirring up and supporting the late unnatural rebellion, for the dethroning and murdering his most facred Majesty; for destroying our present happy establishment; for settling a populb pretender upon the throne of this kingdom; for the destruction of the protestant religion, and the cruel murdering and malfacring its professors; by which they bave brought a vast expense upon this nation: and whereas it manifestly appears by their behaviour, that they take themselves to be obliged, by the principles they profess, to be enemies to his Majesty and to the present kappy establishment, and watch for all opportunities of fomenting and stirring up new rebellions and disturbances within the kingdom, and of inviting foreigners to invade it: and for as much es it is highly reasonable that they should contribute a large share to all fuch extraord nary expences as are or shall be brought upon this kingdom by their treachery and infligation; and to the end that, by paying largely to the late great expences by them brought upon this nation, they may be deterred, if possible, from the like offences for the future: and that this nation may have the benefit of his Majelly's gracious condescension, in giving his interest in the two third parts of all the papifts eflates, which are already forfeited to him by law, for the use of the publick, either by scizing the said two third parts

parts of their estates for the publick service, or by laying some tax or charge upon their estates in lieu thereof, in such proportion and in fuch manner as shall be determined to be reasonable in parliament: and to the end that their estates may be certainly known and discovered, for the purposes aforesaid, or for such other ends as a parliament thall think fit, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all and every person and persons, not having taken the oaths herein aftermentioned before the last day of Trinity term one thousand seven Papists in Enghundred and fixteen, in the manner by law required, having land, &c. of any estate or interest in any lands, tenements or hereditaments, the age of ar or who shall hereafter have any estate or interest in any lands, years on June tenements or hereditaments lying, being or arising in that part having taken of Great Britain called England, or in Wales, or the town of Ber- the oaths, shall wick upon Tweed, who is or shall be a popish recusant or papist, before Jan. 20, or is or shall be educated in the popish religion, or whose parent 1716, or parents shall be a papilt or papilts, or who shall use or profels the popish religion, shall, if he, she or they be, on the twenty fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, of the age of one and twenty years, on or before the twentieth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, and if he, she or they be, on the said twenty fourth of June, unborn or under that age, within the space of fix months next after he, she or they shall respectively attain to that age, and have such estate or interest as aforesaid, take the several oaths appointed to be taken by fuch persons who bear any of-take the oaths fice under his Majesty, by an act made in this present session of appointed by parliament, intituled, An all for the further security of his Maje- 1Geo.1. stat.s. Ay's person and government, and the succession of the crown in the beirs c. 13. of the late princess Sophia, being protestants, and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and his open and secret abettors, and also repeat and subscribe the declaration set down and repeat and expressed in an act of parliament made in the thirtieth year and subscribe of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An thedeclaration att for the more effectual preserving the King's person and govern-in 30 Car. 2. ment, by disabling papists from sitting in either bouse of parliament, in the high court of chancery, court of King's bench, court of common pleas, or court of Exchequer, or at the general quarter-sessions of the peace to be holden for the county, riding or division, where such lands, tenements or hereditaments, or some part thereof, shall lie or arise, between the hours of nine and twelve of the clock in the forenoon, or in default thereof shall, or in default within the space of six months next after the time hereby ap-shall within pointed for him, her or them to take the faid oaths, and fo, fix months from time to time, within fix months after he, she or they, or after they any trustee or trustees for him, her or them, or his, her or their possession of benefit or advantage, shall come into the possession or perception any lands, &c. of the rents or profits of any other lands, tenements or hereditaments, register, or procure to be registred, his, her or their register their

name name and

lafid, &c. in books to be kept by the clerks of the peace.

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Two justices to fubicribe their names, on penalty of 201.

Clerks of the parchment. the names.

name or names, and all fuch lands, tenements and hereditaments, whereof he, she or they, or any trustee or trustees for him, her or them, or his, her or their benefit or advantage, shall be in possession, or in the receipt or perception of the rents or profits, which are fituate, lying, being or arifing in England, Manner of re- Wales, or the town of Berwick upon Tweed; and shall express or cause to be expressed in such register, in what parish, township or place fuch lands, tenements and hereditaments, and every part thereof lie or arise, and who, for the time being, is or are the possessors thereof, and of every part thereof, and what estate or interest he, she or they, whose name or names is or shall be so registred respectively, have in the same, and in every part and parcel thereof respectively, and the yearly rent reserved to him, her or them for the same, if the same shall be lett; and if the Estates let up- same shall be lett upon-lease, then by whom such lease was made, what yearly or other rent is referred thereupon, and what fine or fum of money was paid for fuch leafe thereof, in case the fame was made by himself or any person in trust for him, or that he was party or privy thereunto, and the time and day of the month and year when such entry shall be made, in a parchment-book or books, roll or rolls, which shall be kept by the clerk of the peace for every county, riding and division, where fuch lands, tenements or hereditaments shall respectively lie, arife or be. And to the end that all fraudulent or covenous registring any persons names or estates, who do not desire to have Persons names them registred, may be prevented, every person whose name to be subscrib- and estate shall be, or ought to be registred as aforesaid, is hereed in the pre-by obliged to take care that his name be, within the faid fix months hereby allowed for making fuch registry, subscribed to fuch registry or entry in the faid books or rolls, in the presence of two or more justices of the peace for the county, riding or division, where such registry shall be, in open sessions, either by the person himself whose name and estate shall be so registred, or by his attorney or attornies thereunto lawfully authorized by warrant of attorney under his hand and feal, executed by him in the presence of two or more witnesses, two of which witnesses at the least shall make proof of such execution upon their caths at the quarter-fessions where such name shall be subscribed or registry produced; and the justices of the said court of quarterfessions are hereby impowered and required to examine such witnesses upon oath for that purpose; and two of the justices of the peace then present shall subscribe their names to every such entry which shall be so made before them, as witnesses that the fame was duly made as aforefaid; and in default thereof each of the faid justices then prefent shall forfeit twenty pounds to the King. And to the end that the parties concerned in the premisses may find no difficulty in procuring their names and effates to be registred as aforelaid, all and every such clerk and peace to keep clerks of the peace are hereby required to keep parchment-books books to enter or parchment-rolls at some notorious place in the county, riding or division, in which they shall act as clerks of the peace; and shall by themselves or their lawful deputies register and enter in the said books 15.] Anno primo GEORGII I. Stat. 2. C. 55.

oks or rolls the christian and furnames of all and every such pera or persons, who shall come in person and desire to be regied as aforefaid, or shall send any writing under his, her or their nd to fuch clerk of the peace or his deputy, defiring him to reter his, her or their name or names; and shall also register the and register ate in lands, tenements and hereditaments of every such per- the estates, &c. and persons, in such manner and in such words, as he, she they shall, by any writing signed by him, her or them respecely, defire such clerk of the peace or his deputy to register the ne: provided the person or persons who desire such registry be made, shall tender and pay to such clerk and clerks of the ace, or to his or their lawful deputies, the fees hereby ap- Fees to be inted to be paid unto him or them for fuch registry, and so paid. at they apply to him or them to enter such registry, and delir to him in writing the words he or they respectively desire to ive so registred or entred, ten days at the least before the quarr-sessions where the entries thereof are to be subscribed as arefaid; and fuch clerk or clerks of the peace, or their lawful Books to be puty or deputies, shall enter such persons names and registry carried to the their estates before the next quarter-sessions of the peace after quarter-sesch delivery in the faid books or rolls, and shall carry the faid oks and rolls in which fuch entries shall be so made with him them to the next and every other quarter-fessions of the peace be held for the county, riding, division or place where such stry shall be made, until the time of such subscribing the same all be expired; to the end that all and every the persons hose names shall be or ought to be registred, as aforesaid, or eir respective attorney or attornies, may have an opportunity come to the faid fessions, and subscribe the names of the per- Clerks of the ns fo to be registred to the same; and such clerk and clerks of peace to keep e peace shall also keep alphabetical tables of the surnames of all alphabetical id every fuch person and persons whose names and estates shall tables of the ; fo registred, and of the parishes and townships where the surnames, nds so registred lie, with reference to the place in the book or oks, roll or rolls, where fuch names and lands shall be regired; and shall also carefully keep all such warrants of attorney and file the : shall be so proved, as aforesaid, upon a file, together with warrants of ich books and rolls; and shall likewise enter such warrants of attorney, torney upon record, and shall have for such registry and entry n record, a fee of three pence for every two hundred words which ad. for every ich registry and entry on record shall contain, and no more, to 200 words, e paid by the person registring the same; and shall also have ie sum of four pence, and no more, for every search that shall 4 d. for every e made for the name or estate of any person; and is and are search. ereby required to make fearch on the request of any person or ersons who shall pay such sees, and also shall permit and suffer ich person and persons to inspect and search the said tables, ooks and rolls, and inspect such letters of attorney as shall be so led, if he or they shall defire it; and every such clerk of the Clerk of the :ace is hereby required to give copies of fuch registries, sub- peace shall ribed by himself or his lawful deputy, to every person and per- give copies of sons register,

and refuting thall forfeit his office.

Penalty of persons not taking the oaths, or not registring their estates, &c.

Forfeitures, how to be recovered and disposed.

fons who shall defire such copies, and tender him the fees hereby appointed to be paid for the same; and shall suffer such persons who shall request him so to do, to examine the same with the roll or books by him kept, and for so doing shall take a see of three pence for every two hundred words contained in every fuch copy as shall be so taken, and no more; and if any clerk of the peace shall neglect or refuse to do any of the matters or things hereby appointed to be done by him, and be thereof lawfully convicted, he shall thereby forfeit his office; and if any fuch person or persons, who is or are hereby required or intended to take and subscribe such oath, and repeat and subscribe fuch declaration, as aforefaid, or in default thereof, to register or cause to be registred, his, her or their name and names, estate and estates, as aforesaid, shall not either take and subscribe ·fuch oath, and repeat and subscribe such declaration, as aforefaid, in fuch manner, as aforefaid, or register his, her or ther respective name and names, and estate, in such manner, as a foresaid; and also subscribe his, her or their respective name or names to such registry, or procure the same to be subscribe thereto by his, her or their respective attorney or attornies, lawfully authorised, as aforesaid, so to do, within the respective times herein before limited or appointed for his, her or ther doing thereof, or shall not register the same truly, that then and in every such case, the person and persons wilfully neglecting or refuling so to do, or committing any fraud in such registry, shall forfeit the fee-simple and inheritance of all such lands, tenements and hereditaments not registred, or fraudulently regstred, whereof he, she or they, or any person or persons in truk for him, her or them, was or were leized in fee-simple at the time of such default or fraud in registring, as aforesaid, and the full value of the inheritance of all fuch lands, tenements and hereditaments not registred, or fraudulently registred, as aforefaid, whereof he, she or they, or some person or persons in trust for him, her or them, was not or were not seised in seesimple at the time of such default or fraud, as aforesaid; two third parts thereof to the King, and the other third part thereof to such person or persons, being a protestant or protestant, who shall sue for the same at the common law, in any of his Majesty's courts at Westminster, by such action, bill, plaint, suit or information, or other process as shall be proper, according to the nature of the case, and of the thing sued for, or in the high court of chancery; and the person so suing shall be intitled in the high court of chancery to demand all such discoveries as he might do if he were a purchaser upon a valuable confidertion of the estate so sued for; and to demand a true discovery from all persons of all such incumbrances and titles which any way do or may affect the same, and of all trusts relating thereto or protecting the same; to which bill or bills no plea or demurrer shall be allowed, but the defendant or defendants shall . fufficiently answer the same at large; and also that the person fuing for any fuch real estate may, if he shall think fit, bring an

ejectment for the same upon his own demise, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if it shall appear upon trial of such ejectment, that the estate sued for is the estate of the person so neglecting to register, or fraudulently registring, and the defendant shall not be able to make it appear that he took the faid oaths, and repeated and subscribed the said declaration, in such manner as aforesaid, or otherwise that he registred his name and the estate so sued for in such manner as aforesaid, a verdict shall be given for the lessor of the plaintist in such ejectment, and judgment shall be thereupon had in such manner as is usual upon verdicts in ejectment, and the lessor of the plaintiff shall have costs of suit, as is usual when judgment in ejectment is recovered by, or given for the lessor of the plaintiff; and by fuch judgment two third parts of the lands, tenements and hereditaments so recovered, shall be vested in the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other third part thereof in the person who shall be the lessor of the plaintiff in the said ejectment.

II. Provided always nevertheless, and be it enacted by the au- Persons bethority aforefaid, That if any person or persons, who is or are youd sea on hereby required or intended to take and subscribe such oath June 18, 1716. hereby required or intended to take and subscribe such oath, taking the and make and subscribe such declaration, or to make such re- oaths before gistry, as aforesaid, shall be beyond the seas upon the eighteenth May 20, 1717. day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, that then or procuring and in such case, if such person or persons shall take the oaths, &c. to be or repeat and subscribe the declaration hereby appointed to be subscribed, taken, repeated and subscribed in such court, and in such man- and estates rener as the fame are hereby before appointed to be taken, repeat- giftred, shall ed and subscribed, on or before the twentieth day of Mrs. one be good and ed and subscribed, on or before the twentieth day of May one effectual. thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or in default thereof shall procure his or their respective name and names, estate and estates to be registred in such manner, as aforesaid, at any time within fix months next after the faid twentieth day of May one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, that then and in such case, such taking the oaths and repeating and subscribing the faid declaration, or such registry of his or their respective name or names, and estate or estates, shall be as good and effectual. in respect of every such person and persons so being beyond sea upon the said eighteenth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, as it would have been if fuch person had taken the faid oaths, and repeated and subscribed the faid declaration on or before the twentieth day of Fanuary one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, in fuch manner as aforefaid, or had registred his name and estate in such manner as aforesaid, within six months next after the faid twentieth day of January one thousand feven hundred and fixteen.

III. Provided, That in case such person or persons so making Purchasers, default, or committing any fraud in registring, as aforesaid, after &c. for a vafuch default or fraud committed, and before he, she or they be luable considethereof convicted, or any ejectment or suit brought for such for-knowing of feited lands, tenements or hereditaments, shall bena fide, for a any default or

their names,

ftring, fhall not be prejudiced, &c. by reason of any forfeitures.

fraud in regi- just and valuable consideration, convey over, grant, lease or incumber all or any such lands, tenements or hereditaments omitted, or fraudulently registred, as aforesaid, that then and in such case, the person or persons so purchasing, or having such grant, lease or incumbrance, as aforesaid, not knowing, at the time of such purchase or incumbrance made, the said offender to be a person within the description of this act, shall not be prejudiced, nor his, her or their estate or interest in the said lands, tenements and hereditaments, impeached, for or by reason of such forfeiture, as aforesaid; but in that case the said offender shall forfeit the value of the inheritance of the said lands, tenements and hereditaments, to be distributed and recovered in manner as aforesaid.

Not to extend &c. for the space of fix months.

IV. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted and to persons not declared by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this present actually feifed, act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to compel any person whatsoever to register, or procure to be registred, any lands, tenements or hereditaments, until he or some other person or persons, as trustee or trustees for him or his benefit, or on his behalf, is, are, have or hath been, or shall be actually seized and have notice thereof, or possessed, or in the receipt of the rents or profits of the same, for the space of six months.

·Not to compel any farmers, &c. to regifter,

V. Provided, That nothing herein contained thall extend or be construed to extend to compel any person or persons to register any lands, tenements or hereditaments, whereof he, she or they shall be only farmer or farmers, or tenants at a rack-rent, or who only do or shall hold by lease or leases, whereupon two thirds of the full yearly value, or more, is, are or shall be referved.

Nor to prejudice any creditor; but persons making default, &c. in regiftring incumbrances, shall forfeit the value.

VI. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall extend to defeat or prejudice any protestant, or other creditor, who bena fide hath or shall have any charge or incumbrance upon any real estate or estates hereby directed to be registred; but then in case of such charge or incumbrance, the person or persons so making default, or committing any fraud in registring, as aforefaid, shall forfeit the value of such charge and incumbrance, one third part thereof to and among the person and persons who shall by virtue of this act fue for and recover the lands, tenements and hereditaments forfeited, as aforefaid, and subject to such charge and incumbrance, or any part thereof, in proportion to the part so by him, her or them recovered, and two third parts thereof to the King's most excellent majesty, his heirs and succeffors.

Times allowed to persons in the Indies or America.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons being in the East or West-Indies or America, shall be compelled to take the said oaths, and fign the declaration before-mentioned, and register his, her or their estate or estates at the time within mentioned, but shall have twelve months longer than the times herein before respectively allowed to persons beyond the seas to take the

faid oaths, and fign the faid declaration, and register their estate and estates; any thing herein to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. LVI.

An all to disable any person from being chose a member of, or from fitting and voting in the bouse of commons, who has any pension for any number of years from the crown.

WHEREAS by an act, intituled, An act for the fecurity of 6 Ann. c. 7. her Majesty's person and government, and of the succession to the crown of Great Britain in the protestant line, and made in the fixth year of the late Queen Anne, it was provided, That no person having any pension from the crown during pleasure, should be capable of being elected, or of sitting or voting as a member of the house of commons, in any parliament which should be then after fummoned and holden; to the end therefore that the provision intended by that law, for securing the honour of the house of commons, may not in future times be defeated or eluded by any person who shall be a member of the house of commons, accepting any pension for any term or number of years; be it en- No person acted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the ad-vice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com-mons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the autho-capable of berity of the same, That no person having any pension from the ing elected, crown for any term or number of years, either in his own name, &c. a member or in the name or names of any other person or persons in trust of commons. for him, or for his benefit, shall be capable of being elected or chosen a member of, or of sitting or voting as a member of this present or any future house of commons which shall be hereafter fummoned.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Any person if any person who shall have such pension, as aforesaid, at the having such time of his being so elected, or at any time after, during such who being time as he shall continue or be a member of the house of com- elected shall mons, shall presume to fit or vote in that house, then and in fit in the fuch case, he shall forfeit twenty pounds for every day in which house, shall be shall so for every day in which forfeit so l. he shall so sit or vote in the said house of commons, to such per diem, to person or persons who shall sue for the same in any of his Ma- the prosecujesty's courts in Westminster-Hall; and the monies so forseited tor. shall be recovered by the person so suing, with full costs of suit in any of the faid courts, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in which no effoin, privilege, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, and only one imparlance.



hackney-

CAP. LVII.

An all for better regulating backney-coaches, carts, drays, carrs and waggons within the cities of London and Wellminster, and the weekly bills of mortality; and for preventing mischiefs occasioned by the drivers riding upon such carts, drays, carrs and waggons.

9 Ann. c. 23. THEREAS by an act of parliament made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for licenfing and regulating hackney-coaches and chairs; and for charging certain new duties on stampt vellum, parchment and paper, and on cards and dice, and on the exportation of rock-falt for Ireland; and for securing thereby, and by a weekly payment out of the post-office, and by several duties on hides and skins, a yearly fund of one hundred eighty-fix thousand six hundred and seventy pounds, for thirty two years, to be applied to the fatisfaction of fuch orders as are therein mentioned, to the contributors of any fum not exceeding two millions, to be raifed for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, a power was given to the commissioners therein mentioned, from time to time, during the term of thirty two years therein mentioned, to license all such persons, who, from and after the twenty fourth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, at any time or times within the faid term, should drive or keep hackney-coach or coach-horses within the cities of London and Westminfter, or the suburbs of the same, or within the parishes comprized within the weekly bills of mortality: and whereas several inconveniencies have been found by reason of a clause in the said act, whereby the commissioners are impowered to make by-laws to bind such persons only who shall have licenses to keep backney-coaches: and whereas several doubts have arisen in relation to other clauses in the said act; may it therefore please your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That for the better regulating and ordering fuch persons who are or shall be licensed to keep or drive backney-coaches, and the renters of fuch licences, and drivers of fuch coaches, and to prevent any disturbances and other inconveniencies in the streets and highways where such coaches shall fland and be driven, and for punishment thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners (from time to time authorized to put the faid recited act in execution) or the major part putting in ex- of them, to make such orders, by-laws and ordinances, from time to time, to bind all persons who are licensed to keep hackney-coaches, the renter or renters of fuch licences, and drivers of such coaches, and to annex such reasonable penalties, as the faid commissioners in their discretion shall think sit, so as such orders, by-laws or ordinances, be made agreeable to the true intent and meaning of this act, and the former acts concerning

The commisfioners for ecution the act 9 Ann. c. 23. may make bylaws, &c. to bind the keepers, &c. of hackneysoaches,

hackney coaches, and he for the better putting in execution thereof, and for the good government and regulating the persons licensed to keep coaches, and the renters of fuch licences, and drivers of fuch coaches, and fo as they do not contain any thing repugnant to the laws of this realm; the faid by-laws to be approved and put in execution, as in and by the faid recited act is directed.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Penalty for re-If any hackney-coachman or driver thall refuse to go at, or shall futing to go exact more for his hire than according to the faid recited act, or at or exacting by-laws made pursuant thereto, thall be limited and appointed, hire, than ache shall for every such offence forfeit a sum as the discretion of cording to the the commissioners authorized to put the said act in execution, or said act. the major part of them, not exceeding three pounds nor under ten shillings, the said offence or offences to be determined, and the said penalties and forseitures to be recovered, levied and ap- 9 Ann. c. 23. plied, as in and by the faid recited act is directed concerning the

forty shillings penalty for the offences aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That None but perfrom and after the faid twenty fourth day of June, no person or sons licensed persons shall presume to stand, ply or drive for hire, with any shall ply, &c. coach whatfoever, hearse or coach-horses, or shall let to hire &c. on forteiany mourning-coach or coach-horles, to wait or attend on any ture of 5 l. funeral within the cities of London and Westminster, or suburbs of the same, or within the parishes or places comprized within the weekly bills of mortality, except fuch person or persons who are or shall be licensed by the said commissioners, pursuant to the before-mentioned act, That every person and persons so offending shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of five pounds. the faid offence to be determined, and the faid penalty to be recovered, levied and applied, as in and by the faid recited act is directed concerning the penalty for driving an hackney-coach for hire without licence within the places aforefaid.

IV. And whereas of late it has been the common practice of undertakers of funerals to hire gentlemen's coaches and horses of their servants, without the knowledge and confent of their masters, to wait and attend on funerals, to the prejudice of the owners of such coaches and horses, and greatly to the detriment of the persons licensed to keep coaches and horses to let to hire within the places aforesaid: and whereas 'tis difficult to prove any fuch hiring of fuch persons by the undertakers, for that 'tis a matter privately transacted between themselves, and a certain common price (known between the parties) is conflantly paid though no agreement made: be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person shall drive a mourn- Mourning ing-coach to any funeral, except the same shall have a number coaches shall fixed on the fore-standard of such coach or hearse, or in some not be driven other convenient place to be appointed by the commissioners, except they shewing it to be a licensed coach or hearse to be let to hire, or have a numexcept the same shall be the coach of some person of quality or ber, or gentlegentleman's coach attending the maîter or miltrefs, or any of mens coaches, his, her or their family; and if information shall be given to attending the the faid commissioners of such fact, it shall and may be lawful for

the commissioners to summon the party driving such coach or hearse before them, and on default of such party or parties appearing on such summons before the said commissioners, the commissioners are hereby impowered to proceed against him or them; and although no express hiring shall be proved, yet unless such party or parties shall appear and prove a previous order or command from the owner of such coach or coach-horses to attend at such suneral, it shall be deemed and adjudged a driving for hire, and the faid party shall forfeit for such offence the fum of five pounds, to be recovered of the driver of such coach, hearfe or horses, or the undertaker of such funeral, and to be levied and applied as in and by the faid recited act is directed concerning the driving an hackney-coach for hire without licence.

on forfeiture of 5 l.

Perfors profecuted may plead the general iffue, and shall have double costs.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall at any time be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this act, he or they shall and may plead the general issue, and give this act, and the special matter proper for his defence in evidence; and if upon a trial a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or judgment shall be given against the plaintiff or plaintiffs upon demurrer, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs be nonfuited, discontinue or forbear profecuting their faid actions, then fuch defendant and defendants thall have double cofts to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs, for which costs he shall have fuch remedy as in other cases where costs are by law given to defendants.

No Certiorari.

VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no writ or writs of Certificari shall supersede execution, or other proceeding, upon any order or orders made by the faid commissioners, in purfuance of this act; but that execution and other proceedings shall and may be had and made thereupon; any such writ or writs, or allowance thereof notwithstanding.

Aldermen,&c. in London may inflict the like penalties fioners.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the aldermen of every ward of the faid city within his ward. and every justice of peace within his jurisdiction, in the said cities as the commit and counties, to inflict the like penalties, and to levy the fame in the fame manner, for any offence or offences contrary to this act, within any the places aforefaid, as the commissioners abovementioned have power to inflict and levy upon any fuch offenders, as aforefaid; provided that no person be punished twice for the fame offence.

VIII. And whereas, through the negligence of carters, draymen, carmen, and waggoners, riding upon their carts, drays, cars, and svaggons, in the streets of London and Westminster, the borough of Southwark, and other streets within the weekly bills of mortality, aged and other persons, and children, are frequently maimed, wounded, and killed: 1716. No car, for preventing such mischiefs for the future, be it enacted by the ter, &c. shall authority aforesaid, That if any carter, drayman, carman, waggoner, or other person, driving any cart, dray, carr, or waggon, in or through any the streets or lanes aforesaid, shall after the said

After June 24. ride on his cart, &c.

twenty fourth day of June pone thousand seven hundred and sixteen, ride upon such cart, dray, carr, or waggon, not having fome other person or persons on foot to guide or conduct the fame, every such offender being thereof convicted before the aldermen of the ward, or one or more justice or justices of the peace for the city or county where the offence is committed, by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, shall for every offence forfeit the fum of ten shillings, to be levied by on forfeiture distress and sale of the offender's goods, by warrant under the of 10 s. hand and seal of such alderman, or justice or justices of the peace, rendring the overplus to the owner; one moiety of the faid forfeiture to be to the informer, and the other moiety to be to the use of the poor of the parish or place where such offence is committed; and in default of payment of the faid forfeiture In default of the person or persons so offending, to be sent by such alderman, payment to be or justice or justices of the peace, to the house of correction, house of corthere to be kept to hard labour for the space of three days.

IX. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall three days. extend to deprive or take away from the mayor, commonalty, and citizens of London and governors of Christ's Hospital, any power or authority they have to punish any the offences aforefaid, which shall be committed by any persons using or drive This act shall ing any care, dray, carr or waggon, within the city of London, not take away and any of the offenders therein, in such fort and manner as the power of they now usually do, such offender not having been before put the mayor of nished for the faid offence by virtue of this act. nished for the said offence by virtue of this act.

Anno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ, tertio.

A T the parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the feventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand seven bundred and fourteen, in the first year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, &c. and from thence continued by several prorogations to the twentieth day of February one thousand seven bundred and fixteen; (a) being the second session of this present parlia- (a) in the re-

and further

continued by adjournments till the 15th day of July in the third year of his Majesty's reign.

CAP. I.

An act to enable his Majesty effectually to prohibit or restrain commerce with Sweden. EXP.

CAP. II.

An all for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

Penalties against the act to be fued for.

L. A ND whereas by an act of the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the more effectual and exemplary I Geo. 1. Rat. punishment of such persons as shall seduce soldiers to desert, or 2. C. 47. where being papifts, shall inlist themselves in his Majesty's service in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the islands of Guernsey or Fersey; it is enacted, That any person or persons what soever, who should directly or indirectly persuade or procure, or endeavour to persuade or procure any soldier or soldiers, in the service of his Majesty, or of his heirs or successors, to desert, such person or persons so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, should forfeit the sum of forty pounds: now be it enacted, That for such offences as shall be committed against the said recited act, within that part of Great Britain called England, the penalties thereby enacted shall be fued for and recoverable in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster; and for such offences against the said act, as shall be committed in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, the same shall be sued for and recoverable in his Majesty's court of Exchequer in Scotland; and for such offences against the said act, as shall be committed in Ireland, the same shall and may be fued for and recoverable in any of the four courts at Dublin; any thing in the faid recited act to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. III.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen. 30. in the pound. EXP.

CAP. IV.

An act for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and to authorize allowances to be made to certain receivers; and to obviate a doubt concerning goods imported from the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Sark, and Alderney; and to ascertain the duties upon sheep skins and lamb skins; and to prevent frauds in the duties upon starch; and for making sorth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lottery tickets, and orders, loft, burnt or destroyed, and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lotteries; and for preventing frauds in the duties on low wines and spirits carried coastwise.

For the applica-III. A ND whereas it has been thought necessary heretofore, for tion of the mo-I the service of the publick, That the lord treasurer, or comnies arifing missioners of the treasury for the time being, should make allowances from this all, millioners of the treasury for the time veing, should make autowances Videinfra, c.7. to several receivers general of land taxes and duties on bonses and Æå. 41. marriages, for their extraordinary charges in bringing up the money,

ever and above the poundage allowable by the respective acts of parliament for the faid taxes and duties, upon reports made to them by the proper officers for that purpose, but by reason the monies out of which fuch allowances were usually paid are now appropriated, many have incurred the penalty of paying ten pounds per centum per annum in- 1 Geo. 1. flat. terest, by virtue of the act for laying duties on malt, and other things, 2. C. 36. f. 4. for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, without any regard had to such allowances, whereby divers receivers are rendred incapable of passing their accounts: for redress whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lords commis- Treasury to fioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, make allowor the lord high treasurer, or any three or more of the commis- ances to refioners of the treasury, for the time being, are hereby impower- traordinary ed to cause such sums of money as he or they, upon due consi- charges, deration of such reports made or to be made by the proper officers for that purpose, shall judge to be just and reasonable, to be paid or allowed, from time to time, to such persons as have been, are or shall be receivers, their sureties, executors, adminishrators, or assigns respectively, out of the arrears remaining in their respective hands, without charging any of them with interest, after the rate of ten pounds per centum, for so much as without fuch allowances shall amount unto; and the several auditors are charging them hereby required to allow the fame, on passing their respective with 101. per accounts, upon such warrant or warrants as shall be signed by any three or more of the lords commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or the lord high treasurer for the time being.

ceivers for ex-

cent. interest,

IV. And whereas some receivers of such taxes and duties, as ar and to such as foresaid, their executors, administrators, or sureties, to avoid the have already extreme rigour of the law, and the faid penalty inflicted by the faid cleared their last mentioned act, have, with great difficulties, raised monies and accounts. cleared their accounts, though the just allowances for their extraordinary charges have not been made to them: be it therefore enacted, That fo much as the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the lord high treasurer for the time being, shall judge reasonable upon such report or reports, as aforesaid, to be allowed to such receivers as have already cleared their accounts, shall and may be paid to them respectively out of any arrears of any land-tax or land-taxes which are or may be recovered and brought into the Exchequer, and shall there remain after all loans registred thereupon, and the interest thereof shall be fatisfied or transferred for fatisfaction; any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And whereas the inhabitants of the islands of Jersey, Guernfey, Sark, and Alderney, have always been permitted and allowed to import into England, any goods, wares, and merchandizes of the growth, produce, or manufacture of those respective isses, upon certificates from the respective governors, lieutenant or deputy governors, or commanders in chief, for the time being, and oaths before the magistrates of the said islands of Jersey and Guernsey respectively, that the same were of the growth, produce, or manufacture of the faid islands, or either of them, without paying any customs, subsidies,

Goods of the

be imported

Salt imported

produce of

duty free. By & Geo. 1.

from these

islands sball pay as other

foreign salt.

Bonds and fe-

curities difcharged;

or duties for or in respect thereof: and whereas some doubt bath of late arisen, whether, according to some late laws now in force, the fame may be still continued: now for removing the said doubt, and encouraging the faid inhabitants to continue that steady and firm loyalty and filelity to the crown of Great Britain, which they have formerly and constantly shewn to the crown of England, and for their better support; be it declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said inhabitants shall and may (with and under such certificates and oaths, as aforesaid) import ersey, &c. to into any lawful port of Great Britain, any goods, wares, and merchandizes of the growth, produce, and manufacture of the faid islands, or either of them, without paying any customs, c. 18. fect. 11. subsidies or duties, for or in respect thereof (except such excise or other duty as is now, or shall hereafter, for the time being, be due and payable for the like goods of the growth, produce and manufacture of Great Britain); any law or statute to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

VI. And whereas upon the aforefaid doubt, whether the goods, wares, and merchandizes of the growth, produce, and manufacture of the said islands might still be imported into Great Britain customfree, several bonds with securities have been lately taken for answering the duties demanded for the same, unless discharged from the said duties by act of parliament, the said bonds are hereby declared null and void, and the said securities discharged from all prose-

cutions for the same.

But foreign pay duty.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted goods, &c. to by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this act contained, shall exempt, or be construed to exempt, any goods or commodities of the growth, product, or manufacture of any foreign nation or country, which may lawfully be imported into the faid islands, or such foreign goods or commodities as shall or may be in part or fully manufactured in the said islands by the people thereof, from payment of fuch customs, duties, or other impositions on the importation of the same, from any of the said islands into Great Britain, as are or shall be due and payable for goods and commodities of the like kinds imported into Great Britain, from such foreign nation or country of which the faid goods are of the growth, product, or manufacture; any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And whereas some doubts have arisen upon certain clauses in and lamb ikins the two acts of the ninth and tenth years of Queen Anne, for the laying certain duties upon hides and skins, whether sheep skins and lamb skins, being first dipped and steeped in the tanner's wooze made 9 Ann. c. 11. of the bark of trees or shomack, and afterwards tawed and dressed in 10 Ann. c.26. allow and falt, or meal, should be charged with the duty of fix farthings or five farthings for every pound weight thereof: it is hereby enacted and declared. That all theep tkins and lamb tkins tawed and dreffed, or made into leather, or which shall hereafter be tawed and dreffed, or made into leather, in allom and falt, or meal, shall be rated and liable to pay five farthings only for every pound weight averdupoize, and so proportionably for every greater

Sheep skins to pay only five farthings per pound.

or leffer quantity, although such sheep skins and lamb skins so tawed and dreffed, or made into leather, in allom and falt, or meal, may have been or shall be dipped or steeped in the tanner's wooze made of bark of trees or shomack before such tawing or dreffing as aforefaid; any thing in the faid acts or in any other

act contained to the contrary notwithstanding,

XIV. And whereas starch made beyond the seas, and imported into After May :4, this kingdom, is by law subject to the payment of custom and other 1717, all hairduties, and starch made in this kingdom is made liable to the payment powder imof several duties by way of excise, to evade the payment whereof se-ported to pay veral considerable quantities of starch ground into powder have of late starch. been fraudulently imported from parts beyond the leas, under the denomination of hair-powder, to the great prejudice of the revenue and the ruin of the starch-makers of this kingdom; and such powder being not liable to pay on the importation thereof much above one twentieth part of the custom and duties which starch is liable unto: for preventing whereof for the future, be it declared by the authority aforesaid, That all hair-powder made of starch, or other powder that will ferve for the same uses as starch, shall, on the importation thereof, after the twenty seventh day of May one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, be subject and liable to the same or the like several and respective duties, as foreign starch on the importation thereof is liable unto; and such powder so to be imported shall be entitled to the like drawback upon exportation, and be collected or levied with fuch allowances, and under such penalties and forseitures, and in such manner and form, as is directed and prescribed by the laws now in force relating to the collection of his Majesty's customs and other duties upon starch.

XVII. And whereas several persons who privately brew, make Clause for the and distil great quantities of low wines and spirits, of which no en-venting transtries are made with the proper officers of excise of the respective divi- in the our security fions and places where the same are so brewed, made or distilled, nor and sprie any duties paid for the same, do privately convey the same on board carried coaliships or other vessels in several ports of this kingdom, and carry the wise. same coastwife to other parts of this kingdom, and there sell the same, whereby his Majesty is very much defrauded in his duties on the said commodities, and the fair dealers in the faid commodities very much prejudiced in their trade; for remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the fifth day of June one thousand seven hundred and seventeen all low wines or spirits, which shall be brought by sea coastwise from any port or place in this kingdom to any other port or place in this kingdom, without a certificate from the proper officer of excife of the respective divisions and places where the same were brewed, made or distilled, that the duty of such low wines or spirits so brewed, made or distilled, hath been paid (which certificate shall be given on demand without fee or reward) shall be forfeited and loft, and shall and may be seized by any of the officers of the customs or excise of the port or place where the same shall be so brought in; the said forfeiture to be sued for, recovered,

¥ 4

recovered, determined and mitigated by the same ways, means and methods, as any penalty or forfeiture may be fued for, recovered, determined and mitigated by any of the laws of excise, and to be distributed, one moiety to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, and the other moiety to the person or persons that shall sue or inform for the same.

CAP. V.

An all for continuing the duty of two pennics Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, on every pint of ale and beer that shall be wended or fold within the city of Edinburgh and privileges thereof, for the benefit of the said city, and for discontinuing the payment of the dues commonly called the petty-port customs at Edinburgh, during the continuance of this att.

[] HEREAS the city of Edinburgh, by being the metropolis

and seat of the government of Scotland, was subjett to all

This all explained by Geo.2. ttat.2. the viciffitudes and changes of the state, and particularly has, ever fince the reformation, been remarkably zealous in supporting and de-Continued by

9 Geo. 1. C. 14. fending the protestant interest, and thereby involved in great debts above what the common revenue of the town could discharge; therefore their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, with consent of the estates of parliament, by an act passed in the parliament of Scotland on the thirteenth of June one thousand six hundred and ninety three years, did give and grant to the faid town of Edinburgh and See 26 Geo. 2. community thereof, and to the magistrates and town council of the same, and their successors in office, for their use and behoof, the imposition of two pennies Scots, (over and above the King's annexed excise and additional excise imposed in that session of parliament) upon the pint of all ale and beer, either brewed, or brought in, or vended, tapped and fold within the faid town and fuburbs, and liberties thereof; viz. Canongate, South and North Leiths, Westport, Potteraw and Pleasants, and the other pertinents, to be paid to the said town and magistrates, and council thereof, by the brewers, vintners, fellers or tapsters of the said ale or beer, during the space of fifteen years and further, not exceeding the space of thirty years, beginning from the first day of July one thousand six hundred and ninety three, and to be paid, uplifted and gathered weekly, monthly and quarterly, or other ways, as the magistrates and town-council should think fit to prescribe and order; excepting only from the faid att all fuch ale and beer as should be brewed in the country without the liberties of the burgh by

> beretors on their own lands, and brought in by them (they inhabiting for the time within the town) to be confumed for the use of themselves and their families only; and also excepting all ale and beer vended within the precincis of Holy-Rood House and castle of Edinburgh from the said imposition: and whereas since the union of the two kingdims, there bath been a gradual decrease of the revenue of the said town, and there are several publick works (which of late years have been much neglected) necessary to be carried on and done for the service of the faid town, which will coll a very confiderable fum of maney, and the faid town is much in debt (part of which was occasioned

c. 36.

by the late rebellion) and the faid debts will, at the expiration of the faid act, be so much increased, that the money arising by the said imposition will fall very short of discharging of the same: and whereas it is necessary to enlarge the harbour of Leith and deepen the channel thereof, and also to build and endow two new churches, and make provision for the poor of the said town, which are now become very numerous: wherefore your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the provost, magistrates and council of the city of Edinburgh, in behalf of themselves and the community of the said city, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, The rates and by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and duties impostemporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, ed by the act and by the authority of the same, That such and the like rates land, June 30, and duties, and imposition by the act asoresaid, laid, granted 1693, upon and imposed upon ale and beer brewed, brought in, vended, ale, &c. fold tapped and fold as aforesaid, within the said town of Edinburgh in Edinburgh, and suburbs and liberties thereof, (except as in the said act is for 19 years, excepted) shall, from and after the expiration of the term by the after the exfaid act granted, be further continued, raifed, levied, collected, piration of the paid and made payable to the provost, magistrates and council term granted by the said act, of the said city of Edinburgh for the time being, and their suc- and to be ceffors, for the use and behoof of the said town, for and during raised, &c. unthe full term of nineteen years, and by the same means and me- der the same thods, and by and under fuch rules and directions, and with penalties, &c. fuch exceptions, and under the same penalties and forseitures and powers, as are prescribed, mentioned and expressed in the act aforesaid; and that the said act, and every article, rule, clause, matter and thing therein contained, shall be of full force and effect to all intents and purposes, for raising, collecting, securing, disposing, accounting for and levying the same, during the faid term of nineteen years, as fully as if the same were particularly and at large repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act.

II. And whereas by the faid in part recited act of the parliament of Scotland, two of the lords of session, with two of the parliamentmen for the sbires of Edinburgh and Haddingtown, were to overlook and controul the management of the monies arifing by the faid act: now for the better attaining the ends hereafter mentioned, be Overseers apit further enacted. That the lords of fession shall, and they are pointed to hereby authorized to nominate and appoint two of their own overlook and number, and the barons of the Exchequer one of their num-controul the monies arising ber, the sheriffs of the shires of Edinburgh, Linlithgow and Hud- by this act, dingtown are hereby authorized and required to summon the heretors and freeholders of the respective shires to meet annually, to the end that each shire may elect and choose two of their number; the first of which elections by the lords of session, barons of Exchequer, and by the heretors and freeholders of the shires of Edinburgh, Linlithgow and Haddingtown, shall be made on the first Tuesday of November one thousand seven hundred and feventeen, and annually on the fecond Tuesday of June thereafter; and the persons so elected and chosen, together with the reprefentatives

who may prosecute any persons for milmanagement.

Times when they shall meet.

Have power to ielves.

The magiftrates of E. dinburgh to lay before them an account of the debts or the tov....

The overfeers impowered to make rules,

The magi-Edinburgh curity for mo-

How the faid money shall be applied.

fentatives in parliament for the time being for the faid shires of Edinburgh, Linlithgow and Haddingtown, are hereby impowered and authorized to overlook and controul the management of the monies to arise by this act, to aid and concur in the several cases after mentioned: and in case they shall find any mismanagement or misapplication of the monies arising or to arise by this act, or any other abuse or mismanagement of or concerning the same. they the faid overfeers, or any two or more of them, may fue and profecute the magistrates or others concerned in the abuse or mismanagement for redress and reparation, in the terms and under the penalties contained in the aforesaid act of the parliament of Scotland; and the first meeting of the said overseers (if not sooner called together at the request of the magistrate of Edinburgh) shall be at the town-council chamber at Edinburgh, upon the second Tucsday of November one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and they shall have power to adjourn themselves from time to time, and one anniversary meeting shall be adjourn them. had upon the third Tuesday of July yearly, for one year longer than the continuance of this act.

III. And be it further enacted, That at the first meeting of the faid overseers the magistrates of Edinburgh shall lay before the faid overfeers, or any three or more of them, an account of all the debts of the town, other than those debts provided for, and to be discharged by the duty arising by the former act of parliament, as they stand on the first day of July one thou-fand seven hundred and eighteen, to be entred in a book to be kept for that purpose; and at the said first meeting of the overfeers, or any other subsequent meeting, they the said overseers, or any three or more of them, are hereby impowered and authorized to make and fettle fuch rules, directions and hy-laws, by-laws, &c. for the better management of all the different matters and things hereafter mentioned, and for controlling the same, as to them shall appear to be necessary, consistent with this act and the laws of Scotland.

IV. And for as much as the duty by this act granted will not at Atrates, &c. of present raise such a stock or sum of money as may be sufficient for the purposes in this act contained: be it further enacted by the authomay assign the rity aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the magiduties as a fe-strates and council of Edinburgh, by any writing under their ney borrowed, hands and feals, to affign over the duty hereby granted, or any part thereof, for any term for which the same is hereby granted, or any part of the faid term, as a fecurity for any fum or fums of money by them to be borrowed for the purposes in this act mentioned, and none other; which faid monies to borrowed, and also what shall arise by the said duty, shall be applied and disposed of to the uses following, viz. for renewing the waterpipes and helping the conduits which carry water to the town; for enlarging the harbour and deepning the channel of Leith; for building a new key at Leith; for fettling an annual fund of three hundred pounds per annum towards employing and maintaining the poor of Edinburgh and adjacent counties, which thall commence and grow due after the first day of July one thousand **feven** seven hundred and eighteen; for settling a salary upon the professor of law in the university of Edinburgh, and his successors in office, not exceeding one hundred pounds per unnum, to commence and grow due from and after the eleventh day of November one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; for rebuilding the city walls, and causwaying the highways leading to the city; and for building two new churches and fettling stipends for the ministers; and in aid of the deficiency of the present ordinary revenue of the town, a fum not exceeding four hundred and fifty two pounds annually: and the faid magistrates The magishall, and they are hereby required to lay before the overseers an strates to lay account of all the debts contracted upon account or by reason before the of any the matters and things aforefaid, together with the agree- account of all ments, covenants and accounts relating thereunto; which faid debts conaccount of debts shall be fairly entred in a book to be kept for tracted. that purpose, and an entry shall be made yearly and every year, till the purposes in this act are completed and satisfied; and on the third Tuesday of July, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty sour, a full and perfect state of all the debts incurred and then grown due to the first day of July in the faid year, shall be made up, and out of the monies arising by the said imposition hereby continued, the interest of the debt then due from the said town shall be paid, and all the annual payments before-mentioned, together with two thousand marks Scots to two French ministers, and what shall remain shall be applied for paying off part of the capital debt, and so be applied yearly till all the capital debt due and unsatisfied before the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, is paid off and discharged; and if any more monies shall arise by the imposition hereby continued, than shall be found necessary to pay off the debts aforesaid, and discharge the annual payments aforesaid, that such overplus shall Overplus, how be laid out and applied for carrying on fuch publick works as to be applied. shall be found necessary for the service of the said town, as the fame shall be settled and agreed to by the magistrates and majority of the overfeers for the time being: which overfeers shall be summoned by the magistrates, or any three or more of them, to be present at all agreements relating to assignments or farms made of the faid imposition of two penny Scots on the pint of all ale and beer Scots measure by this act continued.

V. Provided, That from and after the first day of July, which Proviso, that shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and the magitwenty three, it shall not be in the power of the magistrates, and shortow they are hereby restrained from borrowing any magistrates. they are hereby restrained from borrowing any monies, so as to any money increase the debt of the said town, during the term for which after July 1, this imposition is granted, for or upon any reason or purpose 1723. whatfoever, unless it shall be with the consent and approbation of the majority of the overfeers hereby appointed, which confent shall be first had under their hands, or under the hands of three or more of them.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That of the How the poor VI. Provided always, and ne it turther enacted, I had of the fhall be prenumber of poor to be employed and maintained out of the year-fented, and

their vacancies supplied.

ly fund of three hundred pounds intended for that purpose, one fourth part of that number shall be presented, and their casual vacancies supplied by the representatives in parliament and two heretors elected by the freeholders of the shire of Edinburgh; and another fourth part of the number of poor to be employed and maintained as aforefaid shall be presented, and their vacancies supplied by the representative in parliament and two heretors elected by the freeholders of Haddingtown shire.

Annual payments shall continue till July 1, 1742.

The imposi-

raifed, &c. as

his Majefty's excile.

tion to be

VII. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That the annual payments with which the town is charged by this act, shall continue and endure only till the first day of July, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and forty two, and no longer; any thing in this act or any

other act to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And for the further explaining the powers granted to the faid magistrates of Edinburgh for their uplifting and levying the faid imposition within the town of Edinburgh and privileges thereof; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said imposition be raised, levied, collected and paid in the same way and manner as his Majesty's excise is raised and levied, and the charges made by the officers of his Majesty's excise for uplisting and collecting shall be the rule for uplifting and collecting the faid imposition; and the commissioners of excise in Scotland for the time being are hereby authorized and directed to allow the faid magistrates or their collectors to take out true and exact copies of the faid charges given up by the officers of excise upon the faid brewers liable in payment of the faid imposition; the faid magistrates and town-council being always obliged to discount and allow to the brewers the same deductions and allowances which are granted to the brewers by the commissioners of excise.

The commisfioners fhall allow the magiftrates to take out copies of the charges.

IX. And whereas there have been fundry debates and difficulties arisen betwixt the magistrates, their farmers, assignees and collectors, and the brewers, since gauging took place in Scotland, in relation to the method of collecting the faid imposition now payable by the brewers, by virtue of the aforesaid act passed in the parliament of Scotland; for preventing whereof, and further explaining of the faid powers, and for avoiding of oaths, and keeping a just equality amongst the brewers, and preventing their being overcharged in raising and levying the said imposition, for the term yet to come by the said act passed in Scotland imposed; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, the said imposition be ascertain'd, shall be ascertained, levied and collected, conform to the charges to be given by the officers of excise, upon the brewers liable in payment thereof; and the commissioners of excise in Scatland are hereby authorized and directed to allow copies thereof to the faid magistrates, or their affignees, they giving the same deductions and allowances to the brewers as are granted to them by the faid commissioners of excise.

How the impolition shall ₿cc.

After July 1. 1723, all per-

X. Provided nevertheless, That from and after the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, all per**foas**

sons living in the adjacent counties, or elsewhere, who are not sons may imcomprehended in nor subjected by this act to the aforesaid im- port their ale position of two penny Scots on the Scots pint of ale and beer, Edinburgh, may import their ale and beer to the faid city of Edinburgh, or paying the to any place within the privileges of the faid city, they paying duty. Repealed the faid duty for all the ale and beer fo imported only, at fuch by 9 Geo. 1.
the faid duty for all the ale and beer fo imported only, at fuch by 9 Geo. 14. feet. 25. time or times, and in such place or places, as the brewers living within the faid town or privileges thereof are used and accustomed to pay the same, subject to the penalties mentioned in the faid act hereby continued, in case of neglecting or refusing to pay the faid imposition.

XI. And whereas it will be for the ease of all such persons as live in the neighbourhood of and have commerce with Edinburgh, that they sould, during the continuance of this act, be freed from and eased of certain dues, paid and commonly known by the name of pettyport customs payable at the ports of the city of Edinburgh: be it After the faid further enacted, That from and after the first day of July one petty customs thousand seven hundred and twenty three, the said dues and shall cease. petty customs shall be discontinued and cease, during the conti- 1 Geo. 2. c. 24. nuance of this present act, and no longer: any thing in this act or any other act of parliament, or any ulage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. VI.

An act for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny Continued by sterling, upon every pint of ale or beer that shall be vended or sold to Geo. 2. c.74 within the town of Dumsfries, and privileges thereof, for paying the debts of the said town, and for building a church, and making a

After July 1, 1717. two pennies Scots shall be laid on every Scots pint of are and beer, brewed, &c. in Dumfries. Provoft, &c. of Dumfries appointed truftees for the purposes in this act. Trustees may convey the duty as a security for money borrowed. Ale and beer not paying the duty, shall be consisted. Differences to be determined by the King's gauge. Trustees may farm the duty.

CAP. VII.

An act for redeeming the yearly fund of the South-Sea company (being after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum) and settling on the said company a yearly fund after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum redeemable by parliament; and to raise for an annuity or annuities at five pounds per centum per annum, any sum not exceeding two millions, to be employed in lessening the national debts and incumbrances; and for making the said new yearly fund and annuities to be bereafter redeemable in the time and manner thereby prescribed.

I. MOST gracious Severeign, whereas the capital or joint flock of Farther provi-the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, this act. 5 Geo. trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for on- 1. 6. 3. couraging the fishery, being adjusted and sestled pursuant to several Vol. XIII.

acts of parliament in that behalf, doth amount to the fum of ten millions; and in respect thereof a yearly fund of fix bundred thousand

pounds hath been and is payable to the faid governor and company after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, besides a yearly sum

2. C. 21.

of eight thousand pounds for or towards the charges of the said governor and company for management, subject nevertheless to a provise T Geo. 1. Lat. contained in one act of parliament of the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital flock and yearly fund of the South-Sea company, and for supplying thereby eight hundred twenty two thousand thirty two pounds four shillings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one hundred lixty nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several supplies granted to his Majesty, whereby the faid yearly fums of fix hundred thousand pounds, and eight thou, and pounds were redeemable upon one year's notice, which was to be given after the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, and upon payment as well of the faid fum of ten millions, as of all arrears of the faid yearly sums, in such manner and form as in the said proviso of redemption are prescribed: and whereas the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain are willing and contented, in regard the common rate of interest for money is very much leffened under your Majesty's most auspicious government, to accept from and after the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, one annuity or yearly fund of five bundred thousand pounds, being after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for the faid ten millions, together with the faid yearly sum of eight thousand pounds to be continued to them for management, so as they may be satisfied the said yearly sums of fix hundred thousand pounds and eight thousand pounds, until and for the quarter to end at the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven bundred and eighteen, and so as the future payments of the faid yearly fums of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, may be secured to them from the said feast day, until the redemption thereof, according to the tenor and true meaning of this prejent all: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament alfembled, being defirous to case the present burden of debts and incumbrances, and in due time the heavy taxes lying upon this kingdom, to far as is confiftent with honour, justice and equity, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and company to be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with paid in the first the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and place, all mo- commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority nies due or to of the same, That the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, or their successors, shall be fully satisfied, contented and paid in the first place, all fuch monies as are due and unpaid, or at any time or times on or before the fail feath of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one

South-Sea grow due on 24 June 1718, on the yearly fund of 600, good, and 8000 l.

thousand seven hundred and eighteen inclusively, shall grow due

and remain unpaid, or be in arrear to them, for or upon the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and the said yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, and either of them, out of the feveral revenues charged therewith, or by fuch other ways and means as by any former act or acts of parliament are provided or prescribed in that behalf.

II. And it is hereby enacted, That from and after the faid And afterfeast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven wards the hundred and eighteen, all payments of or upon the faid yearly 600,000l. per fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, which from thenceforth cease. should or might grow due or payable, shall cease and deter-

mine.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Company to That the faid governor and company of merchants of Great have the year-Britain, and their successors, (subject nevertheless to the prosoo,0001. and viso of redemption hereafter in this act contained in this behalf, 8000 I. out of and none other) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled the duties by force and virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy the 9 Ann. c. 21. faid yearly fund or fum of five hundred thousand pounds, and the faid yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, which annual or yearly fums shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all and every the duties, impositions, additional impositions and revenues, and all proportional parts of them, or any of them whatfoever, which by an act made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, and fatisfying the publick debts; and for erecting a corporation to carry on a trade to the South-Seas, and for the encouragement of the fiftery; and for liberty to trade in unwrought iron with the subjects of Spain; and to repeal the acts for registring of seamen, or by any other act or acts of parliament, or any clause or clauses contained in any act or acts of parliament now in force were charged or chargeable with the faid former yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and the said former yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, and either of them, or any part thereof; and shall be paid and payable to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors for ever, at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year, that is to fay, the feast of Saint Michael the archangel, the birth of our Payable quar-Lord Christ, the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary, and terly. the nativity of Saint John Baptist, by even and equal portions; the first payment thereof to be made at the feast of Saint Michael First payment the archangel It the year of our Lord one thousand seven hun- at Mich. 1718. dred and eighteen; and that all the payments thereof shall be made out of the duties, impositions, additional impositions, revenues and proportional parts before-mentioned, with preference to all payments hereafter to be charged thereupon (the monies of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and of the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, which are or shall be due or in arrear at or before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, always excepted and foreprized).

fter,

IV. And whereas the said governor and company of merchants of

Great Britain, to manifest their zeal for the publick service, by furnishing money towards lessening the said national debts and incumbrances, have proposed to advance to his Majesty any further sum or fums of money, not exceeding two millions, at fuch times and by fuch proportions at a time, as the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high-treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall call for the same, to be employed for or towards the discharging or lessening the said national debts and incumbrances; so as such calls do not exceed in the whole the sum of two millions, and be all made on or before the twenty fourth day of December one thousand seven bundred and seventeen; and so as the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain be not required at any one time to advance more than one fourth part of the said sum, and bave fourteen days time at least for advancing each part of the same, which shall be called for; so as that for every sum so to be advanced for or upon account of the said sum not exceeding two millions, the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain may have an annuity or fum after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to commence from the time or respective times of advancing the same, and to continue until the redemption of such annuity or annuities, according to the tenor of this present act in that behalf: now his Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, in further prosecution of their desires to have the national debts and incumbrances lessened, do further humbly beseech his Majesty, That it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said governor and the Exchequer (half) and their fucceffors, shall, and they are hereby enjoined and required to advance and pay into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, to be employed for the purposes aforesaid, such sum and sums of money, not exceeding not exceeding in the whole the fum of two millions, at fuch before 24 Dec. times and by such proportions at a time, as the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the 5 Geo. 1. c. 3. high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall, by any writing or writings under his or their hands, to be delivered at the publick office of No call at one the faid governor and company in London, call for and require: time for more so as all such calls be made on or before the twenty fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and so as they be not required at any one time to advance more than one fourth part of the faid fum, and have fourteen days time between each payment, and after the delivery of every such writing for Company not advancing of every such part as aforesaid; and in case the said paying may be governor and company of merchants of Great Britain shall make failure in any the said payments of monies so to be advanced. the money whereof such failure in payment shall be made, shall and may be recovered in his Majesty's name for the uses and purposes aforesaid, by action of debt or upon the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westmin-

South-Sea company to fuch fums as the treasury shall call for, 2,000,000 l. 3717.

than one fourth part, and 14 days notice.

iued.

fer, wherein no effoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed; in which action, bill, fuit or information it shall be lawful to declare, That the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain are indebted to his Majesty the monies whereof they shall have made default in payment, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and in and upon fuch action, fuit, bill or information there shall be further recovered to his Majesty's use, against the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, damages after the rate of ten pounds per centum per annum for the monies so unpaid contrary to this act, besides full costs of suit; and the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, and their capital stocks and funds, shall be and

are hereby made subject and liable thereunto.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Company to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, have 51. per and their successors, for every sum which they shall advance for cent for so or in part of the said sum of two millions, shall have, receive advance. and enjoy, and be entitled, by force and virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy an annuity after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for ever, subject nevertheless to the proviso of redemption herein after contained in that behalf; and that every such annuity after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for the money so to be advanced, shall be charged upon,. and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of the monies which shall, from time to time, arise by the aforesaid duties, impositions, additional impositions and revenues, and all proportional parts of them, and every or any of them, over and above so much as shall be sufficient to pay off and satisfy all the monies which shall at any time or times be grown due and incurred for or upon the faid yearly fums of fix hundred thoufand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, until and for the quarter which shall end upon the feast-day of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and from thenceforth for or upon the faid yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, and for and upon the said yearly sum of. eight thousand pounds, and either of them; and that such annuity or annuities for such monies so to be advanced shall be paid and payable to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their fuccessors, in manner following, that is to fay, the first payment or payments of such new annuity or Times of payannuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, ment. shall be computed by the day, and satisfied from the day or respective days on which the said two millions, or any part or parts thereof, shall be advanced as aforesaid, until the quarterly feast-day or respective quarterly feast-days then next ensuing; and from thenceforth the same new annuity or annuities of five pounds per centum per annum shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year before-mentioned, by even and equal portions.

VI. And .

All the annual fums and arrearages, and the capifree from taxes.

VI. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That as well the faid annual fund of five hundred thousand pounds, and the faid annual fum of eight thousand pounds, and the said tal stock, to be annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, payable for the same two millions, or so much thereof as shall be advanced and paid by this act as aforesaid, as also all arrearages of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and of the faid annual fum of eight thousand pounds, and every of them, and the capital stock or stocks which the said governor and company have or are to have in respect thereof, and such additional stock in money as they shall call in from their members for carrying on their trade, shall be at all times hereafter freed and exempt from all taxes, charges and publick impolitions whatfoever, charged or to be charged thereupon by authority of parliament or otherwise; any law or statute made or to be made to the contrary notwithstanding.

Capital flock, estate,

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the &c. a personal said capital stock of ten millions, and so much as is due or shall grow due for or upon the faid yearly fum of fix hundred thousand pounds, to be paid until and for the quarter to end at the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and the faid yearly fums of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, to be continued as aforefaid; and the faid two millions, or such part thereof as shall be advanced, and the said annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, payable or to be paid for the same to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, and the share and interest of each and every particular member of and in the faid capital stocks and funds, and every of them, shall be, and be adjudged, taken and accepted in construction of law and in all courts of law and equity whatfoever, to be a personal and not a real estate, and shall go to the executors or administrators of the perfon or persons dying possessed thereof, interested therein or entitled thereunto, and not to the heirs of fuch person or persons; and not liable and shall not be liable to any foreign attachments by the custom 'to foreign at- of the city of London or otherwise; and that no governor, subgovernor, deputy-governor or member of the faid company, by reason of his being a member of the said company, or of any ferving in par. matter or thing in this act contained, be now or at any time liament, or li- hereafter disabled from being or continuing, or from being electable to bank- ed or ferving as a member of parliament; nor shall be or be adjudged liable to be a bankrupt within the intent and meaning of all or any the statutes made against or concerning bankrupts; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Standing orders to be these annuit1¢6.

tachments.

No member

ruptcy.

disabled from

VIII. And for the better and more regular payment of all the monies intended by this act to be paid to the faid governor and made rorthfor company of merchants of Great Britain, and their fuccessors, (subject nevertheless to such redemption as aforesaid) an order or orders shall be signed by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or by the high treasures, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for

the time being; and after figning thereof the same shall be firm, good, valid and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any conmissioner or commissioners of the treasury or high treasurer for the time being, or by or upon the determination of the power, office and offices of them, or any of them, nor shall any commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer or under-treasurer for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand or make void such order or orders so signed as aforesaid.

IX. And for the more speedy payment of the monies which Orders to be shall be due or payable thereupon, it is hereby declared and en-made forth acted, That weekly or otherwise, as monies of the said duties, weekly for impolitions, revenues and proportional parts, or any of them, ties. applicable to the payment of the faid yearly funds, annuities or fums of money, or any of them, payable to the said governor and company as aforefaid, shall, from time to time, be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer for payment thereof, such monies shall and may be issued upon such order and orders for or towards discharging the said yearly funds, annuities and sums of money to grow due for or at the end of the quarter of the year in which such issues or payments shall be made, so as such weekly or other speedy payments do not exceed the sum of the quarterly payment which shall grow due for or at the end of

fuch quarter respectively.

X. And for better securing to the said governor and compa- Former duties ny of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, all the continued, payments intended to be made to them by virtue or in purfuance of this act, it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the rates, subsidies, impositions, additional impositions and other duties and revenues whatsoever, and all proportional parts of them, or any of them, which were applicable to the payment and fatisfaction of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and the said former yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, during the continuance thereof, are and shall be continued and be payable to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, for ever, for satisfying and discharging as well the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and the said former yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, and all arrearages of them, which are or shall be due at or before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen as aforefaid, as also the said yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, and the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds hereaster to be paid, and all and every such new annuity and annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the said sum of two millions, or so much thereof as shall be advanced upon this act, and every of them, in the order, manner and form before in this act prescribed in that behalf, and subject to such redemption as aforesaid, accord-subject to reing to the tenor and true meaning of this act; and that the demption, and same rates, subsidies, impositions and other duties, revenues to be raised as and proportional parts before-mentioned, and every of them, by the former Z 4 shall

shall be raised, levied, collected and brought into the Exchequer in England for the same purposes, by and according to such rules, methods and directions, and with such drawbacks, repayments and allowances, and under fuch penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are prescribed by any act or acts of parliament now in force, or by any articles, clauses, matters or things therein contained or thereby referred unto for raising, levying, collecting or bringing in of the fame, as fully and effectually as if the same acts, articles, clauses, matters and things, and every of them, were repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act; and that all the monies which shall be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer of the said rates, subsidies, impositions, additional impositions and other duties and revenues, and all proportional parts of them, for the purposes aforclaid, thall be fairly and distinctly entred and registred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the retred in a book ceipt and clerk of the pells, severally for that purpose, to which in the Exche- all persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free accels without fee or charge,

and to be enquer.

These duties appropriated this act.

XI. And it is hereby also enacted, That all the monies of the faid rates, subsidies, impositions and other duties and revenues for the uses of and proportional parts of them, or any of them, which shall or ought to be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer for the purpoles aforefaid, (except the necessary charges of raising, collecting, levying, iffuing, paying and accounting for the fame, and except such part thereof as by any former act of parliament is applicable to the repayment of loans still remaining unfatisfied, and to pay the interest of the same) shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the payment and fatisfaction of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and of the said former yearly sum of eight thoufand pounds, due or to grow due at or before the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and to and for the payment and fatisfaction of the faid yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, from and after the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thoufand seven hundred and eighteen, and the said growing yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, and to and for the payment of the said annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, hereafter to be acquired by virtue of this act, and every of them, in their due method and order before prescribed, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act, and without any fee or charge what soever to be paid by the said governor and company for the same, or any part thereof, but subject to such redemption as is herein after prescribed, and to none other use, Penalty on of- intent or purpole what soever: and that the respective officers of the Exchequer, who shall make any delay in issuing or paying the same, or shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any the faid monies contrary to this act, for any fuch offence shall be forejudged from their respective offices or places, and be rendred incapable to serve his Majesty, his heirs or successors, in any office or imployment of trust or profit whatsoever, and shall also

ficers of the Exchequer diverting, &c. the monies,

be liable to pay double the value of any fum or fums of money so delayed to be paid, or so diverted or misapplied as aforesaid, to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their fuccessors; to be recovered by action of debt, bill, suit or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law, or more

than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Deficiency of That if at any time or times the produce of the said rates, sub- one quarter to sidies, impositions, duties and revenues and proportional parts be supplied of them, or any of them, hereby appropriated as aforesaid, shall out of the sub-be so low or deficient, as that the money arising thereby at the sequent quar-ter, Exchequer shall not extend or be sufficient, according to this act, to pay and discharge, or to complete the payment at the end of any quarter of a year of all the money which shall be then due, as well for or upon the faid yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, and the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, (befides any arrearages which shall be then due for or upon the said former yearly fums of fix hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds) then and so often, and in every such case, the deficiency of any such quarter shall and may be supplied out of the overplus monies of the faid duties and revenues arifing in any subsequent quarter; and in default thereof by the space of and in default half a year, then all and every such deficiency and deficiencies thereof for half a year, then be supplied and made good, from time to time, by or out then to be supplied and made good, from time to time, by or out then to be supplied and made good, from time to time, by or out then to be supplied and made good, from time to time, by or out then to be supplied and made good, from time to time, by or out then to be supplied and made good. of the general yearly fund by another act of this session of parli-plied out of the ament established or intended to be established for redeeming the general fund duties and revenues now charged or chargeable in and by several by another act lottery-acts of the ninth and tenth years of her said late Maje- of this session, sty's reign, and certain annual payments out of the hereditary 3 Geo.1. c.7. excise in the said act of this session mentioned, or out of money 9 Ann. c. 6, to be raised at the Exchequer for purchasing an annuity or an- 10Ann. c.19. nuities, after a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum for every such deficiency; which annuity or annuities shall, by virtue of this act, be charged on the faid general yearly fund, and be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, as other annuities payable out of the faid general yearly fund are intended by the said other act of this session to be payable and transferrable, until the redemption thereof by parliament.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-The thority aforesaid, That the said sum of two millions, or so much 2,000,000 l. to thereof as shall be called for and be actually advanced and paid be applied to by the faid governor and company into the receipt of the Exche- pay off the quer in pursuance of this act, shall be issued, applied and disposinite est on the ed towards the paying off and discharging the principal monies four lotteryand interest after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, funds, 9 & 10 now payable by the faid lottery-acts, towards redeeming the fe- Ann. and the veral duties and revenues now chargeable therewith, and to-annuities, wards the redeeming of the said annual payments out of the hereditary excise, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; and that all and every deficiency and deficiencies of the All deficienfaid new annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per cies of the new

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annuities to be made good out of the general fund, &c.

centum per annum, payable to the faid governor and company by virtue of this act, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, when and as often as any such deficiency or deficiencies shall appear, out of the said general fund by the said other 3 Geo. 1. c. 7. act of this session of parliament established or intended to be established as aforesaid, or out of the money to be raised at the Exchequer for purchasing an annuity or annuities after a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum for every such deficiency; which annuity or annuities shall, by virtue of this act, be charged on the faid general yearly fund, and be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, as other annuities payable out of the faid general yearly fund are intended by the faid other act of this session to be payable and transferrable, until the redemption thereof by parliament.

The furplus of disposeable by parliament. See 5 Geo. 1. c. 3. lect. 1.

XIV. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the the said duties authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times at the end of any quarter of a year (reckoning the quarters to end at the usual feasts above-mentioned) there shall be an excess or surplus of the monies brought into the Exchequer of the faid rates, duties, impositions and revenues and proportional parts of them, or any of them, and such excess or surplus shall remain there, over and above the money then or before that time grown due, by or in pursuance of this act, for arrearages of the said yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and of the said former yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, and for the said fund of five hundred thousand pounds per annum, and the said growing annuity of eight thousand pounds per annum, and for the said new annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be payable upon this act and every of them, then and so often, and in every such case, such excess or surplus shall, from time to time, attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to act or acts of parliament in that behalf, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Company may call in money from their members.

XV. And for better enabling the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, to raise money to be advanced for or in part of the faid fum of two millions, or for carrying on their trade and other necessary occasions: it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors from time to time, as they shall see cause, to call in, or direct to be paid from and by their respective members for the time being, proportionally according to their respective interest in the capital stock or stocks which do or shall belong to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or by opening their books of subscription, or by granting annuities redeemable by the faid governor and company, and their successors, or by any other method, ways and means as they shall think proper, to raise any sum or fums of money, as in a general court of the faid governor and company shall be judged necessary, and ordered to be called in; and that all executors, administrators, guardians and trustees

shall be indemnified in paying the money which shall be so called in; and in case any such member or members shall refuse or Members not neglect to pay his, her or their share of the said money so call- paying their ed for, at the time or times appointed for that purpose, by notice inserted in the London Gazette, and fixed upon the Royal Ex- their divichange in London, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said dends, &c. governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their fuccessors, not only to stop the share, dividend, annuity and profits, which shall from time to time become payable to such member or members so neglecting or refusing, of the funds, Rocks, annuities or profits of the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and to apply the same from time to time for or towards payment of the share of the money so called for, and which ought to have been paid by fuch member or members so neglecting or refusing, until the same shall be satisfied, but also stop the transfers or affignments of the share of every such defaulter, and to charge such defaulter and defaulters with an interest after the rate of ten pounds per centum per annum, for the money so by him, her or them omitted to be paid, until the payment thereof; and that the share and stock, shares and stocks of such defaulter and defaulters shall be liable to make good and answer the said monies so appointed to be paid, and the interest thereof as aforesaid; and in case the principal and interest as aforesaid shall be unpaid by the space of three months, then the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their successors, shall have power to sell so much of the stock or stocks of such defaulter or defaulters as will satisfy and pay the fame, rendring the overplus to the proprietor, if any be; and the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their fuccessors, in a general court, from time to time, when they shall judge their affairs will admit thereof, shall or may cause any sum or sums of money which shall be so called in, or any part thereof, to be divided and distributed to and amongst the then members of that corporation, according and in proportion to their respective interest in the capital stock or stocks of the same; any former law or statute, restriction or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And for better enabling the faid governor and compa- Company may ny of merchants of Great Britain to raise money to be advanced borrowmoney for or in part of the said sum of two millions, or for carrying on common seal, their trade or other necessary occasions; it is also hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, from time to time (in case they shall so think fit) to borrow or take up money upon any contracts, bills, bonds or obligations, under their common seal or upon credit of their capital flock or flocks, or any part thereof, at such rate or rates of interest, for any time not less than fix at such intemonths from the borrowing thereof, as they shall think fit, and rest, and for to give security under their common seal, or by affigning or any time not transferring their stock or stocks, or any part thereof, or other-less than six wife, as shall be to the satisfaction of the lenders respectively: months, as they shall

and think fit.

Securities not

and that such contracts, bills, bonds, obligations or securities shall not be chargeable with any the duties upon stampt vellom, to be ftamped. parchment or paper; any former law, statute, prohibition, refiriction or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary in

any wife notwithstanding.

The money to be advanced to be deemed an additional flock,

and transfer-

XVII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so much money as shall be called for by the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain from their respective members, for or in part of the faid fum of two millions, shall (if the faid governor and company think proper) be and be deemed an additional stock of the said governor and company, and shall be written into the books of the said company, and each member thereof shall have credit in the said books for his or her proportion or share thereof; and that the members of the faid company, who shall have a share or interest in the stock rapie and de-viseable as the or additional stock of the said company, shall or may assign and original flock, transfer the same in the books of the said company, in such or the like method, manner and form, as are prescribed by the act or acts of parliament and charter now in force for affignments or transfers of original stock to be made in the books of the said company, or shall or may dispose or devise the same, or any part thereof, by will, in such manner and form as any share in the original stock of the said company is deviseable.

Company to continue a corporation,

and enjoy their annuities, &c. tiil redeemed;

tories, trades and acquisitions.

XVIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors for ever, shall remain, continue and be one body corporate and politick by the name abovementioned, and shall have, hold, receive and enjoy the said yearly fum of fix hundred thousand pounds, until and for the quarter to end at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen as aforesaid, and the said yearly fum of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thoufand pounds, and the faid annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until the same respectively and their fac. shall be redeemed according to this act; and shall have, hold and enjoy all their forts, factories, acquisitions, lands, tenements, hereditaments, sole benefit and trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere, with a perpetual succession, and all abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchises, exemptions, privileges, profits and advantages whatfoever, whereunto the faid governor and company are, or before the making of this act were entitled by any act or acts of parliament, grant or charter now in force; all which are by this act ratified and confirmed to them and their successors (the said former fund of fix hundred thousand pounds per annum, which by this act is to determine at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, as aforesaid, only excepted) freed and discharged of and from all former provisoes, powers, acts, matters and things whatfoever, for redeeming, determining, or making void the same, or any of them, subject nevertheless to the several and respective provisoes and powers of redemption hereafter in this act contained.

XIX. Pro-

XIX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au- On repayment thority aforesaid, That at any time upon repayment by parlia- of a,000,000 l. ment to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great cease. Britain, or their successors, of the said sum of two millions, or fo much thereof as shall be called for and advanced, as aforesaid, without any discount, deduction or abatement whatsoever to be made out of the same, or any part thereof, and of all arrears of fuch annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum payable for the same, if any such arrears shall be then due, then and not till then, the same annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; this present act, or any clause, matter or thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authori- On one year's ty aforesaid, That upon one year's notice to be given by autho-notice at 24 rity of parliament, at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Bap- and repaytist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven ment of hundred and twenty three, or at any of the faid quarterly feast 10,000,000 l. days, after the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one yearly sums to thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and upon repayment cease. by parliament to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their successors, of the said sum of ten millions according to such notice, without deduction, discount or abatement whatfoever to be made out of the fame, or any part thereof, and upon payment of all arrears of the faid yearly sums of five hundred thousand pounds and eight thousand pounds per annum, if any fuch shall be then due, then the said yearly sums of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds,

shall from thenceforth cease and determine.

XXI. And in regard it is intended, That after the twenty fourth 1723. on pay-day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty-three, the said ment of any principal sum of ten millions due to the said governor and company, sum not less may be satisfied by any payments not being less than one million of law-than ful money of Great Britain at a time; and that as the same princi- 1,000,000 le at a time, in pal monies shall be paid off, the said yearly sum of five hundred thou- part of the sand pounds shall from time to time proportionally sink and be abated; 10,000,000 l. be it therefore further provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times at or after the said twentyfourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, notice shall be given by authority of parliament for redemption of the said yearly sums of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, by this act payable, as aforesaid; and if payment according to fuch notice be made by parliament to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their successors, of any sum or sums of money (not being less than one million at a time) in part of the faid fum of ten millions; and also if payment be made of all arrearages then due to them of the faid yearly sums of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or so much of those arrearages as shall bear a proportion to the principal monies, from time to time remaining unsatisfied, being computed by the day, until

of the yearly fums, as thall bear proportion to the part of the principal, shall

After redempties to be unparliament.

But the corporation to continue for. ever.

All things by any former acts or charters granted, to continue for ever.

then so much the time of every such payment of part of the principal respectively; then from and after every such payment so made to the faid governor and company, and their successors, so much of the faid yearly fum of five hundred thousand pounds, as shall bear monies paid in proportion to the monies so paid in part of the said principal, shall cease and determine and be abated; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament contained, or other matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the tion, the du- authority aforesaid, That from and after the redemption of all derstood to be the said yearly sums of five hundred thousand pounds, eight redeemed by thousand pounds, and the said other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, by payments to be made according to the feveral and respective provisoes or conditions of redemption in this act contained of or concerning the fame, then and not till then, the said duties, impositions, additional impositions and revenues, and all proportional parts of them, or any of them, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever without authority of parliament; nevertheless the said corporation, by the name aforesaid, after fuch redemption of the faid yearly funds, annuities or other annual payments, shall continue for ever, and have perpetual succession, and shall hold and enjoy all forts, factories and acquisitions that they have erected, established or made, or shall erect, establish or make within the limits prescribed by the charter or charters to them granted, and the lands, tenements and hereditaments that are or shall be by them purchased in Great Britain not exceeding one thousand pounds per annum; and the faid governor and company, and the members thereof, without having any thare or interest in the said yearly funds, payments or annuities, or any of them, after the fame thall be redeemed, thall have and be entitled to the fole benefit of trade in and to the South-Seas and elsewhere, and such power of trade in the fishery, as by any act or acts of parliament now in force is directed, and all other benefits, powers, privileges and advantages (the faid respective annuities to them issuing or payable only excepted) as if no fuch redemption were had or made; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, exemptions, franchises, privileges, profits and advantages whatfoever, and all pains of death, and other penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, and all rules, directions, methods, articles, matters and things whatfoever, which by any former act or acts of parliament, or any clause or clauses therein, or any charter or charters under the great seal of Great Britain, are enacted, granted or established, to, for, touching or concerning the faid corporation of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, or the members of the same (being in force at or until the time of making

this

this act, and not hereby determined or altered) shall for evercontinue and be practifed, and be put in execution for fecuring and paying the yearly fund, annuities and payments by this act directed, subject to the provisoes for redemption thereof in this act contained, and also (as well after such redemption as before) for securing the possessions, trade and business of the said corporation, and for their advantage in all respects, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpoles, as if the said abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, exemptions, franchifes, privileges, profits and advantages, and the faid pains of death, and other penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, and the said benefit of trade, rules, directions, methods, articles, matters and things, were severally repeated and at large re-enacted in the body of this present act.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority Transfers not aforefaid, That all fuch transfers and affiguments of stock or adhigher stampditional stock, in the books of the said governor and company duties. of merchants of Great Britain, as are not by this act wholly exempted from the stamp-duties, shall not hereafter be or be made liable to any higher or greater duties than are now payable for

the fame.

XXV. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authori. Vote of the ty aforesaid, That any vote or resolution of the house of comnised by their mons, signified by their speaker in writing to be delivered at his delivered at h mons, signified by their speaker in writing, to be delivered at speaker a sufthe publick office of the faid governor and company of mer-ficient notice. chants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient notice within the words and meaning of this act, for redeeming their faid yearly funds or annuities, pursuant to the proviso or provisoes of redemption in this act contained, and at the respective time or times therein mentioned; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. VIII.

An all for redeeming several funds of the governor and com-, pany of the bank of England, pursuant to former provisoes of redemption; and for securing to them several new sunds and allowances redeemable by parliament, and for obliging them to advance further sums not exceeding two millions. five bundred thousand pounds, at five pounds per centum, as shall be found necessary to be employed in lessening the national debts and incumbrances; and for continuing certain provisions formerly made for the expences of his Majesty's civil government; and for payment of annuities formerly purchased at the rate of five pounds per centum; and for other purposes in this act mentioned.

OST gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an all of parliament L made and passed in the seventh year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anno, of blessed memory, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raising

a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine, the governor and company of the bank of England were obliged, in the manner therein mentioned, to deliver up to be cancelled certain Exchequer-bills which had been 5 Ann. c. 13. made forth by a former all of parliament in that behalf, which bills, with interest thereupon, were computed to amount to seventeen bundred seventy five thousand twenty seven pounds seventeen shillings ten pence halfpenny; and to the end the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, might bave a competent recompence and consideration for so doing, and for all their demands relating thereto, it was by the faid all of the seventh year of her said late Majesty's reign enacted, That from and after the said feast of Saint 7 Ann. c. 7. Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and ten, the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors for ever, shall have, receive and enjoy one annuity or yearly fum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence out of such duties on By 5 Geo. 1.c. 3. bouses as are therein mentioned: but it was thereby provided and GilGeo.i.c.g. enacted, That at any time upon one year's notice to the faid governor færther proviand company of the bank of England, or their successors, and upon fions are made concerning the full payment to them of the said sum of one million seven bundred sefunds, &c. in venty five thousand twenty seven pounds seventeen shillings and ten this act. pence balfpenny, and of all arrears of the faid annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum (if any shall be then due); then, and not till then, the said annuity of one hundred and six thousand sive bundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum sould cease and determine, and then also the said duties on houses should be understood to be redecemed by parliament, and should not be iffued, paid or applied to any use or purpose whatseever, but by authority of par-7 Ann. c. 7. liament. And whereas in pursuance of the said act of the seventh year of her laid late Majesty's reign, several other bills, commonly called Exchequer bills were made forth, amounting to two millions five hundred thousand pounds principal money; and in pursuance of another ast of the same year, and of certain clauses contained in an 8 Ann. c. 1. act of the eighth year of her reign, there were issued several such bills amounting to four hundred thousand pounds more in principal money;

C. 11.

12 Ann. stat. 1. and pursuant to an act made in the twelfth year of her said late Majesty's reign, there were issued such bills, amounting to twelve bundred thousand pounds more in principal money: and it was provided by the said acts respectively, That all the bills thereby made forth should bear an interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem (laving such interest as therein is mentioned;) and that the laid governor and company of the bank of England should have on allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum for circulating the faid bills, abating the faid allowance propertionally

Ann, c. 7. as the bills should be cancelled: and by an act made in the ninth year of her said late Majesty's reign, for better enabling the said governor and company of the bank of England to exchange for read

7Ann.c.7 & 8. money upon demand any of the bills made forth upon the faid feveral 8 Ann. c. 1. acts of the seventh and eighth years of her Majesty's reign, it was

enacted, That the full sum of forty five thousand pounds per annum should be paid to and for the use of the said governor and company of the bank of England, by the ways and means therein specified, for and during such time only, as in that act was limited; and by the faid act made in the twelfth year of ber Majesty's reign, for better 12 Ann. stat. 1. enabling the said governor and company of the bank of England to C. 11. fest. 15. circulate all Exchequer-bills made forth, and to be made forth on that and the faid former acts, by exchanging the same from time to time. for ready money upon demand, it was enacted, That the entire yearly fum of eight thousand pounds (over and above the said yearly sum of forty five thousand pounds) should be paid to and for the use of the said governor and company of the bank of England by quarterly payments, until such time as no more than nineteen hundred thousand bounds of all the bills issued and to be issued in pursuance of that and the said former acts (taken all together) should be standing out uncancelled in the whole: and for making good as well the faid interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, as also the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, until the subsidies, duties, surplus mor ries and arrears composing the general fund and security by the said former acts, or some of them, intended to be established, or so many of them as should be sufficient for those purposes should have taken effect, it was by the faid several acts of the seventh, eighth and twelfth years of her late Majesty's reign, or some of them, enacted, That the lard treasurer, or three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, should make out or cause to be made out other Exchequer-bills for so much as should be computed to be due at the respective quarter-days therein mentioned (over and above subat bould have been applied out of the subsidies, duties and other sums of money aforesaid) for such interest and for such allowance of three bounds per centum per annum, and for the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds respectively; and that such quarterly bills should bear the like interest of two pence per centum per diem; and that the said governor and company of the bank of England should have the like allowance of three pounds per centum per annum for circulation thereof. And whereas in an act of parliament made and passed in the 1Geo.1. ftat. # first year of your Majesty's reign, reciting, That the Exchequer-bills c. 12. standing out and remaining unsatisfied and undischarged upon the elewenth day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen did amount to the fum of four millions five bundred fixty one thousand twenty and five pounds, or thereabouts; it was thereby enacted and declared. That several fubsidies, duties, revenues, additional revenues, incomes, furplus monies, arrears, overplus monies and other monies therein particularly described or mentioned, were and should be one general and aggregate fund and security for satisfying and paying all monies which then were and from time to time should be incurred and grown due or payable for interest, at the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum for all the Exchequer-bills above-mentioned, or fuch of them as should from time to time be unconcelled or undischarged; and all the monies which were or should be grown due from time to time upon the laid Vol. XIII. Jums.

fums of forty five thousand pounds per annum and eight thousand pounds per annum, for so long time as those yearly sums were to continue or be payable; and for supplying to your Majesty, during your life, the yearly sum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, for the service of your Majesty's houshold and family, and other your neceffary expences and occusions; and also for supplying the further yearly fum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds for ever, to raise money for publick services, and for making good such deficiencies as are therein expressed; and likewise for and towards furnishing the yearly fum of two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety nine pounds and seven shillings, for paying off and cancelling the said bills; all which was to be done in such order, manner and form, and with fuch preferences, as in the same act are prescribed: and it was thereby provided and enacted, That from and after the complete paying off and discharging all the principal and interest which should be due upon all the faid Exchequer-bills iffued as aforefaid, and cancelling the fame, and full payment made of all arrearages (if any should be then due) as well for or upon the faid allowance, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and for or upon the faid yearly fums of forty five thousand pounds, eight thousand pounds, one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six bundred pounds, and every of them, as also of such deficiency or deficiencies as should then appear to be unsatisfied (if any such be) for or upon the original fund of one hundred thouland pounds per annum, payable to the fait governor and company of the bank of England, and for and upon their abovefaid annuity of one bundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum; then, and not till then, the faid general or aggregate fund, and the faid subfidies, duties and revenues contained therein, and every of them, sould be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and should not be issued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever without authority of parliament, other than and except fuch duties (part of the faid aggregate fund) therein particularly described, which are thereby enacted to be continued for answering and paying all the payments which sould after such redemption grow due for and upon the said yearly sum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds quarterly, for the service of your Majesty's houshold and family, and other your necessary occasions, during your Majesty's life, and for answering and paying all the payments which should after such redemption grow due for or upon the faid yearly sum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds, for payment of annuities for ever, unless the same be redeemed by parliament, as by the faid several acts, relation being thereunto respectively bad, may more fully appear. And whereas the bills made forth upon the faid several acts of the seventh, eighth and twelfth years of ber late Majesty's reign, standing out and remaining uncancelled and undif-7 Ann.c.7. &8. charged upon the two and twentieth day of March one thousand seven bundred and sixteen; do still, by computation amount to the said sum of four millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty and five pounds principal money; and the present charge to the publick of circulating the same, as well for the said interest of two pence per centum per 328,361 l. 178. diem, as the faid allowances of three pounds per centum perannum, 10 d. per ann. forty

Exchequerbills on 22 Dec. 1716, amounted to 4,561,025 l. 8 Ann. c. 1. 12 Ann. stat. 1. Ç. 11. Charge for circulating

forty five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, doth, by computation, amount to three hundred twenty eight thousand three hundred fixty one pounds seventeen shillings and ten pence per annum, or thereabouts, except so much thereof as n.ay be abated for bills, from time to time, in the Exchequer, or in the bands of receivers or collectors of any taxes, aids or revenues payable to your Majesty. And whereas the said governor and company of Bank willing the bank of England, in regard the common rate of interest for money to accept of an is very much leffened under your Majesty's most auspicious govern- annuity at 51. nent, and their several funds before-mentioned are redeemable at lieu of their fuch times, and in such manner, as aforesaid, are willing and content-present annuied to accept one annuity of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty ty. By 11 Geo. one pounds seven sbillings and ten pence halfpenny, being after the 1, c. 9. f. 1. rate of five pounds per centum per annum, on the faid principal This annuity is fum of one million forces hundred forces to these faid to the faid to fum of one million seven hundred seventy five thousand twenty seven bounds seventeen shillings and ten pence halfpenny, in lieu of their faid present annuity or sum of one hundred and six thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, so as they may be satisfied the said yearly sum of one hundred and six shouland five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence. until and for the quarter to end at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and eighteen inclusively, and so as the future payments of the said sum of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny per annum may be secured to them from the said feast-day, until the redemption thereof; and so as the said yearly fum of eighty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny be made redeemable upon one year's notice to be given at the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven bundred and eighteen, or at any quarterly feast-day after the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and upon full payment to them of the said sum of one million seven hundred seventy five thoufand twenty seven pounds seventeen shillings and ten pence halfpenny. and of all arrears of the faid yearly sum of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, if any shall be due at the time of such payment; and the said governor and company of the bank of England, are also willing and contented to discharge and deliver up to be cancelled, as many of the Exchequerbills formerly made forth, as aforefaid, as amount to two millions in principal money, and to accept an annuity or sum of one hundred thoufand pounds per annum, being after the rate of five tounds per centum per annum for the fame two millions, to commence from the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, subject to redemption by parliament, upon one year's notice to be given at the said scast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or at any quarterly feast-day after the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven bundred and seventeen, and repayment of the faid two millions, and all arrears of the annuity last mentioned; and to continue the circulating and exchanging for money at demand, A 2 2

after 25 Dec. 1717. Redeemable on a year's

notice after

Mich. 1717.

fent allowanquer-bills, be continued to Christmas

3717.

2,500,000l. to be advanced

Bank to be

the remainder (amounting by computation to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty and five pounds in principal money) of the faid Exchequer-bills now standing out and uncancelled, at the present allowance of three pounds per centum per annum; and are also content that the interest now payable on such remainder of the said and of id. per bills be reduced to one penny per centum per diem, from and after cent. per diem the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and interest on Ex- seventeen; and that such interest running on any of the same bills, chequer-bills during the time then shall lie in the Exchequer or in the hands of one during the time they shall lie in the Exchequer, or in the bands of any receivers or collectors of his Majesty's taxes, aids or revenues, be saved to the publick; so as the said Exchequer-bills so to be circulated and exchanged be made redeemable by parliament, upon a year's notice to be given at the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or at any quarterly feast-day after the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and upon full payment of the principal and interest payable upon the said remaining bills. and of all arrears of the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum which shall be due to them at the time of fuch redemption; So as the pre- and so as all the present allowances to the said governor and company of the bank of England, payable to them for circulating and exchangces for Exche-ing for ready money the said bills, amounting to four millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, or thereabouts, now standing out or uncancelled, as aforesaid, be continued to them until and for the quarter to end at the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and the said governor and company are also willing to advance to your Majesty, to be imployed for or towards discharging or lessening the national debts and incumbrances, any further fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole two millions five hundred thousand pounds, as the commissioners of the by the bank. treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall call for, at any time or times before the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighteen at an interest of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, being defirous to ease the present burthen of national debts and incumbrances, and in due time the heavy taxes lying upon this kingdom, so far as it is consistent with honour, justice and equity, do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's paid fuch mo-most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of nics as on 24 the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present shall grow due parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That the on the annui- faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their ty of 106,501l fuccessors, shall be fully satisfied, contented and paid all such houses, and on before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one monies as are due and unpaid, or at any time or times, on or thousand seven hundred and eighteen inclusively, shall grow due and remain unpaid, or be in arrear to them for or upon the faid annuity or fum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, out of the money arisen or to arise at the receipt of Exchequer, of or for the said particular duties on houses, and of or for the faid duties and revenues called the aggregate fund, or any of them; and that from and after the said seast of the nativity of After that, Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, all the 106,501. payments of or upon the faid annuity or fum of one hundred 138. 5d. shall and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings cease. and five pence per annum, which from thenceforth should and might grow due and payable, shall cease and determine.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and Bank to have their fuccessors, (subject nevertheless to the proviso and power 887511. 78. of redemption hereafter in this act contained in this behalf, and 10 to to per anmone other) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by numout of the virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy the faid annuity or faid duties.

yearly fum of eighty-eight thousand seven hundred fifty-one c. pounds seven shillings and ten pence half-penny, in respect of 2 Geo. 2. C. 3. the faid principal sum of one million seven hundred seventy-five thousand twenty-seven pounds seventeen shillings and ten pence half-penny, which annual or yearly fum of eighty-eight thoufand seven hundred and fifty-one pounds seven shillings and ten pence half-penny shall be and is hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all the monies arisen or to arise at the said receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the faid particular duties on houses, and of or for the said duties and revenues, called the aggregate fund, and every or any of them; and shall be paid and payable to the said governor and Payable from company of the bank of England, and their successors for ever, 24 June 1718. From the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thou- quarterly. fand feven hundred and eighteen, at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year before-mentioned, by even and equal portions; all which payments shall also be made in such manner and form, and with fuch preference, as are herein af-

ter prescribed in that behalf. III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That at any Redeemable time upon one year's notice to be given at the faid feaft of the on one year's nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and notice after 24 eighteen, or at any quarterly feast-day after the said feast of the June 1718. nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and not before; and upon repayment by parliament to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, of the said sum of one million seven hundred seventy-five thousand twenty-seven pounds seventeen shillings and ten pence half-penny, without deduction, discount or abatement whatfoever to be made out of the fame, or any part thereof, and of all arrears of the faid annuity of eighty-eight thoufand seven hundred fifty-one pounds seven shillings and ten pence half-penny per annum, if any such shall be then due; then and not till then, the said annuity of eighty-eight thousand seven hundred fifty-one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny per annum shall from thenceforth cease and determine;

any former act or acts of parliament, or any provisoes, matters or things therein contained, or other matter or thing whatfo-

ever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Out of the faid duties the bank to be as shall be due to them for interest at 2d. per centum per diem delivered up, and so much 1717. fhall grow due for their 31. per cent. as shall remain uncancelled, and so much as then shall quarterly grow due on their 45,000l. and 8000l. per annum.

IV. And for the better encouragement of the faid governor and company of the bank of England to pay off, discharge and cancel as many of the faid Exchequer-bills as shall amount to paid to much two millions in principal money, and to continue the circulating and exchanging for money at demand, the remainder of them, according to the true intent and meaning of this act; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of the monies that are or shall be in the receipt of the Excheon the bills for quer of the faid duties and revenues of the faid fund, called the aggregate fund, and of the faid duties on houses, the faid governor and company of the bank of England shall be paid and as at Christmas satisfied so much as shall be due and in arrear to them for the faid interest of two pence per centum per diem upon the said bills amounting to two millions, until the time or respective times on which they shall deliver up the same pursuant to this act, and fo much as at or before the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen shall grow due and be in arrear to them for their faid allowance, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, to be computed by the day upon so many of the said Exchequer-bills, amounting to four millions five hundred fixty-one thousand twenty-five pounds, as shall at any time or times at or before the same feast-day remain uncancelled; and also so much, as at or before the faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen shall quarterly grow due and be in arrear to them, for or upon their faid allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum.

Bank to deliver up by 25 Dec. 1717. as many Exchequer-bills as amount to

V. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid governor and company of the bank of England shall, on or before the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, deliver up as many of the said Exchequer-bills (now being uncancelled and undischarged) as shall \$,000,000l.&c. amount to the faid fum of two millions in principal money, to fuch person or persons as the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall nominate, to be discharged, cancelled and made void, in such manner as the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treafurer for the time being shall appoint, without issuing the same again, or any of them; and that the faid interest of two pence per centum per diem, and allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, payable in respect of the said bills, amounting to two millions, from and after the time or respective times on which they shall or ought to be delivered up to be cancelled, as aforefaid, and the faid allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, from and after the faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and severteen, shall cease and determine, and all the dutics

duties and revenues of the said aggregate fund shall be freed, exonerated and discharged, of, from and against the same; the faid former acts, or any of them, or any other law or statute to

the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, From Christ-That from and after the faid feast of the birth of our Lord mas 1717. Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, the said go-bank to have vernor and company of the bank of England, and their success an annuity of fors for ever, (subject nevertheless to the proviso and power of 100,000 l. redemption hereafter in this act contained in this behalf, and none other) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be intitled by virtue of this act to have, receive and enjoy, one annuity or yearly fum of one hundred thousand pounds, being after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, computed upon the faid principal fum of two millions, which yearly fum of one hundred thousand pounds shall be, and is hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all the monies arising or to arise at the said receipt of Exchequer, as well of or for the faid feveral duties, revenues and incomes called the aggregate fund, as aforefaid, as of or for the faid particular duties on houses, and every or any of them; and shall be paid and payable to the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors for ever, at the sour most usual feasts or days of payment in the year before-mentioned, by even and equal portions, without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatfoever; and that all the payments thereof shall be made in such manner and form, and with such preference as are hereafter in this act prescribed in that behalf.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That at any Subject to retime upon one year's notice to be given at the feast of the birth of demption on our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or at one year's noany quarterly feast-day after the said feast of the birth of our Lord tice after Christmas Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and not be-1717. fore, and upon repayment by parliament to the faid governor See 9 Geo. 1. and company of the bank of England, or their successors, of c. 5. the faid fum of two millions, without any deduction, discount or abatement whatfoever to be made out of the fame, and upon payment to them of all arrearages of the faid yearly sum of one hundred thousand pounds, if any shall be due at the time of fuch payment, then and not till then, the said annuity of one hundred thousand pounds per annum shall from thenceforth cease and determine; any thing in this act contained to the contrary

notwithstanding.

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority a-Bank to adforesaid, That the said governor and company of the bank of vance not ex-England, and their successors, shall and they are by this act en-ceeding joined and required to advance and pay into the receipt of his 2,500,000l. by Majesty's Exchequer, to be imployed for or towards discharg-25March1718. ing or lessening the national debts and incumbrances, and not 5 Geo. 1. c. 3. otherwise, such further sum and sums of money, not exceeding five and twenty hundred thousand pounds, at such time or

Aa4

payment,

fued.

On failure of bank may be

times on or before the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand feven hundred and eighteen, and by fuch proportions at a time. as the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall by any writing or writings under his or their hands, to be delivered at the publick office of the faid governor and company in London. call for or require; and in case the said governor and company of the bank of England shall make failure in any such payment or payments to to be advanced by the space of fourteen days next after such writing or writings shall be respectively delivered, as aforciaid, the money whereof fuch failure in payment shall be made, shall and may be recovered in his Majesty's name, for the uses and purposes aforesaid, by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit or information in any his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed; in which action, bill, fuit or information, it shall be lawful to declare, that the faid governor and company of the bank of England are indebted to his Majesty the monies whereof they shall have made default in payment, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same; which shall be sufficient; and in and upon fuch action, fuit, bill or information. there shall be further recovered to his Majesty's use, against the faid governor and company of the bank of England, damages after the rate of ten pounds per centum for the monies so unpaid contrary to this act, besides full costs of suit; and the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their succesfors, and their capital stocks and funds, shall be and are hereby made subject and liable thereunto; so always that the sum to be called for or required of the faid governor and company, as as forefaid, at any one time do not exceed five hundred thousand pounds.

Bank to have they shall advance.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, an annuity at That the faid governor and company of the bank of England, 51. per cent. and their successors, for all and every sum and sums of money for fo much as which they shall advance for or in part of the said sum of two millions five hundred thousand pounds, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by force and virtue of this act to have, receive and enjoy an annuity after the rate of five pounds per eentum per annum for ever, subject nevertheless to the proviso of redemption herein after contained in that behalf; and that all and every such annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for the money so to be advanced, shall be charged upon and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of the monies which shall from time to time arise, as well of or for the aforesaid duties upon houses, as of or for the said duties, revenues and incomes composing the said fund called the aggregate fund, and every or any of them, and shall be paid and payable to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, in manner following, that is to lay, The first payment or payments of such annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be computed by the day, and satisfied from the day or respective days on which the faid fum, not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand pounds, or any part or parts thereof, shall be advanced or paid, as aforesaid, until the quarterly feast-day, or respective quarterly feast-days then next ensuing; and from thenceforth the same annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year beforementioned, by even and equal portions; all which payments shall also be made in such manner and form, and with such preference, as are herein after prescribed in that behalf.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That at any Redeemable time upon repayment by parliament to the faid governor and at any time on company of the bank of England, or their successors, of the repayment of faid fum of two millions five hundred thousand pounds, or so principal. much thereof as shall be called for and advanced, as aforesaid. without any deduction, discount or abatement whatsoever, to

be made out of the fame, or any part thereof, and of all arrears of fuch annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, if any such arrears shall be then due, then and not till then, the same annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; this present act, or any clause, mat-

ger or thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And as to so many of the said Exchequer-bills made Interest of two Forth upon the said recited acts, or any of them, as do amount per cent. per in principal money to the sum of two millions five hundred fixty diem, to consone thousand and twenty five pounds (being the sum of the tinue till 26 Exchange bills which will be fanding out after the delivering Dec. 1717. Exchequer-bills which will be standing out after the delivering up and cancelling so many as amount to two millions, as aforefaid); it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the interest of two pence per centum per diem, now born on the faid bills, for two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, shall continue and be payable and paid to the bearer and bearers thereof respectively, until the twenty fixth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and no longer; and that from and after the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen. the interest upon the same bills shall be reduced to one penny per centum per diem, which interest of one penny per centum per diem, and no more for interest, shall from and after the said twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and After 25 Dec. feventeen grow due and be paid and payable upon the faid bills, to be reduced for the faid fum of two millions five hundred fixty one thousand to one penny twenty five pounds, to the respective bearers thereof, until the per centum redemption of the same, pursuant to the proviso herein after per diem. contained in that behalf; and that the said interest at the respective rates aforesaid, upon the said bills, amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, shall be satisfied and discharged, from time to time, by such ways

Exchequerthe publick receipts, &c. faved to the publick.

and means as are hereafter in and by this act prescribed in that All interest on behalf: nevertheless, it is hereby provided and enacted, That the faid interest at the respective rates aforesaid, upon such of bills, whilst in the said bills, amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, as are or shall, at any time or times, be in the receipt of the Exchequer, or in the hands or power of any receivers or collectors of any taxes, aids or revenues payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, during such time and times respectively, as such bills shall be or remain in the faid receipt, or in such hands or power, as aforesaid, shall be abated and faved for the benefit of the publick.

Bank to have for circulating,anannuity of 76830l. 158 31. per cent. from Christmas 1717.

XII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, shall for circulating the said bills amountat the rate of ing to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, and for exchanging the same for ready money upon demand, from time to time, have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by virtue of this act to have, receive and enjoy, to their own use and behoof, an annuity or yearly allowance of seventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings, (being after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, upon the faid fum of two millions five hundred and fixty one thousand twenty five pounds) subject nevertheless to the proviso of redemption herein after contained in that behalf, which annuity or yearly allowance of seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings, shall be and is hereby also charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all the monies arisen or to arise, at the receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the faid particular duties on houses, and of or for the faid duties and revenues called the aggregate fund, and every or any of them; and thall be paid and payable to the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors for ever, from the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year beforementioned, by even and equal portions, without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatfoever; all which payments shall also be made in such manner and form, and with such preference, as are herein after prescribed in that behalf.

Redeemable notice at Mich. 1717.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That at on one year's any time upon one year's notice to be given at the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or at any quarterly feast-day after the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and not before, and upon full payment by parliament of the faid fum of two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, and all interest that shall be then due thereupon, and all arrears (if any) which shall be due at the time of such payment, on the said annuity of seventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fitteen shillings per aunum, and cancelling and discharging

all the faid Exchequer-bills, then and not till then, the faid annuity or allowance of feventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; this act or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. And for the better and more regular payment of all the monies which shall be payable unto the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, by virtue of this act, as well for or upon the faid several annuities of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum, as also for or upon the faid other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, (subject nevertheless, as aforefaid) standing orders shall be signed by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or by the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being; and after signing thereof, the same shall be firm, good, valid and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning of them respectively, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the death or removal of any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or the high treasurer for the time being, or by or upon the determination of the power, office and offices of them and any of them; nor shall any commissioner of the treasury or high treafurer, or under-treasurer for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand or make void such order or orders so figned, as aforefaid.

XIV. And for the more speedy payment of the monies which Orders to be shall be due or payable severally thereupon; it is hereby de-signed for the clared and enacted, That weekly or otherwise, as the monies annuities to of the several rates, duties, impositions, revenues and incomes, weekly, &c. by this act charged or chargeable to or with the payment of the faid annuities of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds feven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and to and with the payment of the faid other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and every of them, or any part thereof, shall from time to time be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer for or towards payment of the same, such monies shall and may be issued upon such order and orders for or towards discharging the said several and respective annuities or yearly fums thereupon charged, to grow due for or at the end of the quarter of a year, in which such issues or payments shall be made, so as such weekly or other speedy payments do not exceed the sums of the respective quarterly payments, which shall grow due for or at the end of such quarter respectively.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Bank to circus That the faid governor and company of the bank of England, late Exche-

cancelled.

bills for 2,561, and their fuccessors (for and in consideration of the said an-025 l. till fully nuity or allowance of seventy-fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, to be paid to them as aforefaid) shall, and they are hereby obliged and required, until all the said Exchequer-bills for the said sum of two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds shall be fully discharged and cancelled, pursuant to the said proviso and power of redemption in that behalf, exchange for ready money all such of the said Exchequer-bills for the said sum of two millions five hundred and fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, as from time to time, or at any time or times, shall be in the hands of any person or persons, and be demanded of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or at their publick office, to be exchanged for ready money (whether fuch bills, or any of them, shall or shall not have passed or had a currency in his Majesty's revenues or taxes) by paying unto all fuch person or persons, in ready money, the sum or sums for which fuch bill or bills so required to be exchanged was or were issued, or which the owner or owners of such bills shall be entitled unto by fach bill or bills respectively, together with the interest that shall at the time of such demand be due on such bill or bills respectively, and so toties quoties as often as such bill or bills shall be demanded as aforesaid; and in case the said go-Bank refusing, vernor and company of the bank of *England*, or their successors,

&c.

may be fued, or their cashier, shall neglect or refuse to exchange any such bill or bills for ready money as aforefaid, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this present act, upon demand thereof made at their chief office (which, during the currency of the bills before mentioned, or any of them, is hereby required to be kept at some place within the city of London) by the space of twenty four hours, then the person or persons demanding the same, or the person or persons for whose account such demand shall be made, shall or may, and are hereby enabled to bring his, her or their action of debt, or upon the case, for the same, against the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, in which action the person or persons so bringing the same shall and may declare, That the said governor and company of the bank of England are indebted to the plaintiff or plaintiffs therein the money demanded upon the faid bill or bills, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same; which shall be sufficient; and the plaintiff or plaintiffs in fuch action or actions shall recover against the said governor and company of the bank of England, not only the money so neglected or refused to be paid, but also damages, besides full costs of fuit; and the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, shall be and are hereby made subject and liable thereunto; and in the faid action or actions no effoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or more than one imparlance.

These annuimal effates;

XVI. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, ties are perfo. That the faid annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and the faid other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds ber centum per annum, and every of them, shall be deemed and adjudged to be personal citates; and the same, and the stock or stocks which the faid governor and company of the bank of England now have or are entitled unto, as also all such stock or Rocks which the faid governor and company shall or may be entitled unto by virtue of this act, and also the principal sums and annuities payable to the faid governor and company for or in respect of any such stock or stocks, are and shall, by virtue of this act, be free and clear and freed and discharged of and from all taxes, charges and publick impositions whatsoever, and free from charged or to be charged thereupon; and shall not be liable to taxes, and not liable any foreign attachment; any law, custom or usage to the con- to foreign at-

trary notwithstanding.

XVII. And for the better securing all the several and re- Duties on spective payments prescribed or intended to be made by or in houses, aggrepursuance of this act, it is hereby enacted and declared by the gate fund, &c. authority aforesaid, That as well the said particular duties on continued for ever. houses, and the said duties, revenues and incomes composing Geo.1.stat.2. the faid aggregate fund (which latter are particularly described c. 12. or referred unto in the faid act of the first year of his Majesty's See 5, Geo. 2. reign) and all other duties which were settled for payment of c. 3. sect, 22. the faid former yearly sums of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence. and of the faid interest and allowances relating to the faid former Exchequer-bills, and every of them, are and shall be continued, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, for ever; and shall be raised, levied, collected and brought into the Exchequer in England, by and according to fuch rules, methods and directions, and with fuch drawbacks, repayments and allowances, and under fuch penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are prescribed in and by the respective act and acts of parliament now in force, or any articles, clauses, matters or things therein contained, or thereby referred unto, for raising, levying or bringing in of the same, as fully and effectually as if the same acts, articles, clauses, matters and things, and every of them, were repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act; nevertheless all the monies arising Nevertheless thereby into the faid receipt, from and after the feast of the for the purnativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and poses in the act seventeen, and all the monjes then remaining in the said receipt, contained, of the same rates, duties, revenues or incomes, shall be dispose. able to and for the several and respective uses and purposes by this act appointed, and subject to the several provisoes of redemption herein contained; any former law, statute, provision, restriction, clauses of appropriation, or other clauses, matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all the monies of the faid particular rates and duties on houses, and of the said

tachments.

books in the Exchequer.

aggregate fund, or other duties by this act required to be and entred in brought into the Exchequer as aforesaid, shall be duly and fairly entred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt and clerk of the pells, for that purpose; to which all persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free access without fee or charge.

All the duties, &c. appropriated for the ufes of this æå.

XVIII. And it is hereby also enacted, That all the monies of the faid rates, duties, revenues and incomes, which shall or ought to be brought into the receipt of Exchequer for the faid purposes in this act directed (except the necessary charges for railing, collecting, levying, issuing, paying and accounting for the same) shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied, as well to and for the payment and satisfaction of so much as at or before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighteen shall grow due or be in arrear to the said governor and company, for or upon their faid yearly fum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence; and to and for the payment and fatisfaction of so much as at or before the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen shall be due or demanded for the faid interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, upon all or any the said Exchequer-bills, amounting to four millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds; and so much as at or before the faid feat of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen shall quarterly grow due and be in arrear to the said governor and company, for or upon their faid allowances of forty five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum; and for and upon their said allowance of three pounds per centum per annum for circulating the faid bills: as also for answering and discharging all the growing payments which thall hereafter incur and grow due to them for or upon the faid annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence half penny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum, and the faid other annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum; and to and for the payment and satisfaction of the faid yearly lums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds, and all arrears thereof, (if any), and such other annual and other payments as are hereafter in this act prescribed to be made out of the same, and every of them: all which arrears and growing payments before mentioned are to be fatisfied and discharged in their due course and order, and with such preferences as are by this act appointed, according to the tenor and true meaning thereof, and without any fee or charge whatfoever to be demanded or paid for the same or any part thereof, but subject to such several and respective redemptions as are in this act prescribed touching the faid growing payments or any of them, and to none

other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; any former law, statute, provision, appropriation or other matter or thing what-Officers of the soever to the contrary notwithstanding: and in case any the Exchequer officers or ministers of the Exchequer shall divert or misapply misapplying any of the monies of the faid rates, duties, revenues or incomes the money, &c. by this act appropriated for the uses and purposes hereby direct-forfeit their ed or appointed, or any of them, contrary to the purport and offices, &c. true meaning of this act, or shall pay or issue the same, or any part thereof, otherwise than according to the intent of this act, and in the order hereby directed, or shall not keep books or make entries, and do and perform all other things which by this act he or they are required to do and perform, every such officer and minister shall forfeit his office, and be rendred uncapable to serve his Majesty, his heirs or successors, in any office or imployment of trust or profit whatsoever, and shall also be liable to pay double the value of any fum or fums of money so delayed to be paid, or so diverted or misapplied, with full costs of suit to those who shall suffer or be grieved thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminfler, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, wager of law, or

more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed. XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Course of pay-That all the monies by this act appropriated or mentioned to First to pay off be appropriated for the faid uses and purposes in this act ap- so much as at pointed, shall be issued and applied in manner and form follow- 24 June 1718, ing, (that is to fay) in the first place to pay off so much as at shall grow due or before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in on the yearly the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighteen 106,501 l. 136. shall grow due or be in arrear to the said governor and company, 5d. for or upon the faid former yearly fum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence; and so much as at or before the said feast of the and so much birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seven- as at Christmas teen shall be due and demanded for the said interest, after the 1717, shall be rate of two pence per centum per diem; and so much as on or be-due for interest fore the same feast day shall be due and in arrear on the said for-at a d. per cent. fore the same feast day shall be due and in arrear on the laid for- per diem; and mer allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and upon so much as at the faid former yearly fums of forty five thousand pounds, and the same feasteight thousand pounds; and after paying or reserving sufficient day shall be to pay so much as at any time or times shall be grown due for due for interest or upon the said former yearly sums, or demanded for the said per ann. &cc. interest of two pence per centum per diem as aforesaid, then to Then to pay and for the answering and discharging so much as shall, from so much as time to time, be incurred and grown due for or upon the faid thall be grown annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty annuities, &c. one pounds feven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hun-payable to the dred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred bank weekly. and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and the said other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to the faid governor and company of the bank of

England.

England, and their successors, or to their cashier, for their use, weekly, or as foon as the fame can be fatisfied out of the monies of the faid rates, duties, revenues and incomes, or any of them, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act, so as by fuch weekly or other payments the whole of the faid annuities or yearly fums to be paid to the faid governor and company, or their fuccessors, at the end of each quarter be not exceeded, and so that upon every of the said quarterly feast days the whole then due thereupon severally be completed, made up or fatisfied; and to and for the answering and discharging fuch demands as shall be made of or for the said growing interest of one penny per centum per diem, according to the true

and the id. per cent. per diem.

Then to pay of 120,000 l. during his Majesty's life.

intent and meaning of this act. XX. And it is hereby enacted, That after paying or referving the yearly sum sufficient to pay and satisfy, from time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due or demanded for or upon the faid former yearly fums and interest of two pence per centum per diem as aforesaid; and for and upon the said annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred and safty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny per annum, one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum; and the said other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and to answer such demands as shall be made of or for the said growing interest of one penny per centum per diem; then the faid yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, for the service of his Majesty's houshold and family, and other his necessary expences and occasions, and all arrears thereof, from time to time grown due, shall be paid to his Majesty, during his Majesty's natural life as aforefaid, out of the monies by this act appropriated, or mentioned and intended to be appropriated for the uses and purposes by this act appointed as aforefaid; and that the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, and the high treasurer and undertreasurer of the Exchequer for the time being shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and required to cause the said yearly ium of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, or fuch arrears thereof, to be issued and applied weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied, in the order and course beforementioned for that service, out of the monies arisen or to arise as aforefaid, so as by such weekly or other payments the sum of thirty thousand pounds, to be due thereupon, at the end of each quarter, be not exceeded; and so that upon every of the faid quarterly feast days the whole then due thereupon (if the faid appropriated monies will extend thereunto) be completed, made up or fatisfied, according to the true meaning of this act.

Then theyearly fum of 54, let apart for

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That after paying or referving sufficient to pay and satisfy, from 600l. is to be time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the faid former yearly fums, and for and

upon the said annuities or sums of eighty eight thousand seven perpetual anhundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence half-nuities of 51. penny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy fix thou-per cent. fand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum. and the said other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and to answer such demands as shall be made of or for the said interest, at the respective rates aforesaid, and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for and upon the faid fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum; then the said sum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, and all arrears thereof (if any be) shall, without any deduction or abatement, be separated and set apart in the said receipt of the Exchequer. out of the monies by this act appropriated or mentioned to be appropriated as aforesaid, for the uses and purposes in this act appointed; and shall, from time to time, be issued and applied to answer and satisfy such perpetual annuities as are purchased thereupon, at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, according to the true intent and meaning of such act or acts of parliament as are passed in that behalf, subject nevertheless to redemption by parliament, as is thereby prescribed.

XXII. And it is hereby declared to be the true intent and The prefermeaning of this act, That the said arrearages of the said former ences in point yearly sums, and the monies which shall, from time to time, of payment. be due upon the said annual sums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thoufand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum, and the faid other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annem, and the monies necessary to anfwer fuch demands of interest as aforesaid, shall from time to time take place and be preferred, in point of payment, before the fums which shall grow due upon the said yearly sum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds; and that the said yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds shall from time to time take place and be preferred, in point of payment, out of the same, before the said yearly sum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds; and that the said yearly sum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds shall, from time to time, take place and be preferred, in point of payment, before the applying any of the faid appropriated monies for or towards anfwering any the payments hereafter in and by this act charged or chargeable thereupon.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Then the defiauthority aforesaid, That after paying or reserving sufficient to ciencies of the pay and fatisfy, from time to time, so much as at any time or bank's original times is or shall be grown due for or upon the said former yearly 100,0001. per fums, and for or upon the faid annuities or fums of eighty eight annum to be thousand seven hundred sitty one pounds seven thillings and ten made good. pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings Vol. XIII.

per anyum, and the said other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and the monies neces-

fary to answer such demands of interest as aforesaid, and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the faid fums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum; then the deficiency and deficiencies for making good the payments to be, from time to time, incurred and grown due for or upon the original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, payable to the faid governor and company out of the five seventh parts of certain rates or duties of excise, by virtue of several acts of parliament in that behalf (when and as often as any fuch shall happen) shall, from time to time, be satisfied and answered out of the monies by this act appropriated as aforesaid; and from and after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and fatisfy, from time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the said former yearly fums, and for or upon the faid annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds sisteen shillings per annum, and the said other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and the monies necessary to answer such demands of interest as aforesaid, and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the faid fums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum; Then to pay and to make good such deficiencies of the said original fund of 4000 l. per an- one hundred thousand pounds per annum (if any such be) as anum to theriffs, foresaid; then the yearly sum of four thousand pounds thall be forth their pa. fet apart in the Exchequer, and issued from time to time to the tents, passing respective sheriffs of England and Wales, for defraying the chartheir accounts, ges of taking forth the letters patents for their respective offices, and passing their respective accounts, and obtaining their Quietus's according to such other act as is or shall be passed in this felfion of parliament in that behalf.

&c.

The furplus of disposeable by parliament. See 5 Geo. 1. c. 3. lect. 1.

XXIV. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authoevery quarter rity aforesaid, That the excess or surplus, which at the end of every or any quarter of a year (reckoning the quarters to end at the usual feasts above-mentioned) shall and may be produced by the faid feveral rates, duties, revenues and incomes hereby appropriated or mentioned to be appropriated as aforefaid, and shall remain in the Exchequer over and above the money then due or demandable for or upon the feveral annuities, allowances and other payments before-mentioned, or any arrears of the fame, shall attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to act or acts of parliament in that behalf, and not otherwife; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That in The deficiency of any quarter case the produce of the said several rates, duties, revenues and

incomes hereby appropriated, as aforefaid, at the end of any to be made quarter of a year after the feast of the annunciation of the blef- good out of fed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, to be produced shall be deficient to answer and pay so much as shall be then in any subsedue for or upon the faid former yearly fums, which are to con- quent quarters tinue till the respective times aforesaid, and for or upon the said annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and the said other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and the monies necessary to answer such demands of interest as aforesaid, and so much as shall be then grown due for or upon the faid fums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, and so much as is to make good the said deficiency (if any be) of the said original fund; then, and so often, and in every such case, every such deficiency of the said duties and revenues shall and may be made good out of the produce of all those rates, duties, revenues and incomes, in any subsequent quarter or quarters wherein there shall be an overplus for or towards answering the same; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That in The deficience case the produce of the said several rates, duties, revenues and year's end to incomes hereby appropriated as aforefaid, shall at any time or be made good times appear to be so deficient, that within any one year by parliament. (reckoning each year to end at Michaelmas yearly) the fame shall not be sufficient to answer and pay so much as shall be then due for or upon the faid former yearly fums, which are to continue till the respective times before limited, and for and upon the said annuities or sums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum, and the faid other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and the monies necessary to an-Iwer such demands of interest as aforesaid, and so much as shall be then grown due for or upon the said sums of one hundred twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand fix hundred pounds per annum, and so much as is to make good the faid deficiency (if any then be) of the faid original fund, and so much as shall be then due upon the said yearly sum of four thousand pounds, according to this act; then, and in every fuch case, and as often as any fuch deficiency of the said rates, duties, revenues and incomes shall happen, the same shall be provided for, answered and made good by and out of the then next aids to be granted in parliament.

XXVII. And it is hereby further enacted, That the com- Treasury to missioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or fone, on secuthe high treasurer for the time being, shall, and he and they rity, the ne-

cessary sums to discharge interest to the bearers of the bills, &c.

are hereby impowered and directed, out of the monies arising by the faid duties appropriated (amongst other things) for payment of the said interest as aforesaid, to issue to such person or persons, as he or they shall think fit to entrust in that behalf, and upon fecurity to be given to his or their good liking, such fum or fums of money by way of imprest, and upon account, from time to time, and by fuch proportions at a time, as he or they shall find necessary for discharging all the said interest grown due and payable, or to grow due and payable, at the respective rates aforesaid, upon the said bills, in pursuance of this act; the faid interest to be discharged in the manner and form herein after-mentioned; and that any person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, having in their custody any of the faid Exchequer-bills, upon which fix months interest or more shall be due and unpaid, shall and may, from time to time, demand and receive of the person and persons to whom the said monies shall be imprested for payment of interest as aforesaid, all the interest so due and unpaid upon such Exchequer-bilk, who are hereby directed and required to pay and discharge the fame, upon such demand, out of the money to be impressed to him or them for that purpose. XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-

The bills to payment at the Exchequer, &c.

be current in faid, That the faid Exchequer-bills amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand and twenty five pounds as zforefaid, shall be received and taken by, and shall pass and be current to all and every receivers and collectors in Great Britain of the customs, excise, or of any revenue, supply, aid or tax whatfoever, already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majefly, his heirs and fucceffors, and also at the receipt of the Exchequer, from the said receivers or collectors, or from any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate whatsoever, making any payments or loans there to his Majesty, his hein or fuccessors, for or upon any account, cause or occasion whatfoever, until the full paying off and cancelling the faid bills, and every of them, according to the purport and true meaning Receivers, &c. of this act; and that fuch of the same bills as shall be so received at the Exchequer, shall and may be locked up and secured a money in their cash, according to the course of the said Exchequer settled and established by law for locking up and securing money in specie received there; and that all and every receivers and collectors in Great Britain of the customs, excise, or of any revenue, aid, tax or supply whatsoever, already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall and are hereby directed and required, out of any current coined money as shall then be in their hands of fuch revenue, aid, tax or fupply, to pay fuch of the faid bills amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand and twenty five pounds, as shall be brought unto them respectively by any person or persons defiring to have Refusing may money for the same; and in case such receiver or collector

to exchange the bills for hands;

be fued.

shall neglect or refuse to exchange such bills for ready money by the space of twenty four hours, then the person or persons demanding the same shall or may bring an action of debt or on the case for the principal and interest monies due upon such bills against such receiver or collector, having money in his hands, as aforesaid; in which action the plaintiff shall or may declare, That such receiver or collector is indebted to such plaintiff the money demanded upon every fuch bill, according to the form of this statute, and hath not paid the same; which shall be sufficient; and the plaintiff in every such action shall recover against such receiver or collector, not only the monies so neglected or refused to be paid, but also the damages, befides full cost of suit, and such receiver or collector shall be subject and liable thereunto; and in such action, no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance; and upon payment of the money so to be recovered, the plaintiff, his executors or assigns, shall deliver up such bills to the defendant, his executors or assigns,

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That as any of the faid Money lent in bills amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand bills, equal to and twenty five pounds shall be paid or lent into the Exche-specie at the twenty of his Majestr's receivers, or any other person or Exchequer, quer by any of his Majesty's receivers, or any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, making any payments or loans at that receipt, the officers there shall cause tallies to be levied and delivered to the payers or lenders, as amply and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if they had made such

payments or loans in specie.

XXX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Interest on the interest which shall, from time to time, be due upon any bills to be althe bills fo to be current, shall be allowed to all persons, bodies ceivers genepolitick or corporate, paying the same to any receivers or col-ral, &c. to the lectors, receiver or collector of any his Majesty's aids, taxes or day of paying. fupplies, or by way of exchange, as aforefaid, or paying or Jending the same into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, unto the respective days whereupon such bill or bills shall be so paid, exchanged or lent.

XXXI. Provided always, That no interest shall run or be No interest on paid on or for any such bill or bills, during the time that any bills in recei-fuch bill or bills so paid, exchanged or lent, shall remain in hands. the hands of any the faid receivers or collectors, or in the hands of any teller or tellers of the Exchequer, but for such time the interest on every such bill shall cease for the publick benefit and

advantage.

XXXII. And to the end it may be known for what time Endorsements fuch bills shall, from time to time, remain in the hands of such to be made receivers or collectors, or in the Exchequer, as aforesaid; be the payer. it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the person or persons who shall pay such bill or bills to any receiver or collector of any his Majesty's revenues, aids, taxes, or supplies, by way of exchange or otherwise, or shall pay or lend such bill or bills into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall at the

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time of making such payment, exchange or loan, on each bill fo paid, exchanged or lent, put his or their name or names, and write thereupon in words at length, the day of the month and year on which he, she or they so paid, lent or exchanged fuch bill or bills; all which the faid receivers and collectors respectively, and also the respective tellers in the Exchequer, shall take care to see done and performed accordingly; to which respective days the said receivers and collectors shall be allowed again the interest which he, she or they shall have allowed or paid upon such respective bill or bills, upon his, her or their paying the same into the receipt of the Exchequer, as afore-Lid.

vive.

Bills re-iffued. XXXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by interest to re- the authority aforesaid, That when any of the said bills shall be re-issued or paid again out of his Majesty's Exchequer, the respective teller there, from whose office such bill or bills shall be fo re-iffued or again paid out, should endorfe on such bill or bills so re-issued, in words at length, the day of the month and year that the same were so re-issued or repaid out of the said Exchequer, and also on what account the same were last received into the receipt of the Exchequer, and fign the same, from which time the interest on such bill or bills so re-issued or paid again shall revive, and such bill or bills shall again run and pass at interest as the same did before they were paid unto or exchanged by the faid receivers or collectors, or before the fame were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforefaid.

Bills to he rethe principal money.

XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforeiffued only for faid, That the same bills to be re-issued, from fifne to time, or at any time, at the Exchequer, as aforefaid, shall be to reissued only for the principal money to be contained therein.

Tellers to be re-imburfed the interest they allow.

XXXV. And to the end the respective fellers of the Exchequer, who shall allow any interest upon fuch bills which shall be paid or lent into the Exch, quer, as aforefaid, may be reimburfed the faid interest by them respectively allowed; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, I hat the officer or officers to be, from time to time, appointed for receiving the monies hereby appropriated for payment of the faid interest, shall from time to time, out of such monies in his or their hands, reimburse and pay to the said teller and tellers respectively, so much as he or they shall have respectively allowed for the faid interest to the payers or lenders of such bills; in the doing whereof he or they shall observe such rules and directions as he or they shall, from time to time, receive from any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That every receiver general of Receiver geany revenues, aids, taxes or supplies, belonging or to belong to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall keep a fair book or books of accounts in writing of all the monies by him received; in which he or his deputy or deputies shall truly enter all the fums which shall have been received by him or them for every

neral to keep a book of all the monies by him received,

fuch revenue, aid, tax or supply, together with the names of the several collectors from whom the same, or any part thereof was received, the days when, and the sums paid, how much thereof in money, and how much in Exchequer-bills, and what Exchequer-bills shall have been exchanged by every such receiver general pursuant to this act; to which accounts every person concerned shall have free access at all seasonable times without fee or charge; and the faid accounts shall constantly lie open at one certain place, within the limits of his receipt for that purpose; and if such receiver shall neglect to keep such book or books, or to enter therein any fum or fums of money by him and them received and paid, as aforefaid, by the space of three days after his receipt or payment of the same, or shall refuse any person or persons concerned to inspect such book or books without fee or charge, as aforefaid, every fuch receiver for every such offence shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, to Penalty 200 L any person or persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by action of debt, or on the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no effoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed,

or any more than one imparlance.

XXXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the New bills may authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Exchequer-bills be made forth for the said sums of two millions five hundred sixty one thousand in lieu of such and twenty five pounds, shall be filled up by writing or endorse- or defaced. ments to be made thereon, as aforefaid, or shall by any accident be defaced, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and enjoined, upon request to be made by the said governor and company, and their successors, from time to time, to cause new bills to be made forth at the receipt of the Exchequer, in lieu of fuch bills as shall be filled up or defaced, which old bills so filled up or defaced, shall be cancelled at the receipt of the Exchequer, and kept there; and such new bills shall have the like currency, and shall in all respects be subject to the fame rules, methods and continuance, as if the same had been bills originally issued in pursuance of this act, and shall bear the fame numbers, dates, and principal fums, and carry the like interest, as were born and carried by the old bills so cancelled respectively; and so toties quoties as often as any of the bills to be made forth by this act shall happen to be filled up or defaced, as aforefaid.

XXXVIII. And for the better enabling the faid governor and Bank may call company of the bank of England, and their fuccessors, to cir- in money from culate the faid bills, whereof the circulation is to continue by their memthis act, and to carry on their other affairs; it is further enacted bers. by the authority aforesaid, That it shall or may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, from time to time, as they shall see cause, to call from, or direct to be paid by their respective members for Bba

the time being, proportionably according to their respective interests in the capital stock or stocks of the said governor and

company, any sum or sums of money, as in a general count of the faid governor and company shall be judged necessary, and ordered to be called in; and that all executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, shall be indemnified in paying the same; and in case any such member or members shall refule or neglect to pay his, her or their thare of the monies to called for at the time or times appointed for that purpole, by notice inserted in the London Gazette, and fixed upon the Royal Exchange, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, not only to stop the share or dividend which shall, from time to time, become payable to such member or members (so neglecting or refuting) of the funds, stocks or profits of the faid company, and to apply the same, from time to time, for or towards payment of the there of the money to called for, and which ought to have been paid by fuch member or members fo neglecting or refusing, until the same shall be satisfied, but also to stop the transfers or assignments of the share of every such defaulter, and to charge fuch defaulter or defaulters with an interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the monies so by him, her or them omitted to be paid, from the time the fame were appointed to be paid until the payment thereof; and that the shares and stocks of such defaulter and defaulters shall be liable to make good and answer the said monies so appointed to be paid, and the interest thereof; and in case the principal and interest shall be unpaid by the space of three months, then the faid governor and company of the bank of England shall have power to sell so much of the stock and stocks of such defaulter and defaulters as will satisfy and pay the fame, rendring the overplus to the proprietors, if any be: and the faid governor and company in a general court, from time to time, when they shall judge their affairs will admit thereof, shall cause any sum or sums of money which shall be fo called in, or any part thereof, to be divided and distributed

Penalty on members not complying.

thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And it is hereby enacted, That the said governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, shall have power and authority, and they are hereby enabled, in case they shall think fit, from time to time, and at any time or times, at their own good liking, to borrow or take up money upon any contracts, bills, bonds or obligations, under their common seal, or upon credit of their capital stock or stocks, or any part thereof, or otherwise, for any time, or to be paid upon demand, and at such rate or rates of interest, or upon such terms as they shall think fit, although the same shall happen to exceed

to and amongst the then members of the governor and company of the bank of *England*, according and in proportion to their respective interests in the capital stock or stocks of the same; any former law, statute, restriction, or any other clause, matter or

Bank mayborrow monies under their common feal above the common intereft,

exceed the interest allowed by law to be taken, and to give such security for the same, as shall be to the satisfaction of the lenders respectively; any former law, statute, prohibition, restriction, clause, matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithflanding: and they are hereby authorized, at their own good liking, to contract and agree in such manner as they shall scriptions for think fit, at any time or times, with any person or persons, that purpose. natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, in whose abilities they shall be well satisfied, for or concerning the furnishing of monies, from time to time, by such persons or corporations, upon fuch terms as they shall find necessary, for the better enabling the faid governor and company of the bank of England to perform such matters and things as they are to do Their securiand perform in pursuance of this act, and to take subscriptions ties not from such persons or corporations for that purpose; and it is chargeable hereby declared, that fuch contracts, bills, bonds, obligations, with the fecurities or subscriptions, shall not be chargeable with any the stamp-duties duties upon stampt vellum, parchment or paper; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XL. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall forge or counterfeit any of the Exchequer-bills made forth, or to be renewed, as aforesaid, or any endorsement or writing thereupon, or tender in Forging, &c. payment any fuch forged or counterfeit bill, or any Exchequer-bills, &c. febill with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon, or long, shall demand to have such counterfeit bill, or any Exchequerbill with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon, exchanged for ready money by the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, or by any receiver or collector, as aforefaid, knowing the bill so tendred in payment or demanded to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon, to be forged or counterfeited, and with intent to defraud his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or the said governor and company, or any other person or persons, body politick or corporate, then every such person or persons, so offending (being thereof lawfully convicted) shall be adjudged a felon, and shall suffer as in cases of felony without benefit of clergy

XLI. And it is hereby further enacted, That the faid gover- Bank to have nor and company of the bank of England shall, from time to the indents or time, have the use and custody of one part of all the cheques, the bills. indents, or counterfoils of all the Exchequer-bills to be current on this act, and from which the faid bills are cut, in order to prevent their being imposed upon by counterfeited or forged bills; and that when any of the same bills shall be discharged and cancelled, such parts of the said cheques, indents, or counterfoils, as shall relate to the bills so discharged and cancelled, shall, from time to time, be delivered back into the receipt of Exchequer by the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors.

Till all the bills be paid off, no other to be iffued.

XLII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That until all the Exchequer-bills to be circulated upon this act shall be paid off, discharged and cancelled, no more or other Exchequer-bills, or bills of the like nature, though by another name, shall or may be made out and iffued at the receipt of the Exchequer, either with or without the authority of parliament, unless by consent of the said governor and company of the bank of England, or their fucceffors.

No member of. the bank disabled from being a parlia-

XLIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That no member of the corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England, for or by reason of any the matters or things in this ment-man, or act contained, shall be disabled from being a member of parliable to be a liament, or be adjudged liable to be a bankrupt within the inbankrupt, &c. tent and meaning of all or any of the statutes made against or concerning bankrupts; any law, statute, or provision to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

During the corporation (exceeding than fix months.

XLIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the bank, no other authority aforesaid, That during the continuance of the said corporation of the governor and company of the bank of Engfix) to borrow land, it shall not be lawful for any body politick or corporate money on bills whatfoever, erected, or to be erected, (other than the faid gopayable at less vernor and company of the bank of England) or for any other persons whatsoever, united, or to be united in covenants or partnership, exceeding the number of fix persons, in that part of Great Britain called England, to borrow, owe, or take no any fum or fums of money on their bills or notes, payable at demand, or at any less time than six months from the borrowing thereof.

Bank in a general court may(in regard of these undertakings) dethey hall think fit.

XLV. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and impowered, in a general court, to make and clare such ad-declare such addition to their capital stock (in regard of their dition to their undertaking to discharge and deliver up the said Exchequercapital flock as bills, amounting to two millions, to continue the circulation of the faid Exchequer-bills, amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand and twenty five pounds, and to advance any further fums, not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand pounds as aforefaid) as they shall think fit; and so much as shall be so declared, shall be, or be deemed to be capital stock or additional flock accordingly; and that the members of the faid corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England, who shall have a share or interest in such stock or stocks, shall or may affign or transfer the same, or any part thereof, in the books of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, apart by itself, or jointly with any other stock which fuch members may have in the faid company; which affignments or transfers shall and may be made in such or the like method, manner and form, as are prescribed by any act of parliament, or charter now in force, for affiguments or transfers to be made in the books of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, by the members thereof, of any shares

in their capital.

XLVI. Provided and it is hereby enacted, That as often as Bank not obliany interest upon the said Exchequer bills, hereby continued to ged to pay for be circulated, shall be demanded to be paid by the faid gover- inferent to a nor and company of the bank of England, they shall not be a penny. obliged to pay for such interest to any lesser sum than one penny upon such bill, in case a single bill be produced for payment, or for the total of the interest of such bills where two or more shall be offered at one time by the same person; any thing herein

contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLVII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the After redempauthority aforesaid, That from and after the redemption of all tion of all the the faid feveral annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven annuities, &c. hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence half-fund and dupenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thou- ties on houses fand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per shall be underannum, and the said other annuity or annuities after the rate of five deemed by pounds per centum per annum, by payments to be made according parliament. to the feveral and respective provisoes or conditions of redemption in this act contained of or concerning the same, and full payment of all arrearages (if any shall then be due) for and upon the faid yearly fums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds. and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, and for the deficiency (if any shall then be) of the said original fund of the faid governor and company of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and every of them, then and not till then, the said general or aggregate fund by this act continued and established, and the faid fublidies, duties, revenues and incomes, contained therein, and every of them, and also the said particular duties on houses, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be iffued, paid, or applied to any use, intent, or purpose whatsoever, without authority of parliament; other than and except the duties called the two thirds of a subsidy of Except the tonnage and poundage upon goods and merchandizes imported, here enumeand other than and except the duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pictures, and mullins, and other than and except the increased duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and other than and except the further rates and duties upon all white cal-continued for than and except the further rates and duties upon all white cal-licoes, porcelan called china-ware, and drugs; all which faid 120,000l per fubfidies and duties fo excepted are part of the faid aggregate ann. for his fund, and are intended to be continued, and they are hereby Majesty's life, enacted to be continued, for answering and paying out of the fame, all the payments which shall after such redemption grow due for and upon the faid yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, as aforesaid, for the service of his Majesty's houshold and family, and other his necessary occasions, during his Majesty's life; and also for answering and paying out of the and 54,600l.

same per aunum,

per annum, and the said other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and the monies neces-

fary to answer such demands of interest as aforesaid, and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the said sums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum; then the deficiency and deficiencies for making good the payments to be, from time to time, incurred and grown due for or upon the original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, payable to the faid governor and company out of the five seventh parts of certain rates or duties of excise, by virtue of several acts of parliament in that behalf (when and as often as any fuch shall happen) shall, from time to time, be satisfied and answered out of the monies by this act appropriated as aforesaid; and from and after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and fatisfy, from time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the said former yearly fums, and for or upon the faid annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty one pounds seven thillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds sisteen shillings per annum, and the said other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and the monies necessary to answer such demands of interest as aforesaid. and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the said sums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum; Then to pay and to make good such deficiencies of the said original fund of 4000 l. per an- one hundred thousand pounds per annum (if any such be) as anum to theriffs, forefaid; then the yearly fum of four thousand pounds shall be forth their pa. fet apart in the Exchequer, and iffued from time to time to the tents, passing respective sheriffs of England and Wales, for defraying the chartheir accounts, ges of taking forth the letters patents for their respective offices, and passing their respective accounts, and obtaining their Quietus's, according to such other act as is or shall be passed in this seffion of parliament in that behalf.

&c.

The furplus of parliament. C. 3. lect. 1.

XXIV. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authoevery quarter rity aforesaid, That the excess or surplus, which at the end of disposeable by every or any quarter of a year (reckoning the quarters to end See 5 Geo. 1. at the usual feasts above-mentioned) shall and may be produced by the faid feveral rates, duties, revenues and incomes hereby appropriated or mentioned to be appropriated as aforesaid, and shall remain in the Exchequer over and above the money then due or demandable for or upon the several annuities, allowances and other payments before-mentioned, or any arrears of the fame, shall attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to act or acts of parliament in that behalf, and not otherwise; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The deficiency XXV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That in of any quarter case the produce of the said several rates, duties, revenues and **MICOMASS**

incomes hereby appropriated, as aforefaid, at the end of any to be made quarter of a year after the feast of the annunciation of the blef- good out of led Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, to be produced shall be deficient to answer and pay so much as shall be then in any subsedue for or upon the faid former yearly fums, which are to con- quent quarter, tinue till the respective times aforesaid, and for or upon the said annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and the said other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and the monies necessary to answer such demands of interest as aforesaid, and so much as shall be then grown due for or upon the faid sums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, and so much as is to make good the said deficiency (if any be) of the faid original fund; then, and so often, and in every such case, every such deficiency of the said duties and revenues shall and may be made good out of the produce of all those rates, duties, revenues and incomes, in any subsequent quarter or quarters wherein there shall be an overplus for or towards answering the same; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That in The deficiencies the produce of the said several rates, duties, revenues and year's end to incomes hereby appropriated as aforefaid, shall at any time or be made good times appear to be so deficient, that within any one year by parliament. (reckoning each year to end at Michaelmas yearly) the fame shall not be sufficient to answer and pay so much as shall be then due for or upon the said former yearly sums, which are to continue till the respective times before limited, and for and upon the faid annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum, and the said other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and the monies necessary to anfwer fuch demands of interest as aforesaid, and so much as shall be then grown due for or upon the said sums of one hundred twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand fix hundred pounds per annum, and so much as is to make good the faid deficiency (if any then be) of the faid original fund, and so much as shall be then due upon the said yearly sum of four thousand pounds, according to this act; then, and in every fuch case, and as often as any such deficiency of the said rates, duties, revenues and incomes shall happen, the same shall be provided for, answered and made good by and out of the then next aids to be granted in parliament.

XXVII. And it is hereby further enacted, That the com-Treasury to missioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or imprest to perious, on secus the high treasurer for the time being, shall, and he and they rity, the ne-

ceffary fums to discharge interest to the bills, &c.

are hereby impowered and directed, out of the monies arising by the faid duties appropriated (amongst other things) for paybearers of the ment of the faid interest as aforesaid, to issue to such person or persons, as he or they shall think fit to entrust in that behalf, and upon fecurity to be given to his or their good liking, such fum or fums of money by way of imprest, and upon account, from time to time, and by fuch proportions at a time, as he or they shall find necessary for discharging all the said interest grown due and payable, or to grow due and payable, at the respective rates aforesaid, upon the said bills, in pursuance of this act; the faid interest to be discharged in the manner and form herein after-mentioned; and that any person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, having in their custody any of the faid Exchequer-bills, upon which fix months interest or more shall be due and unpaid, shall and may, from time to time, demand and receive of the person and persons to whom the said monies shall be imprested for payment of interest as aforesaid, all the interest so due and unpaid upon such Exchequer-bills, who are hereby directed and required to pay and discharge the fame, upon such demand, out of the money to be impressed to him or them for that purpose. XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-

The bills to payment at the Exchequer, &c.

be current in faid, That the faid Exchequer-bills amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand and twenty five pounds as aforesaid, shall be received and taken by, and shall pass and be current to all and every receivers and collectors in Great Britain of the customs, excise, or of any revenue, supply, aid or tax whatfoever, already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, and also at the receipt of the Exchequer, from the faid receivers or collectors, or from any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate whatsoever, making any payments or loans there to his Majesty, his heirs or fuccessors, for or upon any account, cause or occasion whatfoever, until the full paying off and cancelling the faid bills, and every of them, according to the purport and true meaning Receivers, &c. of this act; and that fuch of the same bills as shall be so received at the Exchequer, shall and may be locked up and secured as money in their cash, according to the course of the said Exchequer settled and established by law for locking up and securing money in specie received there; and that all and every receivers and collectors in Great Britain of the customs, excise, or of any revenue, aid, tax or supply whatsoever, already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall and are hereby directed and required, out of any current coined money as shall then be in their hands of fuch revenue, aid, tax or fupply, to pay fuch of the faid bills amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand and twenty five pounds, as shall be brought unto them respectively by any person or persons desiring to have Refuling may money for the same; and in case such receiver or collector shall

to exchange the bills for hands;

be fued,

shall neglect or refuse to exchange such bills for ready money by the space of twenty four hours, then the person or persons demanding the same shall or may bring an action of debt or on the case for the principal and interest monies due upon such bills against such receiver or collector, having money in his hands, as aforesaid; in which action the plaintiff shall or may declare, That such receiver or collector is indebted to such plaintiff the money demanded upon every fuch bill, according to the form of this statute, and hath not paid the same; which shall be sufficient; and the plaintiff in every such action shall recover against such receiver or collector, not only the monies so neglected or refused to be paid, but also the damages, befides full cost of suit, and such receiver or collector shall be subject and liable thereunto; and in such action, no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance; and upon payment of the money so to be recovered, the plaintiff, his executors or affigns, shall deliver up such bills to the defendant, his executors or assigns,

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That as any of the faid Money lent in bills amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand bills, equal to and twenty five pounds shall be paid or lent into the Exche-fpecie at the quer by any of his Maiesty's receivers, or any other person or quer by any of his Majesty's receivers, or any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, making any payments or loans at that receipt, the officers there shall cause tallies to be levied and delivered to the payers or lenders, as amply and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if they had made such

payments or loans in specie.

XXX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Interest on the interest which shall, from time to time, be due upon any bills to be althe bills so to be current, shall be allowed to all persons, bodies ceivers genepolitick or corporate, paying the same to any receivers or col-ral, &c. to the lectors, receiver or collector of any his Majesty's aids, taxes or day of paying. fupplies, or by way of exchange, as aforesaid, or paying or lending the same into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, unto the respective days whereupon such bill or bills shall be so paid, exchanged or lent.

XXXI. Provided always, That no interest shall run or be No interest on paid on or for any fuch bill or bills, during the time that any bills in receifuch bill or bills so paid, exchanged or lent, shall remain in hands. the hands of any the faid receivers or collectors, or in the hands of any teller or tellers of the Exchequer, but for such time the interest on every such bill shall cease for the publick benefit and

advantage.

XXXII. And to the end it may be known for what time Endorsements fuch bills shall, from time to time, remain in the hands of such to be made thereupon by receivers or collectors, or in the Exchequer, as aforesaid; be the payer, it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the person or persons who shall pay such bill or bills to any receiver or collector of any his Majesty's revenues, aids, taxes, or supplies, by way of exchange or otherwife, or shall pay or lend luch bill or bills into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall at the Bb3

time of making such payment, exchange or loan, on each bill so paid, exchanged or lent, put his or their name or names, and write thereupon in words at length, the day of the month and year on which he, she or they so paid, lent or exchanged fuch bill or bills; all which the faid receivers and collectors respectively, and also the respective tellers in the Exchequer, shall take care to see done and performed accordingly; to which respective days the said receivers and collectors shall be allowed again the interest which he, she or they shall have allowed or paid upon such respective bill or bills, upon his, her or their paying the same into the receipt of the Exchequer, as afore-(aid.

ATAC.

Bills re-iffued. XXXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by interest to rethe authority aforesaid, That when any of the said bills shall be re-issued or paid again out of his Majesty's Exchequer, the respective teller there, from whose office such bill or bills shall be so re-issued or again paid out, should endorse on such bill or bills so re-issued, in words at length, the day of the month and year that the same were so re-issued or repaid out of the said Exchequer, and also on what account the same were last received into the receipt of the Exchequer, and fign the same, from which time the interest on such bill or bills so re-issued or paid again shall revive, and such bill or bills shall again run and pass at interest as the same did before they were paid unto or exchanged by the faid receivers or collectors, or before the fame were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforefaid.

Bills to be re-XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforeiffued only for faid, That the same bills to be re-issued, from tithe to time, or at any time, at the Exchequer, as aforefaid, shall be so re-

the principal money.

Tellers to be re-imburfed the interest they allow.

issued only for the principal money to be contained therein. XXXV. And to the end the respective fellers of the Exchequer, who shall allow any interest upon fuch bills which shall be paid or lent into the Exchaquer, as aforefaid, may be reimburfed the faid interest by them respectively allowed; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, I hat the officer or officers to be, from time to time, appointed for re-- ceiving the monies hereby appropriated for payment of the faid interest, shall from time to time, out of such monies in his or their hands, reimburse and pay to the said teller and tellers respectively, so much as he or they shall have respectively allowed for the faid interest to the payers or lenders of such bills; in the doing whereof he or they shall observe such rules and directions as he or they shall, from time to time, receive from any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That every receiver general of any revenues, aids, taxes or supplies, belonging or to belong to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall keep a fair book or books of accounts in writing of all the monies by him received; in which he or his deputy or deputies shall truly enter all the fums which shall have been received by him or them for every

Receiver general to keep a book of all the monies by him received, ₿c.

fuch revenue, aid, tax or supply, together with the names of the feveral collectors from whom the same, or any part thereof was received, the days when, and the fums paid, how much thereof in money, and how much in Exchequer-bills, and what Exchequer-bills shall have been exchanged by every such receiver general pursuant to this act; to which accounts every person concerned shall have free access at all seasonable times without fee or charge; and the faid accounts shall constantly lie open at one certain place, within the limits of his receipt for that purpole; and if such receiver shall neglect to keep such book or books, or to enter therein any fum or fums of money by him and them received and paid, as aforefaid, by the space of three days after his receipt or payment of the same, or shall refuse any person or persons concerned to inspect such book or books without fee or charge, as aforesaid, every such receiver for every such offence shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, to Penalty 200 L any person or persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by action of debt, or on the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed.

or any more than one imparlance.

XXXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the New bills may authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Exchequer-bills be made forth for the faid fums of two millions five hundred fixty one thousand in lieu of such and twenty five pounds, shall be filled up by writing or endorse- or defaced. ments to be made thereon, as aforefaid, or shall by any accident be defaced, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and enjoined, upon request to be made by the said governor and company, and their successors, from time to time, to cause new bills to be made forth at the receipt of the Exchequer, in lieu of fuch bills as shall be filled up or defaced, which old bills so filled up or defaced, shall be cancelled at the receipt of the Exchequer, and kept there; and such new bills shall have the like currency, and shall in all respects be subject to the fame rules, methods and continuance, as if the same had been bills originally issued in pursuance of this act, and shall bear the fame numbers, dates, and principal sums, and carry the like interest, as were born and carried by the old bills so cancelled. respectively; and so toties quoties as often as any of the bills to be made forth by this act shall happen to be filled up or defaced, as aforesaid.

XXXVIII. And for the better enabling the faid governor and Bank may call company of the bank of England, and their fuccessors, to cir- in money from culate the said bills, whereof the circulation is to continue by their memthis act, and to carry on their other affairs; it is further enacted bers. by the authority aforesaid, That it shall or may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, from time to time, as they shall see cause, to call from, or direct to be paid by their respective members for Bbz

the time being, proportionably according to their respective interests in the capital stock or stocks of the said governor and

Penalty on

complying.

members not

company, any sum or sums of money, as in a general court of the faid governor and company shall be judged necessary, and ordered to be called in; and that all executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, shall be indemnified in paying the same; and in case any such member or members shall refule or neglect to pay his, her or their there of the monies to called for at the time or times appointed for that purpose, by notice inserted in the London Gazette, and fixed upon the Royal Exchange, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said governor-and company of the bank of England, and their successors, not only to stop the share or dividend which shall, from time to time, become payable to such member or members (so neglecting or refuting) of the funds, stocks or profits of the said company, and to apply the fame, from time to time, for or towards payment of the share of the money so called for, and which ought to have been paid by fuch member or members fo neglecting or refusing, until the same shall be satisfied, but also to stop the transfers or assignments of the share of every such defaulter, and to charge such defaulter or defaulters with an interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the monies so by him, her or them omitted to be paid, from the time the fame were appointed to be paid until the payment thereof; and that the shares and stocks of such defaulter and defaulters shall be liable to make good and answer the said monies so appointed to be paid, and the interest thereof; and in case the principal and interest shall be unpaid by the space of three months, then the faid governor and company of the bank of England shall have power to sell so much of the stock and stocks of such defaulter and defaulters as will satisfy and pay the fame, rendring the overplus to the proprietors, if any be; and the faid governor and company in a general court, from time to time, when they shall judge their affairs will admit thereof, shall cause any sum or sums of money which shall be fo called in, or any part thereof, to be divided and distributed

Bank mayborrow monies under their common feal above the common in-

tereft,

thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And it is hereby enacted, That the said governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, shall have power and authority, and they are hereby enabled, in case they shall think fit, from time to time, and at any time or times, at their own good liking, to borrow or take up money upon any contracts, bills, bonds or obligations, under their common seal, or upon credit of their capital stock or stocks, or any part thereof, or otherwise, for any time, or to be paid upon demand, and at such rate or rates of interest, or upon such terms as they shall think fit, although the same shall happen to exceed

to and amongst the then members of the governor and company of the bank of *England*, according and in proportion to their respective interests in the capital stock or stocks of the same; any former law, statute, restriction, or any other clause, matter or

exceed the interest allowed by law to be taken, and to give such fecurity for the same, as thall be to the satisfaction of the lenders respectively; any former law, statute, prohibition, restriction, clause, matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithflanding: and they are hereby authorized, at their own good liking, to contract and agree in such manner as they shall scriptions for think fit, at any time or times, with any person or persons, that purpose. natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, in whose abilities they shall be well satisfied, for or concerning the furnishing of monies, from time to time, by such persons or corporations, upon such terms as they shall find necessary, for the better enabling the faid governor and company of the bank of England to perform such matters and things as they are to do Their securi-and perform in pursuance of this act, and to take subscriptions ties not from such persons or corporations for that purpose; and it is chargeable hereby declared, that fuch contracts, bills, bonds, obligations, with the fecurities or subscriptions, shall not be chargeable with any the stamp-duties duties upon stampt vellum, parchment or paper; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XL. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid. That if any person or persons shall forge or counterfeit any of the Exchequer-bills made forth, or to be renewed, as aforefaid, or any endorsement or writing thereupon, or tender in Forging, &c. payment any fuch forged or counterfeit bill, or any Exchequer-bills, &c. febill with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon, or lony. shall demand to have such counterfeit bill, or any Exchequerbill with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon, exchanged for ready money by the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, or by any receiver or collector, as aforefaid, knowing the bill fo tendred in payment or demanded to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon, to be forged or counterfeited, and with intent to defraud his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or the said governor and company, or any other person or persons, body politick or corporate, then every such person or persons, so offending (being thereof lawfully convicted) shall be adjudged a felon, and shall suffer as in cases of felony without benefit of clergy.

XLI. And it is hereby further enacted, That the faid gover- Bank to have nor and company of the bank of England shall, from time to the indents or time have the use and custody of one part of all the cheques time, have the use and custody of one part of all the cheques, the bills. indents, or counterfoils of all the Exchequer-bills to be current on this act, and from which the faid bills are cut, in order to prevent their being imposed upon by counterfeited or forged bills; and that when any of the same bills shall be discharged and cancelled, such parts of the said cheques, indents, or counterfoils, as shall relate to the bills so discharged and cancelled, shall, from time to time, be delivered back into the receipt of Exchequer by the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors.

bundred and twelve, should be imported into or made in Great Britain, the respective duties therein mentioned; and for and upon every policy of assurance, which during the term of thirty two years to be reckoned from the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be made or entred into within the cities of London and Westminster, or elsewhere within the limits of the weekly bills of mortality, an additional duty therein expressed: and it was thereby enacted. That yearly and every year, during the term of thirty two years, which commenced from the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve, the sum of one hundred and sixty eight thousand and three pounds, by and out of the monies of the several duties by that act granted, or to be made good, as is therein mentioned, should be a yearly fund for or towards answering or paying off all and every the principal sums therein mentioned, amounting in the whole to two millions three hundred forty one thousand nine hundred and ninety pounds, with interest after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, to such persons as should contribute or advance the sum of one million eight hundred thousand pounds for her Majesty's supply, or to those claiming from or under them, in the manner thereby prescribed. And whereas by the several acts before recited, it was provided, That if the several duties by them respectively granted or appropriated, for raising the several yearly funds by them established or intended to be established, should at the end of any one year appear to be deficient for answering the said yearly funds respectively, that then such deficiencies should be made good out of the next aids to be granted in parliament, or otherwife, as by the same acts respectively is prescribed: and her said late Majesly by the same acts respectively, was authorized to appoint managers or directors, who, or some of them, were thereby respectively directed to prepare lottery tickets, and to cause the said lottery tickets to be drawn in such several manners as were thereby appointed, and to transmit into the office of the auditor of the receipt of the Exchequer, books containing the names, surnames and places of abode, of the persons, which upon such drawings should be intitled to such fortunate or beneficial lots as are therein set down; and that the same persons, their executors, administrators and assigns respectively, should have, receive and enjoy, out of the said respective funds, the principal monies which should be entred in such books for them respectively, in course or courses, and the interest thereof by such payments as in the said acts are severally prescribed; and that the other contributors or adventurers, upon the faid several acts (not having fortunate lets) their executors, administrators and assigns, respectively should have, receive and enjoy, out of the said respective funds, fuch principal monies, in course or courses, and such interest, as in and by the said lottery acts respectively were prescribed for them severally to have, receive and enjoy; and by the same acts it was severally directed, that the faid tickets should be exchanged for standing orders, and that such orders should be registred, and be assignable; and that during the several terms therein mentioned, (unless the principal and interest directed to be paid by the said several acts, should be sooner paid off) the said duties should be severally applied for answering the said principal and interest, and other purposes therein men-

tioned: and in the several acts for the said lotteries are contained several provisoes or clauses, importing, that if before the end of the respective terms of thirty two years therein mentioned, all the principal and interest monies payable by virtue of the same acts respectively, should be fully paid and discharged, or sufficient money should be reserved in the Exchequer for payment thereof, that then and in such case, and from thenceforth the duties by the same acts respectively granted or charged therewith, should cease, or be disposeable by authority of parliament, and not otherwise, as by the said several acts, relation being thereunto severally had, doth and may more fully and at large appear. And whereas the faid several sums of one million five hundred thousand pounds, two millions, one million eight hundred thousand pounds, and one million eight hundred thousand pounds, were advanced for the publick service, upon the several acts beforementioned, and the tickets thereby directed were made forth and drawn, and books were transmitted, or are to be transmitted into the Exchequer by the said managers or directors, or by some other persons appointed thereunto, in pursuance of acts of parliament in that behalf; and the faid several sums of one million nine hundred twenty eight thousand five hundred and seventy pounds; two, millions fix hundred and two thousand two hundred pounds, two millions three hundred forty one thousand seven hundred and forty pounds. and two millions three hundred forty one thousand nine hundred and ninety pounds, became payable as principal monies, with interest, after the said rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, to the several contributors or adventurers, or to claimants from or under them, according to their several shares therein, and standing orders have been or are to be made forth for the same. And whereas several sums amounting to one million fix hundred fixty fix thousand and seventy pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the faid principal fum of one million nine hundred twenty eight thousand five hundred and seventy pounds) and two millions five hundred twenty five thousand nine hundred and seventy pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said principal sum of two millions six hundred and two thousand two hundred pounds) and two millions two hundred fifty eight thousand five hundred and twenty pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the faid principal sum of two millions three bundred forty one thousand seven hundred and forty pounds) and two millions three hundred and twelve thousand and fixty five pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said principal sum of two millions three bundred forty one thousand nine hundred and ninety pounds) do upon the fourth day of March one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, remain unfatisfied; which principal sums so remaining unsatisfied, do amount in the whole to eight millions seven hundred fixty two thousand fix bundred twenty five pounds, or thereabouts, carrying interest after the said rate of six pounds per centum per annum. And whereas in and by an act of parliament made and passed in the twelsth year of Annuities on the reign of his faid late majesty King William, it was (amongst other hereditary exthings) provided and enacted, That in lieu and discharge of certain 3. c. 12. perpetual annual payments, and of all arrears thereof granted by his late majesty King Charles the Second, by letters patents out of the hereditary revenue of excise, in satisfaction of certain principal sums men-

mentioned in the faid letters patents to be then due from his faid late Majesty, to the respective patentees therein named, the said hereditary revenue of excise should, from and after the twenty fixth day of December one thousand seven hundred and five, be and stand charged and chargeable for ever with the payment of annual sums after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, for the principal fums mentioned in the said respective letters patents, to be issued and paid out of the said revenue by quarterly payments out of the receipt of the Exchequer by the officers of the same, unto the respective owners and proprietors of the said annual sums, and to their heirs and assigns for ever, without any fee or charge; the said annual payments, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, to be subjest nevertheless to be redeemed upon payment of a moiety of the principal sums mentioned in the faid respective letters patents: and by or in pursuance of an act made in the second year of the reign of her said late majesty * & 3 Ann.c.3. Queen Anne, the respective proprietors have or ought to bave standing orders for payment of the annuities last mentioned, quarterly, until the same shall be redeemed, as aforesaid, free from all taxes and impositions what soever. And whereas the whole of all the sums mentioned in the faid letters patents, did amount to one million three bundred twenty eight thousand five hundred and twenty six pounds, and the moiety thereof, for which the faid annual sums are redeemable, doth amount to fix bundred fixty four thousand two hundred fixty three pounds, and the faid annual sums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, wherewith the said hereditary revenue is now charged, or liable to be charged, till such redemption, doth amount to thirty nine thousand eight hundred fifty five pounds fifteen shillings feven pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, (which is equal to a rate of six pounds per centum per annum for the said sum of fix hundred fixty four thousand two hundred fixty three pounds.) And whereas since the making of the several acts herein above recited, the common rate of interest for money is very much lessened, so that it is become just and reasonable for the publick to have and enjoy as well the benefit of redeeming the faid several duties and revenues charged or chargeable with the faid lottery orders fo remaining unfatisfied, as also the benefit of redreming the said annual sums now payable out of the hereditary excise. And whereas the proprietors of the faid lottery orders, or several of them, are or may be willing and defirous to accept (in lieu and discharge thereof) an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum redeemable by parliament, and the proprietors of the faid annual sums now charged or chargeable upon the faid hereditary excise, or several of them, are or may be also willing and desircus to accept (in lieu and discharge thereof) an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament, and to be computed only upon one moiety of their respective principal sums (by the payment of which moieties, their annual payments, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, were formerly made redeemable, as aforefaid:) and several of the proprietors of the said lattery orders are or may be willing and desirous to have their principal and interest due thereupon, paid and satisfied to them in ready money; and several of

he proprietors of the said annual sums payable out of the hereditary xcife, are or may be also willing and desirous to have the moiety of he principal monies (for which the same are redeemable, as aforesaid) vaid and satisfied to them in ready money; and several persons or corvorations are or may be willing to advance ready monies for the purroses aforesaid, and for other the purposes in this act particularly nentioned, so as they respectively for their monies so to be advanced nay bave such annuities as are herein after expressed, secured to them espectively, until redemption thereof by parliament, according to the 'rue meaning of this act: now to the end a good, fure and fuffiient fund and security may be settled and established for the due. egular, and constant payment of all the annuities which shall me payable by or in pursuance of this act, until such several and espective redemptions, as aforesaid, we your Majesty's most lutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in pariament affembled, do most humbly pray your Majesty that it nay be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent najesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, ind by authority of the same, That all such or the like customs, Duties, &c. ubsidies, impositions, additional impositions, rates, duties, addi- granted for ional rates and duties, and all proportional parts of any duties, making good and all revenues and weekly or other payments out of any duties the feveral lottery funds. or revenues which were granted, imposed, appropriated, or direct- &c. ed by the faid several recited acts, and every of them, or by any continued, other act or acts of parliament now in force, for such several and 9 Geo. 1. c. 5. espective terms of years as are therein mentioned, for or towards the answering, paying, securing, or making good the said everal and respective funds of one hundred thirty five thousand sounds per annum, one hundred eighty fix thousand fix hundred and seventy pounds per annum, one hundred fixty eight thousand ind three pounds per annum, and one hundred fixty eight thouand and three pounds per annum, or for or towards payment of the principal and interest monies on the said lottery orders, and for or towards answering or paying the said annual sums mounting to thirty ninethousand eight hundred fifty five pounds ifteen shillings seven pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, except as in the faid several acts or any of them is excepted, and except such of the said duties or revenues as are since taken way by any other act or acts of parliament in that behalf) shall continue and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and uccessors for ever, for the purposes in this act prescribed and lirected; and that such of the hereditary duties mentioned in the faid former acts of parliament, or any of them, as during the respective terms of years therein expressed were appropriated or directed to be applied, for or towards the payment of the aid yearly funds or fums, or any of them, shall also continue and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, for the purposes in this act prescribed and directed; and that all and every the powers, which, in and by the faid with like powformer acts, or any of them, were vested, or intended to be ers to grant

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vested licences, and

to do other fing the faid revenues:

vested in her said late Majesty, or such commissioners or others, things for rai- as the should appoint, for granting licences, or doing any other matters or things in order to raite any the duties or revenues hereby intended to be continued and made perpetual, shall be and are, by force and virtue of this act, revived and vested in his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and his and their commissioners, in the same manner, for raising the same duties or revenues respectively for the purposes in and by this act preferibed and directed; and that all other powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties, forfeitures, disabilities, clauses, matters, and things whatfoever, contained in the faid former acts of parliament, and every or any of them, now being in force, for railing, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the faid customs, subsidies, impofitions, rates, duties, and additional rates and duties, and proportional parts of duties, and the faid revenues, and weekly or other payments out of any duties or revenues granted, impord, appropriated or directed for such several and respective terms of years, as aforefaid (except as is before excepted) shall be revived, and be for ever continued, practifed, and put in execution, for raifing, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the faid customs, subsidies, impofitions, rates and duties, additional rates and duties, proportional parts, and the faid weekly and other payments out of any duties or revenues by this act intended to be continued and made perpetual, for the purposes in and by this act prescribed and directed, as fully and effectually as if the same powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties, forfeitures, disabilities, clauses, matters and things, were at large repeated and particularly re-enacted in the body of this present act; the said former acts, or any of them, or any thing therein contained to the But subject to contrary notwithstanding: nevertheless the said customs, subfidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, propor-

redemption.

9 Geo. 1. c. 5. tional parts, weekly and other payments, and every of them, by this act intended to be continued and made perpetual, as aforelaid, shall be subject to such provisoes and powers of redemption as are hereafter in and by this act contained and prescribed of and concerning the same.

All the monies into the Exchequer and registred there.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, to be brought That all the monies arising of or for the said customs, subsidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments, hereby intended to be continued and made perpetual, subject to such redemption as aforesaid, (except the necessary charges of raising, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the same) shall, from time to time, be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer for the uses and purposes in this act prescribed; and shall, from time to time, be fairly and distinctly entred and registred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt and clerk of the pells, severally for

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that purpose, to which all persons concerned, at all seasonable

times, shall have free access, without fee or charge.

III. And it is hereby also enacted, That all the monies, The monies which, from and after the twenty-ninth day of September one arising after thousand seven hundred and seventeen, shall be brought into appropriated the Exchequer, or shall be then remaining there of or for the appropriated the Exchequer, or shall be then remaining there, of or for the for payment faid customs, subsidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional of annuities duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments, by this payable by and the said former acts, or any of them, granted or continued, this act, &c. as aforefaid, (except the necessary charges of issuing and applying the faid monies to the fame uses and purposes, and rendring the accounts thereof) shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the payment and satisfaction of such annuities as shall be payable by virtue of this act, and making such other payments as are hereby directed, in their due order, method and form, and with fuch preferences, and subject to such redemptions, as are in and by this act prescribed of and concerning the same respectively, and without any fee or charge whatsoever to be demanded of or paid by the respective persons or corporations, who are to receive the said monies; and that the respective officers of the Exchequer, who shall make any delay in issuing or paying the same, or shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any of the said monies, contrar / to this act, for any such offence shall be forejudged from their respective offices or places, and be rendred incapable to ferve his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in any office or imployment of trust or profit whatsoever, and shall also be liable to pay double the value of any fum or fums of money so delayed, diverted, or misapplied, to the party grieved, to be re-covered by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit or informatten, in any his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherem no effoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted and allowed.

IV. And whereas the said yearly sums of one hundred thirty-five thousand pounds, one hundred eighty-six thousand six hundred and seventy pounds, one hundred fixty-eight thousand and three pounds, one hundred fixty eight thousand and three pounds, and thirty-nine thoufand eight hundred fifty-five pounds fifteen shillings seven pence and one fifth part of a penny, adding thereunto the above-mentioned surplus or remainder of the duties granted by the act of the ninth year of her late Mojesty's reign first above recited (which surplus or remainder 9 Ann. c. 6. was thereby also made applicable towards discharging the principal monies payable by virtue of that act, and communibus annis hath amounted to twenty-seven thousand three hundred and seventeen pounds eleven shillings and three pence per annum) do amount in the whole to seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum: 724,8491. 68. now it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 10 1d. shall be. That yearly and every year, reckoning the first year to begin wearly fund. from the feast of St. Michael the arch-angel in the year of our Explained by Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and from 5 Geo. 1. c. 7.

thenceforth See 5 Geo. 1. C. 19.

thenceforth for ever (subject nevertheless to such provisoes and powers of redemption as are hereafter in this act contained) the full sum of seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny, by or out of the monies arising of or for the said customs, subsidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments by this act appropriated and directed to be brought, from time to time, into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, in case the same shall extend to the faid sum of seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, shall be computed and reckoned to be a general yearly fund; and in case all the monies so arising into the Exchequer of or for the said customs, subsidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, proportional parts. weekly and other payments, shall not amount to seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, then the monies so arising, so far as the same will extend, shall be part of the faid general yearly fund of seven hundred twentyfour thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, for and towards the answering and paying all the annuities and payments by this act charged or chargeable thereupon; and in case all the monies by this act appointed or appropriated, as aforesaid, shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient or low in the produce of the same, as that within any one year to be reckoned. as aforesaid, the said monies so arising into the Exchequer of or for all the faid customs, subsidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments, shall not amount to so much as seven hundred twentyfour thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny, that then, and so often, and in every such case, so much as shall be wanting to make up the faid general fund or fum of feven hundred twentyfour thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny, for every or any fuch year, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, by and out of the first aid or supply to be granted in parliament next after such deficiency shall appear, and shall, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as soon as the same shall be granted.

shall be made good our of the first aids granted by parliament.

Deficiencies

Managers and directors to prepare books for subscriptions, &c.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforafaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the commisfioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of *Great Britain* for the time being, and they respectively are hereby authorized and required, by writing under their respective hands, to constitute and appoint such able and fit persons, and such or so many of them, as the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the said high treasurer for the time being, shall, from time to time, think

think fit, to be managers or directors, for preparing books, and for overseeing the subscriptions to be taken therein, and for doing and performing fuch other matters and things as are by this act directed and appointed by fuch managers and directors to be done and performed; and that the managers or directors fo to be constituted, shall, according to such directions as they shall receive in writing from the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or from the said high treasurer for the time being, prepare books, and open the same at some convenient publick office or offices (whereof notice shall be given by writing, to be affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, and also to be inserted in the London Gazette, so that none may pretend ignorance) for taking such subscriptions as are to be taken therein, pursuant to this act, within the time hereby limited in that behalf.

VI. Provided always, That the faid commissioners of the Treasury to treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall or may direct the subcause the said books to be opened for receiving the subscriptions. tions relating to all the faid yearly funds of one hundred thirtyfive thousand pounds, one hundred eighty-fix thousand fix hundred and seventy pounds, one hundred sixty-eight thousand and three pounds, one hundred fixty-eight thousand and three pounds, and thirty-nine thousand eight hundred fifty-five pounds fifteen shillings seven pence and one fifth part of a penny, or fuch or so many of them at a time, as they the said commisfioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being,

shall find to be most conducive to the publick service.

VII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, The books to That the said books, after the opening thereof, shall constantly lie open at sea lie open at all seasonable hours; and the respective proprietors sonable hours, of the faid lottery-orders, and of the faid annual fums payable out of the faid hereditary excise, or such person or persons as are or shall be impowered to subscribe for them, or any of them, shall have free access thereunto, and have liberty to make their respective subscriptions therein, according to this act, without any fee or charge what soever; and that the said managers or directors, or such or so many of them as shall be thereunto constituted as aforesaid, shall constantly attend and oversee the making of the faid subscriptions, until the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, unless the fubscriptions for all the said lottery-orders, and the said annual fums charged on the hereditary excise, be sooner completed.

VIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Persons wilfuch persons or corporations, being proprietors of such lottery-ling to accept orders made forth, or to be made forth, as aforefaid, or any of sl. per cent, them, who are or shall be willing and defining to accept (in limit) them, who are or shall be willing and desirous to accept (in lieu and discharge thereof) an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament, and fuch persons or corporations, being proprietors of the said annual fums charged or chargeable on the hereditary excise, or any of them, with are or shall be willing and defirous to accept

(in lieu and discharge thereof) an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be redeemable by parliament, and to be computed only upon one moiety of their respective principal sums (by payment of which moieties their annual payments of three pounds per centum per annum were formerly made redeemable, as aforesaid) shall or may, by themfelves respectively, or by such person or persons as they respectively have authorized or shall authorize, by writing in this behalf, declare and fignify such his, her, or their desire or option under a proper preface in the book or books to be opened for that purpole, as aforefaid, by subscribing their names and places of abode, with other proper additions, within the time and those who before-mentioned: and that such persons or corporations, being proprietors of fuch lottery-orders made forth, or to be made forth, as aforesaid, or any of them, who are or shall be desirous to have their principal and interest grown due to be paid to them in ready money, and such persons or corporations being proprietors of the faid annual fums charged or chargeable on the hereditary excise, or any of them, who are or shall be defirous to have the faid moiety of the faid principal fums (for which they are redeemable, as aforesaid) paid to them in ready money, shall or may also by themselves respectively, or by such person or persons as they respectively have authorized or shall authorize, by writing in this behalf, declare and fignify fuch his, her, or their defire or option under a proper preface in the faid book or books to be opened for that purpose, by subscribing their names and places of abode with other proper additions. within the time herein before limited.

defire ready money, may make their **fubscriptions** accordingly.

Executors, &c. for those for entrusted.

1X. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That all execumay subscribe tors, administrators, guardians and trustees, shall and may whom they are make, or cause to be made, subscriptions in the said books, either to have annuities or ready money, as aforesaid, for and on the behalf of their respective testators, intestates, or of infants, minors, femes covert, or others, for whom they are or shall be respectively intrusted, and are and shall be by virtue of this act indemnified in and for doing the fame.

Managers to deliver the tober 1717.

and a duplicate to the cashier of the

X. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the faid managers or directors shall, on or before the last books into the day of Ollober one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, de-Exchequer by liver or cause to be delivered the said book or books which shall the last of Oc- be opened, as aforesaid, with all the subscriptions therein, (such book or books being first attested under the hands and seals of two or more of the faid managers or directors) to the auditor of the receipt of the Exchequer, to remain in his office for ever; and shall also, on or before the last day of November one thou-Bank, &c. by fand feven hundred and seventeen, deliver or cause to be deli-30 Nov. 1717. vered one duplicate (attested as aforesaid) of so much of the Treasury to said book or books as shall contain the subscriptions of these faid book or books as shall contain the subscriptions of those transmit lists who shall choose the said annuities of five pounds per centum per to the cashier, who shall choose the said annuities of five pounds per centum per &c. of such of annum, to the chief cashier of the governor and company of the the orders for bank of England, and a like duplicate to their accountant ge-

neral; and the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three which no subor more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall, scription has before the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hun-been made. dred and seventeen, cause the proper officers to transmit lists (attested by such officers) to the said chief cashier and accountant general of the bank of England respectively, of all such of the faid lottery-orders, and of all such of the said annual furns charged or chargeable on the excise, for which no such fubscriptions shall be made, as aforesaid, within the time before limited; and that the said several duplicates and lists shall remain in the respective offices of the chief cashier and accountant general of the faid governor and company for the time being. for their better guidance in making the payments and accounts. of and for the same annuities.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Accountant That the said accountant general for the time being shall, general to deupon reasonable demand, deliver gratis to every proprietor of liver to every the faid lottery-orders, or any of them, and of the faid annual proprietor of payments charged on the hereditary excise, or any of them, ficate, being comprehended or specified in the said duplicates or lists by this act required to be transmitted into his office as aforesaid. or to the respective assigns of such proprietors, a certificate thereof, to be grounded on the faid duplicates and lifts, or fome of them, so as the lottery-order or the order charged on the excise (specified in such duplicates or lists) be at the same time so as such ordelivered up to the faid accountant general to be cancelled and ders be delimade void; nevertheless all the said lottery-orders so cancelled vered up to shall be preserved by the said accountant general; and that any be cancelled. person or persons may have recourse to the same without see or reward; and the same, or attested copies thereof, may be given in evidence in any court of law or equity.

XII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all and every the proprietors of the said lottery-orders, or any of them, and of the faid annuities charged or chargeable on the excise, or any of them, by or from whom such subscriptions shall be made within the time herein before limited, fig- Proprietors to nifying his, her or their option or willingness to accept such have annuities annuities in lieu thereof; and all and every other the proprietor of sl. per cent. and proprietors of the faid lottery-orders charged on the yearly lottery-orders, funds before-mentioned, or any of them, and all and every the &c. proprietors of the faid annual fums chargeable on the hereditary excise, or any of them, and the executors, administrators, fuccessors and assigns of all and every the said proprietors respectively, (fuch proprietors of the faid lottery-orders and annual fums of three pounds per centum per annum, or any of them. who, by fuch subscriptions as aforesaid to be made within the time before limited, shall choose to be paid in ready money, only and always excepted and foreprized) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled, by virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per anuum, of lawful money of Great Britain,

in lieu and discharge of such their several and respective lotteryorders and annual payments, charged or chargeable as aforefaid; which annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be computed upon the said lottery-orders, for fo much as shall be due and unpaid for principal or interest at and until Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and seventeen inclusively, and shall be computed upon the said orders charged or chargeable on the hereditary excise for so much as the faid moieties of the faid principal fums (for which they were made redeemable) and the arrears of the faid annual fums of three pounds per centum per annum (if any fuch arrears be) chargeable on shall, at and until Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, amount unto; and that all the said annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable out of the monies of the faid general fund of feven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, by this act established, or intended to be established as aforesaid, by quartely payments, at the four most usual feasts in the year, that is to fay, the feasts of the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, the nativity of Saint John baptist and Saint Michael the archangel, by even and equal portions, or within fix days after every of the faid feast-days, for ever, or until redemption or redemptions thereof shall be made according to the provisoes herein after contained in that behalf.

the general

and payable quarterly till redeemed. By 4 Geo. 1. c. 10. fect. 1. these annuities are payable half yearly.

Arrears of interest to be computed till 24 June 1717.

XIII. And whereas it may happen that some of the said subscribers for annuities, at the time of making their fubscriptions, may have arrears of the said interest, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, due to them upon computations to be made unil and for the quarter ending at the feast of the nativity of Saint John baptist one thousand seven hundred and seventeen inclusively, it is hereby provided, declared and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all such arrears of interest, to be computed until and for the quarter to end at the faid feast of the nativity of Saint Tohn baptist one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, (although some of them are payable at other seast-days) shall ke paid and fatisfied out of the monies of the faid yearly funds, a any of them, arisen or to arise at any time before Michaelan one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, without being converted into an annuity after the rate of five pounds per center per annum as aforesaid.

So much of the 2,000,000l. which the South-Sea advance, as shall actually be called for, shall be applied to discharge ders, &c. E Geo. 1, C. 9.

XIV. And whereas the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas and other parts of Amecompany is to rica, and for encouraging the fiftery, are obliged, in and by an all of this session of parliament, to advance and pay into the receipt of in Majesty's Exchequer such sum and sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the sum of two millions, at such times and by such prepartions at a time, as the commissioners of the treasury, or any three & the lottery-or- more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall call fit, in the manner therein mentioned, on or before the twenty-fourth in of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen: now it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid; That the faid sum of two millions, or so much thereof as shall be called for, and be actually advanced and paid by the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, in pursuance of that act, shall, by the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or by the high treasurer and under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had or obtained in that behalf, be iffued and applied for or towards the several uses and purposes herein after limited and appointed of or concerning the same; that is to fay, for or towards the paying off and discharging the principal monies charged or chargeable on the said lottery-funds, every or any of them, and the interest payable for the same, until the payment of the faid principal to the respective proprietors thereof, who shall choose to be paid in ready money as aforesaid; and for or towards the paying off and discharging the faid moiety of the faid principal fums (upon payment whereof the faid sums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, were formerly made redeemable as aforesaid) and all arrears which shall or may be due for or upon the said yearly fums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, computing the same by the day until the said moieties respectively shall be so paid off unto the respective proprietors thereof, who shall also choose to be paid in ready money as aforesaid; or for or towards some of the said uses and purposes which shall require payment in ready money as aforesaid; and to and for none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever: and that the Company to. faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and have annutheir successors, for all and every sum and sums of money so to ities of 51. per be called for, and by them to be actually advanced at the Ex-cent for the fame. chequer, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled to have, receive and enjoy such annuity and annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament, out of fuch duties and revenues, or by fuch other ways and means, and in such manner and form, as in and by the said other act of this session of parliament are settled and prescribed for fecuring and paying the same.

XV. And whereas the governor and company of the bank of Eng- 3 Geo. r. c. 8. land are obliged, in and by another act of this session of parliament, So much of to advance and pay into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer such 2,500,000l. fum and fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of two advanced by millions and five hundred thousand pounds, at such times and by such the Bank, as proportions at a time, as the commissioners of the treasury, or any shall actually three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall be apcall for, in the manner therein mentioned, on or before the twenty-plied to disfifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighteen: now charge the said it is hereby further enacted and declared by the authority afore- orders on the faid, That the faid sum of two millions five hundred thousand lottery-funds, pounds, or so much thereof as shall be called for, and shall be

actually

actually advanced and paid by the faid governor and company of the bank of England into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, in pursuance of that act, shall, by the faid commisfioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer and under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had or obtained in that behalf, be issued, applied and disposed for or towards the paying off and discharging the said principal monies charged or chargeable on the said lotteryfunds, every or any of them, and the faid interest payable for the same, until payment of the principal to the respective proprietors thereof, who shall choose to be paid in ready money as aforefaid; and for or towards paying off and discharging the faid moieties of the faid principal sums, upon payment whereof the faid fums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, are redeemable as aforefaid, and all arrears which shall or may be due for or upon the faid yearly fums of three pounds per centum per annum, until the faid moieties respectively shall be paid off unto the said proprietors thereof, who shall also choose to be paid in ready money as aforefaid; and for or towards the fatisfying and paying off fuch particular debts and deficiencies as are hereafter in and by this act intended to be provided for, or some of them, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatfoever.

XVI. And subereas it cannot certainly be known at the making of this act, how much money will be wanted to fatisfy fuch proprietors as shall choose to be paid in ready money as aforesaid, or those claiming under them; and it may be necessary to raise monies (over and above what shall have been advanced by the said companies, or either of them, upon such calls as aforesaid) to satisfy and pay off all the said proprietors, who shall choose to be paid in ready money as aforesaid, or the claimants under them respectively, whereby a speedy end may be put to the high rates of interest and other allowances whereunto the are at present entitled: now to the end the service of the publick, in relation to the premisses, may in no event whatsoever be If it be neces- frustrated, disappointed or prejudiced, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in case the commisfioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, shall find it necessary to raise monies (over and above what shall have been advanced by the faid companies, or either of them, upon such calls as aforefaid) to pay off and discharge all the said proprietors of the faid lottery-orders, and of the faid orders charged on the hereditary excise, who at any time or times, on or before the faid twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred Treasury may and seventeen, shall appear to have made subscriptions for ready before or after money as aforesaid, That then it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, at any time or times, as well before as after the faid twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred

fary to raile monies, above what advanced by the companies.

at any time 29 Sept. 1717, take in subscriptions for annuities at 51. per cent.

and seventeen, to issue their respective warrant or warrants from time to time to the proper officers in the receipt of the Exchequer, for receiving or taking into the faid receipt of Exchequer fuch fum and fums of money, as any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, will advance and pay there for purchasing an annuity or annuities at a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum, to be paid out of the faid general fund by this act established, and to be redeemable by parliament according to this act; and the faid commise and apply the fioners of the treasury or high treasurer and under-treasurer of same for paythe Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and ing off the lotrequired to issue and apply, or cause to be issued and applied, &c. all the monies so to be advanced for or towards paying off the principal and interest upon the said lottery-orders, or any of them, and for or towards the paying off the said moieties and arrearages of the faid annual payments of three pounds per centum per adnum, charged or chargeable on the hereditary excise as aforesaid, and to and for none other use, intent or purpole whatloever.

XVII. Provided always, That all the monies so to be ad- Not to exceed vanced for purchasing such annuities, not exceeding the said the sum total. rate of five pounds per centum per annum, together with the on those ormonies which shall have been advanced by the said companies, ders. or either of them, for or towards paying off the faid lottery. orders, and the faid monies charged or chargeable on the hereditary excise, do not in the whole exceed the sum total, which shall be payable to such subscribers for ready money as aforefaid, or those claiming from or under them, according to the

true meaning of this act.

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XVIII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, Where lot-That in all cases where the principal and interest payable on tery-orders, the faid lottery-orders, or any of them, or the faid moieties of &c. are converted into anthe faid principal sums for which the said annual payments are nuities, or charged on the hereditary excise, or any of them, with the ar- paid off in rearages of the same annual payments respectively, shall be con-ready money verted into annuities, or be paid off in ready money, pursuant the duties shall be liable to to this act, the customs, sublidies, impositions, additional and make good the other duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments, general fund. formerly charged therewith as aforesaid, thall be and are hereby freed, exonerated and discharged of, from and against the same, and shall be liable for or towards making good the said general yearly fund by this act intended to be established as aforesaid.

XIX. And whereas the sum of sixty-one thousand seven hundred and seven pounds three shillings and two pence, or thereabouts, of principal monjes, remains unfatisfied upon the register of loans founded on the act of parliament for duties on low wines, and other things therein mentioned, which expired on or about the twenty-fourth day & Ann. of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, carrying interest c. 4. after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum: now in order to put an end to the same high interest, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be

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raile further fums by annuities at 51. per cent. to 38. 2d. on the low wines. 6 Geo. 1. c. 4.

Treasury may lawful to and for the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, and to and for the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, to issue their respective warrant or warrants to the proper officers in the receipt of the Expay off 617071. chequer, for receiving and taking in at the faid receipt fuch further fum and fums of money, as any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, will advance and pay for purchasing an annuity or annuities at a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum, to be paid out of the laid general fund by this act established, and to be redeemable by parliament according to this act; and the faid commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer and the under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to issue and apply, or cause to be issued and applied, all the monies so to be advanced, for or towards paying off the unfatisfied principal and interest upon the said register of loans founded on the act last mentioned, taking care that all the monies to to be advanced, for the purpose last mentioned, do not exceed the fum of the principal and interest which doth or shall remain due on the faid register.

And 314,219l. 118. 2d. 1q. on candles. 9 Ann. c. 6.

XX. And whereas the fum of three hundred and fourteen thoufand two hundred and nineteen pounds eleven shillings and two pence farthing, or thereabouts, of principal monies remains unfatisfied upon 6 Geo. 1. C. 4. the register of loans founded on the act of parliament for duties on candles, which expired on or about the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, carrying interest at the like rate of six pounds per centum per annum: now in order to put an end also to the fame high interest, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, and to and for the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, to issue their respective warrant or warrants to the proper officers in the receipt of the Exchequer, for receiving and taking in at the faid receipt fuch further fum and fums of money, as any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, will advance and pay for the purchasing an annuity or annuities at a rate not exceeding five pounds ar centum per annum, to be paid out of the said general fund by this act established, or intended to be established, and to be likewife redeemable by parliament according to this act; and the faid commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer and the under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to iffue and apply, or cause to be iffued and applied, all the monies so to be advanced, for or towards paying off the unfatisfied principal and interest upon the said register of loans founded on the said candle act, taking eare that all the monies so to be advanced for the purpose last mentioned, do not exceed the fum of the principal and interest which doth or shall remain due on the same register.

And 577,0141. XX1. And whereas the sum of five hundred seventy-seven theeby annuities at Sand and fourteen pounds sixteen sbillings one penny farthing is des-

cient or wanting to make good the publick supplies granted to his Ma- 41. per cent. to jesty in the last session of parliament, (of which the sum of three hun-make good the publick dred thirty-four thousand two hundred thirty-nine pounds nine shillings supplies grantone penny three farthings is to be applied towards discharging the debt ed the last selof the navy, as it flood on the one and thirtieth day of December one sion of parliathousand seven hundred and sixteen:) now for the better preserving the publick credit, and ceasing such interest as is now payable for any part of the faid fum so deficient, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, to issue their respective warrant or warrants to the proper officers in the receipt of the Exchequer, for receiving and taking in at the faid receipt such further sum or sums of money, not exceeding five hundred seventy-seven thousand fourteen pounds fixteen shillings and one penny farthing, as any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, will advance and pay for purchasing an annuity or annuities after a rate not exceeding four pounds per centum per annum; which annuity or annuities shall be paid out of the said general fund by this act established or intended to be established. and shall likewise be redeemable by parliament according to this act: and the faid commissioners of the treasury, or high treafurer and under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to iffue and apply, or cause to be iffued and applied, all the faid monies not exceeding five hundred seventy-seven thousand sourteen pounds sixteen shillings and one penny farthing, so to be advanced, for the use and service of the publick in the said office of the navy, and such other publick offices, as are deficient of their supplies which were granted or intended to be granted in the last selfion of parliament.

XXII. And whereas the sum of twenty-four thousand one hundred And 24,1951. and ninety-five pounds eighteen shillings and two pence rests unsatisfied 183.2d. for the upon several bills of exchange drawn for the service of the late expe-Canada. dition to Canada: be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and for the commisfioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, to issue their warrant or warrants to the proper officers in the receipt of the Exchequer, for receiving and taking in at the faid receipt such further fum or fums of money, not exceeding twenty-four thoufand one hundred ninety-five pounds eighteen shillings and two pence, as any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, will advance and pay for purchasing an annuity or annuities, after a rate not exceeding four pounds per centum per annum; which annuity or annuities shall also be paid out of the faid general fund by this act established or intended to be established, and shall likewise be redeemable by parliament according to this act; and the faid commissioners of the treasury, or high-treasurer and under-treasurer of the Exche-

fuccellors

quer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to issue or came to be issued all the said monies, not exceeding twenty-four thousand one hundred ninety-five pounds eighteen shillings and two pence, so to be advanced, by way of imprest and upon account, for fatisfying the faid bills of exchange; and the proper officers in the respective offices for paying the same bills are hereby enjoined and required to take especial eare that the drawers of the faid bills be duly charged with the monies for which they were drawn, or fuch of the said monies as are not or shall not be duly accounted for, before such payment of the faid bills.

As foon as pay off prinlick notice to be given, and interest to cease.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That as ready money foon as ready money shall be advanced, sufficient to pay off all or any the principal fums, or the moieties of the principal fums cipal, &c. pub- by this act intended to be paid off, with the interest or arrears of the annuity attending the same respectively, publick notice thereof shall be given by writing, to be openly set up at the Exchequer, and advertised in the London Gazette; and the ready money so advanced shall be reserved and kept in bank at the Exchequer for the persons or corporations entitled thereunto; but from the time of fuch notice given the faid interest, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, and the faid annuities, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, of fuch persons and corporations respectively, shall cease and determine.

Purchasers of annuities to Sol', &c.

XXIV. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every person and persons, natives or foreigners, have tallies of bodies politick and corporate, who in pursuance of this act shall advance and pay into the Exchequer any sum or sums of money, for purchasing an annuity or annuities at such respective rates, as aforesaid, shall upon his, her or their advancing and paying the same, have and receive from the proper officers in the faid Exchequer, a talley or tallies of Sol for the money so advanced or paid; and that all and every such person and persons, bodies politick and corporate, his, her and their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, for every fum so advanced and paid, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by this act to have, receive and enjoy, an annuity or annuities, after the rate to be specified in the said respective warrants of the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, so as the same do not exceed the respective rate or rates by this act prescribed, and in such respective warrant or warrants to be expressed, as aforesaid, out Annuities how of the monies of the faid general fund of feven hundred twentyfour thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, by this act established or intended to be established, as aforesaid; and that fuch annuity and annuities for fuch monies to to be advanced, shall be paid and payable to the respective person and persons,

bodies politick and corporate, their executors, administrators,

to be paid.

fuccessors and affigns respectively, in manner following; that is to fay, The first payment or payments of such annuity or annuities so to be purchased shall be computed by the day, and satisfied from the day or respective days on which the monies so to be advanced, or any part or parts thereof, shall be advanced and paid into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, until the quarterly feast-day, or respective quarterly seast-days then next ensuing; and from thenceforth the fame annuity or annuities fo to be purchased shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year aforementioned, by even and equal portions, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, The account-That in the office of the accountant general of the governor and ant general of company of the bank of England for the time being, there shall the bank to be a provided and bank to be been governor as book or books of bank to be been governor and ant general of the governor and ant general of company of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the governor and ant general of company of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the governor and ant general of company of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the bank to be been governor and ant general of the bank to be been governor and general of the bank to be been governor and general of the bank to be been governor and general of the bank to be be been governor and general of the governor and be provided and kept a book or books, in which shall be fairly the annuities entred the names of all and every person and persons, corpora- for which subtion and corporations what soever, who shall be entitled to the scriptions shall faid annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, be made, &c. in lieu and discharge of any such lettery orders and annual pay. See 3 Geo. 1, in lieu and discharge of any such lottery-orders and annual pay-c. 7. s. 13. ments out of the excise, as aforesaid; and the names of all fuch persons and corporations, who upon producing to the said comptroller the faid tallies of Sol' respectively, shall appear to be entitled to the said annuities to be purchased at the several rates aforesaid, for monies to be by them advanced and paid into the Exchequer, pursuant to this act; and the several and respective annuities whereunto the aforesaid persons and corporations respectively shall be so entitled; to which book it shall be lawful for all persons concerned from time to time, at all seasonable times, to have free access, and to inspect the same, without fee or charge; and the faid accountant general for the and transmit a time being shall, on or before the five and twentieth day of De-duplicate into the Exchequer cember one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, transmit an by 25 Dec. attested duplicate or duplicates fairly written on paper, of the 1717. book or books last mentioned, into the office of the auditor of the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, there to remain for

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Annuities a That the respective proprietors, who are to have, receive and sure estate. enjoy the said several annuities pursuant to this act, his, her or

their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, shall have good and sure estates and interests therein for ever, subject to the provisoes or conditions of redemption in this act afterwards contained concerning the same, and to no

former provisoes or power of redemption whatsoever.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, That as well the faid Annuities free annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, pay- from taxes. able in lieu and discharge of the faid lottery-orders, and of the said annual sums formerly charged upon the excise, as also the said annuities to be purchased on this act at the several rates aforesaid, for monies to be advanced at the Exchequer, as aforefaid, Dd3

faid, and all and every the principal fums for which the faid feveral annuities are to be payable, or whereupon they shall be computed, pursuant to this act, and every of them, shall be free from all taxes, charges and impolitions whatloever,

Bank to employ a fufcient cathier and accountant general.

XXVIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the governor and company of the bank of England shall, from time to time, until the said annuities shall be redeemed by parliament according to this act, appoint and employ one sufficient person within their office in the city of London, to be their chief or first cashier, and one other sufficient person within the same office to be their accountant general; and that so much of the monies of the said general yearly fund of seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, as shall be sufficient to satisfy and discharge the fums which shall grow due, from time to time, for or upon all the faid several and respective annuities by this act appointed or intended to be paid by the faid cashier of the bank for the time being, shall by order of the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or of the high treafurer, and under-treasurer of the Exchequer of his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had or obtained in that behalf, be from time to time, quarterly, as aforefaid, issued and paid at the faid receipt of Exchequer to the faid first or chief cashier of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and of their successors for the time being, by way of imprest and upon account, for the payment of the same annuities at such times, and in such manner and form, as are by this act prescribed in that behalf, with preference to all other payments which shall or may hereafter be charged upon the faid general fund, or upon the faid duties or revenues liable to make good the fame, until the redemption of the faid annuities according to this act; and that all and every such cashier or cashiers, to whom the faid monies shall from time to time be issued, shall, from time to time, without delay, apply and pay the fame accordingly, and render his accounts thereof, according to the due course of the Exchequer; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. And it is hereby also enacted, That the said accountant general for the time being shall, from time to time, inspect and examine all the said receipts and payments of the faid cashier, and the vouchers relating thereunto, in order to prevent any fraud, negligence or delay; and that all and every These annui- the persons and corporations whatsoever, who shall be entitled to any of the same annuities so to be payable by the cashier of the bank of England for the time being, pursuant to this act, and all persons lawfully claiming under them shall be possessed thereof as a personal estate, and the same shall not be descendable to the heir, and shall not be liable to any foreign attachment by the custom of London, or otherwise; any law, statute

or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

ties are personal estates. and not liable to foreign

attachment.

Their office.

XXIX. And

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all the principal monies for which the faid feveral and respective annuities shall be payable by the said cashier of the The principal bank of England for the time being, shall be deemed, reputed monies shall be deemed a capital or joint-stock, on which the said annuities shall be attending; and that all persons and corporations, in proportion to their respective annuities, shall have a share in fuch stock; and that all such shares shall be assignable, transferrable and deviseable, in the same manner as is prescribed by act or acts of parliament made in the first year of his Majesty's assignable, &c. reign, touching the annuities after the rate of five pounds per according to reign, touching the annulties after the rate of five poultus per 1Geo. 1. itat. 2. centum per annum therein mentioned; and that no stamp-duties c. 21. whatfoever shall be chargeable on such transfers; and that the No stamps on faid governor and company of the bank of England, (notwith-transfers. flanding the redemption of all or any of their own funds or an-ration, till annuities in pursuance of the acts for establishing the same, or any nuities reof them) shall continue a corporation, to all intents and pur-deemed. pofes, relating only to the receiving, paying or accounting for the faid annuities so payable by their cashier, till the same shall be redeemed by parliament according to this act; and that the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or any members thereof, shall not incur any disability for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no fee or gratuity whatfoever shall or may be demanded or taken of any of his Majesty's subjects, for receiving or pay- No fees for ing such monies as shall be advanced at the Exchequer for the paying or purpoles aforefaid, or for any tallies, or other matters concern- transferring ing the same, or for issuing the said general fund of seven hunties, dred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per arman, or any part thereof, or for paying the faid feveral and respective annuities, or any of them, by the faid cashier for the time being; and that no fee or gratuity shall be demanded or taken for any transfer of any fum, great or small, to be made in pursuance of this act, upon pain, that any officer or person offending, by taking or demanding any fee or gratuity contrary to this act, shall forfeit the sum of twenty pounds to the party grieved, to the second be recovered with full costs in any of his Majesty's courts or record at Westminster.

XXXI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall have power to pay and allow, or cause to be paid thening and allowed, out of the monies arifing of or for the faid general allowed and yearly fund, as aforesaid, such falaries and allowances as they and nize of charges to shall think reasonable, as well to the said managers and direct- executing this ors, as to the faid cashier and accountant general for the time act. being, for their pains and service respectively, in performance of the several trusts in them reposed by this act; and to allow and pay out of the same money all other charges for books, under-clerks, or other matters or things which shall be necessagily incident in or for the execution of this act.

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XXXII. And

XXXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, payable from the twenty fourth day of June one thoufand seven hundred and seventeen, on the debentures authoriz-Interest of 41. ed to be made forth by an act of this session of parliament for per cent, to be stating and determining debts due to the army, shall from time paid out of the to time, as the same shall become due and payable, during the continuance thereof, be satisfied and paid out of the monies of the faid general fund by this act established or intended to be established, as aforesaid, and shall be imprested, from time to

13 Geo. 1. c. 3. time, to the paymaster of the forces for that purpose.

Proviso for redemption of ties upon repayment of

general fund

on army de-

bentures of

this session.

XXXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at any time, upon notice to be given or left at the publick office of the governor and company of the bank of England, by authority of parliament, at any of the faid quarterly feaft-days for payment of the faid annuities, and upon repayment by parliament of the respective principal all the annui. fums for which the faid annuities thall be payable by the faid cashier of the bank for the time being, and whereupon the said respective annuities are to be computed, as aforesaid, to such reby parliament. spective persons and corporations as shall be entitled to the said annuities, according to such interest as they respectively shall then have in the faid annuities, and also upon full payment and satisfaction of all arrears of the said annuities, if any shall be then due, then and not till then, the same annuities shall cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. XXXIV. And in regard it is intended, That upon fuch notice to

be given at any quarterly feaft-day, all the principal monics for which the faid annuities shall be payable, may be fatisfied by any payments, net being less than five hundred thousand pounds of lawful money of Great Britain at a time, and that as the faid principal monies shall be paid off, the faid annuities, and the capital flock for the fame, shall proportionably fink and be abated: be it therefore further provided and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if at any time or times notice shall be given or left at any of the said quarterly fealt-days by authority of parliament, for redemption of the cels, not being faid annuities by this act payable by the cashier of the bank, as aforelaid; and if payment after such notice given be made by parliament to the respective persons and corporations as shall be then entitled to the faid annuities, according to fuch respective interests as they shall have in the said annuities, of any fum or fums of money, not being less than five hundred thoufand pounds to all the proprietors at a time in part of the respective principal sums for which the said annuities shall be payable, as aforefaid; as also if payment be made of all arrearages then due to them of the same annuities, or so much of those arrearages as shall bear a proportion to the principal monies, from time to time, remaining unfatisfied, being computed till the time of every such payment of part of the principal respectively. then from and after every such payment so made, so much of

Another provito for redemption upon payment of the principal by parless than 500,0col. at a .time.

the faid annuities as shall bear proportion to the monies to paid in part of the faid principal, shall cease, determine and be abated; any thing in this, or in any former act or acts of parliament, or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary not-

withstanding.

XXXV. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any vote or resolution of the house of commons, fignified by their speaker in writing, to be delivered at the publick office of the governor and company of the bank of England, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient notice within the words and meaning of this act; any thing herein

contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And whereas in and by an act of this session of parlia- A resolution ment, for redeeming several funds of the governor and company of the commons, sigbank of England, (amongst other things) it is declared and enacted, nified by them That the excess or surplus, which at the end of every or any quarter of speaker, a suf-That the extess or surprus, winter at the end of every of any year to grant ficient notice. a year (reckning the quarters to end at the four most usual feast-days See 13 Geo. 1. therein mentioned) shall and may be produced by the several rates, c. 3. s. s. duties, revenues and incomes thereby appropriated, or mentioned to be 3 Geo. 1. C. S. appropriated as is therein expressed, and shall remain in the Exchequer 1. 24. (over and above the money then due and demandable for or upon the several annuities, allowances, and other payments by that act payable. or any arrears of the same) shall extend to the disposition of parliament. and be applied according to all or alls of parliament, and not otherwife; and in and by another aft of this session of parliament, for redeeming the yearly fund of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, (amongst other things) it is enacted, That if at any time or times, at the end of any quarter of a year (reckoning the quarters to end at the usual feasts therein also 3 Geo. 1. c. 7. mentioned) there shall be an excess or surplus of the monies brought into the Exchequer, of the rates, duties, impositions and revenues, and proportional parts of them, or any of them in that all mentioned, and such excess and surplus shall remain there over and above the money then or before that time grown due, by or in pursuance of that act, for fuch annual and other payments as are thereby prescribed, then and so often, and in every such case, such excess or surplus shall, from time to time, attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to all or alls of parliament, and not otherwise: now it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the excess for furplus, which at the end of every or any quarter of a year, (reckoning the quarters to end at the four most usual feast-days before-mentioned) shall and may be produced by the customs, subsidies, impositions, additional and other duties, proportional parts of duties, and by the faid weekly and other payments by The excess or this present act appropriated or charged to make good the faid quarter to be general yearly fund of seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight disposeable by hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one parliament. fifth part of a penny, in and by this act established or intended See 5 Geo. 1. to be established, as aforesaid, over and above so much as shall c. 3. s. 1. be sufficient to make good the same, and so much of the same

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ture acts.

general yearly fund as at the end of any quarter of a year, as aforesaid, shall remain in the receipt of the Exchequer, over and above all the monies then due or payable, to discharge the faid several annuities and other payments by this act directed to be satisfied out of the same, and all arrears thereof (if any such be) shall likewise, from time to time, attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to act or acts of parliament, and not otherwise.

XXXVII. And be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies to arise, from time to time, as well of or for the faid excess or surplus by virtue of the faid act made for redeeming the funds of the governor and company of the bank of England, and of or for the faid excess or surplus by virtue of the faid act made for redeeming the funds of the faid Overplus mo. governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to nies to be em- the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging ployed for the the fishery, as also of and for the said excess or surplus of the faid duties and revenues, by this act appropriated, as aforefaid, debts, incur. and the faid overplus monies of the faid general yearly fund by red before 25 this act established or intended to be established, as aforesaid, shall be appropriated, reserved and employed, to and for the discharging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumbrances as were incurred before the five and twentieth See 6 Geo. 1. day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and are declared to be national debts, and are provided for by act of parliament, in such manner and form as shall be directed or appointed by any future act or acts of parliament to be discharge ed therewith or out of the same, and to and for none other use, intent or purpole whatloever.

XXXVIII. And whereas by the all of tonnage and poundage made in the twelfth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, and the book of rates thereto annexed, and by other acts of parliament fince made and now in force, several duties are payable to bis Majesty, his heirs and successors, for and upon linseed impersed; and it boving been found by experience that those duties are a descenragement to the importation thereof, and that should they be disconti-22 Car. 2. c. 4. mued and taken off, the same would tend to the service of the recellen and other manufactures, and to the improvement of tillage in this kingdom: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons to import linseed into this kingdom, without paying to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, any custom, fublidy or other duties for the same; any thing in the said act of tonnage and poundage, or any other act or acts of parliament to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

manufacture made of hemp or flax, fine or course, not exceeding forty

XXXIX. And whereas in and by the act of tonnage and poundage, and the said book of rates, which all has been by several subsequent acts of parliament continued, and is now in force, a duty of fix pence is payable upon the exportation of every piece of linen cloth of British

Linfeed may be imported

duty-free.

ills (extept British-made fail-cloth, which by law is permitted to be exported duty-free:) and subcreas the faid duty is a discouragement to the faid mentifecture which employs many thousands of the poor of this kingdom; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, 12 Car, 2. C. 4. That from and after the faid first day of August one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons to export out of this kingdom, to parts beyond the seas, all forts of linen cloth of the manufacture of this kingdom, which shall be made of hemp or flax, whether fine or coarse, free of all duties payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors; any thing in the said act of tonnage and poundage, or any other act, or any thing to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XL. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted, That British linen all drawbacks, allowances and abatements granted or enacted may be exto be made by any act or acts of parliament now in force, upon ported dutyor out of any duties upon any goods or merchandizes imported or exported, shall be and continue, and are hereby continued, until the duties on which such allowances, drawbacks or abatements are granted or enacted to be made, shall respectively cease

and determine.

XLI. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That All drawall the monies lent to his Majesty at the receipt of Exche-backs, &c. to quer, upon credit of a vote or resolution of the house of com- duty ceases. mons, made and passed on or about the fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, not exceeding six hundred thousand pounds, for the service of the publick, by sea or land, which loans, with the interest thereof, were appointed to be transferred to the register upon the act, intituled, An act for clause for apprenting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax in Great Britain, for propriating all the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and the monies all other the monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty upon that granted this act, and fo much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby lesson of pargranted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred, or directed to be 3 Geo. 1. c. 3. transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty upon an act of this fession of parliament for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thoufand seven hundred and seventeen, and so much of the duties on malt, mum, cyder, and perry thereby granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the loans made or to be made on the same act, or thereby transferred, or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, 3 Geo. 1. c. 4. and the charges thereby allowable for raising the same duties, shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same, shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for or towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein expressed, subject nevertheless to such restric-

tions as are herein after prescribed; that is to say, it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided, as aforefaid, there shall or may be issued and applied any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of nine hundred forty-seven thousand five hundred and fixty pounds five shillings and three pence, for or towards the naval fervices following; that is to fay, for or towards defraying the charges of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea-officers; and for or towards victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed; and for or towards sea-service in the offace of ordnance performed and to be performed; and for and towards extraordinary works and repairs of his Majesty's navy, and furnishing such sea-stores as are necessary for the same, and other services of the navy and transports, performed and to be performed; and any fum not exceeding seventy-three thousand seventy-seven pounds nine shillings and three pence, for the charge of the office of ordnance, for or towards land-fervices performed and to be performed; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million two hundred seventy-three thousand nine hundred and ten pounds nine shillings and six pence, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's land-forces, and other services herein after expressed; that is to fay, for or towards maintaining guards, garrifons, and other his Majesty's land-forces in Great Britain, Jersey, and Office of ord- Guernsey, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in his Majesty's plantations in America, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Minerca, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Gibraltar, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards half-pay, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, upon account, to the officers of the land-forces, and marines disbanded, being his Majesty's natural-born subjects, or naturalized; and for or towards the pay of invalids, from the twenty-fifth day of December one thoufand seven hundred and sixteen, to the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards provisions for the garrison of Gibraltar, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards completing the pay of fix battalions of foot, hired from the bishop of Munster and duke of Saxe-Gotha, to supply the place of

fuch troops as, during the late rebellion, should be drawn from the garrisons of the States-General of the United Provinces to affift his Majesty, pursuant to the treaties in that behalf made with the faid princes; and for or towards making up the full pay of the general officers with their aids de camp and majors of brigade, during the time they served in North Britain, and upon account of extraordinary forage, provisions, carriages, and

Ordinary of the navy.

nance.

Land-forces.

feveral extraordinary expences of the forces in their march from Stirling, and pursuit of the rebels into the Highlands, and the neighbouring islands; and for or towards replacing a sum of ten thousand pounds issued out of the appropriated revenues of North-Britain, to his grace the duke of Argyle, then general and commander in chief of his Majesty's forces there, by his Majefty's warrant, dated the eighth day of September one thousand feven hundred and fifteen; and for or towards the pay of three independent companies in North Britain, from the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen to the thirty-first day of March following, with the bounty-money upon their diffranding; and for or towards the pay of one lieutenant, one enfign, five non-commissioned officers and forty private men, taken to reinforce the castle of Edinburgh, from the twenty fifth day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen to the fifteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, with the bounty-money upon their disbanding; and for or towards the subsistence of the rebel prisoners taken at Presson to the thirty-first day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and for or towards their subsistence and contingent expences for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards the subsistence of the three hundred fifty-three rebel prisoners, subsisted by the magistrates of Glasgow to the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fixteen; and for or towards half-pay to the officers of the late regiments of foot commanded by brigadier James Douglas and Sir James Wood, late in the service of the States-General, from the twenty-fifth of April one thousand seven Rebel prisonhundred and seventeen to the twenty-fourth of December fol- ers. lowing; and for answering other extraordinary services relating to his Majesty's land-forces; and any sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand pounds, for enabling his Majesty to concert such measures with foreign princes and states, as may prevent any charge or apprehensions from the designs of Sweden for the future; and any fum not exceeding five thousand five hundred seventy-nine pounds sisteen shillings and three pence half-penny, to make good the losses and damages which his Majesty's subjects sustained by reason of the tumultuous and rebellious proceedings in several counties, which losses and damages are found by inquisitions taken upon commissions issued Treaties with out of his Majesty's Exchequer; and any sum not exceeding foreign prinone hundred fixty-fix thousand five hundred and two pounds ces. five shillings and seven pence three farthings, for or towards enabling the treasurer of the navy to make good the payments Losses by tuwhich in the year ending at Christmas one thousand seven hun-mults. dred and seventeen, (if any) may be demanded of him, purfuant to any former act or acts of parliament for completing the funds of fix hundred and eight thousand pounds per annum, payable to the South-Sea company; and that the aids or supplies Funds of the provided as aforefaid, shall not be issued or applied to any use, south-sea intent company.

intent or purpose whatsoever, other than towards the uses and

purpoles afore-mentioned.

XLII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That no appropriation, or other matter or thing in this act contained, shall obstruct or hinder any payment or payments which, by and in pursuance of an act made in the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital flock and yearly fund of the South-Sea company; and for supplying thereby eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds sour shillings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several supplies granted to his Majesty, are or shall be required and the South-Sea authorized to be made by the treasurer or paymaster of the navy Geo. 1. ftat. 2. for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of such publick monies, tallies, orders or parliamentary securities in their hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, or to their treasurer for their use; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and for the of accounts.

Proviso for

company, 1

C. 11.

XLIII. Provided also, That such sums as by any other act of commissioners this session of parliament shall be payable to any commissioners for taking, examining and stating the debts due to the army, for their falaries, or for their clerks or other incident charges, shall and may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. X.

An act for the better collecting and levying the revenue of the tentbs of the clergy.

2 & 3 Ann. C. 11.

AJ HEREAS her late most gracious majesty Queen Anne, in her royal bounty to the poor clergy of the church of England, and pursuant to and by virtue of an all of parliament made in the second year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making more effectual her Majesty's gracious intentions for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, by enabling her Majesty to grant in perpetuity the revenues of the first-fruits and tenths, and also for enabling other persons to make grants for the same purpose, did in and by her letters patents under the great seal of England, bearing date the third day of November in the third year of her Majesty's reign, make, nominate, constitute and appoint the perfons therein named, to be one body politick and corporate, by the name of the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, with such powers and authorities as are therein mentioned and expressed; and did in and by the said letters patents give and grant unto the said governors of the bounty of Quen

Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, and their successors, all the revenues of the first-fruits and yearly perpetual tenths of all dignities, offices, benefices and promotions spiritual what seever payable to ber Majesty, ber beirs and successors, by virtue of any all or alls of parliament what seever, and all arrears of the said first-fruits and tenths (except as therein is excepted) to be applied and disposed of by the said governors thereby constituted to and for such ends, intents and purposes, as in and by the said letters patents are contained and directed: and whereas the laws now in force relating to the collection and payment of that part of the said revenue, called the perpetual yearly tenths, are in some cases desective, and in many inflances are found to be inconvenient and improper to be put in execution, by reason whereof her late Majesty's said gracious intentions cannot so well and effectually be answered as they might be, if some new provisions and regulations were made and established for the more easy and expeditious levying and paying the faid perpetual yearly tenths: for remedy therefore of fuch defects and inconveniencies, and to the end that the faid governors may be the better enabled to execute the trust in them reposed, and the poor clergy may, with greater ease and advantage, receive the benefit of the said royal bounty; be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That the most reverend the archbishops, and the The archright reverend the bishops of England, who by the statute made bishops and bishops disin the twenty fixth year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, charged from intituled, The bill for the first-fruits, with the yearly pensions to the receiving the King, and by other subsequent statutes, are constituted and ap-perpetual pointed collectors of the faid revenue of the perpetual yearly yearly tenths. tenths within their several dioceses respectively, and charged 26 H. S. c. 3. with the receipt and payment of such collection, and made accountable for the same, from and after the twenty sixth day of December last past, be, and each and every of them hereby is clearly exempted, acquitted and discharged of and from the levying, collecting and receiving within their and each of their proper and respective dioceses, the said perpetual yearly tenths from thenceforth accruing, of all dignities, offices, benefices and promotions spiritual, and of and from being chargeable with, and accountable for the receipt and collection of the fame, by force or reason of any of the said statutes; the said statute of King Henry the Eighth, or any other statute to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That There shall b from and after the faid twenty fixth day of December there shall one collector be one collector or receiver of the said perpetual yearly tenths of appointed, all dignities, offices, benefices and promotions spiritual whatsoever, granted to the said corporation of the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, by the faid first recited act and letters patents (which have not been legally discharged by any act or acts of parliament fince made, or otherwise) from time to time to be

who shall col- nominated and appointed, which said collector or receiver shall chargeable, and pay the Exchequer,

and shall be chargeable with the fame.

pointed by the King, and office,

rity.

The collector impowered to receive the faid revenue, and give acquittances.

He shall keep his office in London or

and place of payment to be governors in the London Gazette yearly, by the space of one week

lect all money, he and is hereby charged and chargeable to levy, collect and rewherewith any ceive, all fuch fums of money, wherewith all and every fuch dignities, offices, benefices and promotions spiritual, are charged and chargeable for and towards the payment of the faid perpefame into the tual yearly tenths, and shall pay and content the said sums of money yearly unto the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, in such manner and form as is herein after mentioned; and every fuch collector and receiver, and his lands and tenements, shall be and stand charged and chargeable for the sure and true payment of fuch fums of money as he shall collect and receive of the faid perpetual yearly tenths accordingly ; and that fuch collector or receiver shall, from time to time, be nominat-He shall be ap-ed and appointed by his Majesty, his heirs and successors, by his or their letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain: take an oath and that immediately after such nomination and appointment, for the due ex- and before he takes upon him the execution of his faid office, ecution of his every such collector or receiver shall take his corporal oath for the due and faithful execution of his faid office before any feven or more of the governors aforefaid for the time being, in a general court of the faid corporation (who are hereby authorized and required to give and administer the said oath from time to and give fecu-time accordingly;) and that every such collector or receiver shall likewise give security to the said corporation, or to such person or persons as they in their general court shall appoint, for his true and just accounting for, and payment of all and every sum and sums of money which he shall receive by virtue of the faid office, and for the due and faithful execution and discharge of his faid office, as the governors at a general court of the faid corporation at any time before his taking upon him the execution of the faid office shall order, direct and appoint; and also that fuch collector or receiver of the faid perpetual yearly tenths so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is hereby authorized and impowered to collect and receive the faid revenue, and to give acquittances under his hand to the feveral and respective person or persons paying the same; whose acquittance or acquittances shall be a full and sufficient discharge to all persons paying the said perpetual yearly tenths, or any part thereof, for so much as they shall respectively pay unto fuch collector or receiver (for every of which acquittances the fum of fix pence, and no more, shall be paid) which faid collector or receiver shall keep his office in some convenient place within the cities of London or Westminster, and shall give attendance for receipt of the faid perpetual yearly tenths at fuch time or times as the faid governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, in their Westminster.court shall order, direct and appoint, between the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ, and the last day of April yearly; of Notice of time which faid times and place due notice shall be given by the faid

at least before the said feast-day, whereof every archbishop, given in the bishop and incumbent of any dignity, office, benefice or promo-London Gation spiritual, is and shall be obliged to take notice, and to obferve the same accordingly in the payment of his and their respective rates, shares and proportions of the said perpetual yearly tenths, wherewith they or any of them shall be charged or chargeable, without any further notice to be given them by way of summons, demand, or otherwise; and in default thereof to forfeit to the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, such sum failure of payor fums of money as shall amount to double the value of the said ment. tenths; and that every fuch collector or receiver shall make payments of the faid tenths, and shall pass his accounts for the How collector fame, at such time and times, and in such manner as the said shall pass his archbishops and bishops were ordered and directed in and by the 26 H. 8. c. 3. several acts of parliament made for that purpose in the twenty 32 H. 8. c. 47. fixth and thirty second years of the reign of King Henry the 7 Ed. 6. c.4. Eighth, and of the seventh year of the reign of King Edward the Sixth.

III. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- Archbishops, faid, That if any archbishop or bishop, or any incumbent of ing, the colany dignity, office, benefice or promotion spiritual, or any other lectorshall cerperson or persons, bodies politick or corporate, charged or tify it into the chargeable with the payment of the said perpetual yearly tenth and be allowed or tenths respectively, shall not pay or duly tender the same it on his acyearly, before the last day of April succeeding the feast of the counts. nativity of our Lord Christ, whereon the same shall become due, that upon certificate thereof made by the collector or receiver on or before the first day of June following, the said collector or receiver shall be allowed upon his account all such sums of money, as any archbishop, bishop or incumbent, or other against whom fuch certificate shall be made, should or ought to have paid; and that then in every such case, the treasurer, chancellor and barons of the King's Exchequer for the time being, shall devise, direct and issue upon every such certificate, such process out of the King's Exchequer, as to them shall seem proper and reason- Process to be able, against every such archbishop, bishop or incumbent, or such as make other against whom such certificate shall be made, his and their default in payexecutors or administrators, whereby such portion and part of ment. the faid yearly tenth, wherewith any fuch archbishop, bishop or incumbent, or other, is or shall be charged, and which shall be unpaid, as aforesaid, shall be truly levied, answered, satisfied and paid into the hands of the faid collector or receiver; and all and every fum and fums of money so levied, answered and paid, the faid collector or receiver shall bring to account, and charge himself therewith, from time to time, in his next account after he shall have received the same.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That nothing This act shall in this act contained shall extend, or be taken or construed to not discharge any architecture or discharge any architecture or any other any architecture. exonerate or discharge any archbishop, bishop, or any other bishop, &c. for person or persons, before the making of this act liable to the col- monies unaclecting, accounting for, and answering the said perpetual year-counted for.

The act 26 H. 8. c.3. shall remain in force.

ly tenths, or any part thereof, for any fum or fums of money wherewith he or they were and are respectively charged or chargeable, and not duly answered and accounted for before the making of this act: and that the faid statute made in the said twenty fixth year of the reign of the faid King Henry the Eighth. and all and every other laws, statutes and provisions, touching or concerning the imposing, charging, assessing and levying, and the true answering and payment of the first-fruits, and of the faid tenths, or touching the charge, discharge or alteration of them, or any of them, or any matter or thing relating thereunto, which were in force at the time of the making of this present act, and not hereby or herein before altered or repealed, shall be, remain and continue in their full force and effect, and shall hereafter be observed and put in due execution, according to the tenor and purport of the same, and every of them, in all things, excepting such as are in and by this act altered or repealed.

This act shall grant, &c.

V. Provided also, That this act, or any thing herein containnot avoid any ed, shall not extend to avoid or any way impeach or affect any grant, exchange, alienation, or incumbrance at any time heretofore made of or charged upon the said revenue of the perpetual yearly tenths, or any part thereof, but that the same and every of them during the continuance of fuch grant, exchange, alienation or incumbrance respectively, shall be and remain of and in the same force, virtue, and effect, as if this act had never been made.

CAP. XI.

An all to explain and amend several laws therein mentioned, for the better preservation of the game.

5 Ann. 1. 4.

a Ann. c. 25.

THEREAS by an all made in the fifth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the better preservation of the game, it is enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any lord or lady of his or her respective lordship or manor, by writing under his or her hand and feal, to impower his or her game-keeper or game-keepers, upon his or her own lord bip or manor to kill hare, pheasant, partridge, or any other game whatsever; which power of appointing several game-keepers in the same manor with power to kill game, was found by experience to tend very much to the destruction of the game of this kingdom: for the preventing whereof, by one other act of the ninth year of the reign of her faid late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for making the act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, for the better preservation of the game, perpetual, and for making the same more effectual, it was enacted, That no lord or lady of any manor shall make, conflitute, or appoint, above one person to be a game-keeper within any one manor, with power or authority to kill or destroy the game thereof; and that the name of fuch person so to be authorized to kill the game, shall, from time to time, be entred with the clerk of the peace of the county, riding, or division, wherein such manor does lie; which power ef appointing a game-keeper so to be entred, as aforesaid, was manifeftly defigned to no other intent or purpose whatsoever, but that any

lord or lady might appoint such person as he or she should think proper to kill the game upon his or her own lordship or manor, for the sole and proper use of the said lord or lady, such game-keeper being expressy restrained by the said first recited att from selling or disposing of any game to any person or persons whatsoever, without the consent or knowledge of the said lord or lady of such manor or manors that had given such power and authority as aforesaid: and whereas under colour and pretence of the said power and authority to kill or take game for the use of the lords or ladies of any manor it is become usual and frequent in several parts of the kingdom, for lords and ladies of manors to grant powers and deputations to the farmers, tenants, and occupiers of the lands and estates lying within the precincts of their respective manors, to be gamekeepers, with power to kill and destroy the game; which practice is a very great abuse of the powers intended by the said acts to be granted, and manifestly tends very much to the destruction of the game of this kingdom: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from After July 10, and after the tenth day of July one thousand seven hundred and 1717. no lord feventeen, no lord or lady of any manor shall make, constitute, of a manor or appoint any person to be a game-keeper, with power and au. or appoint any person to be a game-keeper, with power and au- any gamethority to take and kill hare, pheasant, partridge, or any other keeper with game whatfoever, unless such person be qualified by the laws of power to kill this realm so to do, or unless such person be truly and properly the game, exa fervant to the said lord or lady, or such person be immediate-qualified so to ly employed and appointed to take and kill the game for the fole do, or be a use or benefit of the said lord or lady, and not otherwise; and servant, &c. that no lord or lady of any manor shall authorize or qualify any person or persons whatsoever, not being qualified by the laws of this realm so to do, to take or kill any hare, pheasant, partridge, or other game whatsoever, or to keep or use any grey-hound, setting dogs, hays, lurchers, guns, tunnels, or any any greyother engine, to kill and destroy the game; and that any person hound, &c. or persons whatsoever, not being qualified by the laws so to do, or not being truly and properly a fervant of any lord or lady of a manor, or not immediately employed and appointed to take Unqualified and kill the game for the fole use or immediate benefit of the persons killfaid lord or lady, who, under colour or pretence of any power ing the game or authority, deputation, or qualification to him granted by any to the forfeilord or lady of a manor, shall take or kill any hare, pheasant, tures in the partridge, or other game whatfoever, or shall keep or use any recited acts. greyhounds, fetting-dogs, hays, lurchers, guns, tunnels, or any other engine, to kill and destroy the game, being thereof legally convicted, shall, for every such offence, incur such forfeitures, pains, and penalties, as are appointed to be inflicted by the faid recited acts of the fifth and ninth years of the reign of the late Queen Anne; such forseitures to be recovered by such means, and in such manner and form, and within such time, and to such uses, as are prescribed by the said recited acts; any

thing in the faid recited acts, or in any other law or statute to

the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

The recited acts shall re-5 Ann. c.14. 9 Ann. c.25.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the faid recited acts of the fifth and ninth years of the reign of main in force. her late majesty Queen Anne, and all other laws now in force for the better preservation of the game, and all matters, powers, and things therein contained, not hereby altered and repealed, shall continue, remain, and be in full force.

CAP. XII.

An act to impower commissioners in commissions of bankrupts, issued since the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fix, and on or before the fix and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, to make certificates for bankrupts; and the lord chancellor, lord keeper, commissioners of the great seal, or two judges, to confirm the same, notwithstanding the acts of the fourth and fifth, and the fifth of Queen Anne, are expired; and for continuing a clause in a former act for adjusting accounts between bankrupts and their debtors.

Persons against whom commissions issued as aforesaid, and who have not, nor shall not surrender themselves, &c. before December 25, 1717. shall suffer as felons. The clause in 4 Ann. c. 17. relating to the mutual credit between bankrupts and others, continued during feven years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament. EXP. See 5 Geo. 1.

CAP. XIII.

An alt for the better regulating of pilots for conducting of ships and vessels from Dover, Deal and the isle of Thanet, up the rivers of Thames and Medway.

TITHEREAS there hath been time out of mind, and now is, a very useful and well regulated society or fellowship of pilots of the Trinity-House of Dover, Deal and the iste of Thanet, who bave always had the fole piloting and load-manage of all ships and vessels from the said places up the rivers of Thames and Medway: and whereas by the usage and good rules and orders of the said society every person must appear at a court of load-manage, and be publickly examined by some of the elder and more experienced members of the fail fociety and fellowship, touching his skill and abilities in pilotage, before he is to be admitted a member of the said society or fellowship, or ought to undertake the conducting and piloting any ship or veffel from the before-mentioned places up the faid rivers, whereby ignorant and dangerous persons have been prevented from undertaking such pilotage; and there hath been from time to time a sufficient number of safe and able pilots for the said rivers maintained and kept up: and whereas notwithstanding the many and great advantages of the said society or fellowship to the publick, several unqualified persons have of late taken upon them the piloting and conducting ships and veffels by and from the places before-mentioned up the faid rivers of Thames and Medway, who have not been admitted into the faid fociety or fellowship, or undergone any examination of their abilities for such farvice, whereby the faid useful society or fellowship hath been much difenraged, and several ships and vessels, with their cargo and mariners, box been lost or in the utmost danger and bazard: for remedy whereof,

1716.7

be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any person or persons After Aug 1, fhall, from and after the first day of August one thousand seven 1717, no perhundred and seventeen, take upon him or themselves to con-any ship from duct or pilot any ship or vessel by or from Dover, Deal or the Dover, &c. isle of Thanet to any place or places in or upon the said rivers of unless he have Thames and Medway, before he or they shall be first examined, been examinas has been usual, by the master and wardens of the said society master, &c. of ty or fellowship for the time being, touching his or their abili-Trinityties, and shall be approved and admitted into the said society or house, and be fellowship at a court of load-manage by the lord warden of the admitted into cinque-ports for the time being or his deputy, and the said master and wardens for the time being, every such person or per-First offence sons shall for the first offence forfeit ten pounds, for the second 10 l. second twenty pounds, and for every other offence forty pounds, to be ry other 40l. fued for and recovered with full costs of suit, by any person or persons, by suit or action to be brought in the court of admiralty for the cinque ports, in case such offender shall live and be found within the jurisdiction of the said court, or else by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, privilege, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, and no more than one imparlance; which faid fum or fums of money fo to be for-feited and recovered, shall go and be, as to one moiety thereof, nalty shall be to the informer, and as to the other moiety thereof, to be paid recovered and to and received by the master and wardens of the said society for disposed of. the time being, to be by them distributed to and amongst such superannuated pilots, and the widows of pilots of the said society, in like manner and proportion as the said master and wardens for the time being shall think fit and appoint, and as heretofore hath been used and practised by the said society.

II. Provided always, That this act shall not extend to prevent Masters, &c. or hinder the master or mate of any ship or vessel, or part-residing at Dover, &c. owner residing at Dover, Deal or the isle of Thanet, from con may pilottheir ducting or piloting his own thip or vessel from any of the places own thips, if aforesaid up the said rivers; nor subject any person or persons none of the (though not of the said society or fellowship) to the penalties a-fociety be rea-foresaid, who shall be hired by any master to conduct or pilot his thip or vessel from the said places, provided no one of the said fociety or fellowship shall, within the space of one hour after fuch thip or vessel thall arrive at any of the said places, be ready

to conduct and pilot the same.

III. Provided always, That all masters of merchant-ships shall Masters of have liberty to make choice of fuch pilot of the faid fociety or merchantfellowship as he shall think sit; and that no person shall contichoose their nue in the said society or fellowship, who shall not conduct or pilots; and pilot a ship at least twice in any one year (unless prevented by members of fickness) to and from the places above-mentioned.

the fociety IV. And fhall pilot ships

Eез

Prices of piloting.

IV. And for preventing any exorbitant demands from any pilot or pilots of the said society for the conducting and piloting any ship or vessels from Dover, Deal or the isle of Thanet to any places in or upon the faid rivers of Thames and Medway, That the following and no greater or other prices shall be taken or demanded than what is or are herein after mentioned; viz. For every ship or vessel drawing seven foot water, the sum of three pounds ten shillings: for every ship or vessel drawing eight foot water, the fum of four pounds: for every ship or vessel drawing nine foot water, the fum of four pounds ten shillings: for every ship or vessel drawing ten foot water, the sum of five pounds: for every ship or vessel drawing eleven foot water, the sum of five pounds ten shillings: for every ship or vessel drawing twelve foot water, the fum of fix pounds: for every ship or vessel drawing thirteen foot water, the fum of fix pounds ten shillings: for every ship or vessel drawing fourteen foot water, the sum of seven pounds: for every ship or vessel drawing sisteen foot water, the fum of seven pounds ten shillings: for every ship or vessel drawing fixteen foot water, the fum of eight pounds: and for every ship or vessel drawing seventeen foot water, the sum of eight pounds ten shillings; and no allowance to be made for odd inches.

Pilot loling a ship, incapacitated from actnumber, and their names, &c. to be affixed, &c.

The master, &c. to return

V. Provided also, That if any pilot as aforesaid shall negligently or carelesly lose the ship under his care, and be thereof ing as a pilot, convicted by due course of law, he shall be for ever after such To be 120 in conviction incapacitated for acting as a pilot; and that the number of fuch pilots shall not be less than one hundred and twenty, whose names, ages and places of abode shall every five and twentieth day of March be affixed in some publick place at the custom-houses at London and Dover, to which all persons may have recourse at seasonable hours; and for neglect of not returning every such list of pilots, the master and wardens of the said fuch list on pe- fociety shall forfeit ten pounds, to be recovered in the cinque nalty of 10 l. ports by any person who shall sue for the same.

VI. And whereas divers ships and vessels in bad weather are forced from their anchors and cables, and unreasonable sums of money demanded for salvage by such persons who take up and carry the said anchers and cables on shoar, before the owners can have such cables and anchors restored to them, or else they must apply themselves to the admiraltycourt at Dover; and such ships and vessels must either leave their cables and anchors behind them, or suffer much more than the value thereof by being delayed in their voyage by the necessary forms of proceedings, should they stay to have the same determined in the faid admiralty-court: for remedy whereof, and for preventing the like inconveniencies for the future, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and seventeen the lord warden of the cinque ports for the time being shall nomihow to be ad-nate and appoint, by an instrument under his hand and seal, three or more substantial persons in each of the cinque ports, two antient towns, and their members, to adjust and determine any difference relating to salvage, if any such shall arise between the master of any vessel and the person or persons bringing such

Differences concerning falvage of anchors, &c. justed.

cable and anchor ashoar; which said persons the said lord warden is hereby authorized and impowered, from time to time, to nominate and appoint; and in case any ship or vessel shall be forced from her cables and anchors by extremity of weather, and leave the same in any roads within the jurisdiction of the cinque ports, and the falvage cannot be adjusted between the persons concerned, That then the same shall be determined within the To be deterspace of twelve hours by any one or more of the said persons mined in 12 appointed as aforefaid; any custom or usage to the contrary in hours.

any wise notwithstanding.

VII. Provided always, That this act shall not extend or be Not to hinder construed to hinder any person or persons from assisting any ship any from asor vessel in distress at any time, or subject such person or persons sisting ships in to the penalties of this act; any thing herein contained to the diffress.

contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Master, &c. That the master and such two wardens of the said society or fel-appointed to lowship for the time being, as shall be appointed to examine into to the skill and ability of any person or persons on their being the ability of sirst admitted as a pilot into the said society or fellowship, shall sworn. take the following oath, to be given them by the register of the faid court of load-manage for the time being or his deputy, who are hereby impowered to administer the same, viz.

A.B. do swear, That I will impartially examine and enquire into The cath. the capacity and skill of art of pilotage over the Flats and round the Long Sand Head, and the coasts of Flanders and Holland, and will make true and speedy return thereof to the lord warden of the cinque ports for the time being, or his deputy, without favour, affection, fee or reward:

So help me God.

IX. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and de- Not to extend elared, That this act, or any thing herein contained, shall not to the corpoextend or be construed to extend to the taking away, abridging, ration of Tri-hindring, prejudicing or impeaching of any grants, liberties, nity house of franchiles and privileges heretofore granted to and vested in the Strond. corporation of the Trinity-House of Deptford-Strond; but that the said corporation shall hold and enjoy the same, as fully as they might have done in case this act had never been had or made; any thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any. wife notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority Tobe taken as aforesaid, That this act shall be taken and allowed, in all courts a publick act; within this kingdom, as a publick act; and all judges and justices are hereby required to take notice thereof as such, without special pleading the same.

XI. Provided always, That this act shall continue in force Continuance for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of this act of parliament, and no longer. By 7 Geo. 1. stat. 1. c. 21. Farther conti-Power is given to the lord warden of the cinque ports, with the affent mued by of 8 Geo. 2. C. 21. 23Geo. 2. C. 26. of others in the faid all mentioned, to make orders for the government of pilots from Dover, &c.

CAP. XIV.

An act to continue an act of the first year of bis Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for taking and stating the debu due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent, in the terms of the union; and for relief of the creditors of the publick and the commissioners of the equivalent.

[THEREAS the honour, justice and publick faith of Great g. 27.



The powers given to his Majesty by 1Geo. 1. ftat. 2. c. 27. continued for one year, &c.

Britain are all concerned and engaged, That the agreements in 2Geo.1. stat.2. the all of union be faithfully and exally observed and executed: and whereas by an all of this present parliament, intituled, An act for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent, in the terms of the union; and for relief of the creditors of the publick in Scotland and the commissioners of the equivalent, his Majesty was impowered to nominate and appoint commissioners for taking, examining and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent; which commissioners were vested with several powers, and directed to make up several accounts, as in the faid act is more fully expressed; and the commission and powers thereby granted should continue in full force and virtue from the issuing thereof, for and during the space of one whole year, and till the end of the then next session of parliament; with several other clauses, and with this particular proviso, That none of the commissioners to be appoined pursuant to that act, should incur any penalties, forfeiture, incapacity or disability what soever, for putting the said act in execution: and whereas the commissioners appointed by his Majesty pursuant to the said act have not hitberto, as appears by their report, brought to any final conclusion the several accounts by the faid at direcited to be made; partly because their precepts in some cases were not answered, and in others, not in such time as to be brought into their report; partly because of the great and many difficulties which attend separating and distinguishing between the debts incurred before the union, and the debts incurred for the service of the united kingdom; beth which have been without distinction provided for since the union: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the powers given to his Majesty by the faid act for nominating and appointing commissioners for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent, in the terms of the union, together with all the other powers, clauses and provisoes therein contained, shall be and are hereby continued, from and after the determination of the said act, for and during the space of one whole year and to the end of the then next session of parliament.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all officers, accountants and other persons whatsoever, who can

give any information relating to the said accounts and matters Officers, &c. in this and the former act contained, are hereby strictly enjoin-to observe the orders of ed and required to observe and execute such orders and direction the commistions, as the faid commissioners appointed or to be appointed sioners. by his Majetty as aforesaid, or any three or more of them, shall by writing under their hands direct and appoint touching the accounts by this and the former act appointed to be taken and stated.

III. And whereas by the faid recited act of the first year of his Ma- 1Geo.1. stat.2. jesty's reign, it was enacted, That for relief of the creditors of the q. 27. publick in Scotland and of the commissioners of the equivalent, until the accounts in that act mentioned should be taken and stated according to the true meaning thereof, the lords commissioners of the treasury or lord high treasurer for the time being should and might, on or before the first day of November one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, issue their or his order or orders for the payment of a sum not exceeding fifteen thousand eight hundred twenty two pounds eight shillings and seven pence three farthings to the commissioners of the equivalent in Scotland, or any person or persons to be appointed by them, or any two of them, out of any monies that had arisen or should arise by the therein mentioned revenues of customs and excises in Scotland, or either of them; which sum the commissioners of the equivalent were directed to apply for payment of one year's interest, viz. from the twenty third day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen to the twentyfourth of June one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, of the capital fum of two bundred thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine shillings and ten pence and five fixth parts of a penny, stated due to the said creditors of the publick in Scotland, and for the payment of the salaries of the said commissioners of the equivalent, and of the fees and salaries of their servants and necessary charges for the said year: and whereas the commissioners appointed by his Majesty pursuant to the act aforesaid have not hitherto brought the accounts thereby directed to be taken and stated to any final conclusion, so as the interest of the publick debts of Scotland, which are legally certified, can be thereby put into a regular course of payment; and it being just, that the interest which has grown due on the said debts since the twenty third day of June one thousand seven bundred and fifteen, together with the charges of the commission of the equivalent in Scotland, should be in the mean time provided for: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lords commissioners of the treasury or lord high treasurer for the time being shall and may, on or before the first day of September one thousand seven hundred and Before Sept. 10 seventeen, after paying or reserving sufficient to pay the civil 17.17, the treaestablishment in Scotland, authorized by an act passed in the sury, after tenth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, vii establish-An act for laying additional duties on hides and skins, vellum and parch- ment in Scotment, and new duties on flarch, coffee, tea, drugs, gilt and filver wire, land, authoand plicies of insurance, to secure a yearly fund for satisfaction of or- rized by 10 ders to the contributors of a further sum of one million eight hundred Ann. c. 26, thousand pounds towards her Majesty's supply; and for the better securing the duties on candles; and for obviating doubts concerning certain payments in Scotland; and for suppressing unlawful lotteries and

other devices of the same kind; and concerning cake-sope; and for re-

may iffue orders for pay-ment of 31,565 l. 28. 5 d. 2 q. to the Commissioners, &c. out of the customs and excise in Scotland.

How to be applied.

lief of Mary Ravenall in relation to an annuity of eighteen pounds per annum; and concerning prize cocoa nuts brought from America; and certain tickets which were intended to be subscribed into the flock of the South-Sea company; and for appropriating the monies granted in this session of parliament, issue their or his order or orders for the payment of a sum not exceeding thirty one thousand sive hundred fixty five pounds two shillings and five pence half-penny to the commissioners of the equivalent in Scotland, or any person or persons to be appointed by them, or any three or more of them, out of the monies arisen or to arise out of any the cufloms, duties, excises or revenues, under the management of the commissioners of the customs and commissioners of the excife in Scotland, or either of them; which fum of thirty one thousand five hundred sixty five pounds two shillings and five pence half-penny shall be applied, and the said commissioners of equivalent are hereby directed and required to apply the same for the payment of two years interest of the capital sum of two hundred thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine shillings ten pence and five six parts of a penny, stated due to the creditors of the publick in Scotland, by an act of the twelfth year of her late Majesty's reign; and of eighteen thousand two hundred forty one pounds ten shillings ten pence and two third parts of a penny, stated due to William Paterson, esq; by an act of the first year of his Majesty's reign, from the twenty third of June one thousand seven hundred and sisteen to the twenty fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for payment of the falaries of the commissioners of the equivalent, and of the fees and salaries of their servants and the necessary charges of the office for the faid two years; which fum so to be advanced to the faid commissioners of the equivalent for the purposes aforesaid shall be brought into the accounts and charged upon the monies due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent, in the terms of the union.

IV. And whereas several difficulties have arisen in receiving the No debenture. interest on equivalent debentures, and other ways, by arrestments laid on them in the hands of the commissioners of equivalent in Scotland. to the great vexation of the proprietors': for removing thereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no debentures, or the interest thereon, shall be liable to be stopped on account of any arrestment or attachment that shall be laid on them in the hands of the faid commissioners, from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or otherwise howfoever.

The commisfioners may retain 14,000 l. to be applied for the encouragement of the manufacwool.

shall be stopped on ac-

count of any

laid on them in the com-

arrestment

missioners

hands, after

Atg. 1, 1717.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the commissioners of the equivalent for Scotland for the time being shall, and they are hereby authorized and impowered to secure and retain in their hands the sum of sourteen thoufand pounds sterling, appointed by the fifteenth article of the ture of coarse union, for the encouragement of the manufacture of coarse wool in such shires as the same is or shall be produced, which

faid

said sum of fourteen thousand pounds, and every part thereof, shall be applied for the benefit of the said manufacture and the wool-masters, and to no other use or purpose whatsoever; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XV.

An act for the better regulating the office of sheriffs, and for ascertaining their fees, and the fees for suing out their patents, and passing their accounts.

OR the greater ease of sheriffs in the execution of their offices, and paffing their accounts, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same. That the several officers of his Majesty's high court of chancery, court of Exchequer, and the several auditors and receivers of the revenue of the crown in Wales, and their respective substitutes, deputies, agents, clerks, and all other officers and persons whatsoever, having and claiming any see or reward whatso- Clerks and ofever to be due and payable to him or them from any sheriff, depu-ficers concernty-sheriff, or under-sheriff, of any county in England or Wales, for ed in passing making out his or their patents or commissions, or the Dedimus for theriffs patents or their commissions their control of the swearing them into their office, or for entring their recogni- accounts, zance or security, or for writing out and return of their process, or for their apposals, or casting out of court, or for passing their accounts, or for making their Quietus, or for any other matter or thing whatfoever touching or concerning their sheriffalty, may from and after the first day of Michaelmas-Term in the year of day of Michaelmas-Term in the year of day of Michaelmas-Term, severally elmas-Term, and respectively, for themselves and the persons for whom they 1717, act or officiate, receive and take for their pains and fervice in the matters aforesaid, the several sees or sums of money in the schedule or list hereafter mentioned and specified; all which fees in the said schedule mentioned the said several and respect to take only tive officers, deputies, clerks, and other persons may claim, the fees specitake and receive, from time to time, and shall not demand, fied in the take or receive any other or greater fee or reward whatsoever in schedule hereany wife touching or concerning the premisses in the faid sche-tioned, dule mentioned, or any other matter or thing relating to the patent or swearing of any sheriff, or to the passing of his accounts; and if any person shall offend herein, such person shall forseit to the party aggrieved five pounds, and treble the sum by him tak- on forfeiture en over above the just fees mentioned in the said schedule, to- of sl. and gether with his treble costs; all which shall be ordered, award- treble the sum ed and given to the party aggrieved, by the court of Exchequer, taken, to be upon complaint and proof of such offence made and exhibited complaint, by before the barons of the said court, in such short and summary the Exchequer way and method as to them shall seem meet.

II. And whereas the profers payable by the sheriffs of the several way. counties of England, into the receipt of the Exchequer at Easter and Michaelmas yearly, remain the same at this day that they anciently were, although many of the rents and certainties out of which the faid

payments arise, have of late years been alienated from the crown: be be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord

the Exchequer, &c.

to give in a particular of ly fet in pro-

and reduce · fame,

cord;

ineriff.

Sheriffs levyfines)

for profers.

III. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from

20s. above that fum;

by Fi. fa. and

The lord trea- high treasurer of Great Britain, or commissioners of the treasury furer, &c. may for the time being, the chancellor and chief baron of his Majeand officers of sty's court of Exchequer, and the rest of the barons of that court, or any two or more of them, shall and may, from time to time, at the request of any sheriff or sheriffs, or as often as they shall think fit, call before them the remembrancer in the court of Exchequer, commonly called the treasurer's remembrancer, and the clerk of the pipe, or their deputies, secondaries, and fuch other officers as they shall think fit, and shall cause the faid officers or some of them, to bring before them an acrents and cer- count or particular of all the rents and certainties written out tainties, year- yearly in processes to the sheriff of each respective county in Engcess to theriffs, land to levy for the crown; and upon due examination and confideration thereof had, are hereby impowered and required, from time to time, to alter, diminish, reduce or establish the several and lettle the sums wherewith the said sheriffs stand or shall stand chargeable on the rolls of profers in the faid court of Exchequer, to such reasonable and moderate sums as to them shall seem just and reasonable, with regard to the amount or value of the rents in with regard to each county respectively; and that orders of the court of Exthe rents; and chequer be drawn up pursuant thereunto, and entered upon reorders to be entered on re-cord in the several offices of his Majesty's remembrancer, the lord treasurer's, or the commissioners of the treasury's remembrancer, and clerk of the pipe, some time before the last day of Michaelmas-Term then next following; and that, from time to time, the fum and fums of money so reduced, ascertained and and the rents fettled, shall be deemed and taken to be the profers of each reso settled to be spective county, and the rolls of profers, from time to time, the profers of shall be made conformable thereunto; and the faid furn and each county; fums fo reduced, afcertained and fettled, as aforefaid, and no other, shall be paid by the faid respective sheriffs for their profers, at the days and times, and in the manner formerly used

ing debts, &c. and after the ninth day of July in the year of our Lord one thou-(except post- fand seven hundred and seventeen, all sherisfs who shall levy any debts, duties or fums of money whatfoever, except post-fines, due or hereafter to become due to the King's majesty, his heirs or successors, by process to them directed upon the summons of the pipe or green wax, or by Levari Facias, out of the court of Exchequer, shall from time to time, for their care, pains and charges, and for their encouragement therein, have an allowto have 18. per ance upon their accounts of twelve pence out of every twenpound for the ty shillings for any sum not exceeding one hundred pounds so of 100 l. and by them levied or collected; and the fum of fix pence only for 6d. for every every twenty shillings over and above the first one hundred pounds; and for all debts, duties and fums of money, except post-fines, due or to become due to his Majesty, his heirs and and on process successors, by process on Fieri facias, and extent, issuing out of

any of the offices of the court of Exchequer, the sum of one extent; to shilling and fix pence out of every twenty shillings, for any sum have 15. 6d. per pound for not exceeding one hundred pounds so by them levied or collect- the ift 100 l. ed; and the fum of twelve pence only for every twenty shillings and is. per over and above the first one hundred pounds: provided always pound above. fuch sheriff shall duly answer the same upon his account by the provided he general fealing day of fuch term in which he ought to be dif- answer the missed the court, or in such time to which he shall have a day same on his granted to finish his faid accounts, by warrant signed by the lord account. chief baron, or one of the barons of the coif of the faid court for

the time being, and not otherwise.

IV. And whereas by virtue of an act made in the fourth and fifth 4 & 5 W. & M. years of the reign of their late majestics King William and Queen c. 8. Mary, for encouraging the apprehending of highwaymen; and of one other act made in the fixth and seventh years of his said late majesty King William the Third, to prevent counterfeiting and clipping the 6 & 7W. & M. coin of this kingdom; and of one other act made in the fifth year of c. 17. ber late majesty Queen Anne, for encouraging the apprehending of 5 Ann. c. 31. house-breakers, the respective sheriffs of England and Wales are pbliged to pay the several rewards of forty pounds, as in those acts is directed upon the convictions of highwaymen, clippers, coiners or housebreakers, to such person or persons who shall bring to such sheriff a certificate under the hand of the judge or justices before whom such offenders were convicted, directing payment thereof, under the penalty of forfeiting to the party entitled thereunto double the sum so certified. with treble costs of fuit; which faid reward of forty pounds being fo paid, as aforefaid, is by the faid several acts ordered to be allowed to the fuch sheriff upon his account; and if there should not be remaining in the hands of such sheriff, monies sufficient for that purpose, that in such case the surplusage occasioned thereby, should be repaid to such sheriff by the lord high treasurer, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, out of the revenue of the crown, upon certificate thereof from the clerk of the pipe, or by the auditor of Wales, as by the faid After a July respective acts may more at large appear: and whereas since the mak-1717. Ineriff ing of the faid acts, it hath been found, that many beriffs have been charge money put under great difficulties and inconveniencies thereby, not only by rea- for appreson of paying down great sums of money for the rewards aforesaid, hending highbefore the publick revenue writ out to them in process could be levied waymen, or or collected by them, but also by reason that such speriff cannot have a house-breakcertificate of his surplusage from the clerk of the pipe, or the auditor ers; but may of Wales, until he hath fully finished his account, and be dismissed the on the judge's court, by which means the sheriff is kept a long time out of his money certificate of for disbursed for the rewards aforesaid: be it therefore enacted by and receipt of the authority aforesaid, That no sheriff shall be obliged to bring the party enor charge in his accounts any fum or fums of money to be paid titled to the for the rewards abovementioned, or any of them, from and af-reward, apply ter the ninth day of July one thousand seven hundred and seven- to the lord treasurer, &c. teen, but shall and may immediately apply for the same to the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, who upon inspecting a due certificate of the conviction of such offender or offenders, for which

fuch

him the fums disburled without fee.

No sheriff shall be attached, counts, &c. but by writ of a baron,

No clerk, &c. of the fees, tisfaction as the barons

No theriff in (except the re-

fuch reward shall be ordered to be paid, as aforesaid, by virtue of the faid acts, or any of them, together with the receipts or acquittances of the parties entitled to receive the same, shall who shall pay forthwith repay to such sheriff or sheriffs respectively, all such monies fo disbursed and paid, as aforesaid, without any fee or reward whatfoever; any thing in the aforefaid acts, or any of them, contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no sheriff or under-sheriff shall be attached or taken into custody by any &c. for not fi- officer of the court of Exchequer, or other person whatsoever, nishing his ac- for not being apposed upon any writ or process, for not finishing his accounts in due time, or for any contempt or neglect whatunder the Ex. soever relating to his accounts, but by writ under the seal of the chequer-seal, said court of Exchequer, or by warrant for that purpose to be or by warrant figned by the lord chief baron, or one of the barons of the coil wherein fuch of the faid court of Exchequer for the time being, to be executtheriff's name ed by the marshal of the said court, or his deputy; in which and his offence warrant the name of such sheriff or under-sheriff shall be partito be inferted. cularly inferted, and his offence particularly specified and expreffed.

VI. And for preventing delays and unnecessary attendance of concerned in theriffs in passing their accounts, be it enacted by the authority passing sherists aforesaid, That from and after the first day of Michaelmas-Term accounts, shall in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sevenfame, or pre- teen, if any officer, clerk or other person concerned in or about went his being the paffing of sheriffs accounts, shall wilfully retard or hinder apposed, &c. any sheriff in the passing of his accounts, or by his wilful negnor after pay- lect or absence, or by other undue means or ways, prevent any ment or tender lect or absence, or by other undue means or ways, prevent any theriff from being apposed or cast out of court in due time, or hall refuse, &c. after payment or tender of his or their due sees herein ascertainto make out, ed, shall refuse or neglect to inrol, make out, sign and deliver &c. his Quie-tus, on penal-his Quietus in due time, in every such case the person so offendty of fuch fa- ing shall make such recompence and satisfaction to the party aggrieved as shall be adjudged, ordered or decreed by the barons of the court of Exchequer, upon complaint thereof made and fall order in a exhibited before them, in such short and summary way and mefummary way. thod as to them shall feem meet.

VII. And whereas it frequently happens that a sheriff may disburse England, (ex- more money for the service of the crown than his whole charge amountcept for Cheeth unto, by reason whereof such sheriff must necessarily be in surplusster. &c) who
age upon his account: and whereas such surplusage cannot be obtained
plusage by a- by the usual course of the Exchequer, but by record of surplusage, which ny disburse- is very dilatory and expensive to the sheriff: be it therefore enacted ments for the by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of King's service, Michaelmas-Term aforesaid, if any sheriff of any county in Engwards appoin. land, (except the counties palatine of Chester, Durbam and Lanted by the acts cafter, and the several counties of Wales, which do not pass their fupra) shall be accounts before the clerk of the pipe) shall happen to be in surobliged to take plusage upon his account, by reason of any disbursements what-such surplustic foever by him made for the service of his Majesty, his heirs of age, but may successors (other than for the rewards of forty pounds severally

d respectively allowed and given by virtue of the several acts apply to the rein before-mentioned, to such persons as shall apprehend a lord treasurer, pper, coiner, highwayman or house-breaker) such sheriff the same on all not be obliged to take out a record of surplusage for the producing the ne, but shall and may apply to the lord high treasurer of clerk of the reat Britain, or to the commissioners of the treasury for the pipe's certifine being, for the payment of such surplusage, who are here-cate thereof. required and authorized to pay the same upon the sheriff's oducing a certificate of fuch furplulage from the clerk of the

pe, or his deputy.

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VIII. And whereas great inconveniencies have arisen by the death of Sheriff dying riffs, during the time of their sheriffalty: be it enacted by the before his ofthority aforesaid, That if any high-sheriff of any county of his under-shereland or Wales shall happen to die before the expiration or de-riff shall exermination of his year, or before he be lawfully superseded, in cute the same ch case the under-sheriff or deputy-sheriff by him appointed in the deceasall nevertheless continue in his office, and shall execute the name, till a me, and all things belonging thereunto, in the name of the new theriff be d deceased sheriff, until another sheriff be appointed for the sworn, and be d county and sworn, in manner as is herein after directed; and answerable for e faid under-sheriff or deputy-sheriff shall be answerable for the execution thereof as the e execution of the faid office in all things, and to all respects, deceased tents and purposes whatsoever, during such interval as the should have gh-sheriff so deceased would by law have been if he had been been; and the ing; and the security given to the high-sheriff so deceased by security given by the undere said under-sheriff, and his pledges, shall stand, remain, and theriff is to : a fecurity to the King, his heirs and successors, and to all continue. rsons whatsoever, for such under-sheriff's due performance of s office during fuch interval.

IX. And whereas it frequently happens that the process issuing t of the court of Exchequer, for levying debts and duties due to the nun, may be in part executed by a sheriff before he be superseded, and terwards in part by the subsequent sheriff, and no provision hath bierto been made for settling and adjusting the distribution of the es and poundage claimed and demanded by them in such cases: be therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when and When a theriff often as any sheriff shall, by process out of the court of Ex- seizes goods, lequer, seize or extend any goods, chattels or personal estate, &c. for the to the hands of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, for any and dies, or is bts or duties due to the crown, and shall die, or be supersed- superseded be-, before a writ of Venditioni Exponas be awarded to him for fore sale; and le of the same, or before such sheriff bath made actual sale the subsequent ereof, and a writ shall afterwards be awarded to a subsequent sale, &c. eriff, who by virtue thereof shall make sale or disposition of The Exchech goods, chattels and personal estate so seised or extended by quer may apch preceding sheriff, as aforesaid, in such case the barons of portion the e court of Exchequer, if then sitting, and if not sitting, the between the id barons, or any one of them, being of the degree of the coif, precedent and all order, settle and apportion the sees or poundage due for the subsequent ch seizure and sale betwixt such preceding and subsequent she-sheriff. ffs, in fuch manner and proportions as to him or them shall

feem meet; with regard to the expence and trouble each respective sheriff hath had or shall have in the execution of the said

process.

X. And whereas the office of under-sheriff, and other offices and places in the disposal of the high-sheriff, have of late years been frequently fold, and let to farm, contrary to the several statutes heretsfore made for restraining sheriffs from such practices, and contrary to the oath and duty of a sheriff, whereby many and great inconveniencies have happened to the subjects of this realm by the oppressions and exactions of under-sheriffs, bailiffs, and other officers concerned in the execution of the King's process: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the thall buy, &c. faid twenty ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, it shall not be lawful to or for any person or persons whatsoever, to buy, sell, let, or take to farm, the office of under-sheriff, deputy-sheriff, sealkeeper, county-clerk, shire-clerk, gaoler, bailist, or any other office or place pertaining to the office of high-sheriff of any county or thire in England or Wales, or to contract for, promife, or grant for money, or other reward or benefit, the faid offices or places, or any of them; nor to give, take, promile or receive any other confideration whatfoever for the faid offices, or any of them, directly or indirectly by themselves, or any person in trust for them, or for their use; and whosoever shall offend therein shall forseit the sum of five hundred pounds, a moiety whereof to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to such person or persons as shall sue for the in any court at fame, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or informa-Westminster. tion in any of the courts of record at Westminster, in which no essoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance; provided, That such suit be commenced within two years after fuch offence committed, and not otherwise.

After Sept.29, 1717, none the office of under-heriff, &c.

on forfeiture of sool one half to the King, the other to the profecutor; to be recovered

Profecution within two years.

Nothing ante high-sheriff from appoint. ing an underriff acting as ing the fees, Sec. nor difcharge fuch counting for fees, &c. nor riff from al-

XI. Provided, That nothing in this act before contained shall shall hinder a any ways hinder or prevent such high sheriff from constituting and appointing an under-sheriff or deputy-sheriff to act in his stead, as by law he may and ought to do; nor to hinder the theriff, &c. nor under-sheriff in case of the high-sheriff's death, when he acts as an under-the- high-sheriff, from constituting or appointing a deputy, which he is hereby impowered to do; nor to hinder, prevent or ahigh-theriff on bridge such theriff or under-sheriff, from demanding, taking or from appoint. receiving the just and lawful fees and perquisites of the office of ing a deputy, sheriff, or any place or employment pertaining thereunto, or for nor from tak taking security for the due answering the same; nor to discharge, hinder or prevent such under-sheriff, deputy-sheriff, seal-keeper, county-clerk, shire-clerk, gaoler, bailiff or other person, under-therist, having or executing any place or office under such therist, from &c. from ac- accounting to the high-sheriff for all such just and lawful fees and perquifites as shall by them, or any of them, be taken and hinder the fie- received in their respective offices, places or imployments, not for giving fecurity fo to do; nor to hinder or prevent the hightheriff

Theriff from allowing or fecuring fuch falary or recompence to his lowing falaries ander-sheriff, deputy-sheriff, seal-keeper, county-clerk, shire-sheriff, sec. nor clerk, gaoler, bailiff or other officer, for the execution of the said the under she under she offices, places or imployments, or any of them, as to him shall riff, &c. from feem meet; nor to hinder or prevent the under-sheriff, deputy- receiving the theriff, seal-keeper, or other officer or person aforementioned, same. from taking and receiving such salary and recompence for his

or their pains and fervices therein.

XII. And for the more effectual enforcing and obliging the respective clerks of affixes, clerks of the peace, clerks of the commissioners of fewers, clerks of the market, town-clerks, or other persons to whom it toth or may belong to make returns of estreats into the court of Exchequer, to make out and deliver their respective estreats, duplicates, ertificates and schedules in due time, so that the sheriff may not be bindered or retarded in the passing his account for want of the said Areats according to the direction, purport and intent of an act made in the two and twentieth and three and twentieth years of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better and more certain recovery of fines and forfeitures due to his Majesty, and made perpetual by an act made in the Besides the fourth and fifth years of the reign of their late majesties King William penalties in and Queen Mary; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the acts of sa over and above the penalties mentioned in the faid acts, or ei- & 23 Car. s. ther of them, it shall and may be lawful to and for the barons perpetual by of the court of Exchequer, from time to time, to amerce such 4 & 5 W. & clerk of the affize, clerk of the peace, clerk of the commissioners M. c. 24. s. 4. of sewers, clerk of the market, town clerk, or other person, to the barons may america whom it doth or may belong to make returns of eftreats into clerks of the the faid court of Exchequer, as aforesaid, for refusing, neglect- affizes, &c. ing, or omitting to perform and do his or their duty in returning for refusing, the said estreats, at the times and according to the direction, estreats into purport and intent of the said two acts, and to cause the said the Exchequer amerciaments to be levied and answered by such ways and means, and may cause and in such manner as other amerciaments set in the said court such amercemay or have been used to be done.

XIII. And for preventing of oppressions and injuries which may vied as utual, happen to his Majesty's subjects, by the abuse of steriffs, bailiffs, and No sheriff or others, imployed in levying and collecting any debts, duties or sums of other employ-money, due or hereaster to become due to his Majesty, his heirs or &cc. debts to successors, by process of the court of Exchequer: be it enacted by the the crown authority aforesaid, That no sheriff, under-sheriff, bailiff, or shall take any other person imployed in levying or collecting any of the said fee for levydebts, duties or sums of money, shall take, ask, or receive any fee, gratuity, or reward whatfoever, of the person or persons liable to pay the said debts, duties, or sums of money, or of except 4 d. onany other person, for or upon pretence of such levying or col- ly for an aclecting, except the sum of four pence only for an acquittance quittance. for fuch fum as shall be so levied or collected; which acquittance such officer is hereby required to give and deliver to the person upon or from whom such debt shall be levied, collected or received; and the bailiff or other person receiving such debt or fum of money shall, from time to time, answer and account

ments to be levied as ufual.

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ing fuch debt require an acquittance without fee. And the sheriff is to anfwer it on his accounts in the Exchequer. If a sheriff, debts collecmages to the party, and double the led. The penalty to be ordered by the Exchequer in a fummary way. And if a theriff, &c. demands or ney for executing fuch proceis; or as fees, for collecting fuch debts, levying, &c. extortion; and forfeits treble damages, &c. to the party grieved, and double the as above.

And the bai- for the same to the sheriff or his deputy, and may require an acliff,&c.receiv- quittance also from such theriff or his deputy for such sum, who are shall account hereby required to give the same without any see or reward: for the same and of and from such debts or sums of money so levied, colto the theriff, lected or received as aforefaid, the faid theriffs, and every of &c. and may them, shall effectually discharge the said debtors and persons respectively by totting and answering the same to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, upon their respective accounts in the Exchequer: and in case any sheriff, under-sheriff or deputytheriff shall nichil or not duly answer to the crown any debt or fum of money so levied, collected or received, such theriff, under-sheriff or deputy-sheriff for every such offence shall forfeit treble damages to the party aggrieved, and double the fum for nichilled or not duly answered as aforesaid; which said damages chil, &c. fuch and penalty shall be ordered, decreed and given to the person aggrieved by the court of Exchequer, upon complaint and proof ted &c.hefor- of fuch abuse as aforesaid made and exhibited before the barons seits treble da- of the said court, in such short and summary way and method, as to them thall feem meet: and in case any sheriff, undersheriff, deputy-sheriff, bailiff or other person shall presume to fum to nichil. demand, take or receive any fum or fums of money whatfoever. be the same more or less, of any person whatsoever, from whom any debt or fum of money is or shall be due and payable to the crown by process out of the court of Exchequer, for or in respect or upon pretence of executing the said process, or for or in respect or upon pretence of sees due to them, or any of them, for collecting or receiving the fame, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act; or if any of the officers or persons aforefaid shall demand, take and receive any sum or sums of money takes any mo- what loever for not levying or for bearing to levy any debts, duties or fums of money, which are or shall be due to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and written out to them, or any of them by the process aforesaid: in all and every such case every person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged, deemed and taken, and is and are hereby ad-&c. or for not judged, deemed and taken to be guilty of extortion, injustice he is guilty of and oppression; and all and every such person and persons being thereof lawfully convicted, shall forfeit for every such offence treble damages and costs to the party aggrieved, and double the fum so extorted: all which damages and penalties shall be ordered, decreed and given by the barons of the court of Exchequer upon complaint and proof of such extortion made and exhibited before them, in such short and summary way and mefum extorted, thod, as to them shall feem meet as aforesaid; provided such conviction be had and made within two years after such offence if conviction committed, and not otherwise. be within two years after such offence.

But the shefuch poundage, &c. as given by this

XIV. Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be riff may take construed to deprive any sheriff of such poundage or allowance as is allowed and given to them by virtue of this act, or of fuch poundage, allowance or reward as may hereafter be made, allowed and given to them, or any of them, by warrant or order from

from the lord high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury, act, or by warchancellor of the Exchequer or barons of the court of Exche, rant of the quer for the time being, for or in respect of any extraordinary for any extrafervice to the crown that may happen to be performed by them, ordinary feror any of them: but that the faid sheriffs shall and may enjoy vice to the the full benefit and advantage of fuch poundage, allowance and crown. reward without any impeachment or molestation whatsoever; any thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for costs, &c. whatever orders or decrees shall be made by the barons of the ordered by court of Exchequer for costs, damages and penalties in the cases this act, in a afore-mentioned, or any of them, or in any other case in this summary way act hereafter mentioned, by virtue and in pursuance of this act, same force, in such short and summary way and method as is herein before &c. as other directed and prescribed, shall have the same essect, force and orders of the virtue, to all intents and purposes, as any other order or decree Exchequer. of the same court; and the said costs, damages and penalties costs, &c. shall shall be raised, levied and obtained by such process, ways and be raised, &c. methods, as are used in the said court to enforce a compliance by such prowith any other orders or decrees of the same court.

XVI. And for ascertaining the fees for executing of writs of No sheriff, &c. Elegit, so far as the same relate to the extending of real estates, shall for exeand for ascertaining the fees for executing of writs of Habere cuting an Hab. facias Possessionem aut Seisinam; be it enacted by the authority afore- fac. possession faid, That from and after the last day of Michaelmas-term in bove 18. per the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven-pound of the teen it shall not be lawful for any sheriff, under-sheriff, deputy-yearly value theriff or their bailiffs, or for the bailiff of any franchise or ii- of any manor, berty, or any of them, by reason or colour of their office or of-whole exceeds fices, or by reason or colour of their executing of any writ or not roal, per writs of Habere facias Possessionem aut Seismam, to demand, ask annum, or receive any other or greater confideration, fee, gratuity, or and 6d. only reward, than is hereafter mentioned, (which shall be lawful to above the said be demanded and taken) that is to say, the sum of twelve pence yearly value. for every twenty shillings of the yearly value of any manor, By & Geo. 1. messuage, lands, tenements and hereditaments, whereof pos-c. 25. sect. 5. session or seisin shall be by them or any of them given, where no more is to be taken on the whole exceedeth not the yearly value of one hundred pounds, an extent and and the fum of fix pence only for every twenty shillings per an-liberate. num over and above the faid yearly value of one hundred pounds.

XVII. And whereas it often happens that small sums only are re-Poundage maining due upon judgments, statutes and recognizances given, ac-shall not be knowledged and entered into for great sums and penalties, and never-taken for exe-theless in these cases upon executing of writs of Capias ad satisfaci-Sa. upon any endum, the sheriff demands and takes for his fees poundage for the judgment, &c. whole money for which such judgments, statutes or recognizances are (of which part entered or acknowledged; which poundage often far exceeds the debts is paid) for due to the plaintiffs in fuch writs: for remedying of which griev- fum than ance and inconvenience, be it enacted by the authority afore-what remains faid, That from and after the faid last day of Michaelmas-term due to the one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, poundage shall in no plaintiff, who

cels, &c. as are

case is to mark the

fame on the back of the writ. And any shefending, is guilty of extortion, &c. and for each offence shall mages, and double the dered by the Court which iffued and also 200 l. one half to other to the any court at Westminster, commenced within two years.

case be demanded or taken upon executing of any writ of Capias ad fatisfaciendum, or upon charging any person in execution by virtue of fuch writ, for any greater fum than the real debt bond riff, &cc. fo of- fide due and claimed by the plaintiff amounteth unto; which fum the plaintiff shall be and is hereby obliged to mark and specify on the back of such writ, before the same be delivered to the sheriff to be executed; and in case any sheriff, under-sheriff, deputy-sheriff, bailiff or other person shall offend against the true meaning forfeit to the hereof, by taking any greater fees, gratuity or reward, than is party grieved herein before allowed, every such person so offending as aforefaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged, deemed and taken, and is and are hereby adjudged, deemed fum so extort- and taken to be guilty of extortion, injustice and oppression; and ed; to be or- all and every such person and persons being thereof lawfully convicted as aforefaid, shall for every such offence forfeit to the party aggrieved treble damages, and double the fum so extorted; the writ, in a, which said damages and penalties shall be ordered, decreed and summary way, given to the said aggrieved party by the court out of which such writ or writs issued, upon complaint and proof of such extortion the King, the made and exhibited before the judges of such court, in such short and summary way and method, as to them shall seem profecutor, in meet; and over and above the said damages and penalties, every fuch person so offending and convicted as aforesaid shall forfeit if such suit be the sum of two hundred pounds; one moiety whereof shall be to the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to such person or persons as shall sue for the fame; to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of the courts of record at Westminster, in which no effoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance; provided fuch fuit be commenced within two years after such offence committed, and not otherwise; and provided likewise, That no person be sued or prosecuted by virtue of this act for any offence of this kind committed before the faid last day of Michaelmas-term one thousand feven hundred and seventeen.

XVIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That instead of the oath usually administred to sheriffs at the entring upon their offices, the following oath shall be taken by them and each of them respectively, excepting the sheriffs of the several counties in Wales, and of the county palatine of Chefter;

(videlicet)

The high she-

A. B. do swear, That I will well and truly serve the King's riff snew oath. I majefly in the office of sheriff of the county of and promote his Majesty's profit in all things that belong to my office, as far as I legally can or may; I will truly preserve the King's rights, and all that belongeth to the crown; I will not affent to decrease, leffen or conceal the King's rights, or the rights of his franchifes; and when soever I shall have knowledge that the rights of the crown are concealed or withdrawn, be it in lands, rents, franchises, suits or services, or in any other matter or thing, I will do my utmest to make

them be restored to the crown again; and if I may not do it myself, I will certify and inform the King thereof, or some of his judges; I will not respite or delay to levy the King's debts for any gift, promife, reward or favour, where I may raise the same without great grievance to the debtors; I will do right, as well to poor as to rich, in all things belonging to my office; I will do no wrong to any man for any gift, reward or promise, nor for favour or hatred; I will disturb no man's right, and will truly and faithfully acquit at the Exchequer all those of whom I shall receive any debts or duties belonging to the crown; I will take nothing whereby the King may lose, or whereby bis right may be disturbed, injured or delayed; I will truly return and truly serve all the King's writs according to the best of my skill and knowledge; I will take no bailiffs into my service, but such as I will answer for, and will cause each of them to take such oaths as I do, in what belongeth to their business and occupation; I will truly set and return reasonable and due issues of them that be within my bailiwick, according to their estate and circumstances, and make due panels of persons able and sufficient, and not suspected or procured, as is appointed by the statutes of this realm; I have not sold or let to farm, nor contracted for, nor have I granted or promised for reward or benefit, nor will I fell or let to farm, nor contract for, or grant for reward or benefit, by myself or any other person for me, or for my use, directly or indirectly, my sheriffwick or any bailiwick thereof, or any office belonging thereunto, or the profits of the same, to any person or persons what soever; I will truly and diligently execute the good laws and flatutes of this realm; and in all things well and truly behave myself in my office, for the bonour of the King and the good of his subjects, and discharge the same according to the best of my skill and power.

So help me God.

XIX. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the following oath shall be taken by all under-sherisfs of any county or counties of South-Britain, except the several counties of Wales, and county palatine of Chester, before they enter upon the execution of their offices respectively; (videlicet)

T A. B. do fivear, That I will well and truly ferve the King's The under-L majesty in the office of under-sheriff of the county of and promote bis Majesty's profit in all things that belong to the faid oath. effice, as far as I legally can or may; I will preferve the King's rights, and all that belongeth to the crown; I will not affent to decrease, lessen or conceal the King's rights, or the rights of his franchises; and whensever I shall have knowledge that the rights of the crown are concealed or withdrawn, be it in lands, rents, franchises, suits or fervices, or in any other matter or thing, I will do my utmost to make them be restored to the crown again, and if I may not do it of myself, I will certify and inform some of his Majesty's judges thereof; I will not respite or delay to levy the King's debts for any gift, promise, reward or favour, where I may raise the same without great grievence to the debtors; I will do right as well to poor as to rich, in all

heriff's new

things belonging to my office; I will do no wrong to any man for any gift, reward or promise, nor for favour or batred; I will disturb no man's right, and will truly and faithfully acquit at the Exchequer all those of whom I shall receive any debt, duties or sums of money belonging to the crown; I will take nothing whereby the King may lose, or whereby his right may be disturbed, injured or delayed; I will truly return, and truly serve all the King's writs to the best of my skill and knowledge; I will truly set and return reasonable and due iffues of them that be within my bailiwick, according to their estates and circumstances; and make due panels of persons able and fufficient, and not suspected, or procured, as is appointed by the flatutes of this realm; I have not bought, purchased, or taken to sarm, or contracted for, nor have I promised, or given any consideration, nor will I buy, purchase or take to farm, or contract for, promise or give any consideration what soever, by myself, or any other person for me or for my use, directly or indirectly, to any person or persons what sower, for the office of under-sheriff of the county of

, which I am now to enter upon and enjoy, nor fa the profits of the same, nor for any bailiwick thereof, or any other place or office belonging thereunto; I have not fold nor contracted for, or let to farm, nor have I granted or promised, for reward or benefit, by myself, or any other person for me or for my use, directly or indirectly, any bailtwick thereof, or any other place or office belonging thereunto; I will truly and diligently execute the good laws and flatutes of this realm; and in all things well and truly behave myfelf in my said office for his Majesty's advantage, and for the good of his fubjects, and discharge my vohole duty according to the best of my

skill and power.

So help me God.

placet

How and by oaths to be administred.

Which faid oath is hereby ordered and enacted to be admiwhom the faid hiftred and given by fuch commissioners as shall be hamed and authorized to administer the foregoing bath to the high sheriff in the country, when and to often as a commission or Dedimes thall be fued forth of the proper court for that puppole, or by the barons of the faid court, or one of them, when the faid theriffs defire to be fworn in town.

Sheriffs of: Wales and Cheshire to take the old oath with an omiffion.

XX. Provided that the sheriffs of Wales, and the county his latine of Chester, shall not be obliged to take the aforesaid onths. or either of them, but shall still take the usual and accustomed oaths as they have formerly done (except the words following, videlicet, Ye shall be dwelling in your own proper person within your bailiwick, for the time ye shall continue in the same office, except ye be otherwise licensed by the King) which words shall hereaster be left out of the faid oaths.

XXI. Provided that this act, or any thing therein contained. This act not to extend to the shall not extend to the theriffs of London and Middlefire, the riffs of Lon-county palatine of Durham, the county of Westmerland, or to the don, &c. as to sheriffs of any city or town being a county of itself, or to any of of the offices of them, as to their placing in or dispoling of any of the offices,

places or employments of their under-theriffs, county-clerks, under-theriffs hailiffs, or other officers, or their continuance therein. bailiss, or other officers, or their continuance therein.

XXII. And whereas by an all made in the four and five and 34 & 35 H. & thirtieth years of King Henry the Eighth, intutaled, An act for cer- c. 26. tain ordinances in the King's majesty's dominions and principality of Wales, it is (amongst other things) enacted, That there shall be sheriffs in every of the twelve shires of Wales, yearly ap-pointed by the King's majesty; and that the said sheriffs shall yearby account before such the King's auditor or auditors as shall be assigned and appointed by the King's majesty for his dominion of Wales: be it therefore enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, sheriffs in That the said sheriffs of Wales shall not be compelled to ap- Wales to acpear to be apposed in his Majesty's court of Exchequer, but count, as by shall account before his Majesty's said auditor or the auditors the said act, before the auof the principality of Wales, and not elsewhere; any law, sta-ditors of tute, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding: and Wales, and that the Quietus of the said theriffs, under the auditor's hand, have their quietre or his deputy, shall be a sufficient discharge for the said theriffs them. in that behalf.

XXIII. And whereas by the act made in the thirteenth and four- 13 & 14 Car. 2. teenth years of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An C. 21. act for preventing the unnecessary charge of sheriffs, and for ease in passing their accompts, it was (amongst other things) prowided, That the sheriffs of the county of Chelter, Lancaster and Durham, being counties palatine, as to their manuer of accounting, Should account before the respective auditors of the said counties only and and ellewhere: be it enacted and declared by the authority afore- Sheriffs of said, That the respective auditors of the said counties, or their Cheshire. &c. deputies, by virtue of their respective offices, shall and may to account, as by the said act, take, state and allow the accounts of the sheriffs of the said re- before the auspective counties, and appose the said theriffs respectively touch- ditors of those ing the execution of the process to them respectively directed, counties; called the King's process, and that the faid respective sheriffs, upon such their accounts touching the premisses, shall and may have, fue forth, and obtain their respective Quietus est and distand fue out their quietus, charge from the said respective auditors or their deputies, ac- &c. from those cording to their ancient course and usage of the sheriffs of the auditors. faid counties palatine only.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, sheriffs of the That the sheriffs of the city and county of the city of Cheffer, city of Cheffer and their fueceffors, shall and may account, as formerly, before to account as formerly before the mayor of the same city, and his fueceffors (for the time before the maying) for and touching all such matters and things as have been or of that city, heretofore granted from the crown to the same city in and by for all things their several and respective charters.

XXV. And as for and concerning all other matters and their charters.

But for other things whatloever, not mentioned to be granted in or by the matters before charters of or to the same city, and for which the sheriffs of the the auditors of same city are or ought to be accountable to his Majesty, his the county, as heirs and successors; it is hereby further declared and enacted the sheriss of the authority aforesaid, That the sheriss of the said city of are above ap-F f 4

ranted by Chester, pointed to do. Chefter, and their fuccessors, shall at all times hereafter account for and concerning the same, before, and be apposed by, and obtain their *Quietus est* and discharge from the auditor of the county of *Chefter*, or his deputy, in like manner as the sheriffs of the said county of *Chefter* are by this act appointed to do, and not elsowhere, or in any other manner whatsoever.

The SCHEDULE or LIST in the act mentioned, viz.

A SCHEDULE of FEES to be paid for passing the patents of the several sheriffs of England and Wales.

The charge taken and received in the court of chancery on account of fuing out of the patents of the several sheriffs of England and Wales, that are sued out there, for each the particulars are as followeth.

·	Z.	s.	Z.
THE King's duty for stamps	0	12	6
To the ferjeant trumpeter	3	0	0
To the master of the rolls	Ò	8	8
Signing the docquet	0	4	0
Hanaper fee ———	0	15	Q
The fix clerks fee on the patent, writ of affiffance, writ of discharge, and dedimus potestatem	=	7	•
For ingroffing the patent, writ of affiftance, writ of dif- charge, dedimus potestatem, the three oaths, the docquet parchment, and attending the sealing the patent	ij.	14	4
The recognizance and duty in a Welsh patent, more	•	3	Ģ

A SCHEDULE of FEES to be paid by the fheriffs of England and Wales for passing their accounts.

FEES to be paid to the clerk of the pipe at the apposal of feriffs,

•		•	L,	s.	d.
CAnt'		•	1	13	4
Cumbr'	,			13	4
Ebor'			.5	Ď	ö
Hunt'			ī	6	
Lond' and Mid'fex			3	.0	ò
Lincoln			3	11	Ā
Monmouth			1	11	I
Northumbr'	***************************************	-	1	13	7
Rutland	***	•	1	6	¥
Westmor		-	1	6	8
The rest of the coun	ties of England, each	-	3	0	0

FEES to be paid to the clerk of the pipe at casting out of court, and for the quietus, and chanceller's allowance.

ana jor the qu	ictus, and chanceller's	augwance.
	• .	l. s. d.
Ant' Hunt'	•	4 3 4
Cumb' -		 \$ 16 8
Ebor'		10 3 4
Kent'		4 3 4
Lond' Mid'sex		5 6 8
Monmouth	_	2 16 8
Northumbr'		2 16 8
Rutland -		1 16 8
Westmor' -		2 5 4
The rest of the counties	of England, each	3 3 4
CASUAL FEES to justices wages	the clerk of the pipe in the counties followin	g, viz.
	•	l. s. d.
H'Bor'	· ·	1 0 0
Lond' Mid'sex		0 13 4
Lincoln -		0 10 0
The reft of the counties ance be made		, , , , , ,
For fetting of a feizure of court, when it happ	or debt by petition or ju	idgment 0 1 0
For allowance of a recor pounds	rd of furplufage for the	first five
For every other five pour	ıds · ~ ~ ~	0 3 4
FEES to be paid to the accounting towns for th	clerk of the pipe for t eir whole account, and	he several cities and quietus thereupon.
Otala nila u		i se fra 🍇 🐴
Civit' Briftol'		•
Civit' Ebor'		of each "I 10 .
Vil' Novi Caftri		
'Civit' Cantnar'		•
Civit' Coventry		
'Civit' Exon'		
Civit' Litch?	•	211.00
Civit' Lincoln		
Civit' Norwic'	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	of each and o
Vil' Kingston super Hull		0 7 7 7
Vil' Not		
Vil' Pool		
Vil' South'ton		197. tett - 🤏
- Anhan sais -		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
• • •		

Bbor'

PEES to be paid to the focundarius, and others the favorn clarks in the faid office, at the appelals of sheriffs at their soming into their account, and writing their annual books, together with the vicentels of the foot or charge of their whole account.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ž. s. d.
BEdf' Berks 1	•••	0 6 0
Bucks }		
Çant'. Hunt'		4 13 4
Coraub		
Çumbr' Derb'		3 15 4
Devon'?		5 0 0
Dorfer Seach		8 0 0
-Effex	-	
Kbor'	-	17 0 0
Glouc' Seach		600
Wacrier P		
Hert'		5 6 8 6 12 4
Lincoln		• ,
Leic'		4 13 4
Lond' Mid'sex, two	fugar-loaves and	4 0 0
Monmouth	-	3 0 0
Norf'		8 rg. 4
North'ton	-	4 10 10
Northumb	-	4 13 4
Note'	-profitting-	5 10 0
Rutl'		
Buir)		
Suffex Seach		5 is 4
Salop Linch		
Suff', Summary		600
South'ton	-	7:33-4
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Cant' Hunt'		4 13 4
Cornub'	************	5 13 4
Cumbr'		4 13 4
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Devon		8 6 8
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it Briftol'	<u>-</u> _		. s.	d.
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Exon'		-	I 10	0
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Wigorn'		-	2 0	0
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lott'.			- ·,	. 0
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outh'ton			I 10 · 2 0	
warm mit	 .	-	2 0	J
ancaster do	The sheriffs of the counties por not account before the clerk ective auditor of those coun	c of the pipe,	but bir boo)e-

norandum, The sheriffs of the counties palatine of Chester and ancaster do not account before the clerk of the pipe, but before the respective auditor of those counties; but their books being writ every year, and certificates made (of what they take a charge) to the auditor, the following sees are to be taken by he clerk of the pipe, and the sworn clerk for those counties, wiz.)

FEES to be paid to the first secondary.	•		
FOR allowing the sheriffs tallies of profer in each county In each city and town	/. 0 0	6 3	8
Making up the sheriff's sum, containing his whole charge in York	0	•	4
Lond' Midd'fex For the reft of the counties, each	0	13	4 8
Allowing a talley de remanente compi' or any other talley de fol' in his account, when such happen	0	I	٥
For charging a post-scrow, which rarely happens	0	3	+
	l.	s.	4
FOR drawing down a debt received by diffring, or levied by writ of fieri facias, from either of the remembrancer's office upon the scrow-back	0	3	4
If an extraordinary length	0	6	•
To the portubag.	I.	f.	1.
FOR ingroffing the scrow of green wax of the sheriff of the county of York Lond' Midd'sex	I	٥	0
The rest of the counties of England, each	1	0 10	0
For the accounting towns and cities, each —	0	3	4
Cafual and accidental fees to the foorn clerks in their resp.	eAi 1	w í	ef- L
FOR a conflat of a seizure or debt, in order to be ruled }	••	4	4
For fettling of a feizure or debt upon a sheriff's account, by petition or judgment of court, when it	0	3	4
happens Filing the certificates of felons goods, and charging the debts therein contained, each		6	8
For the allowance of justices wages.	•		,
YOrk	L 2	٠, 0	0
Lincoln The rest of the counties of England, each	1	15	0
For sheriffs allowances.	,		,
EBor' ====================================	<i>l</i> .	s. 13 6	4
The rest of the counties, each Record of surplusage for the first sive pounds	3	6	8
For every other five pounds	0	3	4
•	-		To

To the writing clerk for the business of the	wbole year	•	_
Ant' Hunt'		. s.	d. 0
Cornub'		50	-
Devon'		6 6	Q
			_
Ebor'	1		
Kant'		7 O	•
Lincoln			0
Lond' Midd'sex		6 0	0
Monmouth		3 0	0
Rutland		1 0	Q
Somers'		7 13	4
Suffex	-	3 10	0
Westmorl' -	**********	2 0	0
The rest of the counties, each	_	5 0	0
Civit' Briftol ——		1 0	0
Civit' Ebor'		1 0	Q
Civit' Norwic'	-	1 0	Ö
Kingston super Hull	-	0 18	4
Novum Castrum	-	1 0	ė
Vil' Pool	-	0 6	- 8
The rest of the cities, each		0 13	4
Com' Pal' Cestr'	_	0 6	· 🛣
Com' Pal' Lanc'		0 13	4
Jour I M. Zimie		5	Ŧ
To be paid to the bagman of the office at the app	osal of the	[berif]	5.
			•
Of England, in each county, two shillings and fa		. s.	4.
Of England, in each county, two millings and m	x pence, C	ه ٔ د	0
and the casting out	_		_
And for each city and accounting town	-	0 2	6
	' -		
FEES to be paid to the controller	of the pipe.		
•		. s.	1.
TOR appofal of Lond' Midd'fex, and York,		2 0	-
For apposal of Surry, Sussex, Rutland an	d Weff.		•
moreland, each	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	0 15	•
For apposal of every other county		•	6
For casting out of Lond' Midd'sex, and York,	b	1 7	•
For eaching out of Lond Wildlier, and fork,	cacn	2 0	0
For casting out of Surry, Sussex and Rutland, ea	<u> </u>	0 15	0
For caking out of every other county	J Varla	1 10	0
For return of summons for London, Middlesex, ar	id i OLK'	0 6	. 0
each	. 3	. ,	_
For return of every other fummons	-	0 2	6
For petitions, which feldom happen	~	0 2	6

The FEES to be taken by the three chirks of the controller of the pipe in passing sheriffs accounts.

				Ap	pof	ds.	Caft	ing (outy
	•			l.	s.	2.	1.	. 5.	4.
BEdf' }	each			1	2	6	1	9	0
North'tan .			• • •						
×	each		-	I	5	٥	1	5	σ
Lond', Midd'	(ex			I	5	o	3	5	Ò
Cambr)							Ĭ		
Heref'	•						ļ		
Leic'									
	each	-	-	1	12	6	1	10	0
Nott'				_		_			
Staff'									
War							l		
Suffex -		-		1	15	0	1	15	0
Ďerb' 1	l. •				-		i	-	8
Oxon'	each			I	19	2	1	10	a
Cant' Hunt'		•					ŀ		
Glouc'							۱ .	_	a
Kant	each	-		2	2	6		0	•
Effex	1						1		
Bucks							1		
Monmouth	•]		
Berks	each			2	_	2	١	6	٥
Suffolk	Peach			~	9	_	-	U	•
South'ton	•						•		
Worcester							ł		
Wilts	1						ł		
Salop	l								
Northumbr'	∂ éach	-		2	9	2	2	6	8
Lincoln	}	•					1		
Cornwall	•						i		
Devon'	L			_	_	_	1 _	Z	8
Dorfet	>each	-		. 3	9	2	3	6	•
Someriet	3			•			1		
Ebor -		-	-	4	16	-	4	16	8
Westmor				0	17	6	0	17	6

For seturn of every fummons, seven shillings and fix pence; except Lond' Mid'sex, sisteen shillings; York one pound and sive shillings; and Cornwall, Davon, Dorset, Lincoln, Somerset, Susfolk, South'ton, Wilts and Salop, each seventeen shillings and fix pence. For the petition of allowance, three shillings and fix pence; except in London, Middlesex, and York, threen shillings and four pence; and in Cornwall, Devon and Somerset, six shillings and eight pence each; for every other petition, one shilling; and for the justices wages in London and Middlesex, ten shillings.

FEES

FEES to be paid by sheriffs in the King's remembrant upon giving security when he enters into his office	٤.	offi	ice.
	1.	s.	d.
THE flamp duty of the recognizance The caption fee before the baron	0	10	•
1 The caption fee before the baron	0	8	8
The King's remembrancer's tee for the fame, for the	- 0	13	4
counties of York and Norfelk, for each of them) -	٠,	•
To him for every other county of England, except Lan-	! _		
caster and Durham, and the several counties of Wales,	• •	10	•
which give no fecurity in the Exchequer	!		
To the attorney for making the recognizance, attending	1		
the baron, entering and involling the recognizance,	0	18	•
making the fiat, and duty for the fame, and filing the	l		
warrant of attorney Upon the appoial of every theriff upon the process re-	'		
	0	5	•
To the attorney that receives and files the writs, and at-)	-	
tends the appoials of the theriffs	0	4	4
The like upon the process returnable in Michaelmas term	, o	9	4
For making the certificate when the sheriff enters upon)	7	T
his account of what feizures are by him made upon	. 0	4.	4
the process returned in that office, during his year	`	T	•
the proton retained in that office, and pour	,		
Treasurer's remembrancer's office in the court of Exc	hequ	et.	
FEES taken of sheriffs in the said office on passing their the remembrancer.	acco	unts	3
	l.	×	d.
UPON a baron's warrant for respiting a sheriff's apposals, or for a day over to sinish his accounts	١ ۾	; 	_
oposals, or for a day over to finish his accounts	°	Ŧ	•
Upon the view of a sheriff's accounts in Easter and Mi-		6	8
Chaelmas term	}		
Upon the commission to swear a sheriff in the country to	0	6	8
Upon examining and ruling a sheriff's petition of allow-	ľ		
ance for the two days granted ex gratia curia for	l		
finishing his account, and for filing his affidavit of	> °	12	0
felons goods.			
Upon examining and ruling any other petition in a she-	í		
riff's account, when any such happens	} —	3	4
Upon a record of surplusage, for the first sive pounds	′—	6	8
For every other five pounds ——	-	3	4
For filing any Conflat warrant, or other Exhibit		ì	-
By the fivern Clerks.	,		,
TOR making the view of a sheriff's account in Easter	, <i>i</i> .	s.	a.
and Michaelmas term, five shillings each term, viz.	} —	IO	
For giving a sheriff notice termly, during his year of	?		
office, of any information or plaint against him, ac-	l		
cording to the statute in that case made and provided,	ł		
and for attending his apposals before the barons, and in	> 2	-	→
Easter and Michaelmas terms, twenty shillings each	l		
term, viz.	ł		
The state of the s	•		T
		•	Far

When any plea, composition, order, or the like, happens during a sherist's account, through his defaults or contempts, he pays the same sees that are paid by other suitors.

being usually six, during his year, viz.

1716.]	Anno tertio Georgii I. c. 15.	445
There have b	been some small fees time out of mind paid to the under- clerks, viz.	
A' On retu	ting a warrant or affidavit rn of process twice a year, five shillings, viz. 10 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	
	As likewise to the Portubag, viz.	
A sheriff pay	s him at each of his apposals two shillings, viz. — 4 —— age of all his business, during the time he is 2	
A particular remembras chequer.	of such fees as are to be paid by sherisfs in the office of neer of the first-fruits and tenths in his Majesty's Ex-	
first-fruits,	nding the sheriff's apposals at Westminster eir returning of writs issued for arrears of and for siling the same in Easter term, each Michaelmas term	·
· clerk, of a upon the f	be received by the foreign appofer, his deputy or chief all sheriffs of counties, cities and towns, at their apposal summons of the green wax, and for making out the justices on craved by the sheriff.	
Counties.	Appolal. Justices	•
REdford Betks	1. s. d. l. s. d. 1.	

Counties. Appoial.		ices.
	Wag	es.
1. 1. 4. 1	l. s.	d.
DEdford 3 5 o	1 1:	
Bedford 3 5 0	1 1:	
Bucks 3 5 0	1 1:	
Bucks Cambr' Hunt' Cornwall Grant Gr	I 1:	
	1 1:	
Cumberland	1 1:	
	1 1:	
Devon 7 5 0	I I	
Dorfet 4 5 0 Effex 6 5 0	1 1:	
Effex 6 5 0	1 1:	
Gloucester 4 5 0	1 1:	
Hereford 3 5 0 Hertford 3 18 4 Kent 6 5 0	1 1:	
	I 1:	
	1 1	
Leic' 3 5 0 Lincoln 6 5 0	1 1	
Lincoln 650	1 1	26
Lond' and Mid'fex 7 10 0	5 1	
Monmouth 3 5 0 Norfolk 6 5 0	1 1	2 6
Norfolk — 6 5 0	3	5.0
North'ton 5 5 0	1 1	-
Nottingham 3 18 4	1 1	
Northumberland 1 15 0	1 1,	
Vol. XIII. Gg	Ox	ford

0 0 Of the city of Exon 0 10 0 Of every other city and town, each

To the fworn clerk for writing out the fummons twice every yes, and attending the apposals.

1 516.]	Anno tertio Georgii I. C. 15.	447
5 0.4	l. s.	
Of the county	of Kutland ——— o 9	2
Of Ebor' Of Surrey	1 10	•
Of Westmorela	and 0.16	8
	es of Heref', Hertf', Oxon, Suff' and	÷
South'ton, e		•
Of every other	country 1 U	8
Of the cities of	Bristol, Litchfield, and town of Pool, each o 5	
Of the city of	city and town, each 0 8	_
The fee due to	o the chancellor of the Exchequer, his 7	4
	lalada farra farra a farritta eff	•
to be		
FFRS to be	taken by the curfitor-baren, and his clerk, of the	5 .a
I L B O W OF	veral speriffs of England.	5-
	l. s.	d.
O the bar	ron for swearing to their account, and } o 16	Q
figning t	heir warrant ———— 5	
To his clerk	et their apposals	0
To his clerk	at their apposals 1 0	
	at their casting out of court 1 o	0
To his clerk	- o 7	6
York, pay	ondon and Middlefex, and theriffs of the county y double fees, and the theriffs of Suffex, Surre and Westmoreland, pay half fees.	of Ys
of his Maje	in and cafual to be paid by the sheriss to the marshessiy's court of Exchequer, granted to them by pate	als nt
under the gr	eat seal without salary.	
•	Easter Term.	•
A LL sheriff	s of the counties of England come then	•
to be appe	ofed on their writs and process before the	10
barons, and	pay the ind marmais (except Ruttand	
and Yorkshir	half that fee win	T T
Yorkshire doub	ole I II	8
	,	
	Michaelmas Term.	_
The lame therr	iffs are apposed again on the same writs and process and to pay their sees as above.	. وقا
	Easter Term.	•
	cities and towns, and deputies of the cinque por m to pay severally upon their apposals then as follow	
, v.m.	<i>l. r.</i>	d.
T Incoln. Car	interbury, Pool, Gloucester, Wigorn, Not-)	
Lingham,	Coventry, South'ton, Litchfield, and de-	8

`1716.] A	anno tertio Georgii I. c.	. 15.
If the marshal rie	des into the country, fix pence packwards, towards his charge	per mile forwards, s, from the sheriff
of court or warra	ath further time given him by nt to pass his accounts, or to l	order 6 8
posed, to pay		—)
The FEES to be	taken by the four usbers of bis Exchequer.	
F every high sh	eriff when he enters on recognizer	zance) . s. d.
Of every sheriff of	a county sworn to answer upon	n his }
remembrancer and faid apposals	ne King's remembrancer, treast	the
appofals	city, &c. on each of the faid	(
court or elfewhere process before the	a county fworn to his account, and on his apposal on the p curfitor-baron	oipe- 6 18 6
Of every sheriff of a Of every sheriff of a or finishing his acc	a city, &c. on the like apposa a county at his casting out of count	ourt 0 4 6
	nd Yorkshire to pay double.	
FEES to be taken	by the court-keeper of his A Exchequer.	Sajesty's court of
F every high she	riff when he enters on recognize	l. s. d.
in the Excheque	er er	1::3
two apposals on the remembrancer and	county-town to answer upon King's remembrancer, treasus first-fruits process, for each of	rer's (
appofals	city, &c. on each of the faid	(° 1.4
court or elsewhere,	and on his apposal upon the pi	ipe-{ o 3 o
process before the co	city, &c. on the like apposal	
mone of green war	ounty upon his apposal on the so before the foreign apposer	and o z o
clerk of the estreats If apposed out of ter		0 2 6
Of every sheriff of a c	ity, &c. on the like apposal -	0 I 0
court, or finishing l	county, &c. on his casting out	o 2 q
Zandan Middlefer an		-

London, Middlesex and York are to pay double,

FEES to be received by the messenger of the said court, viz.
OF every sheriff of a county sworn to answer upon his two apposals on the King's remembrancer, treasurer's remembrancer and first-fruits process, for each of the said apposals Of every sheriff of a city for each of the said two ap-
pofals \$ 5 5 7
London Middlesex and York to pay double,
FEES to be received by the tipstaff in the said court.
OF every high sheriff when he enters on recognizance in the Exchequer
Of every sheriff of a county sworn to answer upon his two apposals upon the King's remembrancer, treasurer's remembrancer and sirst-fruits process, for each of the said apposals
Of every sheriff of a city, &c. sworn to answer the like apposals Of every sheriff of a county sworn to his account in court
or ellewhere, and on his appoint on the pipe-process o 3 of before the curfitor-baron
Of every sherist of a city, &c. on his apposal on the pipe-process before the cursitor-baron Of every sherist of a county at his casting out of court,
and finishing his account 2 0
London Middlesex and York to pay double.
FEES and allowances to be paid to the auditors of the Rechogues, for making up and passing the under-mentioned sheriffs accounts, viz.
012.
TOR involling a theriff's patent, filing the feveral cer-
FOR inrolling a sherist's patent, filing the several certificates, drawing and ingrossing the account, and for the Quietus of the sherists of Cheshire and Lancashire, the sees for each county to be
FOR inrolling a sherist's patent, filing the several certificates, drawing and ingrossing the account, and for the Quietus of the sherists of Cheshire and Lancashire, the sees for each county to be For the county palatine of Durham, according to ancient custom
FOR inrolling a sherist's patent, filing the several certificates, drawing and ingrossing the account, and for the Quietus of the sherists of Cheshire and Lancashire, the sees for each county to be For the county palatine of Durham, according to ancient custom For casting out of sherists in open court, except London and Middlesex, York, and Lincoln, each county
For casting out of sheriffs in open court, except London and Middleser, York, and Lincoln, each county For London Middleser, York, and Lincoln, each county L. J. L. J.
FOR involling a sherist's patent, filing the several certificates, drawing and ingrossing the account, and for the Quietus of the sherists of Cheshire and Lancashire, the sees for each county to be For the county palatine of Durham, according to ancient custom For casting out of sherists in open court, except London and Middlesex, York, and Lincoln, each county For London Middlesex, York, and Lincoln, each county For London Middlesex, York, and Lincoln, each county FEES to be paid by the sherists of Wales to the auditor of Wales

The FEES due to the receiver of North and South Wales.

ROM every sherist upon passing his accounts at the audit for the figning his accounts and entring in } the revenue-book

For the sheriffs of Cheshire.

FOR involling the sheriff's patent, filing the several certificates, drawing and ingroffing the account, and \ 20 0 for the Quietus est

CAP. XVI.

An all for the better enabling sheriffs to sue out their patents and pass their accounts.

THEREAS it is not reasonable that the sberisss of this kingdom, who are obliged to take upon them that troublesome and expensive office for the service of their country, should pay those large fees that are demanded of them, and of right belong to the officers and clerks of the chancery, Exchequer and pipe, for passing their patents and accounts and obtaining their Quietus's: and whereas it would be unreasonable to take their due fees from the officers and clerks, or to expect that they should do the duty of their respective offices without a reasonable reward for their labour: and whereas the whole expence of passing the patents and the accounts of the several sheriffs berein after mentioned amounts to four thousand pounds: therefore, to the end that the sheriffs may be eased and justice done to the Taid officers and clerks, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majefty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and of the commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from After Sept.29. and after the twenty ninth day of September in the year of our 1717 the year-Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, the yearly sum ly sum of of four thousand pounds shall be set apart at the receipt of the set apart in the Exchequer, out of such fund as by any aft of this festion of Exchequer, out of fuch fund as by any act of this fellion of par- Exchequer. liament shall be charged with the said yearly sum, and in such manner as shall be thereby appointed, for the uses and purposes hereafter mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Out of the there shall be yearly and every year paid out of the monies monies so set which shall, from time to time, be so set apart, upon the first apart the sums day of Michelmas-Term, to the several sheriffs for the time being day of Michelmas-Term, to the several sheriffs for the time being, pressed shall of the several counties herein after mentioned, the several and be paid to the respective sums herein after expressed, to enable them respectively several sheriffs, to bear the expences of the respective letters patents for their for the exoffices, and to pass their respective accounts, and to obtain their patents, &c. respective Quietus's: the said yearly sums to be received without any account or imprest whatsoever to be set upon them, or any

G g 4

of them, and without paying any fees or charges for the same, or any part thereof: that is to say,

To the respective sheriffs which shall be appointed for the county of *Bedford*, ninety three pounds and fix shillings. For the county of *Berks*, ninety six pounds.

For the county of Bucks, ninety fix pounds.

For the counties of Cambridge and Huntington, ninety five pounds and ten shillings.

For the county of *Chefbire*, fixty two pounds and ten shillings. For the county of *Cornwall*, one hundred and two pounds and fixteen shillings.

For the county of *Cumberland*, ninety pounds and two shillings. For the county of *Derby*, ninety three pounds and nineteen

shillings.

For the county of *Deven*, one hundred and fix pounds nine shillings.

For the county of *Dorfet*, one hundred and one pounds fix shillings.

For the county of Effex, one hundred and eight pounds ten shillings.

For the county of Gloucester, ninety eight pounds and ten shillings.

For the county of *Hereford*, ninety four pounds and fix shillings.

For the county of Hertford, ninety three pounds.

For the county of *Kent*, one hundred and eight pounds ten fhillings.

For the county of Lancaster, fixty seven pounds and seven shillings.

For the county of *Leicester*, ninety four pounds and fix shillings. For the county of *Lincoln*, one hundred and one pounds three shillings.

For the county of *Middlefex*, one hundred and nineteen pounds three shillings.

For the county of *Monmouth*, eighty nine pounds and three shillings.

For the county of Narfolk, one hundred and one pounds fifteen shillings.

For the county of Northampton, ninety fix pounds.

For the county of Northumberland, ninety one pounds.

For the county of Nottingham, ninety five pounds and thirteen shillings.

For the county of Oxon, ninety feven pounds and feven shillings.

For the county of Rutland, fixty nine pounds and eleven shillings.

For the county of Salep, ninety eight pounds and three shillings.

For the county of Somerset, one hundred and twelve pounds and nineteen shillings.

For

For the county of Southampton, one hundred and one pounds three shillings.

For the county of Stafford, ninety five pounds and ten shillings. For the county of Suffolk, one hundred and two pounds twelve thillings.

For the county of Surrey, ninety pounds and two shillings. For the county of Suffex, ninety pounds and five shillings.

For the county of Warwick, ninety three pounds and ten shillings.

For the county of Wilts, one hundred and four pounds ten shillings.

For the county of Worcester, ninety eight pounds and three shillings.

For the county of York, one hundred and fifty pounds. For the county of Anglesey, thirty pounds.

For the county of Brecon, thirty pounds.

For the county of Cardigan, thirty pounds.

For the county of Carmarthen, thirty pounds.

For the county of Carnarvon, thirty pounds.

For the county of Denbigb, thirty pounds. For the county of Flint, thirty pounds.

For the county of Glamorgan, thirty pounds.

For the county of Merioneth, thirty pounds. For the county of Montgomery, thirty pounds.

For the county of Pembroke, thirty pounds.

For the county of Radner, thirty pounds.

And to the theriff of Westmoreland for the time being, forty pounds fix shillings.

CAP. XVII.

An ast to enable his Majesty to appoint commissioners to take, examine. flate and determine the debts due to the army. EXP.

CAP. XVIII.

An act for explaining an act passed the last session of parliament, intituled, An act to oblige papilts to register their names and real estates; and for enlarging the time of such registring; and for securing purchases made by protestants.

XI HEREAS by an act made in this present parliament, inti- 1 Geo. 1. flat. tuled, An act to oblige papifts to register their names and a. c. 55. real estates, it is enacted, That all and every person and persons 3 Geo. 2. C.29. not having taken the oaths therein mentioned before the last day of Trinity-Term in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, having any estate or interest in any lands, tenements or bereditaments, or who should thereafter have any estate or interest in any lands, tenements or hereditaments lying, being or arifing in that part of Great Britain called England, or in Wales, or the town of Berwick upon Tweed, who was or should be a popish recusant, or papift, or was or should be educated in the popish religion, or whose parent

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parent or parents should be a papist or papists, or who should use or profess the popish religion, should take the oaths and repeat and subscribe the declaration therein mentioned, at such times and in such manner as is therein expressed, or in default thereof should, within the space of six months next after the time thereby appointed for him, her or them to take the said eaths, register or procure to be registred his, her or their name or names, and all such lands, tenements and hereditaments whereof he, she or they, or any trustee or trustees for him, her or them, or his, her or their benefit or advantage, should be in the possession or in receipt or perception of the prosits, in such manner and form as is therein expressed, upon pain that the person and persons wilfully neglecting or resusing so to do, or committing any froud in such registry, should forfeit the fee-simple and inheritance of all such lands, tenements and hereditaments not registred or fraudulently registred, whereof he, she or they, or any person or person in trust for him, her or them, was or were seized in fee-simple at the time of such default or fraud in registring as aforesaid, and the full value of the inheritance of all fuch lands, tenements and hereditaments not registred or fraudulently registred as aforefaid, whereof he, she or they, or any person or persons in trust for him, her w them, was not or were not seized in fee-simple at the time of such default or fraud as aforefaid, two third parts whereof to the King, and the other third part thereof to fuch person or persons, being a protestant or protestants, as should sue for the same at the common law in any of his Majesty's courts at Westminster or in the high court of chancery, as by the said act more fully appears: for the amending and explaining the faid act, and giving a further time to papiffs to register their names and real estates; be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice larged to Oct, and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons. in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the time for such registring be enlarged, and the fame is hereby enlarged to the twentieth day of October one thoufand seven hundred and seventeen.

The time for papifts to regifter their names and real estates en-20, 1717.

No fuit for commenced after two years.

Where main more counties than one, they shall be registred in ly where the manor house stands.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesid, frauds in regi- That no action or fuit for any penalty or forfeiture contained in string shall be this or the said former act, for wilfully neglecting or refusing to register, or for committing fraud in such registry, shall be commenced or brought after two years after the offence com-

mitted, against any person offending therein.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That nors, &c. lie where it shall happen that any manors or reputed manors, demesne or other lands, or entire farms, do lie in more counties than one, the registring of such manors, lands, tenements and hereditaments in the county only where the manor house or the the county on- house or houses to the said farm or lands do lie, and not in several counties, taking notice thereof in the faid registry that the fame do extend to fuch other county or counties, shall be a fulficient registring of such enance manors, farms or lands within the true intent and meaning of the faid recited act.

IV. And

IV. And whereas some doubts have arisen, as well upon the said recited act, as also upon one other act made and passed in the parlia- 11 & 12 W. 1. ment beld in the elventh and twelfth years of the reign of the late c. 4. King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further preventing the growth of popery; and upon another act made in the first year of the reign of the late King James the First, for the due 1 Jac. 1. C. 4. execution of the statutes against jesuits, seminary priests, recusants, and other acts made against papists and popish reculants, touching the sale of the real estates of persons professing the popish religion, or incurring the disabilities and incapacities in the said acts mentioned: beit enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no sale for a full and No sale for a it enacted by the authority atoreiaid, I nat no late for a full confidera-valuable confideration of any manors, meffuages, lands, tene-tion of any ments, or hereditaments, or of any interest therein, by any manors, &cc. person or persons being reputed owner or owners, or in the pos- by the reputsession or receipt of the rents and profits thereof, heretofore ed owner, &cc. made or hereafter to be made, to and for any protestant purmade or to be
chaser and purchasers, and merely and only for the benefit of protestant, protestants, shall be avoided or impeached for or by reason or shall be avoidupon pretence of any of the disabilities or incapacities in the said ed on pretence acts or any of them contained, incurred or supposed to be in- of the disabilicurred by any of the persons making or joining in such sale, or cited acts. by any other person or persons from or through whom the title to fuch manors, messuages, lands, tenements or hereditaments, or any interest therein, is or shall be derived or supposed to be derived, unless before such sale the person entitled to take ad-Unless such vantage of such disability or incapacity shall have recovered such manors, &c. manors, messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments, or were recovergiven notice of his claim and title thereto to such purchaser, or ed before the before the contract for such sale shall have claimed the said ma-of the claim nors, messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments by reason given to the of fuch disability or incapacity, and have entred such claim in purchaser, open court at the general fession of the peace for the county, or the claim city, riding or division wherein such manors, messuages, lands, entred at the tenements or hereditaments lie or arise, and bona fide and with quarter-seldue diligence pursued his remedy in a proper course of justice sons. for the recovery thereof: the faid several acts above mentioned and referred to, or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. Provided nevertheless, That whereas it was, amongst other The clause in things, enacted by the said act of parliament made in the eleventh and 11 & 12 W. 3. twelfth years of the reign of the late King William the Third, That C. 4. whereby from and after the tenth day of April which should be in the year of abled from our Lord one thousand seven hundred, every papist or person making purchasing profession of the popish religion should be disabled, and was thereby any manors, made incapable to purchase either in his or her own name, or in the &c. shall not name of any other person or persons, to his or her use, or in trust for tered or rebin or her, any manors, lands, profits out of lands, tenements, rents, pealed, terms or hereditaments within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales and town of Berwick upon Tweed; and that all and singular estates, terms and any other interests or profits whatsoever out of lands, from and after the said tenth day of April to be made, suffered

or

C. 4.

or done, to or for the use or behoof of any such person or persons, w upon any trust or confidence mediately or immediately, to or for the benefit or relief of any fuch person or persons, should be utterly void and of no effect, to all intents, constructions and purposes what soever: it is 21 & 12 W. 3 hereby declared and enacted, That the faid recited part of the said act of parliament shall not be hereby altered or repealed, but the same shall be and remain in full force, as if this act had never been made.

After Sept.29. 1717, no manors, lands, &c. shall pass from papills by deed or rolled in fix months. By 10 Geo. 1. c. 4. fect. 19. Provision is &c. not involled fince Sept. 20. 1717, if inrolled on 29 Sept. 1724.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen m manors, lands, tenements, hereditaments or any interest therein, or rem or profit thereout, shall pass, alter or change from will, unless in any papist or person professing the popish religion, by any deed or will, except such deed within six months after the date, and fuch will within fix months after the death of the testator, be inrolled in one of the King's courts of record at Westminster, or else within the same county or counties wherein the manors, made for deeds, lands and tenements lie, by the Custos Rotulorum and two justices of the peace, and the clerk of the peace of the same county or counties, or two of them at the leaft, whereof the clerk of the peace to be one. Such deeds, &c. are good, if inrolled on 29 September 1731. 3 Geo. 2. c. 29. sect. 6.

CAP. XIX.

An act for the King's most gracious, general and free pardon.

CAP. XX.

An act to enlarge the time for making claims before the commissioner appointed to enquire of the forfeited estates. EXP.

CAP. XXI.

An all for continuing the liberty of exporting Irish lines cloth to the British plantations in America, duty free; and for the more effectual discovery of and prosecuting such a shall unlawfully export wool and woollen manufactures from Ireland; and for relief of John Fletcher in respect of the duty by him paid for a quantity of salt lost in the aportation for Ireland.

3 & 4 Ann. Ç. 8.

THEREAS by an act passed in the third and fourth years the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An at to permit the exportation of Irifb linen cloth to the plantations, and to prohibit the importation of Scots linen into Ireland; it was enacted for the support of the protestant interest in Ireland, and for the encouragement of the linen manufacture of that kingles, That it should and might be lawful to export from Ireland directly to the British plantations, all forts of white and brown linen deth, being the proper manufacture of the faid kingdom, under certain nstrictions and conditions in the said act mentioned, for the term of cleven years; which all hath been since continued for one year and n the end of this present session of parliament, by an act passed in the

first year of the reign of his present majesty King George, intituled, Continued by An act for continuing several laws therein mentioned relating I Geo. I. Eat. to coals, hemp and flax, Irish and Scots linen, and the affize of 2. C. 26. bread, and for giving power to adjourn the quarter fessions for the county of Anglesea, for the purposes therein mentioned: and subereas it hath been found by experience. That the continuance of the faid act is and may be beneficial to both the kingdoms of Great Bri- The act 3 & 4 tain and Ireland: be it therefore enacted by the King's most ex-Ann. c. 8. so cellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords lates to the spiritual and temporal and commons, in parliament aff-mbled, exportation of and by the authority of the same, That the said recited act of Irish linen to the third and fourth years of Queen Anne, so far forth as the the plantafame relates to the exportation of Irish linen cloths to the Bri-continue in tish plantations, shall be and the same is hereby continued in sorce so long full force so long as the merchants and other persons of Great as Britishlinen Britain are or shall be permitted to import into Ireland, free of may be imall duties, such white and brown British linen cloth as is or shall land dutybe made and manufactured in Great Britain.

II. And whereas some doubt has arisen, whether linens imported After June 240 into this kingdom from Ireland, and not subject to pay any duties up- 1717, Irish on the faid importation, should, upon being exported again for any of linen imported the British plantations in America, become liable to pay a duty ad dom may be Valorem: be it declared and enacted, That all linens made in exported to Ireland and imported from thence into this kingdom may, from the plantaand after the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven tions without hundred and seventeen, be shipped off again and exported for duty. any of his Majesty's plantations in America without being liable

or subject to pay any duty whatsoever.

III. And whereas by an act passed in the fourth and fifth years in 4 Ann. c. 12. the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, it was enacted, That Clause for the where any falt or rock falt should be shipped in order for exportation relief of John to Ireland, and the same should perish by sinking of the ship or vessel Fletcher, and on which the same should be shipped or laid on board, or should be ing his securitaken by the enemies, then and in fuch case the exporter or proprietor ty. of such salt or rock salt so perishing or lost should, upon proof made before the justices of the peace at the general quarter sessions of the peace to be held for the place from whence the same was so exported, of the loss of such salt, receive from the sessions a certificate that such proof was made before them; and upon producing the faid certificate to the officer of the place where the duty on such falt should have been paid or secured to be paid, such security should be discharged, and so much money as was actually paid for the duty of the said salt, should be repaid upon demand, provided such proof be made within six months after such loss or taking as aforesaid: and whereas John Fletcher did on or about the tenth day of November one thousand feven hundred and twelve put on board the ship called the Salmon of Belfast one thousand and forty busbels of white salt for Belfast in Ireland, and in the said voyage the said ship and cargo and all the crew, except one man and a boy, were lost in a violent storm, and the exporter having no notice thereof in due time, could not make proof of the loss of the said salt within the time limited by the said all of the fourth

fourth and fifth of her late Majesty's reign: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That on proof made by the oath of two or more credible witnesses on or before the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, as the faid act directs, and upon producing a certificate to the officer of the place where the duty on fuch falt shall have been paid or fecured, fuch fecurity shall be discharged, and so much money as was paid for the same shall be repaid by the said officer without fee or reward.

After Sept. penalties inportation of CTOWN.

IV. And whereas by an all made in the tenth and eleventh years 29, 1717. One of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, moiety of the An act to prevent the exportation of wool out of the kingdoms of Ireland and England into foreign parts, and for the encouflicted by of Ireland and England into foreign parts, and for the encou-10 & 11 W. 3. ragement of the woollen manufactures in the kingdom of Engc. 10. to pre- land, one moiety of the penalties and forfeitures thereby inflicted for vent the ex- preventing the exportation of wool and other woollen goods therein portation of mentioned out of the said kingdom of Ireland, other than into the Ireland, other kingdom of England or the dominion of Wales, is given to the enthan into Eng. couragement of setting up the linen manusactures in Ireland, to be land or Wales, disposed of by the court of Exchequer there for that use only; which shall be to the disposition of the said moiety has been found of very little advantage to the said linen manufactures, but has tended very much to the difcouragement of prosecutions made in pursuance of the said act: for the more effectually putting the faid act in execution, be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and seventeen the said moiety of all such penalties and sorfeitures (after a deduction made out of the faid moiety of the charges of profecution and condemnation) shall be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors.

After the faid 29th of Sept. actions commenced in Ireland relating to the expor-&c. shall be tried by a jury of any other county than was commit-

empted from punishment.

V. And for the better and more impartial trials of all such actions and informations which shall be commenced or profecuted by virtue of any act now in being made for the preventing the unlawful exportation of wool or woollen manufactures from the kingdom of Ireland: be it enacted by the authority atation of wool, foresaid, That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and seventeen such actions and informations shall be tried in any of his Majesty's four courts at Dublin, by a jury of good and lawful freeholders to be fummonwhere the fact ed out of any other county than that wherein the fact shall be committed: and to encourage persons to discover the said crime, the first three persons who have been aiding, abetting or affixdiscoverers ex- ing in carrying out or exporting of wool or any other of the commodities as aforesaid, that shall inform thereof any of his Majestar's justices of the peace, whereby the punishment and penalties appointed by this act may be inflicted and recovered the party or parties so discovering (not being owner or partowners of the said wool or other commodities aforesaid) shall not fuffer any of the faid penalties or punishment to be inflicted by this or any other act.

Arist

Anno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ, quarto.

AT the parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, in the first year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the saith, &cc. And from thence continued by several adjournments and prorogations to the twenty-first day of November one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; being the third session of this present parliament.

CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen. 3s. in the pound. EXP.

CAP. II.

An act to enable his Majesty to be governor of the South Sea company. EXP.

CAP. UI.

An all for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lottery-tickets and orders lost, burnt or destroyed; and for appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament.

VIII. A ND be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Cyder or per-That it shall and may be lawful to and for any per-ry that have fon or persons who shall have actually paid his Majesty's duties paid the duby this act payable for any cyder or perry made in *Great Britain*, exported on and to or for any other person or persons who shall have a person as a person who shall have a person who shall ha and to or for any other perion or perions who shall buy or be security not to lawfully entitled to any such cyder or perry, for or in respect be relanded. whereof the faid duties to his faid Majesty hereby granted have been duly paid, to export fuch cyder and perry for any foreign parts by way of merchandize, giving fufficient security before the shipping thereof for exportation, that the particular quantity of cyder or perry which shall be intended to be exported as aforesaid, and every part thereof, shall be shipped and exported, and that the same or any part thereof shall not be relanded or brought again into any part or parts of Great Britain; which fecurity the customer or collector of the respective port from whence such exportation is to be (without any fee or reward) is hereby directed and authorized to take in his Majesty's name and to his Majesty's use. IX. ProRelatided, for -

IX. Provided always, That if after the shipping of any such feited, and the cycler or perry to be exported as aforefaid, and the giving or tendring such security as aforesaid, in order to obtain the allowance or drawback herein after mentioned, the cycler or perry so shipped to be exported, or any part thereof, shall be relanded in any part of Great Britain, That then and in every fuch case, over and above the penalty of the bond, which shall be levied and recovered to his Majesty's use, all, the cycler and perry which shall be so relanded, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited.

On certificate have been paid, &c. cola debenture thereof,

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That that the duties if any person or persons who shall export any cyder or perry into foreign parts by way of merchandize, shall produce a cerlector to give tificate or certificates from the collector or officer who received the duty of such cyder or perry, that the duty imposed thereon by this act hath been paid (which certificate the collector or officer is hereby required to give gratis) and making oath before the officer or collector of the port where the same shall be so exported, that the cycler or perry so exported is the same as is mentioned in such certificate, then the collector or chief officers of the port where such cyder or perry shall be exported, shall give to the exporter thereof a certificate or debenture expressing the true quantity of the cyder or perry so exported of shipped for exportation; which certificate or debenture being produced to the collector or other officer appointed to receive the faid duty in the county, thire, stuartry or place where such cyder or perry was exported, he is hereby required to pay the faid duty of four shillings per hogshead to the persons or their agents fo exporting the same; and in case the collector or other officer shall not have any money in their hands arising by the faid duties on cyder and perry to pay the same, then the respective commissioners appointed for executing this act are hereby required to pay the same out of the duties arising by the faid act; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and the duty to be repaid to the export-

> XI. And whereas divers dealers in cyder and perry, and persons receiving into their custody great quantities of cyder and perry sent or brought to them from distant or remote places, have frequently refused to permit the officers of and for his Majesty's duties of excise to enter and go into the cellars, storehouses and places to them belonging, or by them used for the laying or keeping of such cyder and perry, and to gauge and take accounts thereof for the ascertaining and charging the duties on such cyder and perry imposed thereon by several acts beretofore made for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, whereby his Majesty hath been defrauded in the said duties granted by fuch acts heretofore made; and whereas upon fuch occasions fuch dealers in cyder and perry and such other persons have insisted, That such cyder and perry sent to or received by them ought not to be furvered. gauged or taken notice of by such officer or officers of excise, unless proof be made or produced of the respective times and places when and where such cycler and perry were bought; and whereas the producing

fuch proof is altogether impracticable to be made by the officer for the faid duties, especially in cases and instances where such cyder and perry have been brought from remote places: be it therefore enacted Dealers in cyand declared by the authority aforesaid, That every such dealer der or perry in cyder or perry, and person or persons as aforesaid so receiv-chargeable, ing into his, her or their custody or custodies such cyder and unless they perry, or either of them, shall be chargeable and hereby is, are that the cyder, and shall be charged with the duties upon cyder and perry by &c. was made this act granted and imposed, unless they respectively do and of fruit of shall make it appear, either that such cyder and perry was made their own of and from fruit of his, her or their own growth, and not of that the or from bought fruit, or that the duties on cyder and perry duty has been hereby granted were and have been duly charged or duly paid paid, for or in respect of such cyder and perry; and if any such dealer or dealers in cyder and perry or in either of them, or such person or persons as aforesaid, upon due request or demand made by any officer or officers of excise in the day-time, shall refuse refusing adto permit or shall not permit such officer or officers to enter and mittance to go into all and every fuch cellars, store-houses or other place or officers forplaces belonging to or used by such dealer or dealers, person or feits 20 l. persons as aforesaid, and by gauging or otherwise to take account and accounts of all cyder and perry, or of either of them, from time to time there found, every such dealer and dealers in cyder and perry or either of them, and every such person or persons as aforesaid, shall for every such offence forseit and lose the fum of twenty pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Fines, &c. That all fines, penalties and forfeitures by this act imposed howto be sued shall be fued for, levied, recovered or mitigated by such ways, for. &c. means and methods, as any fine, penalty or forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of session, court of justiciary or court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one moiety of every such fine, penalty and forfeiture shall be to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform or sue

for the same.

Clause for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lottery-tickets and orders loft, burnt or deftroyed. EXP.

XIV. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all Appropriathe monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty upon one act of tion of the this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid money grant-to his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the ed this session fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and so of parliament. much money (if any fuch be) of the tax thereby granted as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on that act and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent Vol, XIII. H h

and to be lent to his Majesty upon this present act, except so much thereof as is to be applied to the satisfaction of the principal and interest of the unsatisfied loans upon the said former act for the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry; and so much of the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry by this act granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the loans made and to be made on this act, or hereby directed to be discharged, and the interest thereof, and the charges by this act allowable for raising the same duties, shall be fatisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same, shall be appropriated and applied and are hereby appropriated for or towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein expressed, subject nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed; that is to say, it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued or applied any sum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of feven hundred forty-four thousand eight hundred fifty-feven pounds fourteen shillings and eleven pence, for or towards the naval fervices following; that is to fay, For or towards defraying the charges of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea-officers, and for or towards victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed; and for or towards sea-service in the office of ordnance performed and to be performed, and other fervices of the navy performed and to be performed; and any further fum or fums of money, not exceeding one hundred fixty-five thoufand three hundred and seventeen pounds, for or towards repairs of his Majesty's navy performed and to be performed: and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding feventy-three thousand three hundred twenty-seven pounds twelve shillings and eleven pence, for the charge of the office of ordnance, for or towards land-services performed and to be performed; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of nine hundred and nineteen thousand seven hundred thirtyone pounds fourteen shillings and eight pence half-penny, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's land-forces and other services herein after expressed; that is to say, any sum not exceeding fix hundred and fifty thousand pounds, for defraving the charge of fixteen thousand three hundred forty-seven men for guards and garrisons, and other his Majesty's land-forces in Great Britain, Fersey and Guernsey, and other services relating to the forces for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and any fum not exceeding thirty-five thousand seven hundred fixty-fix pounds and five shillings, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in the plantations in America for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and any fum not exceeding one thousand five hundred fiftyeight pounds seventeen shillings and one penny, for provisions for the garrisons at Placentia and Annapolis for the year one thoufand seven hundred and eighteen; and any sum not exceeding

two thousand eight hundred fifty-eight pounds thirteen stillings and ten pence, for ordnance stores and provisions for the independent company in the islands of Bahama and Providence in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and any sum not exceeding fifty-feven thousand fix hundred thirteen pounds fourteen shillings and seven pence, for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Minorca for the year one thousand feven hundred and eighteen; and any furn not exceeding thirtynine thousand three hundred eighty-two pounds fourteen shillings and nine pence half-penny, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Gibraltur for the year one thoufand seven hundred and eighteen; and any sum not exceeding thirteen thousand five hundred fifty-one pounds nine shillings and five pence, for provisions for his Majesty's garrison in Gibraltar for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and any fum not exceeding twenty-five thousand pounds, for the extraordinary charge of the royal hospital at Chelsea and the out-pensioners for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, over and above the poundage and days pay; and any fum or fums not exceeding ninety-four thousand pounds upon account of half-pay, for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, to be paid to the reduced officers of his Majesty's land-forces and marines, subject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the application of the said half-pay, as are herein after prescribed in that behalf.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, That out of all or any the 581,1961. 88 aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall and may be if- to make goo deficiencies to fued and applied any sum not exceeding five hundred eighty- the year 1711 one thousand one hundred ninety-fix pounds eight shillings, to make good the deficiencies of the grants in parliament for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and any sum 29.6451. 85. not exceeding twenty-nine thousand fix hundred forty-five ad. 1 q. for the treasurer pounds eight shillings and nine pence farthing, for or towards of the navy; enabling the treasurer of the navy to make good the payments which in the half year, to end on the twenty-fourth day of *June* one thousand seven hundred and eighteen (if any) may be demanded of him pursuant to any former act or acts of parliament for completing the funds of fix hundred and eight thoufand pounds per annum, payable to the South-Sea company; and that the said aids or supplies provided as aforesaid shall not be issued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other

than towards the uses and purposes aforementioned.

XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That no appropriation or other matter or thing in this act contained shall obstruct or hinder any payment or payments which by and in pursuance of an act made in the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital Proviso for flock and yearly fund of the South-Sea company, and for supplying company, thereby eight hundred twenty-two thousand and thirty-two pounds 1 Geo.1. c.2 four shillings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities,

upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several supplies granted to his Majesty, are or shall be required and authorized to be made by the treasurer or pay-master of the navy for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of fuch publick monies, tallies, orders or parliamentary securities in their hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to be incurred on or before the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eighteen to the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America and for encouraging the fishery, or to their treasurer for their use; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And for the of the army accounts and equivalent.

XVII. Provided also, That such sums as by or in pursuance commissioners of any other act of parliament are or shall be due or payable to any commissioners for taking, examining, stating and determining the debts due to the army, or to any commissioners for stating the debts due and to grow due to Scotland by way of equivalent, for their falaries, or for their clerks or other incident charges, shall or may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

> XVIII. And as to the faid fum not exceeding ninety-four thousand pounds by this act appropriated upon account of halfpay as aforefaid, it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the rules herein after prescribed shall be duly observed in the application thereof; that is to fay,

Rules to be observed in the application of the half-pay.

1. That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, who was a minor under the age of fixteen years at the time when the regiment, troop or company in which he ferved was

2. That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, except fuch persons who did actual service in some regiment, troop or company.

3. That no person having any other place or employment of profit, civil or military, under his Majesty, shall have or receive any part of the faid half-pay.

4. That no chaplain of any garrison or regiment, who has any ecclesiastical benefice or other preferment in Great Britain or Ireland, shall have or receive any part of the said half-pay.

5. That no person shall have or receive any part of the same. who hath refigned his commission, and has had no commission since.

- 6. That no part of the same shall be allowed to any person by virtue of any warrant or appointment, except to fuch persons who would have been otherwise entitled to the same as reduced officers.
- 7. And that no part of the same shall be allowed to any of the officers of the five regiments of dragoons and eight regiments

ments of foot lately disbanded in Ireland; except to such as were taken off the establishment of half-pay in Great Britain.

CAP. IV.

An act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters. EXP.

CAP. V.

An act for finishing the tower of the parish church of St. Michael Cornhill, London, out of the duties arising pursuant to the act of the ninth year of the late Queen, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster and the suburbs thereof.

The tower of St. Michael Cornhill shall be finished according to the model by which it is begun. For which purposes the commissioners shall issue 61261. 18. 5d. out of the duty granted by the act of 9 Ann. c. 22.

CAP. VI.

An att for relief of the wholesale traders and dealers in English hone-lace, by obviating several doubts in the several atts for licensing hawkers and pedlars.

HEREAS by an act of parliament held in the eighth and 2 & 9 W. 3. ninth years of the reign of his late majefty King William the c. 25. Third, intituled, An act for licensing hawkers and pedlars, for provision of payment of the interest of the transport debt for the reducing of Ireland, it was enacted, That from and after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand six hundred and ninety-Seven, until the five and twentieth day of June which should be in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred and ninety-eight, there should be answered and paid to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, by every bowker, pedlar and petty thapman, or any other trading person or persons going from town to town, or to other mens houses, and travelling either on foot or with horse, horses or otherwise within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, (except as therein after is excepted) carrying to sell or exposing to fale any goods, wares or merchandizes, a duty of four pounds; and that every person so travelling with borse, as or mule, er other beast bearing or drawing burden, should pay the sum of four pounds from the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand six bundred and ninety-seven to the five and twentieth day of June one thousand six bundred and ninety-eight for each horse, as or mule, or other heaft bearing or drawing burden, he or she should so travel with, over and above the faid first-mentioned duty of four pounds; and should have or take such licence as by the said act is directed: and whereas it was therein further enacted, That if any such hawker, pedlar or petty chapman, from and after the faid four and twentieth day of June one thousand six bundred and ninety-seven, should be found trading as aforefaid without or contrary to fuch licence, fuch * person should for each and every such offence for seit the sum of twelve pounds, the one moiety thereof to the informer, and the other moiety thereof to the poor of the parish wherein such offender should be discovered: and whereas the powers and provifiens of the said act have Hh3

9 & 10 W. 3. been, by another all made in the ninth and tenth years of his said

Majesty, and by other subsequent acts, continued to this time: and whereas several of the makers and traders in English bone-lace, who trade by wholefale, and employ many thousands of poor people in the said manufacture of bone-lace, have been lately informed against, profecuted and molefted in the carrying on their trades, under pretence that they ought to take and have licences according to the directions and provisions of the all before-mentioned, or of some other alls touching bawkers and pedlars: be it enacted and declared by the King's No maker or most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of wholefale tra-the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present bonelace shall parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That no person, being a maker or wholesale trader in English bonelace and felling the same by wholesale, shall be adjudged, deemed or taken to be a hawker, pedlar or petty chapman within the intent and meaning of the faid acts, or of any or either of them; and that all and every such person or persons, his, her or their children, apprentices, servants or agents (selling by wholefale only) shall and may go from house to house, and from shop to shop, to any of their customers (who sell again by wholefale or retail) without being subject or liable to any of the penalties or forfeitures contained in any of the faid acts touching hawkers, pedlars and petty chapmen; any thing in the faid acts contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

be deemed a hawker, &c.

CAP. VII.

An all for making effectual an all made in the eighth year of the reign of the late Queen Anne, intituled, An act for employing the manufacturers, by encouraging the confumption of raw filk and mohair yarn,

8 Ann. c. 6.

WHEREAS by an act made in the eighth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for employing the manufacturers, by encouraging the confumption of raw filk and mohair yarn, the faid all having proved ineffectual to prevent the mischiess intended to be remedied by the said act: for remedy whereof, and making the faid recited act of parliament more effectual, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the twentyfifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, no taylor, or other person or persons whatsoever, within the thallmake, kill, kingdom of Great Britain, shall make, sell, set on, use or bind, or shall cause to be made, sold, set on, used or bound, on any clothes or wearing garments whatfoever, any buttons or butholes made of ton-holes made of, or used or bound with cloth, serge, drugget, frize, camblet, or any stuffs that clothes or wearing garments are usually made of, upon the forfeiture of the sum of forty thillings for every dozen of fuch buttons and button-holes palty of 40s. to made, fold, fet on, used or bound, or shall cause to be made, fold,

After March 25, 1718. no mylor, &c. fet on, &c. any buttons or buttoncloth, ferge, &c. on any ciothes what-

sold, set on, used or bound, as aforesaid, or in proportion for any per dozen. lesser quantity, every person or persons so offending, and being By 7 Geo. 1. thereof lawfully convicted upon the oath of one or more credi-f. 1. 408. is ble witness or witnesses, shall forfeit, as aforesaid, to be recover- laid on the ed and distributed as is afterwards provided for by this act.

II. Provided, That nothing in this act contained, shall ex- Not to extend tend or be construed to extend to any clothes or wearing gar- to clothes

ments made of velvet.

III. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any Persons dwellperson or persons inhabiting or being in any gaol or house of cor- ing in gaols, rection, or within the rules or liberties of any gaol or house of &c. offending correction, or shall inhabit or dwell in any privileged place, or act, shall be within the liberties of the same, committing any offence or of- subject to the fences against this act, he, she or they so offending, as aforesaid, penalties. and being lawfully convicted of the same, as is before directed by this act, he, the or they thall be subject to the forfeitures and penalties as in this act mentioned; any law, statute, custom or thing to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Prosecution in offences committed against this act, shall be prosecuted within three months.

three months after the same is committed or discovered.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Offences to be offences against this act shall be heard and determined by one determined by or more of his Majesty's justice or justices of the peace of the justices of county, city, town or place where the same shall be discovered, peace. or where such offender doth inhabit, such justice or justices being not concerned in the matter of the faid complaint, upon the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, which oath one witness. fuch justice or justices is and are hereby impowered and required to administer; and all and every the said penalties and forfeitures which shall happen by virtue of this act shall be distributed and paid, after the charges of such conviction being first deducted; one moiety to him or them who shall inform or pro- One half of fecute for the same, the other moiety to the poor of the parish, the penalty to the poor of the parish, the informer, township or place where the offence shall be discovered; and in the other to case any offender shall neglect or refuse to pay any such penalties the poor. and forfeitures, being lawfully demanded, by the space of fourteen days next after conviction for such offence, as aforesaid, that then such justice or justices is and are hereby required to issue out one or more warrant or warrants under his or their hands To be levied and seals to the constable or constables of the parish, town or by distress, if place where such offender doth inhabit, or can be found, to levy not paid in 14 the same by distress and sale of the offender's goods, rendring days after the overplus (if any be) to the owner; and where no sufficient conviction. distress can be found, to commit the offender or offenders to the distress, ofcommon gaol for the county, city, town or place where such fenders to be offender shall be found, there to be kept to hard labour for and committed for during the space of three calendar months.

VI. Provided, That if any person or persons find him or Persons agthemselves aggrieved by any order or warrant made by any ju-grieved may flice or justices of the peace, upon any such conviction before quarter fession

. him ons,

him or them, as aforesaid, such person or persons may appeal to the general quarter-fessions to be holden for the county, riding, city or corporation where such conviction shall be made, giving sufficient notice of such appeal; and the determination of mination shall such justices in such sessions shall be final; and the said justices be final; and shall allow such costs and charges to the party aggrieved as they thall think reasonable, to be levied and paid in such manner as is usual in other cases of appeals from the orders of any justices

of the peace to the quarter-sessions.

Persons sued and shall recover treble costs.

whose deter-

may allow colts.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if anay plead the any action or fuit shall hereafter be commenced or prosecuted general iffue, against any person or persons so sued or prosecuted, such person or perions may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall become nonfuited, or forbear further profecution, or fuffer discontinuance, or a verdict pass against him, or judgment upon demurrer, the defendant or defendants shall recover his or their treble costs, for which he and they shall have like remedy, as in cases where costs by law are given to defendants.

Such clothes

VIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all exposed to sale clothes or wearing garments, which shall be made with buttons may be soized, and button-holes of the same cloth, serge, drugget, frize, camblet or other stuffs, of which the said clothes or wearing garments are made, and shall be exposed to sale in any fair or market, or in any shop or warehouse, or in any dwelling-house or place whatsoever, the same shall be subject and liable to be forfeited and seised, and applied to the uses in this act mentioned, to be recovered as other forfeitures and penalties are by this act to be recovered.

Taylors, &c. causing their apprentices, &c. to make clothes contrary to this act, shall be subject to the penalties.

a publict act.

1X. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any taylor, or other person or persons, shall cause his or their apprentice or fervants to make any clothes or wearing garments contrary to this act, that in such cases the said master-taylor, or fuch other person or persons which caused the said clothes or wearing garments to be so made, or shall be any ways entitled to the monies for making the faid clothes or wearing garments, made as aforesaid, shall be subject to the forfeitures and penalties in this act mentioned, to be had and recovered, as other forfeitures and penalties are to be recovered by this act; any thing To be taken as herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: and this act shall be taken and allowed to be a publick act in all courts within this kingdom, and all judges and justices of the peace are hereby required to take notice thereof as such, without special pleading the same.

CAP. VIII.

An act for vesting the forfeited estates in Great Britain and Ireland in truftees, to be fold for the use of the publick; and for giving relief to lawful creditors, by determining the claims; and for the more effectual bringing into the respective Exchequers the rents and profits of the said estates till sold. EXP.

All lionours, lordships, manors, &c. by 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. c. 50. vested in his Majesty, for the use of the publick, shall be vested in the commission-

To be fold for the use of the publick. Commissioners to proceed in a summary way, and to determine every claim before them by 25 March 1719. Commissioners a court of record: their determinations final, except appeal within 20 days. Appellants must present their exceptions to the commissioners, to be entred in books, and a transcript transmitted to the court of delegates. His Majesty may appoint any five of the judges to be a court of delegates. Claims on real estates determined to be just; commissioners are to order the sherists to cause possession to be delivered to the claimants. After 25 March 1718. commissioners may sell the forfeited estates vested in them. Purchasers to be protestants. Sale to be by auction. Purchase-money to be paid into the Exchequer. Commissioners to execute an indenture of bargain and sale, to be inrolled in chancery, &c. Purchasers to hold the same for such estates and interests, as shall be conveyed of them, freed from all arrears of quit rent, &c. Crown lands in the hands of attainted persons, shall remain in the possession of the crown, &c. Explained by 5 Geo. 1. c. 22. sect. 18. Commissioners may summon sequestrators, who retain any part of the forfeited estates, &c. and in a summary way may enquire by witnesses, &c. and fettle the sums payable by them on account of their intromissions, &c. In case of refusal may certify into the Exchequer. Tenants of attainted perfons who have paid their rents to them before their attainders, and other accountants, discharged. Time for discovery enlarged till 25 March 1719. Creditors to be paid their claims in the first place. All monies received by grantees from his Majesty, shall be taken as so much received by such claimants in discharge of the estate so claimed, &c. His Majesty before 1 Aug. 1718. may make provision for wives of forfeiting persons. All convictions, &c. since 24 June 1775, and before 1 June 1716, not reversed, &c. before 24 June 1718, effectual. Each commissioner shall have 1000l. per annum. Salaries for clerks and incident charges shall be paid by the Exchequer, tax-free.

XXXII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That 20,000l. apof the nett monies, which shall arise by sale of the said estates propriated for and interests, or by the rent and profits thereof till sale, after erecting allowance and satisfaction of all just and lawful claims thereup-schools in the on, and after payment of such sums as by any clause or clauses highlands of in this or the faid former act are authorized to be issued out for the falaries of the faid commissioners and trustees, or for incident charges, or for rewards to discoverers, or any other clause touching which any special provision is made by this or the said former act, all the charges of profecution relating to the said forfeited estates being discharged or re-imbursed, a sum not exceeding twenty thousand pounds shall be appropriated and applied towards the making a capital stock for a yearly interest or income out of the monies which shall arise by the sale of the said estates which lie in Scotland, and not otherwise, towards erecting and maintaining schools in the highlands of Scotland, according to such ways and methods, and in such manner, as by any future act or acts of parliament to be made and passed for that purpose, shall be directed and appointed; and all and every the and the reother monies which shall arise by the said sale, and rents and mainder for profits aforefaid, are and shall be appropriated and applied to-the publick wards the discharge of the publick debts of the nation.

Proviso for the claimants on an annuity of 5000l. per annum in Ireland, granted to the late duke of Ormond. Former grants by his Majesty, good. Proviso for Simon lord Lovat. Proviso for Amelia lady Lovat. Houses, &c. burnt in Scotland or Prestort shall be made good. Proviso for the children of John Balfour, Henry Balfour, John Carltairs, Patrick Seaton, and Robert Rollo. Time enlarged for entring claims to 2 June 2718. Children of forfeiting persons, to whom grants are made, shall be educated in the protestant religion.

CAP. IX.

An act to appoint commissioners to take, examine, state and determine the debts due to the army; and to examine and state the demands of several foreign princes and states for subsidies during the late war. EXP.

CAP. X.

An all for making the dividend of subscribed lottery-annuities, and other annuities established by several alls of parliament payable balf-yearly at the bank of England.

3 Geo. 1. c. 7. V []HEREAS in and by an act of parliament made and passib in the third year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for redeeming the duties and revenues which were settled to pay off principal and interest on the orders made forth on four lottery-acts passed in the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign; and for redeeming certain annuities payable on orders out of the hereditary excise, according to a former act in that behalf; and for establishing a general yearly fund, not only for the future payment of annuities, at leveral rates, to be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, and redeemable by parliament; but also to raise monies for such proprietors of the said orders, as shall choose to be paid their principal and arrears of interest in ready money; and for making good such other deficiencies and payments as in this act are mentioned; and for taking off the duties on linfeed imported, and British linen exported, it is amongst other things enacted, That all the annuities at several rates charged upon and payable out of the monies of the general fund of seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nim pounds fix spillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, by the faid att established or intended to be established, should be paid and payable by quarterly payments, at the four most usual feasts in the year (that is to say) the feasts of the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Maxy, the nativity of St. John the Baptist, and St. Michael the Archangel, by even and equal portions, or within fix days after every of the said feast-days for ever, or until redemption or redemptions thereof shall be made, according to the provisoes contained in the said act: and whereas the proprietors in the said several annuities made payable by the said ca, do consist of many thousand persons; and it is found by experience, That the adjusting and stating the accounts of the said proprietors, in order to the making a dividend every quarter of a year, as the said act directs, doth take up fo much time, that the transfer-books must of necessity be kept shut up for a long while together, to the great inconvenience and detriment of the faid proprietors: for remedy whereof for the future, be it enacted, &c.

Redeemed 5 Geo. 1. c. 3. feel. 2. After Christmas 1717. the annuities made payable by the recited act, shall be paid out of the general fund by that act established, by half yearly payments.

II. And whereas in and by an act of parliament made and passed to in the said third year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to enable enable his Majesty to appoint commissioners to take, examine, state and determine the debts due to the army, the commissioners appointed by his Majesty in pursuance thereof, or any four or more of them, were and are authorized to take, state and determine such accounts, claims and demands, as are therein mentioned, and after such determinations respectively, to certify the same to the respective paymasters therein mentioned, and to whom the same were or are respectively due; and the said paymaster or paymasters respectively were and are thereby directed and required to make out debentures to the officers, engineers, gunners and other persons to whom the monies so certified to be due should respectively belong, in the manner and form by that act prescribed: and it was thereby enacted, That the said debentures should carry an interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, to commence from the twenty fourth day of June one thoufand seven hundred and seventeen, and to be paid and payable quarterly, according to some other act or acts of that session of parliament in that behalf: and whereas it is conceived, that the said interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, due and to grow due upon the debentures made forth, or to be made forth by virtue of the said former act, or any other act or acts of parliament in that pehalf, may with more ease to the proprietors thereof, be satisfied balfyearly, as annuities after the same rate, by the cashier for the time being of the governor and company of the bank of England; and that the payments thereof may be accounted for in the manner and form by this and the said first act above-recited prescribed, for, touching or concerning the several annuities thereby made payable by such cashier: be it therefore further enacted, &c.

So much of the said general fund as shall be sufficient to answer the interest on the debentures made out by virtue of the act 3 Geo. 1. c. 7. shall be issued half-yearly to the cashier of the bank, who shall apply the same accordingly: accountant general of the bank to inspect the payments. Faymasters to certify to the said cashier and accountant what debentures have been made forth; who shall enter the same in books, and give certificates grasis to the proprietors, who after June 24, 1717, shall be intitled to the said interest at 41. per centum. Annuities to be personal estates and be deemed capital stock, and transferrable or deviseable. So much of the general fund as will satisfy the said annuities, shall be issued by early to the cashier of the bank. Annuities subject to redemption. Redeemed 5 Geo. 1. c. 3.

CAP. XI.

An att for the further preventing robbery, burglary, and other felonies, and for the more effectual transportations of felons, and unlawful exporters of wool; and for declaring the law upon some points relating to pirates.

WHEREAS it is found by experience, That the punishments This ast is inflicted by the laws now in force against the offences of rob-forced, bery, larceny and other felonious taking and stealing of money and 6 Geo. 1. c. goods, have not proved effectual to deter wicked and evil-disposed perfons from being guilty of the said crimes: and whereas many offenders to whom royal mercy hath been extended, upon condition of transporting themselves to the West-Indies, have often neglected to perform the , said

Perfons who have been convicted of allo luch as

ers of stolen goods,

ons for 7 fore whom convicted to contract for their trantportation. victed of ofbenefit of clergy,

said condition, but returned to their former wickedness, and been as last for new crimes brought to a shameful and ignominious death: and whereas in many of his Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, there is great want of fervants, who by their labour and industry might be the means of improving and making the faid colonies and plantations more useful to this nation: be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and the commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That before the soth where any person or persons have been convicted of any offence of Jan. 1717, within the benefit of clergy, before the twentieth day of January one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and are liable to be offences with. whipt or burnt in the hand, or have been ordered to any workin the benefit house, and who shall be therein on the said twentieth day of Jaof clergy; and nuary; as also where any person or persons shall be hereafter convicted of grand or petit larceny, or any felonious stealing or taking shall hereafter of money or goods and chattels, either from the person, or the house of any other, or in any other manner, and who by the law shall be entitled to the benefit of clergy, and liable only to the except receiv. penalties of burning in the hand or whipping, (except persons ers and buy- convicted for receiving or buying stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen) it shall and may be lawful for the court before whom they were convicted, or any court held at the same place with the like authority, if they think fit, instead of ordering any fuch offenders to be burnt in the hand or whipt, to order and direct, That such offenders, as also such offenders in any workshall be sent to house, as aforesaid, shall be sent as soon as conveniently may the plantati- be, to some of his Majesty's colonies and plantations in America for the space of seven years; and that court before whom they years.
The court be- were convicted, or any subsequent court held at the same place, with like authority as the former, shall have power to convey, transfer and make over such offenders, by order of court, to the use of any person or persons who shall contract for the performance of such transportation, to him or them, and his and Persons con- their assigns, for such term of seven years; and where any perfons have been convicted, or do now stand attainted of any ofwhich they are fences whatsoever, for which death by law ought to be inflicted, excluded the or where any offenders shall hereafter be convicted of any crimes whatfoever, for which they are by law to be excluded the benefit of clergy, and his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall be graciously pleased to extend royal mercy to any such offenders, upon the condition of transportation to any part of America, and such intention of mercy be signified by one of his Majesty's principal secretaries of state, it shall and may be lawful to and for any court having proper authority, to allow fuch offenders the benefit of a pardon under the great feal, and to order and direct the like transfer and conveyance to any person and also recei or persons, (who will contract for the performance of such vers and buy-transportation) and to his and their affigns, of any such beforegoods may be mentioned offenders, as also of any person or persons convicted transported of receiving or buying stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen, for 14 years; for the term of fourteen years, in case such condition of trans-

portation be general, or else for such other term or terms as shall and the perbe made part of such condition, if any particular time be spe- sons contractcified by his Majesty, his heirs and successors, as aforesaid; and ing for their fuch person or persons so contracting, as aforesaid, his or their transportatiaffigns, by virtue of such order of transfer, as aforesaid, shall have on, shall have a property and interest in the service of such offenders for such their service.

terms of years.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, II. And be it turther enacted by the authority aloreiau, That if any offender or offenders, so ordered by any such court Returning beto be transported for any term of seven years or sourteen years, ration of the or other time or times, as aforesaid, shall return into any part of term, shall be Great Britain or Ireland before the end of his or their said punished with term, he or she so returning, as aforesaid, shall be liable death.

The King may parton attainted of felony without may parton the benefit of clergy; and execution may and shall be a-such transporwarded against such offender or offenders accordingly: pro-tation, the ofvided nevertheless, That his Majesty, his heirs and success fender paying fors, may pardon and dipense with any such transportation, and his owner such allow of the return of any such offender or offenders from Ame-justices shall rica, he or they paying their owner or proprietor, at the time of adjudge. fuch pardon, dispensation or allowance, such sum of money as shall be adjudged reasonable by any two justices of the peace service of the residing within the province where such owner dwells; and term shall have where any such offenders shall be transported, and shall have the effect of a ferved their respective terms, according to the order of any such pardon. court, as aforefaid, such services shall have the effect of a pardon to all intents and purposes, as for that crime or crimes for which

they were so transported, and shall have so served, as aforesaid. Contractors to III. And be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, give security That every such person or persons to whom any such court shall for the transorder any such offenders to be transferred or conveyed, as afore-portation of faid, before any of them shall be delivered over to such person suchoffenders, or persons, or his or their assigns, to be transported, as aforesaid. he or they shall contract and agree with such person or persons as shall be ordered and appointed by such court, as aforesaid, and give sufficient security to the satisfaction of such court, that he or they will transport, or cause to be transported effectually fuch offenders so conveyed to him or them, as aforesaid, to fome of his Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, as and procure shall be ordered by the said court, and procure an authentick certificates certificate from the governor, or the chief custom-house officer from the go-of the place (which certificate they are hereby required to give forthwith, without fee or reward, as foon as conveniently may be) of the landing of such offenders so transferred, as aforesaid, in that place whereto they shall be ordered, (death and casualties where landed, of the sea excepted) and that none of the said offenders shall be and that they suffered to return from the said place to any part of Court Paris shall not be suffered to return from the said place to any part of Great Britain suffered to reor Ireland by the wilful default of such person or persons so turn by his contracting as aforefaid, or by the wilful default of his or their default. affigns.

IV. And whereas there are several persons who have secret ac-rewards for quaintance with felons, and who make it their business to help persons helping to

Personstaking. to ttolen goods,

to their stolen goods, and by that means gain money from them, which is divided between them and the felons, whereby they greatly encourage such offenders: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That where-ever any person taketh money or reward, directly or indirectly, under pretence or upon account of helping any person or persons to any stolen goods or chattels, every such person so taking money or reward, as aforesaid, (unless such cause the telon person doth apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, such felon to be brought who stole the same, and cause such felon to be brought to his trial for the same, and give evidence against him) shall be guilty of felony, and fuffer the pains and penalties of felony, according to the nature of the felony committed in stealing such goods, and in fuch and the same manner as if such offender had himfelf stolen such goods and chattels, in the manner, and with such

circumstances as the same were stolen.

V. And whereas there are many idle persons, who are under the age of one and twenty years, lurking about in divers parts of London, and elsewhere, who want employment, and may be tempted to become thieves, if not provided for: and whereas they may be inclined to be transported, and to enter into services in some of his Majefly's colonies and plantations in America; but as they have no power to contract for themselves, and therefore that it is not safe for merchants to transport, or take them into such services; be it enacted Merchants, or of fifteen years or more, and under the age of twenty one, shall contract with be willing to be transported, and to enter into any service in any persons of the of his Majesty's colonies or plantations in America, it shall and age of 15, and may be lawful for any merchant, or other, to contract with any under 21, to fuch person for any such service, not exceeding the term of America for 8 eight years; provided such person so binding him or herself do Provided such the peace of the city, if such contract be made within the same, come before the lord mayor of London, or some other justice of person acknowledge his or the liberties thereof, or before some other two justices of the consent before peace of the place where such contract shall be made, if made elsewhere, and before such magistrate or magistrates acknowledge fuch consent, and do fign such contract in his or their presence, and with his or their approbation; and that then it shall be fame with his lawful for any such merchant or other, to transport such person fo binding him or herfelf, and to keep him or her within any of the faid plantations or colonies, according to the tenor of such contract, as aforesaid; any law or statute to the contrary in any Such contract, wife notwithstanding; which said contract and approbation of &c. to be cer- fuch magistrate or magistrates, with the tenor of such contract, shall be certified by such magistrate or magistrates to the next

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After Jan. 20, VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, 1717, persons That from and after the said twentieth day of January one thousand imprisoned for seven hundred and seventeen, if any person or persons shall be exportation of in prison for want of sufficient bail, for unlawful exportation of wool, &c. re-

general quarter-fessions, of the peace, held for that county where fuch magistrate or magistrates shall reside, to be registred

by the clerk of the peace without fee or reward.

unless they to trial, shall be guilty of felony.

others, may a justice of peace,

and fign the approbation.

tified to the quarter fessi-

wool or wool-fells, and shall refuse to appear or plead to a defusing to claration or information to be delivered to such person or persons, plead, judgor to the gaoler, keeper or turnkey of the prison, at the said ment shall be prison, for the said offence, by the space of one term, judgment entred against thall be entred against him by default; and in case judgment them by default; shall be obtained against any such person or persons by default, and not payverdict, or otherwise, and such person or persons shall not pay ing the sum the sum recovered against him or them for the said offence, recovered, within the space of three months after entring up of such judg- shall be transment, the court before whom such judgment shall be obtained lone. shall, by order of court, cause such offender or offenders to be transported, in the same manner as felons aforesaid, for the term of seven years; and if such offender or offenders shall return and returning, into Great Britain or Ireland, before the expiration of the said shall suffer as feven years, he or they shall suffer as felons, and have execution such. awarded against them, as persons attainted of felony, without benefit of clergy.

VII. And it is hereby declared, That all and every person Offenders aand persons who have committed or shall commit any offence or gainst the act offences, for which they ought to be adjudged, deemed and 11 & 12 W. 3. taken to be pirates, felons or robbers, by an act made in the par-tried as is di-liament holden in the eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of rected by 28 his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for Hen. 8. c. 15. the more effectual suppression of piracy, may be tried and judged for every such offence in such manner and form as in and by an act made in the twenty eighth year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth is directed and appointed for the trial of pirates, and fhall and ought to be utterly debarred and excluded from the from clergy. benefit of clergy for the faid offences; any law or statute to the

contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

VIII. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained This act that shall extend or be construed to extend to such persons as shall not extend to be convicted or attainted in that part of Great Britain called

IX. And be it also enacted, That this act shall extend to all But to all the his Majesty's dominions in America, and shall be taken as a nions in Amepublick act.

CAP. XII.

An act for inforcing and making perpetual an act of the twelfth year of ber late Majesty, intituled, An act for the preserving of all such ships and goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coasts of this kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions; and for inflicting the punishment of death on such as shall wilfully burn or destroy ships.

XIHEREAS the act made in the twelfth year of the reign of 12 Ann. Stat. 2. her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the c. 18. preferving of all fuch ships and goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coasts of this

Scotland.

rica, and be taken as a publick act.

kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions, will expire at the end of this present session of parliament, unless the same be continued: and whereas the faid all hath been found by experience to be of great use and benefit to the seafaring men and merchants of this kingdom, and other his Majesty's dominions: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said recited act, intituled, An all act made per- for the preserving of all such ships and goods thereof, which shall bappen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coasts of this kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions, and all the clauses, matters and things therein contained, shall be and is hereby declared to be made perpetual.

The faid act shall not exmiralty court of the cinque ports.

The recited

petual. 12 Ann. stat. 2.

C. 18.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That the faid act, or any thing therein contained, shall not be contend to the ad- strued to extend to, or any ways affect the ancient jurisdiction and usage of the admiralty-court of the cinque-ports, or the officers thereto belonging; but the proper officers of the said admiralty-court shall be and are hereby authorized and impowered to put the said act in execution within the jurisdiction of the faid cinque-ports, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as any other person or persons are by the said act appointed to do in any other parts of this kingdom.

After June 24 1718, any owner, captain, &c. wilfully destroyfuffer death. By 11 Geo. 1. c. 29. je&. 6. This clause is the offenders outled of clergy.

III. And for the effectual preventing the wilful casting away, burning, or otherwise destroying of ships by the owners, masters and mariners thereof, and thereto belonging; be it enacted by the authority, That if any owner of, or captain, master, ing any ship to mariner, or other officer belonging to any ship shall, after the prejudice the twenty fourth day of June which shall be in the year of our infurers, shall Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, wilfully cast away, burn or otherwise destroy the ship of which he is owner, or unto which he belongeth, or in any manner of wife direct or procure the same to be done, to the prejudice of any person explained, and or persons that shall underwrite any policy or policies of insurance thereon, or of any merchant or merchants that shall load goods thereon, he shall suffer death.

CAP. XIII,

An act for enlarging the term of years granted by the acts of the eleventh and twelfth years of King William the Third, and second and third years of Queen Anne, for the repair of Dever harbour.

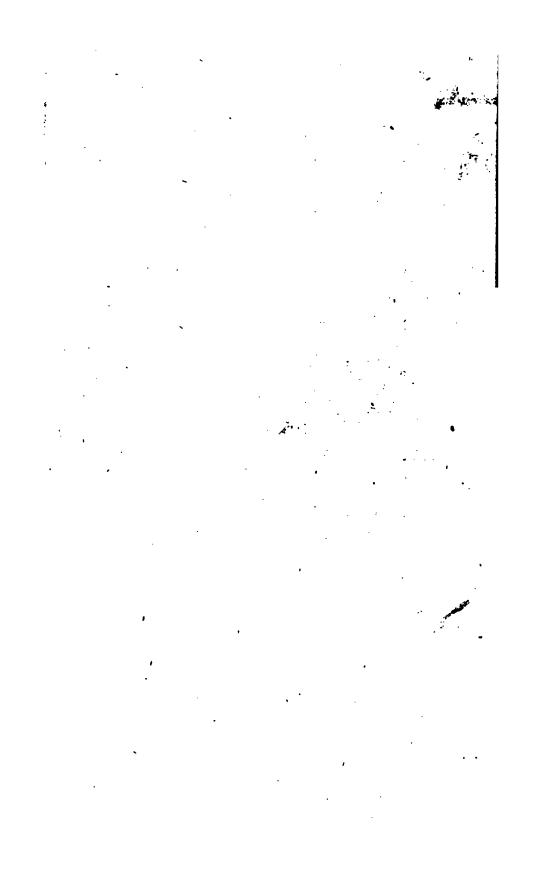
The acts 11 & 12 W. 3. c. 5. and 2 & 3 Ann. c. 7. for repair of Dover harbour, continued from May 1, 1718. to May, 1, 1727. Further continued by 11 Geo. 2. C. 7.

CAP. XIV.

An act to impower the commissioners appointed to put in execution the acts of the ninth and tenth years of her late Majefty's reign, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, to direct the parish church of St. Giles in the Fields in the county of Middlesex to be rebuilt, instead of one of the faid fifty new churches.

The commissioners appointed in pursuance of 9 Ann. c. 22. and to Ass. c. 11. may cause the church of St. Giles in the Fields to be rebuilt.

The End of the Thirteenth Volume.



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